

Si2367DS Vishay Siliconix

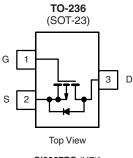
> ROHS COMPLIANT

> HALOGEN

FREE

P-Channel 20-V (D-S) MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY						
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	<b>R<sub>DS(on)</sub> (</b> Ω <b>)</b>	I <sub>D</sub> (A) <sup>d</sup>	Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.)			
	0.066 at V <sub>GS</sub> = - 4.5 V	- 3.8				
- 20	0.086 at V <sub>GS</sub> = - 2.5 V	- 3.3	9 nC			
	0.130 at V <sub>GS</sub> = - 1.8 V	- 2.7				



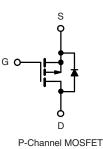
Si2367DS (H7)\* \* Marking Code

#### **FEATURES**

- Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21
  Definition
- TrenchFET<sup>®</sup> Power MOSFET
- 100 % R<sub>g</sub> Tested
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Load Switch for Portable Devices
- DC/DC Converter



Ordering Information: Si2367DS-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unles Parameter		Symbol	Limit	Unit	
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	- 20		
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	± 8	- V	
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		- 3.8		
	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C	i . T	- 3.0		
Continuous Drain Current ( $T_J = 150 \ ^{\circ}C$ )	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	- I <sub>D</sub>	- 2.8 <sup>a, b</sup>		
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		- 2.2 <sup>a, b</sup>	А	
Pulsed Drain Current (10 µs Pulse Width)		I <sub>DM</sub>	- 15		
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	1	- 1.4		
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>S</sub>	- 0.8 <sup>a, b</sup>		
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		1.7		
Maximum Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C		1.1	w	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	P <sub>D</sub>	0.96 <sup>a, b</sup>	vv	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C	[ Γ	0.62 <sup>a, b</sup>		
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to 150	°C	

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS						
Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>a, c</sup>	t ≤ 5 s	R <sub>thJA</sub>	100	130	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	R <sub>thJF</sub>	60	75	°C/W	

Notes:

a. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.

b. t = 5 s.

c. Maximum under Steady State conditions is 175  $^\circ\text{C/W}.$ 

d. T<sub>C</sub> = 25 °C.

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Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Static	-					
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = -250 \mu\text{A}$	- 20			V
V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	L 050 x A		- 20		mV/°0
V <sub>GS(th)</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$	I <sub>D</sub> = - 250 μΑ		- 2.5		
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = -250 \ \mu A$	- 0.4		- 1	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = \pm 8 V$			± 100	nA
		$V_{DS} = -20 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$			- 1	μΑ
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	$V_{DS} = -20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, T_{J} = 55 ^{\circ}\text{C}$			- 10	
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	$V_{DS} \le$ - 5 V, $V_{GS}$ = - 4.5 V	- 5			Α
		V <sub>GS</sub> = - 4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 2.5 A		0.055	0.066	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = - 2.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 2.0 A		0.071	0.086	Ω
	. ,	V <sub>GS</sub> = - 1.8 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 1.5 A		0.100 0.130		
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	rward Transconductance <sup>a</sup> $g_{fs}$ $V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, I_D = -2.5 \text{ A}$			7.5		S
Dynamic <sup>b</sup>				<b>I</b>	1	<u> </u>
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>			561		
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = - 10 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		112		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>			89		
Total Gate Charge	Qq	V <sub>DS</sub> = - 10 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = - 8 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 2.5 A		15	23	
Total Gate Charge	Qg			9	13.5	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = - 10 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = - 4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 2.5 A		1.0		
Gate-Drain Charge	Q <sub>gd</sub>			2.5		
Gate Resistance	R <sub>g</sub>	f = 1 MHz	2	10	20	Ω
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			20	40	
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD} = -10 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{1} = 5 \Omega$		20	40	1
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong -2$ Å, $V_{GEN} = -4.5$ V, $R_g = 1$ $\Omega$		40	70	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			10	20	
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			8	16	ns
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD} = -10 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{1} = 5 \Omega$		9	18	-
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong$ - 2 Å, $V_{GEN}$ = - 8 V, $R_g$ = 1 $\Omega$		35	65	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			9	18	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characterist	ics					1
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	۱ <sub>S</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C			- 1.4	•
Pulse Diode Forward Current	I <sub>SM</sub>				- 15	A
Body Diode Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	$I_{S} = -2 A, V_{GS} = 0 V$		- 0.79	- 1.2	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>			21	35	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = - 2 A, dl/dt = 100 A/μs, T <sub>.I</sub> = 25 °C		15	25	nC
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t <sub>a</sub>	$r_F = -2 \text{ A}, \text{ al/al} = 100 \text{ A/} \mu \text{s},  r_J = 25 \text{ °C}$		9		
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t <sub>b</sub>			12		ns

Notes:

a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq$  300  $\mu s,$  duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %.

