HEF4046B

Phase-locked loop

Rev. 7 — 6 January 2022

Product data sheet

1. General description

The HEF4046B is a phase-locked loop circuit that consists of a linear voltage controlled oscillator (VCO) and two different phase comparators with a common signal input amplifier and a common comparator input.

2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range from 3.0 V to 15.0 V
- CMOS low power dissipation
- · High noise immunity
- · Fully static operation
- 5 V, 10 V, and 15 V parametric ratings
- Standardized symmetrical output characteristics
- Complies with JEDEC standard JESD 13-B
- ESD protection:
 - HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
 - MM JESD22-A115-B exceeds 200 V
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C

3. Ordering information

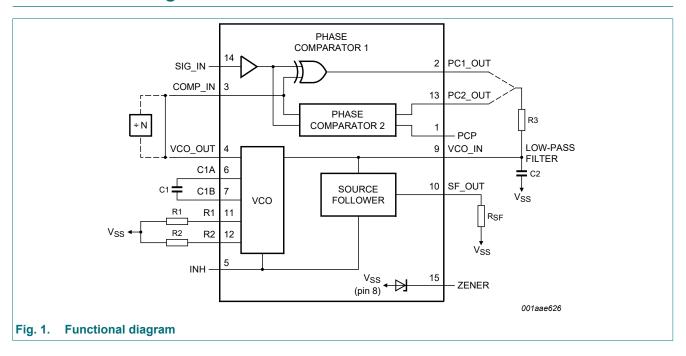
Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package								
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version					
HEF4046BT	-40 °C to +85 °C	SO16	plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm	SOT109-1					



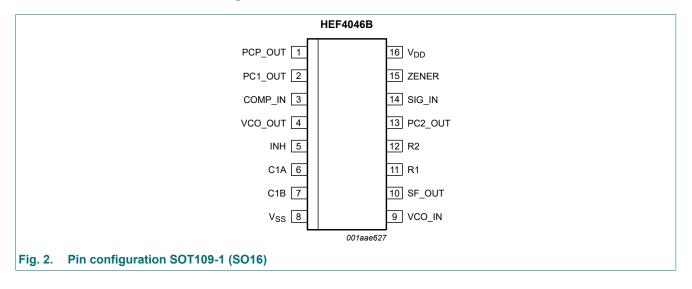
Phase-locked loop

4. Functional diagram



5. Pinning information

5.1. Pinning



Product data sheet

2 / 17

Phase-locked loop

5.2. Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
PCP_OUT	1	phase comparator pulse output
PC1_OUT	2	phase comparator 1 output
COMP_IN	3	comparator input
VCO_OUT	4	VCO output
INH	5	inhibit input
C1A	6	capacitor C1 connection A
C1B	7	capacitor C1 connection B
V _{SS}	8	ground supply voltage
VCO_IN	9	VCO input
SF_OUT	10	source-follower output
R1	11	resistor R1 connection
R2	12	resistor R2 connection
PC2_OUT	13	phase comparator 2 output
SIG_IN	14	signal input
ZENER	15	Zener diode input for regulated supply
V_{DD}	16	supply voltage

6. Functional description

6.1. VCO control

The VCO requires an external capacitor (C1) and resistor (R1) with an optional resistor (R2). Resistor R1 and capacitor C1 determine the frequency range of the VCO, while resistor R2 enables the VCO to have a frequency off-set if required. The high input impedance of the VCO simplifies the design of low-pass filters; it permits the designer a wide choice of resistor/capacitor ranges. In order not to load the low-pass filter, a source-follower output of the VCO input voltage is provided at SF_OUT (pin 10). If this is used, a load resistor (R_L) should be connected from SF_OUT to V_{SS}; if unused, SF_OUT should be left open. The VCO output (pin 4) can either be connected directly to the comparator input COMP_IN (pin 3) or via a frequency divider. A LOW-level at the inhibit input INH_IN (pin 5) enables the VCO and the source follower, while a HIGH-level turns both off to minimize standby power consumption.

