# Panasonic

# **Automation Controls Catalog**



TV-10/TV-15 rated 1a 30A, 2a 25A power relays

### **FEATURES**

1. Excellent resistance to contact welding Owing to the pre-tension and kick-off

mechanism, the 1 Form A passes TV-15 and the 2 Form A passes TV-10.

#### 2. High-capacity and long life

Contact arrangement	1 Form A type	2 Form A type		
Contact capacity	30A	25A		
Electrical life (at 20 times/min.)	2×10⁵			
Mechanical life (at 180 times/min.)	DC type: 10 <sup>7</sup> , AC type: 5×10 <sup>6</sup>			

**3. Excellent surge resistance** Between contacts and coil, the surge voltage is more than 10,000 V (when surge waveform accords with JEC-212-1981).

# 4. Compatible with all major safety standards

HE RELAYS

UL, CSA, VDE and TÜV certified 5. Terminals are available

## **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

- **1. Office equipment** Copiers, package air conditioners, automatic vending machines.
- 2. Industrial equipment Machine tools, molding equipment, wrapping machines, food processing equipment, etc.
- 3. Home appliances Water heaters and air heating equipment.

	Single side stable type				
	HE 1 Form A, 2 Form A				
	Min. 8 mm				
en contacts*	Plug-in, TM and Screw terminal types: Min. 3 mm .118 inch	PC board type: Min. 2.5 mm .098 inch			
Between open contacts	2, 000 Vrms for 1 min.				
Between contact and coil	5, 000 Vrms for 1 min.				
	en contacts* Between open contacts Between contact and coil	Single side       HE 1 Form J       Min. 6       Plug-in, TM and Screw       terminal types:       Min. 3 mm .118 inch       Between open contacts     2, 000 Vrms       Between contact and coil     5, 000 Vrms			

\* Reference value

# CLASSIFICATION

Protective construction

Dust cover type : Plug-in, TM and Screw terminal types
Flux-resistant type : PC board type

1 Form A Plug-in type

(Unit:mm)

Туре	PC board	Plug-in		TM		Screw terminal	
Operating funciton			Single side stable				
Contact arrangement	1 Form A	1 Form A	2 Form A	1 Form A	2 Form A	1 Form A	2 Form A

# **ORDERING INFORMATION**



### **TYPES** 1. PC board type (1 Form A, DC coil) (Single side stable type)

1 Form A			
Part No.			
HE1aN-P-DC6V			
HE1aN-P-DC12V			
HE1aN-P-DC24V			
HE1aN-P-DC48V			
HE1aN-P-DC100V			
HE1aN-P-DC110V			

Standard packing: Carton: 25 pcs.; Case: 100 pcs.

HE

#### 2. Plug-in type (Single side stable type)

Turne	Neminal sail valtage	1 Form A	2 Form A
туре	l ype Nominal coll voltage	Part No.	Part No.
	6V DC	HE1aN-DC6V	HE2aN-DC6V
	12V DC	HE1aN-DC12V	HE2aN-DC12V
	24V DC	HE1aN-DC24V	HE2aN-DC24V
DC type	48V DC	HE1aN-DC48V	HE2aN-DC48V
	100V DC	HE1aN-DC100V	HE2aN-DC100V
	110V DC	HE1aN-DC110V	HE2aN-DC110V
	12V AC	HE1aN-AC12V	HE2aN-AC12V
	24V AC	HE1aN-AC24V	HE2aN-AC24V
AC type	48V AC	HE1aN-AC48V	HE2aN-AC48V
	100/120V AC	HE1aN-AC100V	HE2aN-AC100V
	200/240V AC	HE1aN-AC200V	HE2aN-AC200V

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 100 pcs.

#### 3. TM type (Single side stable type)

		•	
Turne	Neminal apil voltage	1 Form A	2 Form A
туре	Nominal con voltage	Part No.	Part No.
	6V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC6V	HE2aN-Q-DC6V
DC time	12V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC12V	HE2aN-Q-DC12V
	24V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC24V	HE2aN-Q-DC24V
DC type	48V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC48V	HE2aN-Q-DC48V
	100V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC100V	HE2aN-Q-DC100V
	110V DC	HE1aN-Q-DC110V	HE2aN-Q-DC110V
	12V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC12V	HE2aN-Q-AC12V
AC type	24V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC24V	HE2aN-Q-AC24V
	48V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC48V	HE2aN-Q-AC48V
	100/120V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC100V	HE2aN-Q-AC100V
	200/240V AC	HE1aN-Q-AC200V	HE2aN-Q-AC200V

Standard packing: Carton: 20 pcs.; Case: 100 pcs.