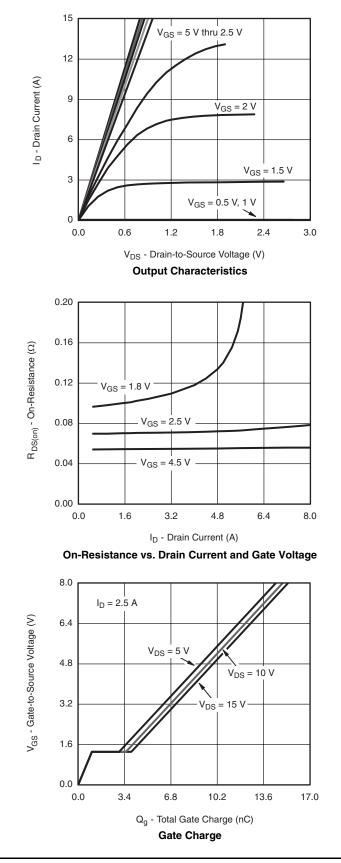
b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

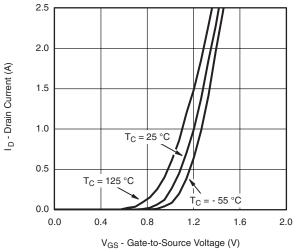
Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.



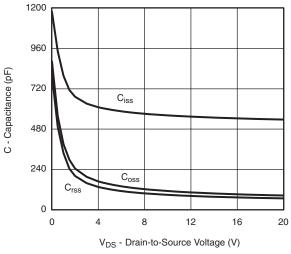
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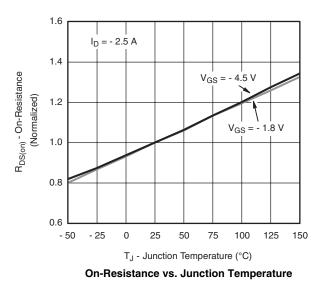




**Transfer Characteristics** 



Capacitance



Document Number: 65015 S09-1218-Rev. A, 29-Jun-09

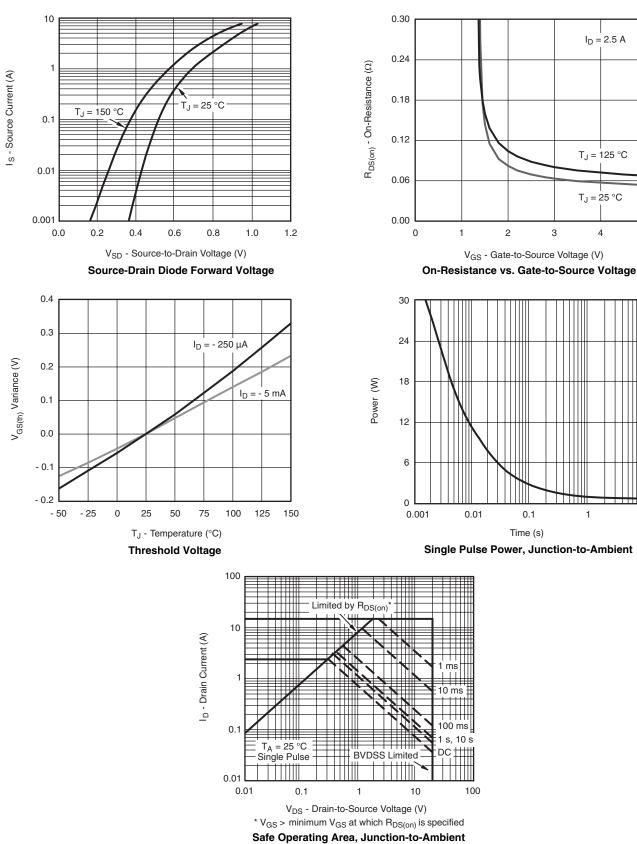
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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