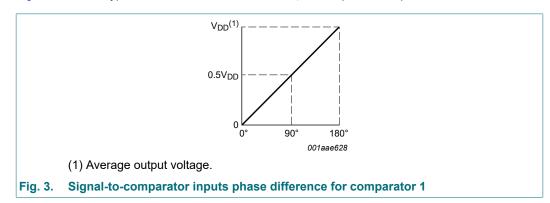
6.2. Phase comparators

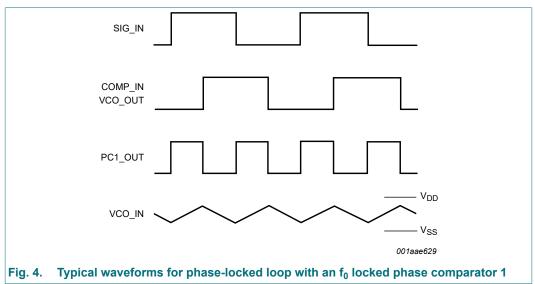
The phase-comparator signal input SIG_IN (pin 14) can be direct-coupled, provided the signal swing is between the standard HE4000B family input logic levels. The signal must be capacitively coupled to the self-biasing amplifier at the signal input with smaller swings. Phase comparator 1 is an EXCLUSIVE-OR network. The signal and comparator input frequencies must have a 50% duty factor to obtain the maximum lock range. The average output voltage of the phase comparator is equal to $0.5V_{DD}$ when there is no signal or noise at the signal input. The average voltage to the VCO input VCO_IN is supplied by the low-pass filter connected to the output of phase comparator 1. This also causes the VCO to oscillate at the center frequency (f_0). The frequency capture range ($2f_C$) is defined as the frequency range of input signals on which the PLL will lock if it was initially out of lock. The frequency lock range ($2f_C$) is defined as the frequency range of input signals on which the loop will stay locked if it was initially in lock. The capture range is smaller or equal to the lock range.

Phase-locked loop

With phase comparator 1, the range of frequencies over which the PLL can acquire lock (capture range) depends on the low-pass filter characteristics and this range can be made as large as the lock range. Phase comparator 1 enables the PLL system to remain in lock in spite of high amounts of noise in the input signal. A typical behavior of this type of phase comparator is that it may lock onto input frequencies that are close to harmonics of the VCO center frequency. Another typical behavior is that the phase angle between the signal and comparator input varies between 0° and 180°, and is 90° at the center frequency. Fig. 3 shows the typical phase-to-output response characteristic.

Fig. 4 shows the typical waveforms for a PLL with a f₀ locked phase comparator 1.



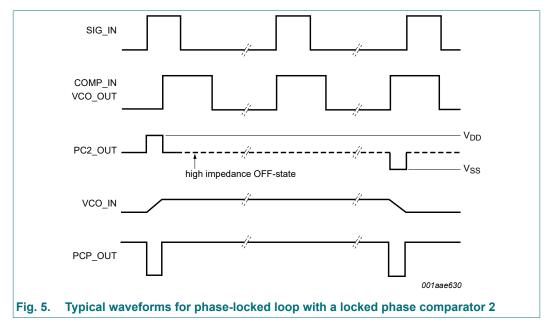


Phase comparator 2 is an edge-controlled digital memory network. It consists of four flip-flops, control gating and a 3-state output circuit comprising p and n-type drivers with a common output node. When the p-type or n-type drivers are ON, they pull the output up to V_{DD} or down to V_{SS} respectively. This type of phase comparator only acts on the positive-going edges of the signals at SIG_IN and COMP_IN. Therefore, the duty factors of these signals are not of importance.

If the signal input frequency is higher than the comparator input frequency, the p-type output driver is maintained ON most of the time, and both the n and p-type drivers are OFF (3-state) the remainder of the time. If the signal input frequency is lower than the comparator input frequency, the n-type output driver is maintained ON most of the time, and both the n and p-type drivers are OFF the remainder of the time. If the signal input and comparator input frequencies are equal, but the signal input lags the comparator input in phase, the n-type output driver is maintained ON for a time corresponding to the phase difference. If the comparator input lags the signal input in phase, the p-type output driver is maintained ON for a time corresponding to the phase difference. Subsequently, the voltage at the capacitor of the low-pass filter connected to this phase comparator is adjusted until the signal and comparator inputs are equal in both phase and frequency. At this stable point, both p and n-type drivers remain OFF and thus the phase comparator output becomes an open circuit and keeps the voltage at the capacitor of the low-pass filter constant.

