

RE01 Group

Evaluation Kit RE01 256KB (EK-RE01 256KB)

User's Manual

RE Family / RE0 Series

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General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

- 1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)
 - A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.
- 2. Processing at power-or

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

- 3. Input of signal during power-off state
 - Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.
- 4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

- 5. Clock signals
 - After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.
- 6. Voltage application waveform at input pin
 - Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{lL} (Max.) and V_{lH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{lL} (Max.) and V_{lH} (Min.).
- 7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses
 - Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.
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 - Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

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By using this Evaluation Kit, the user accepts the following terms:

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Precautions

The following precautions should be observed when operating any Evaluation Kit product:

This Evaluation Kit is only intended for use in a laboratory environment under ambient temperature and humidity conditions. A safe separation distance should be used between this and any sensitive equipment. Its use outside the laboratory, classroom, study area or similar such area invalidates conformity with the protection requirements of the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive and could lead to prosecution.

The product generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment causes harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off or on, you are encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures;

- ensure attached cables do not lie across the equipment
- · reorient the receiving antenna
- increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver
- · connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that which the receiver is connected
- · power down the equipment when not in use
- consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help NOTE: It is recommended that wherever possible shielded interface cables are used.

The product is potentially susceptible to certain EMC phenomena. To mitigate against them it is recommended that the following measures be undertaken;

- The user is advised that mobile phones should not be used within 10m of the product when in use.
- The user is advised to take ESD precautions when handling the equipment.

The Evaluation Kit does not represent an ideal reference design for an end product and does not fulfil the regulatory standards for an end product.

How to Use This Manual

1. Objective and Target Users

This manual is designed to provide the user with an understanding of the Evaluation Kit Evaluation Board hardware functionality, and electrical characteristics. It is intended for users designing sample code on the Evaluation Kit Evaluation Board platform, using the many different incorporated peripheral devices.

The manual comprises of an overview of the capabilities of the Evaluation Kit product, but does not intend to be a guide to embedded programming or hardware design.

Particular attention should be paid to the precautionary notes when using the manual. These notes occur within the body of the text, at the end of each section, and in the Usage Notes section.

The revision history summarizes the locations of revisions and additions. It does not list all revisions. Refer to the text of the manual for details.

The following documents apply to Evaluation Kit for RE01 256KB. Make sure to refer to the latest versions of these documents. The newest versions of the documents listed may be obtained from the Renesas Electronics Web site.

Document Type	Description	Document Title	Document No.
User's Manual	Describes the technical details of the	Evaluation Kit RE01 256KB	R20UT4801EJ
	Evaluation Kit hardware.	User's Manual	(This manual)
Quick Start Guide	Provides simple instructions setup	Evaluation Kit RE01 256KB	R20UT4808EJ
	the Evaluation Kit for RE01 256KB	Quick Start Guide	
	and run the first sample.		
Schematics	Full detail circuit schematics of the	Evaluation Kit RE01 256KB	R20UT4802EJ
	Evaluation Kit Main Board.	main board schematics	
Schematics	Full detail circuit schematics of the	MIP-LCD expansion board	R20UT4564EJ
	MIP-LCD Expansion Board.		
Hardware Manual	Provides technical details of the	RE01 Group Products with	R01UH0894JJ
	RE01 device.	256-Kbyte Flash Memory	
		User's Manual: Hardware RE01	

2. List of Abbreviations and Acronyms

Abbreviation	Full Form
BLE	Bluetooth Low Energy
DNF	Do Not Fit
E2	Renesas On-chip Debugging Emulator
EH	Energy Harvesting
EHC	Energy Harvesting Control Circuit
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
FPC	Flexible Printed Circuits
I-jet™	IAR System® JTAG Emulator
J-Link [™]	SEGGER debug probe
J-Link [™] OB	SEGGER On-board debug probe
IRQ	Interrupt Request
LDO	Low Dropout
LED	Light Emitting Diode
MIP-LCD	Memory In Pixel - Liquid Crystal Display
MLCD	Memory In Pixel - Liquid Crystal Display
n/c (NC)	Not Connected
PC	Personal Computer
Pmod™	This is a Digilent Pmod™ Compatible connector. Pmod™ is registered to <u>Digilent Inc.</u> Digilent-Pmod_Interface_Specification
RAM	Random Access Memory
RFP	Renesas Flash Programmer
SCI	Serial Communications Interface
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface
USB	Universal Serial Bus

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Evaluation Kit RE01 256KB

R20UT4801EJ0101 Rev.1.01 Oct 02, 2020

1. Overview

1.1 Purpose

This Evaluation Kit is an evaluation tool for Renesas RE01 device. This manual describes the technical details of the Evaluation Kit hardware.