#### 4. Screw terminal type (Single side stable type)

•••••	na sype (enigie erae erabie	()[-)	
Turno	Nominal acit voltage	1 Form A	2 Form A
туре	Norminal con voltage	Part No.	Part No.
	6V DC	HE1aN-S-DC6V	HE2aN-S-DC6V
	12V DC	HE1aN-S-DC12V	HE2aN-S-DC12V
DC time	24V DC	HE1aN-S-DC24V	HE2aN-S-DC24V
DC type	48V DC	HE1aN-S-DC48V	HE2aN-S-DC48V
	100V DC	HE1aN-S-DC100V	HE2aN-S-DC100V
	110V DC	HE1aN-S-DC110V	HE2aN-S-DC110V
	12V AC	HE1aN-S-AC12V	HE2aN-S-AC12V
	24V AC	HE1aN-S-AC24V	HE2aN-S-AC24V
AC type	48V AC	HE1aN-S-AC48V	HE2aN-S-AC48V
	100/120V AC	HE1aN-S-AC100V	HE2aN-S-AC100V
	200/240V AC	HE1aN-S-AC200V	HE2aN-S-AC200V

Standard packing: Carton: 10 pcs.; Case: 50 pcs.

Note: The TM type of the screw terminals are also available.

\* Terminal sockets available.

#### RATING 1.Coil data

• Operating characteristics such as 'Operate voltage' and 'Release voltage' are influenced by mounting conditions, ambient temperature, etc.

Therefore, please use the relay within ± 5% of rated coil voltage. · 'Initial' means the condition of products at the time of delivery.

1) AC coils

ed voltage C 68°F)
10 Voltage
voltage
6V o l volt

#### 2) DC coils

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 55°C 131°F)
6V DC			320mA	18.8Ω	1.92W	
12V DC		V or less of 10%V or more of nal voltage (Initial) (Initial)	160mA	75Ω	1.92W	
24V DC	70%V or less of		80mA	300Ω	1.92W	110%V of
48V DC	(Initial)		40mA	1,200Ω	1.92W	nominal voltage
100V DC	(initial)		19mA	5,200Ω	1.92W	
110V DC			18mA	6,300Ω	1.92W	

#### 2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications		
	Contact material		AgSnO <sub>2</sub> type		
Contact	Arrangement		1 Form A	2 Form A	
	Contact resistance (I	nitial)	Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)		
	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		30A 277V AC	25A 277V AC	
	Max. switching power		8,310VA	6,925VA	
Detina	Max. switching voltage	ge	277V AC, 30V DC		
Rating	Max. switching curre	nt	30A	25A	
	Nominal operating po	ower	DC: 1.92W, AC: 1.7 to 2.7VA		
	Min. switching capac	ity (Reference value)*1	100mA 5V DC		
	Insulation resistance	(Initial)	Min. 1,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at	same location as "Breakdown voltage" section.	
		Between open contacts	2,000 Vrms for 1min (Detection current: 10mA	.)	
	Breakdown voltage	Between contact sets	—	4,000 Vrms for 1min (Detection current: 10mA.)	
Electrical	(Initial)	Between contact and coil	5,000 Vrms for 1min (Detection current: 10mA.)		
characteristics	teristics (between contact and coil) (Initial)		Min. 10,000V		
	Operate time (at non	ninal voltage) (Initial)	Max. 30ms (excluding contact bounce time)		
	Release time (at non	ninal voltage) (Initial)	DC: Max.10ms (excluding contact bounce time, without diode), AC: Max. 30ms (excluding contact bounce time)		
	Oh a alu na aliatan a a	Functional	Min. 98 m/s <sup>2</sup> (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10µs.)		
Mechanical	Shock resistance	Destructive	Min. 980 m/s <sup>2</sup> (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)		
characteristics	Vibratian registeres	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1 mm (Detection time: 10µs.)		
	Vibration resistance	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1.5 mm		
	Mechanical	<u>^</u>	DC: Min. 107 (at 180 times/min.), AC: Min. 5×1	0º (at 180 times/min.)	
Expected life	Electrical (resistive load) (at 20 times/min.)		Min. 2×10⁵ (30A 250V AC)	Min. 10⁵ (25A 277V AC) Min. 2×10⁵ (20A 250V AC)	
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -50°C to +55°C -58°F to +131°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature), Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa		
	Max. operating spee	d	20 times/min. (at max. rating)		
Unit weight			PC board type: approx. 80g 2.82oz, Plug-in ty Screw terminal type: approx. 120g 4.23oz	pe/TM type: approx. 90g 3.17oz,	

Notes: \*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

\*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of  $\pm 1.2 \times 50 \mu s$  according to JEC-212-1981

\*3. The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES.