Phase-locked loop

Moreover, the signal at the phase comparator pulse output (PCP_OUT) is a HIGH level, which can be used for indicating a locked condition. Thus, for phase comparator 2, no phase difference exists between the signal and comparator inputs over the full VCO frequency range. Moreover, the power dissipation due to the low-pass filter is reduced when this type of phase comparator is used, because both p and n-type output drivers are OFF for most of the signal input cycle. It should be noted that the PLL lock range for this type of phase comparator is equal to the capture range, independent of the low-pass filter. With no signal present at the signal input, the VCO is adjusted to its lowest frequency for phase comparator 2. Fig. 5 shows typical waveforms for a PLL employing this type of locked phase comparator.



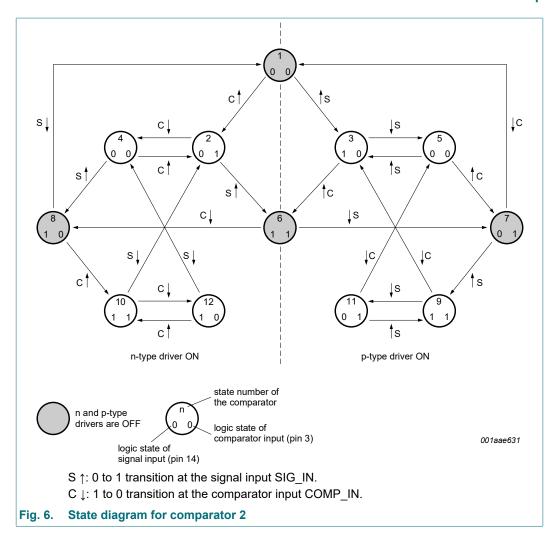
<u>Fig. 6</u> shows the state diagram for phase comparator 2. Each circle represents a state of the comparator. The number at the top, inside each circle, represents the state of the comparator, while the logic state of the signal and comparator inputs are represented by a '0' for a logic LOW or a '1' for a logic HIGH, and they are shown in the left and right bottom of each circle.

The transitions from one to another result from either a logic change at the signal input (S representing SIG_IN) or the comparator input (C representing COMP_IN). A positive- going and a negative-going transition are shown by an arrow pointing up or down respectively.

The state diagram assumes, that only one transition on either the signal input or comparator input occurs at any instant.

- States 3, 5, 9 and 11 represent the output condition when the p-type driver is ON.
- States 2, 4, 10 and 12 determine the condition when the n-type driver is ON.
- States 1, 6, 7 and 8 represent the condition when the output is in its high-impedance OFF state;
 i.e. both p and n-type drivers are OFF, and the PCP_OUT output is HIGH. The condition at output PCP_OUT for all other states is LOW.

Phase-locked loop



7. Limiting values

Table 3. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{DD}	supply voltage		-0.5	+18	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	$V_{I} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{I} > V_{DD} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-	±10	mA
VI	input voltage		-0.5	V _{DD} + 0.5	V
I _{OK}	output clamping current	$V_{O} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{O} > V_{DD} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-	±10	mA
I _{I/O}	input/output current		-	±10	mA
I _{DD}	supply current		-	50	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+85	°C
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	-40 °C to +85 °C	-	500	mW
Р	power dissipation	per output	-	100	mW

Phase-locked loop

8. Recommended operating conditions

Table 4. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{DD}	supply voltage		3	-	15	V
		as fixed oscillator only	3	-	15	V
		phase-locked loop operation	5	-	15	V
VI	input voltage		0	-	V_{DD}	V
T _{amb}	ambient temperature	in free air	-40	-	+85	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	for INH input				
		V _{DD} = 5 V	-	-	3.75	μs/V
		V _{DD} = 10 V	-	-	0.5	μs/V
		V _{DD} = 15 V	-	-	0.08	μs/V