1.2 Kit Contents

Kit contents included in the Evaluation Kit are shown in **Table 1-1**.

Table 1-1: Kit Contents

No	Kit Contents	
1	Main board	Part No.: RTK70E0118C00001BJ
2	MIP-LCD Expansion board	Part No.: RTK70E015DB00000BJ
3	Solar panel	Part No.: AM-1815CA (Panasonic)
4	USB cable	Type-A male to micro-B male
5	IC clip	Red, Black

1.3 Board Specifications

Board specifications are shown in Table 1-2、Table 1-3.

Table 1-2: Board Specifications

Item	Specifications			
	Part No.: R7F0E01182CFP			
Target Device	Package: 100-pin LFQFP			
	On-chip memory: ROM 256KB, RAM 128KB			
On-Board Memory	SPI Serial Flash: 64Mbit			
loon of Ole als	RE01 Main: 32MHz			
Input Clock	RE01 Sub: 32.768kHz			
	Debugger: 5V Input			
	Power Supply IC: 5V Input, 3.3V Output			
Power Supply	Power Supply IC: 2.6V Input, 3.3V Output (For peripheral circuit power supply when using energy harvesting function)			
	Power Supply IC: 2.6V or 3.3V Input, 1.25V Output (external DC/DC)			
	Power Supply IC: 2.6V or 3.3V Input, 0.85V Output (external DC/DC)			
Daham lata da 2 *1	I-jet [™] / J-Link [™] / E2 20-pin box header			
Debug Interface*1	USB Connector for J-Link™ OB			
	Operation Mode Configuration: double-pole, double-throw x 4			
Slide Switch	Start-up Mode Configuration: single-pole, double-throw x 2			
	Internal LDO Configuration: double-pole, single-throw x 2			
	Reset Switch x 1			
Push Switch	User Switch x 2			
	Discharge Switch x 2			
	Power Indicator: (Green) x 1			
LED	For users: (Orange) x 1, (Red) x 1			
	J-Link [™] OB Power Indicator: (Green) x 1			
MLCD	FPC Connector: 0.3mm pitch,19 pin x 1			
MLCD	MIP-LCD*5: TN0104ANVAANN-GN00(KYOCERA)			
USB Serial Converter Interface	Connector: USB-MicroB			
USB Senai Converter interface	Driver: USB Interface IC (Part No. FT230XQ)			
MIP-LCD Expansion Board Interface *2	2.54mm pitch: 12 pin x 1(PMOD1)			
Pmod™	PMOD1 *2: Angle type、12-pin connector			
External Battery Interface	3.5mm pitch: 2 pin x 1*3			
Solar Panel Interface	2.54mm pitch: 2 pin x 1			
Arduino UNO Interface	2.54mm pitch: 10 pin x 1 (J6),8 pin x 2 (J10, J18),6 pin x 1 (J19)			
RE01 Header*4	2.54mm pitch: 50 pin x 2 (J7, J8, J9, J21)			
	aly When using LL ink OB do not connect to other emulators. When using			

^{1:} Use each debugger exclusively. When using J-Link OB, do not connect to other emulators. When using another emulator, do not connect to J-Link OB.

^{*2:} PMOD1 is used both for MIP-LCD Expansion Board and Pmod™.

^{*3:} The external battery is not included in this product.

^{*4:} The connector is not included in this product.

^{*5:} The MIP-LCD is not included in this product.

Table 1-3: MIP-LCD Expansion Board Specification

i abio i oi iiii loo laxbailoidii boala opooliiloadidii			
Item	Specification		
	Part No.: TN0181ANVNANN-AN00*1 (KYOCERA)		
MIP-LCD	Size: 1.81 inch		
	Resolution: 200dpi (256(H) x 256(V))		
Main Board Interface	2.54mm pitch: 12 pin x 1(PMOD1)		

^{*1:} Please contact KYOCERA.

1.4 Board Exterior

The exterior of Evaluation Kit RE01 256KB is shown in this chapter. **Figure 1-1** and **Figure 1-2** show the exterior of the main board. **Figure 1-3** and **Figure 1-4** show the exterior of MIP-LCD expansion board.