# **REFERENCE DATA**

**1 Form A Type** 1. Maximum switching power

HE









4. Ambient temperature characteristics Tested sample : HE1aN-120V AC, 6pcs.



# 2 Form A Type 1. Maximum switching power





2. Life curve





4. Ambient temperature characteristics Tested sample : HE2aN-120V AC, 6 pcs.



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#### **DIMENSIONS** (mm)

1 Form A

CAD



CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

Schematic (Bottom view) Single side stable type



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance  $\pm 0.1$ 



2 Form A CAD

#### External dimensions Single side stable type



General tolerance Less than 1mm :  $\pm 0.1$ Min. 1mm less than 3mm :  $\pm 0.2$ Min. 3mm :  $\pm 0.3$ 

Schematic (Bottom view) Single side stable type



Panel cutout







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H

3

General tolerance Less than 1mm :  $\pm 0.1$  Min. 1mm less than 3mm :  $\pm 0.2$  Min. 3mm :  $\pm 0.3$ 

3.5

7.5

44.5

<u>%</u>

A

#### MOUNTING METHOD 1. Plug-in type



#### 2. Screw terminal type



# 3. Allowable installation wiring size for screw terminal types and terminal sockets

Due to the UP terminals, it is possible to either directly connect the wires or use crimped terminal.

# SAFETY STANDARDS

ltom		UL (Recognized)		CS.	A (Certified)	\ \	/DE (Certified)*		TÜV (Certified)		TV rating (U	L/CSA)
item	File No.	Contact rating	Cycles	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Rating	Cycles	File No.	Rating
1 FormA	E43028	30A 277V AC	10 <sup>₅</sup>	LR26550	30A 277V AC	40006681	30A250VAC (cosφ =1.0)	B 11 04	30A 250V AC (cosφ =1.0)	10⁵	UL: E43028	TV-15
		30A 30V DC	10⁵		30A 30V DC		30A250VAC (cosφ =0.4)	13461 293	30A 250V AC (cosφ =0.4)	10⁵	CSA: LR26550	TV-15
		1.5HP 125V AC	10 <sup>₅</sup>		1.5HP 125VAC		5A 110V DC (0ms)		8A 110V DC (0ms)	10⁵	—	-
		3HP 250V AC	10 <sup>₅</sup>		3HP 250V AC		_		—	—	—	-
2 FormA	E43028	25A 277V AC	10 <sup>₅</sup>	LR26550	25A 277V AC	40006681	25A250VAC (cosφ =1.0)	B 11 04	25A 250V AC (cosφ =1.0)	10⁵	UL: E43028	TV-10
		25A 30V DC	10⁵		25A 30V DC		25A250VAC (cosφ =0.4)	13461 293	25A 250V AC (cosφ =0.4)	10⁵	CSA: LR26550	TV-10
		1HP 125V AC	10⁵		1HP 125V AC		5A 110V DC (0ms)		8A 110V DC (0ms)	10⁵	—	-
		2HP 250V AC	105		2HP 250V AC		_		_	_	_	_

\*VDE: Approved for products having a different last digit of Part No. Please contact us.

# NOTES

- 1. For cautions for use, please read "GENERAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES".
- 2. The dust cover should not be removed since doing so may alter the characteristics.
- 3. Avoid use under severe environmental conditions, such as high humidity, organic gas or in dust, oily locations and locations subjected to extremely frequent shock or vibrations.
- 4. When mounting, use spring washers. Optimum fastening torque ranges from 49 to 68.6 N·m (5 to 7 kgf·cm).
- 5. Firmly insert the receptacles so that there is no slack or looseness. To remove a receptacle, 19.6 to 39.2 N (2 to 4 kg) of pulling strength is required. Do not remove more than one receptacle at one time. Always remove one receptacle at a time and pull it straight outwards.
- 6. When using the AC type, the operate time due to the in-rush phase is 20 ms or more. Therefore, it is necessary for you to verify the characteristics for your actual circuit.
- 7. When using the push-on blocks for the screw terminal type, use crimped terminals and tighten the screw-down terminals to the torque below.