9. Static characteristics

Table 5. Static characteristics

 $V_{SS} = 0 \ V$; $V_I = V_{SS}$ or V_{DD} unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_{DD}	T _{amb} =	-40 °C	T _{amb} =	+25 °C	T _{amb} = +85 °C		Unit
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{IH}	HIGH-level	I _O < 1 μA	5 V	3.5	-	3.5	-	3.5	-	V
	input voltage		10 V	7.0	-	7.0	-	7.0	-	V
			15 V	11.0	-	11.0	-	11.0	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-level	I _O < 1 μA	5 V	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	1.5	V
	input voltage		10 V	-	3.0	-	3.0	-	3.0	V
			15 V	-	4.0	-	4.0	-	4.0	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level	I _O < 1 μA	5 V	4.95	-	4.95	-	4.95	-	V
	output voltage		10 V	9.95	-	9.95	-	9.95	-	V
			15 V	14.95	-	14.95	-	14.95	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level	I _O < 1 μA	5 V	-	0.05	-	0.05	-	0.05	V
	output voltage	utput voltage	10 V	-	0.05	-	0.05	-	0.05	V
			15 V	-	0.05	-	0.05	-	0.05	V
I _{OH}	HIGH-level	V _O = 2.5 V	5 V	-	-1.7	-	-1.4	-	-1.1	mA
	output current	V _O = 4.6 V	5 V	-	-0.52	-	-0.44	-	-0.36	mA
		V _O = 9.5 V	10 V	-	-1.3	-	-1.1	-	-0.9	mA
		V _O = 13.5 V	15 V	-	-3.6	-	-3.0	-	-2.4	mA
I _{OL}	LOW-level output	V _O = 0.4 V	5 V	0.52	-	0.44	-	0.36	-	mA
	current	V _O = 0.5 V	10 V	1.3	-	1.1	-	0.9	-	mA
		V _O = 1.5 V	15 V	3.6	-	3.0	-	2.4	-	mA
I _I	input leakage current		15 V	-	±0.3	-	±0.3	-	±1.0	μΑ
l _{OZ}	OFF-state output current	output HIGH and returned to V _{DD}	15 V	-	1.6	-	1.6	-	12.0	μΑ
		output LOW and returned to V _{SS}	15 V	-	1.6	-	1.6	-	12.0	μΑ

Phase-locked loop

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_{DD}		T _{amb} =	-40 °C	T _{amb} =	+25 °C	T _{amb} =	+85 °C	Unit
					Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
I_{DD}	supply current	I _O = 0 A	5 V	[1]	-	-	20	-	-	-	μΑ
			10 V	[1]	-	-	300	-	-	-	μΑ
			15 V	[1]	-	-	750	-	-	-	μΑ
			5 V	[2]	-	20	-	20	-	150	μΑ
			10 V	[2]	-	40	-	40	-	300	μΑ
			15 V	[2]	-	80	-	80	-	600	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance	for INH input			-	-	-	7.5	-	-	pF

- Pin 15 open; pin 5 at V_{DD} ; pins 3 and 9 at V_{SS} ; pin 14 open. Pin 15 open; pin 5 at V_{DD} ; pins 3 and 9 at V_{SS} ; pin 14 at V_{DD} ; input current at pin 14 not included.

10. Dynamic characteristics

Table 6. Dynamic characteristics

 V_{SS} = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C; C_L = 50 pF; input transition times \leq 20 ns.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_{DD}	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Phase co	omparators					•	
R _I	input resistance	SIG_IN input; at self-bias operating point	5 V	-	750	-	kΩ
			10 V	-	220	-	kΩ
			15 V	-	140	-	kΩ
V _{i(sens)}	input voltage	SIG_IN input, AC coupled, peak-to-peak	5 V	-	150	-	mV
	sensitivity	values; R1 = 10 kΩ; R2 = ∞; C1 = 100 pF; independent of the lock range	10 V	-	150	-	mV
		independent of the lock range	15 V	-	200	-	mV
V _{IL}	LOW-level input	SIG_IN and COMP_IN inputs, DC	5 V	-	-	1.5	V
	voltage	coupled LOW; full temperature range	10 V	-	-	3.0	V
			15 V	-	-	4.0	V
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input	SIG_IN and COMP_IN inputs, DC	5 V	3.5	-	-	V
	voltage	coupled HIGH; full temperature range	10 V	7.0	-	-	V
			15 V	11.0	-	-	V
I _{IH}	HIGH-level input	SIG_IN input; at V _{DD}	5 V	-	7	-	μA
	current		10 V	-	30	-	μA
			15 V	-	70	-	μA
I _{IL}	LOW-level input	SIG_IN input; at V _{SS}	5 V	-	-3	-	μA
	current			-	-18	-	μA
			15 V	-	-45	-	μA