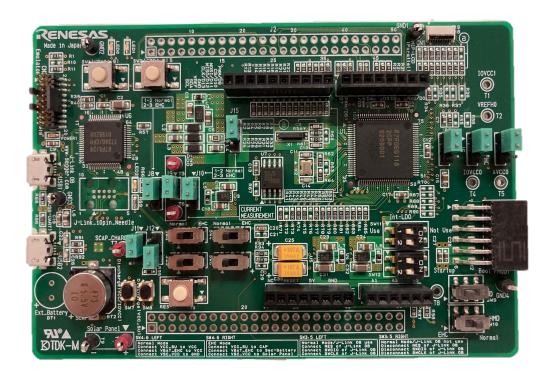


Figure 1-1: Main Board (Top)



Figure 1-2: Main Board (Bottom)



Figure 1-3: MIP-LCD Expansion Board (Top)



Figure 1-4: MIP-LCD Expansion Board (Bottom)

2. Board Layout

2.1 Component Layout

The component layout of Evaluation Kit are shown in Figure 2-1 and Figure 2-2.

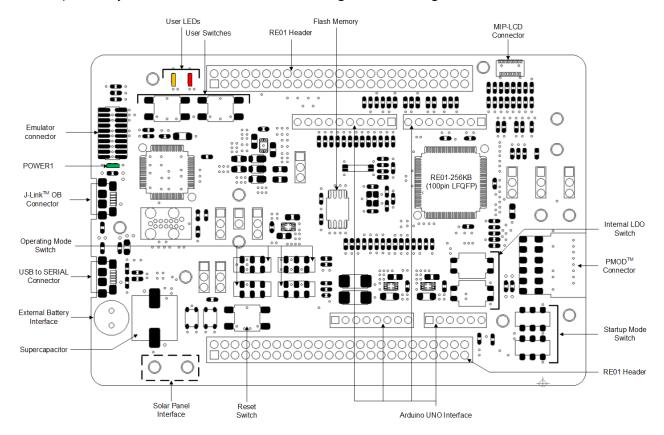


Figure 2-1: Main Board Layout

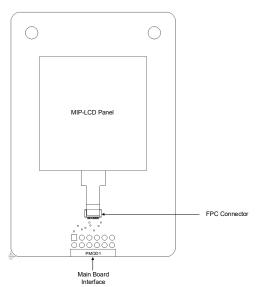


Figure 2-2: MIP-LCD Expansion Board Layout

2.2 Board Dimensions

Figure 2-3 and **Figure 2-4** below show the board dimensions and connector positions. All the through-hole connectors are on a common 2.54 mm pitch grid for easy interfacing.

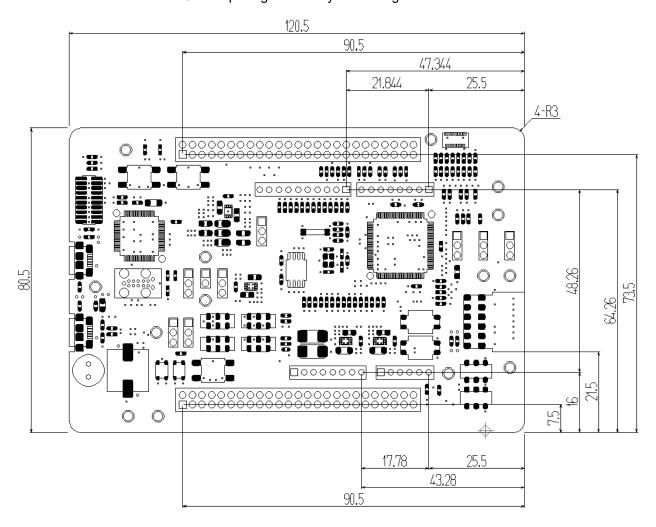


Figure 2-3: Main Board Dimensions (Unit: mm)

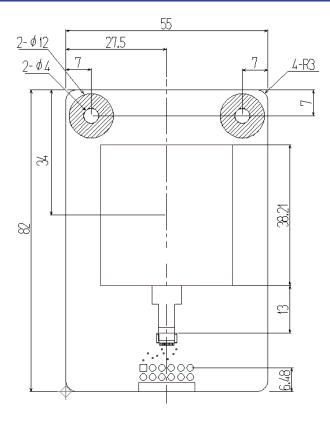


Figure 2-4: MIP-LCD Expansion Board Dimension (Unit: mm)

2.3 Component Placement

Figure 2-5, Figure 2-6, and Figure 2-7 show placement of individual components of Evaluation Kit . Component types and values are shown on the board schematics.