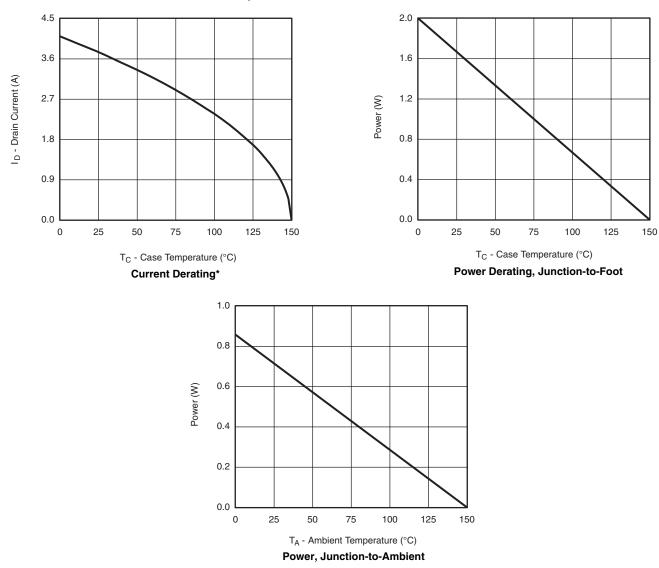
#### **New Product**



### Si2367DS

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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

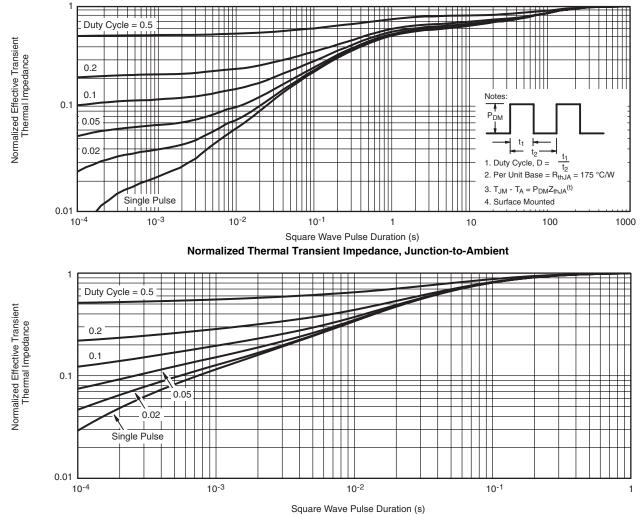


\* The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max)}$  = 150 °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.

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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot

Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see <a href="http://www.vishay.com/ppg?65015">www.vishay.com/ppg?65015</a>.



# Package Information

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#### SOT-23 (TO-236): 3-LEAD







Dim	MILLIN	METERS	INCHES		
	Min	Max	Min	Мах	
Α	0.89	1.12	0.035	0.044	
A <sub>1</sub>	0.01	0.10	0.0004	0.004	
A <sub>2</sub>	0.88	1.02	0.0346	0.040	
b	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020	
С	0.085	0.18	0.003	0.007	
D	2.80	3.04	0.110	0.120	
E	2.10	2.64	0.083	0.104	
E <sub>1</sub>	1.20	1.40	0.047	0.055	
е	0.95 BSC		0.0374 Ref		
e <sub>1</sub>	1.90 BSC		0.0748 Ref		
L	0.40	0.60	0.016	0.024	
L <sub>1</sub>	0.64 Ref		0.025 Ref		
S	0.50 Ref		0.020 Ref		
q	3°	8°	3°	8°	



### Mounting LITTLE FOOT<sup>®</sup> SOT-23 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs*, (http://www.vishay.com/doc?72286), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SOT-23 power MOSFET footprint . In converting this footprint to the pad set for a power device, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

The electrical connections for the SOT-23 are very simple. Pin 1 is the gate, pin 2 is the source, and pin 3 is the drain. As in the other LITTLE FOOT packages, the drain pin serves the additional function of providing the thermal connection from the package to the PC board. The total cross section of a copper trace connected to the drain may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it may be inadequate thermally. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pin is the heat source when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

Figure 1 shows the footprint with copper spreading for the SOT-23 package. This pattern shows the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pin and provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain lead and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the

ambient air. This pattern uses all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.



FIGURE 1. Footprint With Copper Spreading

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, "thermal" connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low-impedance path for heat to move away from the device.



# Application Note 826

Vishay Siliconix

#### **RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SOT-23**



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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