Phase-locked loop

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_{DD}	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
vco							
Р	power dissipation	f_0 = 10 kHz; R1 = 1 MΩ; R2 = ∞;	5 V	-	150	-	μW
		VCO_IN at 0.5 V _{DD} ; see <u>Fig. 10</u> , <u>Fig. 11</u> , and <u>Fig. 12</u>	10 V	-	2500	-	μW
		see <u>rig. 10, rig. 11,</u> and <u>rig. 12</u>	15 V	-	9000	-	μW
f _{max}	maximum frequency	VCO_IN at V _{DD} ; R1 = 10 kΩ; R2 = ∞;	5 V	0.5	1.0	-	MHz
		C1 = 50 pF	10 V	1.0	2.0	-	MHz
			15 V	1.3	2.7	-	MHz
Δf/ΔΤ	frequency variation with temperature	no frequency offset (f _{min} = 0 Hz)	5 V [1]	-	0.22 to 0.30	-	% Hz/°C
			10 V [1]	-	0.04 to 0.05	-	% Hz/°C
			15 V [1]	-	0.01 to 0.05	-	% Hz/°C
		with frequency offset (f _{min} > 0 Hz)	5 V [1]	-	0 to 0.22	-	% Hz/°C
			10 V [1]	-	0 to 0.04	-	% Hz/°C
			15 V [1]	-	0 to 0.01	-	% Hz/°C
∆f/f	relative frequency	for VCO see Fig. 13 and Fig. 14					
	variation	R1 > 10 kΩ	5 V	-	0.50	-	% Hz
		R1 > 400 kΩ	10 V	-	0.25	-	% Hz
		R1 = 1 MΩ	15 V	-	0.25	-	% Hz
δ	duty factor	VCO _OUT output	5 V	-	50	-	%
			10 V	-	50	-	%
			15 V	-	50	-	%
R _{in}	input resistance	for pin VCO_IN			10		ΜΩ
Source f	ollower	,					
V _{offset}	offset voltage	R_L = 10 kΩ; VCO_IN at 0.5V _{DD}	5 V [2]	-	1.7	-	V
			10 V	-	2.0	-	V
			15 V	-	2.1	-	V
		R_L = 50 kΩ; VCO_IN at 0.5V _{DD}	5 V	-	1.5	-	V
			10 V	-	1.7	-	V
			15 V	-	1.8	-	V
Δf/f	relative frequency	VCO output; $R_L > 50$ kΩ; see Fig. 13	5 V	-	0.3	-	%
	variation		10 V	-	1.0	-	%
			15 V	-	1.3	-	%
Zener di	ode		,				
Vz	working voltage	I _Z = 50 μA	-	-	7.3	-	V
R _{dyn}	dynamic resistance	For internal zener diode; I _Z = 1 mA	-	-	25	-	Ω

^[1] Over the recommended component range.

The offset voltage is equal to the input voltage on pin VCO_IN minus the output voltage on pin SF_OUT.

Phase-locked loop

11. Design information

Table 7. Design information

Test	Using phase comparator 1	Using phase comparator 2	
VCO adjusts with no signal on SIG_IN	VCO in PLL system adjusts to center frequency (f ₀)	VCO in PLL system adjusts to minimum frequency (f _{min})	
Phase angle between SIG_IN and COMP_IN	90° at center frequency (f ₀), approaching 0° and 180° at the ends of the lock range (2f _L)	always 0° in lock (positive-going edges)	
Locks on harmonics of center frequency	yes	no	
Signal input noise rejection	high	low	
Lock frequency range (2f _L)	the frequency range of the input signa it was initially in lock; 2f _L = full VCO fre		
Capture frequency range (2f _c)	the frequency range of the input signa initially out of lock	l on which the loop will lock if it was	
	depends on low-pass filter characteristics; 2f _c < 2f _L	$2f_c = 2f_L$	
Center frequency (f ₀)	the frequency of the VCO when VCO_	IN at 0.5V _{DD}	

11.1. VCO component selection

Recommended range for R1 and R2: 10 k Ω to 1 M Ω .