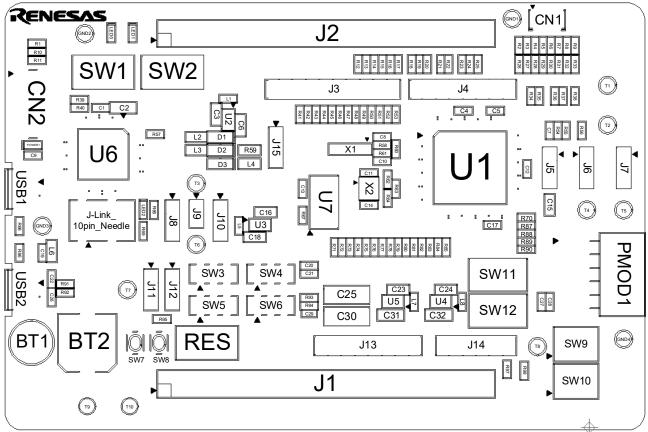


Figure 2-5: Main Board Component Placement (Top-Side View)

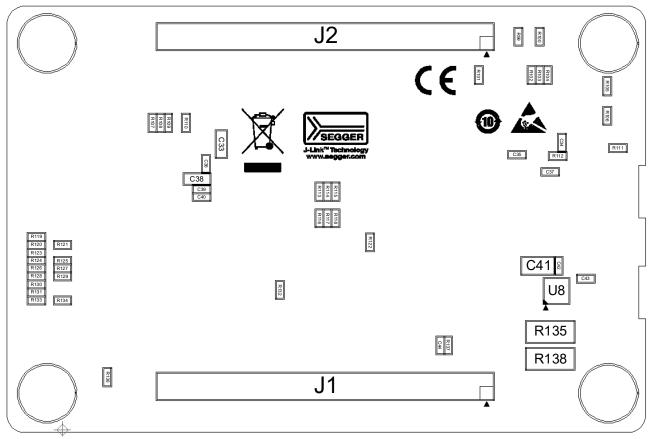


Figure 2-6: Main Board Component Placement (Bottom-Side View)

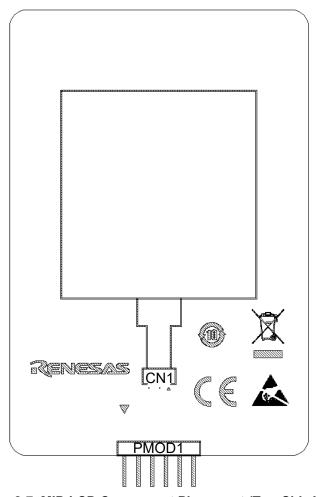


Figure 2-7: MIP-LCD Component Placement (Top-Side View)

2.4 Board Initial Settings

The switch settings of the default kit configuration are as follows. The component layout is shown in **Figure 2-8** and the detailed settings are shown in **Table 2-1**.

