

### L-7113GD

T-1 3/4 (5mm) Solid State Lamp



### DESCRIPTION

 The Green source color devices are made with Gallium Phosphide Green Light Emitting Diode

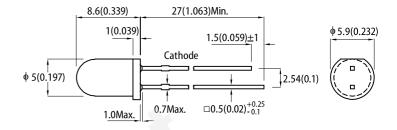
### **FEATURES**

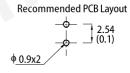
- · Low power consumption
- Popular T-1 3/4 diameter package
- · General purpose leads
- · Reliable and rugged
- Long life solid state reliability
- · Available on tape and reel
- · RoHS compliant

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Status indicator
- Illuminator
- · Signage applications
- · Decorative and entertainment lighting
- · Commercial and residential architectural lighting

### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**





Notes

Notes: 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches). 2. Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01') unless otherwise noted. 3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package. 4. The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice

### **SELECTION GUIDE**

Dout Number	Emitting Color (Material)	Lens Type	lv (mcd) @ 10mA <sup>[2]</sup>		Viewing Angle <sup>[1]</sup>	
Part Number			Min.	Тур.	201/2	
L-7113GD	Green (GaP)	Green Diffused	15	30	30°	

Notes

1. 01/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
 2. Luminous intensity / luminous flux: +/-15%.
 3. Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

### ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at T<sub>A</sub>=25°C

Devemeter	Symbol		Value		L
Parameter		Emitting Color	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Wavelength at Peak Emission $I_F$ = 10mA	$\lambda_{peak}$	Green	565	-	nm
Dominant Wavelength I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA	$\lambda_{dom}$ <sup>[1]</sup>	Green	568	-	nm
Spectral Bandwidth at 50% $\Phi$ REL MAX I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA	Δλ	Green	30	-	nm
Capacitance	С	Green	15	-	pF
Forward Voltage I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA	V <sub>F</sub> <sup>[2]</sup>	Green	2	2.4	V
Reverse Current ( $V_R = 5V$ )	I <sub>R</sub>	Green	-	10	μA
Temperature Coefficient of $\lambda_{\text{peak}}$ $I_F$ = 10mA, -10°C $\leq T \leq 85^\circ C$	$TC_{\lambda peak}$	Green	0.1	-	nm/°C
Temperature Coefficient of $\lambda_{dom}$ $I_F$ = 10mA, -10°C $\leq$ T $\leq$ 85°C	$TC_{\lambda dom}$	Green	0.06	-	nm/°C
Temperature Coefficient of $~V_F$ $I_F$ = 10mA, -10°C $\leq$ T $\leq$ 85°C	TCv	Green	-1.8	-	mV/°C

Notes:

The dominant wavelength (λd) above is the setup value of the sorting machine. (Tolerance λd : ±1nm.)
 Forward voltage: ±0.1V.
 Wavelength value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.
 Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

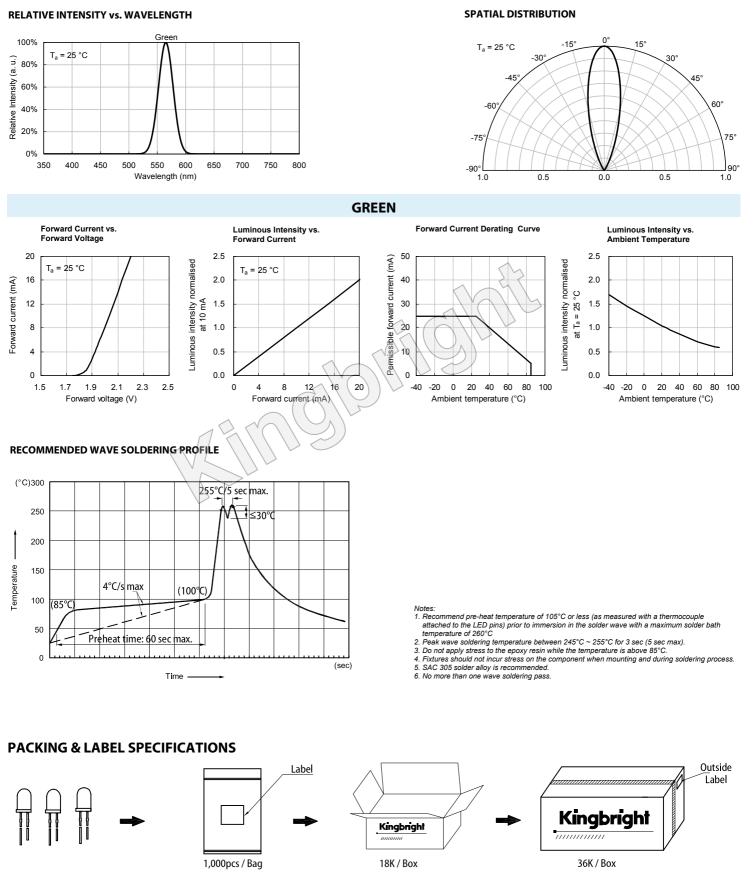
#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at T<sub>A</sub>=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	62.5	mW	
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V	
Junction Temperature	Tj	110	°C	
Operating Temperature	T <sub>op</sub>	-40 to +85	°C	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +85	°C	
DC Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	25	mA	
Peak Forward Current	۱ <sub>FM</sub> <sup>[1]</sup>	140	mA	
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM)	-	8000	V	
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Ambient)	$R_{th JA}^{[2]}$	600	°C/W	
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Solder point)	$R_{th}_{JS}^{[2]}$	350	°C/W	
Lead Solder Temperature <sup>[3]</sup>		260°C For 3 Seconds		
Lead Solder Temperature <sup>[4]</sup>		260°C For 5 Seconds		