Recommended range for C1: 50 pF to any practical value.

- 1. VCO without frequency offset (R2 = ∞).
 - **a.** Given f_0 : use f_0 with Fig. 7 to determine R1 and C1.
 - **b.** Given f_{max} : calculate f_0 from $f_0 = 0.5 f_{max}$; use f_0 with Fig. 7 to determine R1 and C1.
- 2. VCO with frequency offset.
 - **a.** Given f_0 and $2f_L$: calculate f_{min} from the equation f_{min} = f_0 $2f_L$; use f_{min} with Fig. 8 to determine R2 and C1;

calculate
$$\frac{f_{\text{max}}}{f_{\text{min}}}$$
 from the equation $\frac{f_{\text{max}}}{f_{\text{min}}} = \frac{f_0 + 2f_L}{f_0 - 2f_L}$;

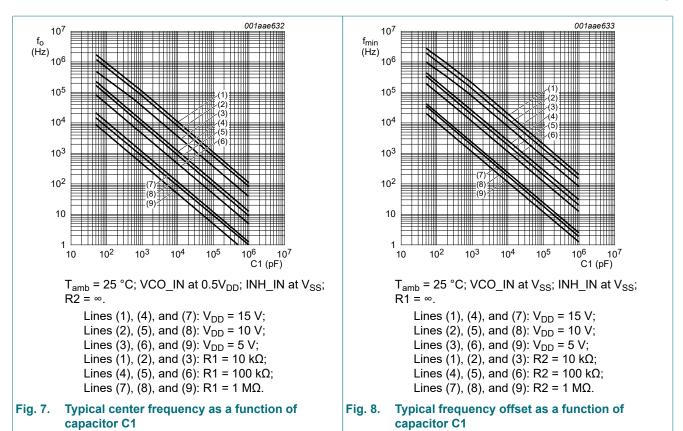
use
$$\frac{f_{\text{max}}}{f_{\text{min}}}$$
 with Fig. 9 to determine the ratio R2/R1 to obtain R1.

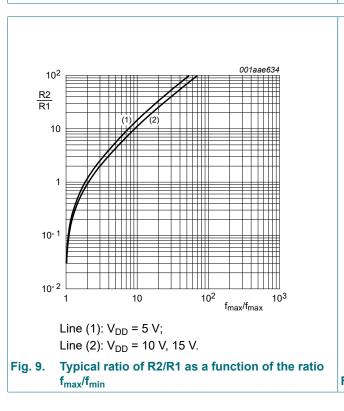
b. Given f_{min} and f_{max} : use f_{min} with Fig. 8 to determine R2 and C1;

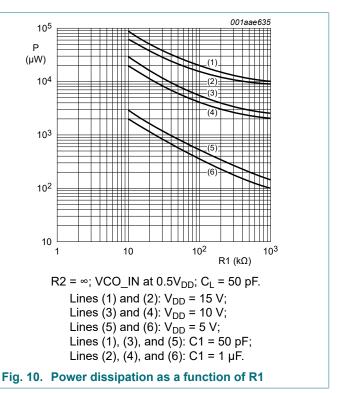
calculate
$$\frac{f_{\text{max}}}{f_{\text{min}}}$$
;

use
$$\frac{f_{\text{max}}}{f_{\text{min}}}$$
 with Fig. 9 to determine R2/R1 to obtain R1.