M4.5 screw: 147 to 166.6 N  $\Box$  cm (15 to 17 kgf cm)

M4 screw: 117.6 to 137 N·cm (12 to 14 kgf·cm)

M3.5 screw: 78.4 to 98 N·cm (8 to 10 kgf·cm)

Please refer to "the latest product specifications" when designing your product.

Requests to customers :

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### ACCESSORIES

# HE RELAYS TERMINAL SOCKETS

### **FEATURES**

# 1. Snap-in mounting to DIN rails is possible

Can be inserted into 35 mm 1.378 inch wide DIN rails. Removal is easy, too.

**2.** Sure and easy wiring The use of UP terminals makes wiring exceptionally easy and sure.

# 3. Hold-down clips can be stored in main unit

Because the hold-down clips can be stored in the main unit, there is no need to remove them when, for example, wiring is changed.

### **TYPES**

No. of poles	Types	Part No.
For 1 Form A	Single side stable type	JH1-SF
For 2 Form A	Single side stable type	JH2-SF

Standard packing: Carton: 10 pcs.; Case: 50 pcs.

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

Item	Specifications	
Arrangement	1 Form A	2 Form A
Max. continuous current	30A 250V AC	20A 250V AC
Breakdown voltage (initial)	2,000 Vrms for 1min (between terminals) (Detection current: 10mA.)	
Insulation resistance	Min. 100MΩ (between poles)	
Heat resistance	150°C ±3°C 302°F ±37.4°F for 1 hour	

CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

Note: Do not insert or remove while powered on.

# DIMENSIONS (mm)

#### 1 Form A and 2 Form A types

CAD

#### External dimensions





Panel cutout



#### Relay mounting diagram



Note: The JH1-SF(1 Form A single side stable type) does not have receptacles (tooth rests) for numbers 2, 3, 7, and 8. The JH2-SF(2 Form A single side stable type) does not have receptacles (tooth rests) for numbers 7 and 8.

# 1 Relay mounting

### 1. Relay mounting



#### 2. Installing to a DIN rail



#### 3. Removing from a DIN rail



### NOTES

- 1. Be careful not to drop the relay. It is made of heat-hardened resin and may break.
- 2. Be sure to tighten the screw-down terminals firmly. Loose terminals may lead to the generation of heat.
- 3. When the 1 Form A is used in situations covered by the Japanese Electrical Appliance and Material Control Law, the use of 5.5 mm<sup>2</sup> cabling and 30 A current is not allowed. Consequently, the circuit should be less than 20 A.
- 4. When fixing the terminal socket with screws, to avoid torque damage and distortion, apply torque within the ranges shown below.

M3.5 screws: 0.784 to 0.98 N·m (8 to 10 kgf·cm)

M4 screws: 1.176 to 1.37 N·m (12 to 14 kgf·cm)

#### Please refer to "the latest product specifications"

- when designing your product.Requests to customers :
- https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

#### For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE".

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions\_use/index.jsp

#### Precautions for Coil Input

#### Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts) Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself.

For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

#### DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary. The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

#### Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity (+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic). If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work. Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

#### Ambient Environment

#### •Usage, Transport, and Storage Conditions

During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subjected to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity and pressure conditions.

#### •Temperature/Humidity/Pressure

When transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases the temperature may differ from the allowable range. In this case be sure to check the individual specifications. Also allowable humidity level is influenced by temperature, please check charts shown below and use relays within mentioned conditions. (Allowable temperature values differ for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.)

#### 1) Temperature:

The tolerance temperature range differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications

- 2) Humidity:
- 5 to 85 % RH
- 3) Pressure: 86 to 106 kPa



#### Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil. Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise. Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog. **Deperate voltage change due to coil temperature rise** (Hot start)

In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the pick-up voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere. The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases. That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the pick-up voltage and the pick-up voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value. However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

#### Dew condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity. Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

#### Icing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C. This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by the icing.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

#### •Low temperature and low humidity

The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

#### High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/or it may interfere with the functions. Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

#### Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

#### Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced.

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure. Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

#### Others

#### Cleaning

- 1) Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type, etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.
- 2) Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended(The temperature of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower ).

Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays. Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to ultrasonic energy.

Please refer to "the latest product specifications"

when designing your product.

•Requests to customers:

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

#### NOx Generation

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid. This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation. Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85%RH or higher (at 20°C). If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

Please contact .....

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