Notes:

Notes: 1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width. 2. R<sub>th JA</sub>, R<sub>th JS</sub> Results from mounting on PC board FR4 (pad size ≥ 16 mm<sup>2</sup> per pad). 3. 2mm below package base. 4. 5mm below package base. 5. Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity – Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.

### **TECHNICAL DATA**







### PRECAUTIONS

#### Storage conditions

- 1. Avoid continued exposure to the condensing moisture environment and keep the product away from rapid transitions in ambient temperature.
- 2. LEDs should be stored with temperature  $\leq 30^{\circ}$ C and relative humidity < 60%.
- 3. Product in the original sealed package is recommended to be assembled within 72 hours of opening. Product in opened package for more than a week should be baked for 30 (+10/-0) hours at 85 ~ 100°C.

#### **LED Mounting Method**

LED

(Fig. 1)

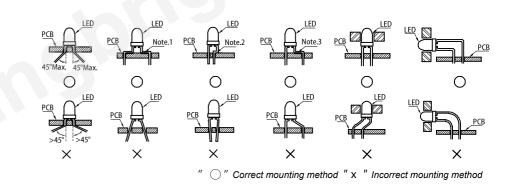
PCE

<u>Stand</u>-off

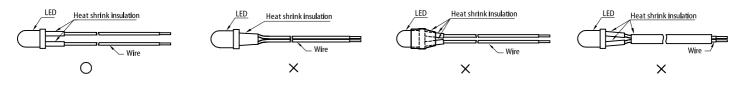
Space

 The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures.

Note 1-3: Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the leadframe and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.



2. When soldering wires to the LED, each wire joint should be separately insulated with heat-shrink tube to prevent short-circuit contact. Do not bundle both wires in one heat shrink tube to avoid pinching the LED leads. Pinching stress on the LED leads may damage the internal structures and cause failure.



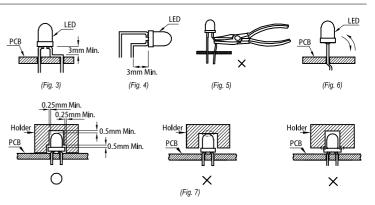
- 3. Use stand-offs (Fig.1) or spacers (Fig.2) to securely position the LED above the PCB.
- 4. Maintain a minimum of 3mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend (*Fig. 3 ,Fig. 4*).
  - 5. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (*Fig.* 5)

LED

(Fig. 2)

### **Lead Forming Procedures**

- 1. Do not bend the leads more than twice. (Fig. 6)
- 2. During soldering, component covers and holders should leave clearance to avoid placing damaging stress on the LED during soldering. (*Fig. 7*)
- 3. The tip of the soldering iron should never touch the lens epoxy.
- 4. Through-hole LEDs are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- 5. If the LED will undergo multiple soldering passes or face other processes where the part may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.



#### **PRECAUTIONARY NOTES**

- 1. The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only
- The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to
  the latest datasheet for the updated specifications.
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