Phase-locked loop







Phase-locked loop

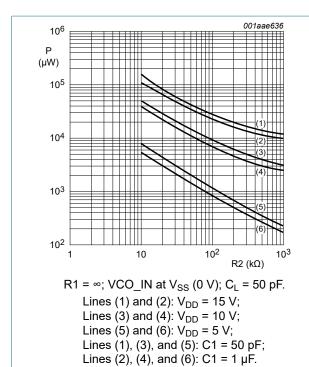


Fig. 11. Power dissipation as a function of R2

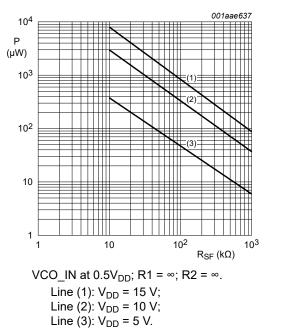
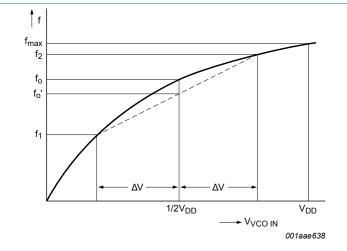


Fig. 12. Power dissipation of source follower as a function of R_L



See Section 10.

For VCO linearity:

$$\mathbf{f'}_0 = \frac{f_1 + f_2}{2}$$

linearity = $\frac{f'_0 - f_0}{f'_0} \times 100 \%$

This figure and the above formula also apply to source follower linearity: substitute V_O at SF_OUT for f.

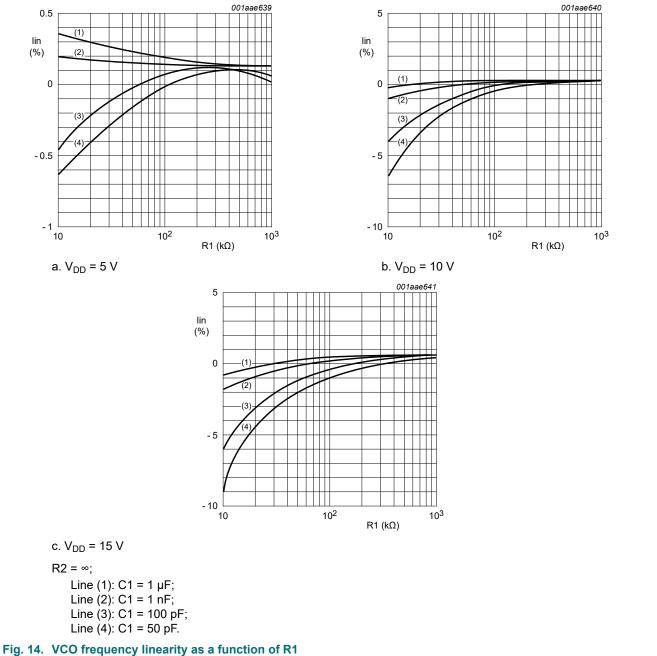
 ΔV = 0.3 V at V_{DD} = 5 V;

 $\Delta V = 2.5 \text{ V at V}_{DD} = 10 \text{ V};$

 $\Delta V = 5.0 \text{ V}$ at $V_{DD} = 15 \text{ V}$.

Fig. 13. Definition of linearity

Phase-locked loop

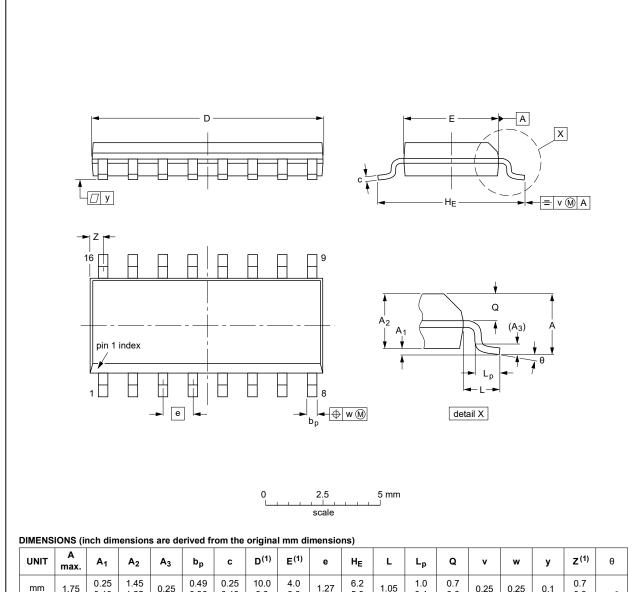


Phase-locked loop

12. Package outline



SOT109-1



UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	bp	С	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽¹⁾	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	Z ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	1.75	0.25 0.10	1.45 1.25	0.25	0.49 0.36	0.25 0.19	10.0 9.8	4.0 3.8	1.27	6.2 5.8	1.05	1.0 0.4	0.7 0.6	0.25	0.25	0.1	0.7 0.3	8°
inches	0.069	0.010 0.004	0.057 0.049	0.01		0.0100 0.0075	0.39 0.38	0.16 0.15	0.05	0.244 0.228	0.041	0.039 0.016	0.028 0.020	0.01	0.01	0.004	0.028 0.012	0°