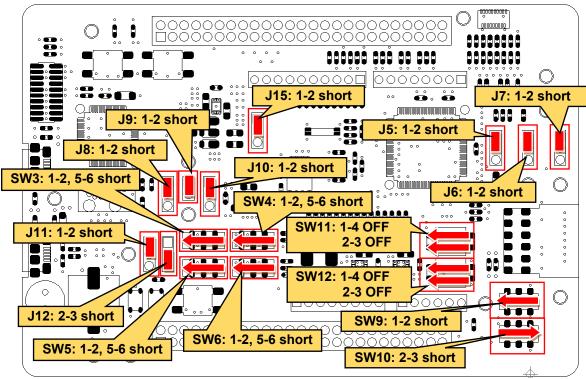


Figure 2-8: Component Layout and Settings

Table 2-1: Board Initial Settings

Item	Function	Setting	
SW3, SW5	Operation mode setting (Emulator setting)	1-2, 5-6: short	Normal mode (using J-Link [™] OB)
SW4, SW6	Operation mode setting	1-2, 5-6: short	Normal mode
SW9	Start-up mode setting	1-2: short	Normal start-up
SW10		2-3: short	
SW11,	Internal LDO setting	1-4: OFF	Internal LDO use
SW12	_	2-3: OFF	
J5	Reference voltage generation	1-2: short	Reference voltage generation circuit not
	circuit setting		used
J6	IOVCC0 power supply setting	1-2: short	Use output voltage from DCDC converter
J7	IOVCC1 power supply setting	1-2: short	Use output voltage from DCDC converter
J8	Operation mode setting	1-2: short	Normal operation
J9	Current measurement setting	1-2: short	Current measurement not performed
J10	Operation mode setting	1-2: short	Normal start-up
J11	Supercapacitor charging method selection	1-2: short	Charge from external power supply
J12	Secondary battery selection	2-3: short	Supercapacitor
J15	Operation mode setting	1-2: short	Normal start-up

3.Internal Board Connections

Figure 3-1 shows the connectivity between Evaluation Kit and RE01.

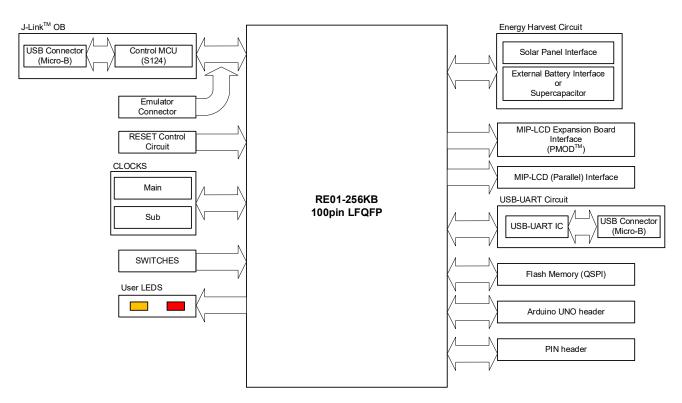


Figure 3-1: Internal Board Block Diagram

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4. Power Supply

4.1 Power Supply System

Figure 4-1 shows power supply system diagram of Evaluation kit.

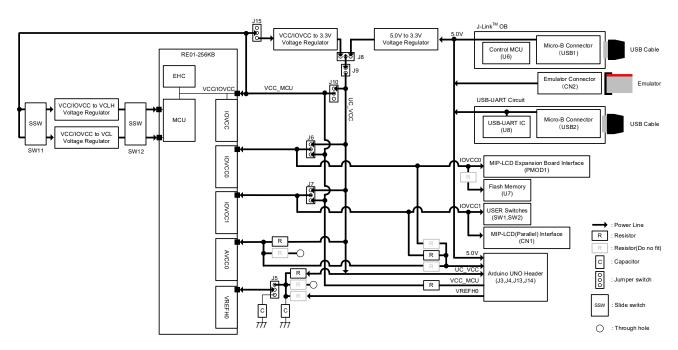


Figure 4-1: Power Supply System Diagram

4.2 Power Supply Source

Evaluation Kit is supplied by emulator through USB cable. The details of power supply components are shown in **Figure 4-2** and **Table 4-1**. When the Evaluation Kit is connected to another system then that system should supply power to the Evaluation Kit.

When operating in stand-alone mode, connect a USB cable to USB1 or USB2 and supply the voltage through VBUS. At that time, do not use J-Link™ OB or USB serial function.

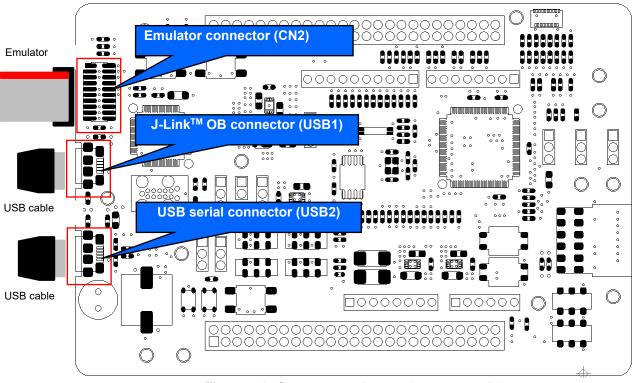


Figure 4-2: Components Layout (power supply)

Table 4-1: Power Supply Specifications

Source Supply voltage Supply current				
I-jet™ (CN2)	5V	Maximum 420mA		
J-Link™ OB (USB1)	5V	Maximum 500mA		
J-Link [™] (CN2)	5V	Maximum 300mA		
E2 (CN2)	3.3V	Maximum 200mA		
USB serial (USB2)	5V	Maximum 500mA		

4.3 External Power Supply

It is possible to supply voltage to RE01 power terminal by using external power supply. Normally, the emulator supplies voltage equivalent to 3.3V, which is the voltage value after reduction by the regulator. (excluding device which can supply 3.3V)

4.3.1 All power pins

Figure 4-3 shows the component layout. Follow the steps below when supplying voltage from external power supply to all RE01 power pins:

- 1. Open J8 jumper pin 1-2 and 2-3.
- 2. Supply voltage (1.62V-3.6V) from pin 2 of J8 or T6 using an external power supply.