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE		
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT109-1	076E07	MS-012				99-12-27 03-02-19

Fig. 15. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

Phase-locked loop

13. Abbreviations

Table 8. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
НВМ	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model
PLL	Phase-Locked Loop

14. Revision history

Table 9. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes	
HEF4046B v.7	20220106	Product data sheet	-	HEF4046B v.6	
Modifications:	 The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia. Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate. Section 1 and Section 2 updated . Table 6 and Section 11.1: errata. Section 13 added. 				
HEF4046B v.6	20160324	Product data sheet	-	HEF4046B v.5	
Modifications:	Type number HEF4046BP (SOT38-4) removed.				
HEF4046B v.5	20111118	Product data sheet	-	HEF4046B v.4	
Modifications:	 Section Applications removed <u>Table 5</u>: I_{OH} minimum values changed to maximum <u>Table 6</u>: R_{in} typical value changed from 10⁶ MΩ to 10 MΩ 				
HEF4046B v.4	20100105	Product data sheet	-	HEF4046B_CNV v.3	
HEF4046B_CNV v.3	19950101	Product specification	-	HEF4046B_CNV v.2	
HEF4046B_CNV v.2	19950101	Product specification	-	-	

Phase-locked loop

15. Legal information

Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
- The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the internet at https://www.nexperia.com.

Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local Nexperia sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

Product specification — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between Nexperia and its customer, unless Nexperia and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the Nexperia product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. Nexperia takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of Nexperia.

In no event shall Nexperia be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, Nexperia's aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the Terms and conditions of commercial sale of Nexperia.

Right to make changes — Nexperia reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — Nexperia products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an Nexperia product can reasonably be expected to result in personal

injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. Nexperia and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of Nexperia products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Quick reference data — The Quick reference data is an extract of the product data given in the Limiting values and Characteristics sections of this document, and as such is not complete, exhaustive or legally binding.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Nexperia makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using Nexperia products, and Nexperia accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the Nexperia product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

Nexperia does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using Nexperia products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Nexperia does not accept any liability in this respect.

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — Nexperia products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at http://www.nexperia.com/profile/terms, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. Nexperia hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of Nexperia products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Non-automotive qualified products — Unless this data sheet expressly states that this specific Nexperia product is automotive qualified, the product is not suitable for automotive use. It is neither qualified nor tested in accordance with automotive testing or application requirements. Nexperia accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of non-automotive qualified products in automotive equipment or applications.

In the event that customer uses the product for design-in and use in automotive applications to automotive specifications and standards, customer (a) shall use the product without Nexperia's warranty of the product for such automotive applications, use and specifications, and (b) whenever customer uses the product for automotive applications beyond Nexperia's specifications such use shall be solely at customer's own risk, and (c) customer fully indemnifies Nexperia for any liability, damages or failed product claims resulting from customer design and use of the product for automotive applications beyond Nexperia's standard warranty and Nexperia's product specifications.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

HEF4046B

All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

© Nexperia B.V. 2022. All rights reserved

Phase-locked loop

Contents

1. General description	1
2. Features and benefits	1
3. Ordering information	1
4. Functional diagram	2
5. Pinning information	2
5.1. Pinning	2
5.2. Pin description	3
6. Functional description	3
6.1. VCO control	3
6.2. Phase comparators	3
7. Limiting values	6
8. Recommended operating conditions	7
9. Static characteristics	7
10. Dynamic characteristics	8
11. Design information	10
11.1. VCO component selection	10
12. Package outline	14
13. Abbreviations	15
14. Revision history	15
15. Legal information	16

For more information, please visit: http://www.nexperia.com For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nexperia.com Date of release: 6 January 2022

[©] Nexperia B.V. 2022. All rights reserved