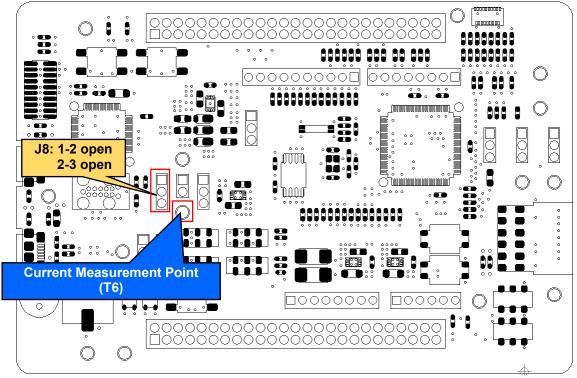


Figure 4-3: Component Layout and Setting (External Power Supply)

Keep the following in mind when using this feature:

- Debugging using J-Link OB is not possible. Please use another emulator. For details on the other emulators, refer to chapter 6 Debug.
- When using the E2 emulator, do not supply power from the emulator.

4.3.2 IOVCC0

Figure 4-4 shows the component layout. Follow the steps below when supplying voltage from external power supply to IOVCC0 pin:

- 3. Open J6 jumper pin 1-2 and 2-3.
- 4. Supply voltage (1.62V 3.6V) to any power supply pins other than IOVCC0 pin.
- 5. Supply voltage to T4.

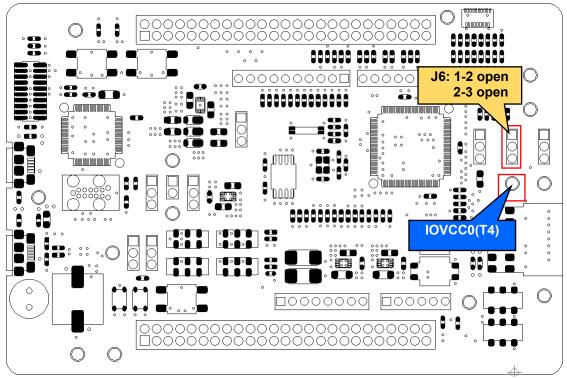


Figure 4-4: Component Layout and setting (External Power Supply)

4.3.3 IOVCC1

Figure 4-5 shows the component layout. Follow the steps below when supplying voltage from external power supply to IOVCC1 pin:

- 1. Open J7 jumper pin 1-2 and 2-3.
- 2. Supply voltage (1.62V 3.6V) to any power supply pins other than IOVCC1 pin.
- 3. Supply voltage to T1.

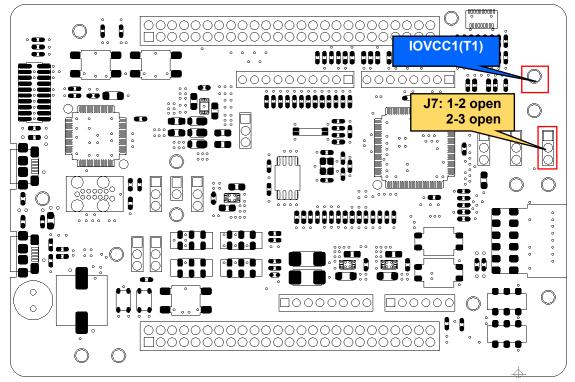


Figure 4-5: Component Layout and Setting (External Power Supply)

4.3.4 AVCC0

The component layout are shown in **Figure 4-6** and **Figure 4-7**. Follow the steps below when supplying voltage from external power supply to AVCC0 pin:

- 1. Remove R108.
- 2. Fit R107.
- 3. Supply voltage (1.62V 3.6V) to any power supply pins other than AVCC0 pin.
- 4. Supply voltage to T5.

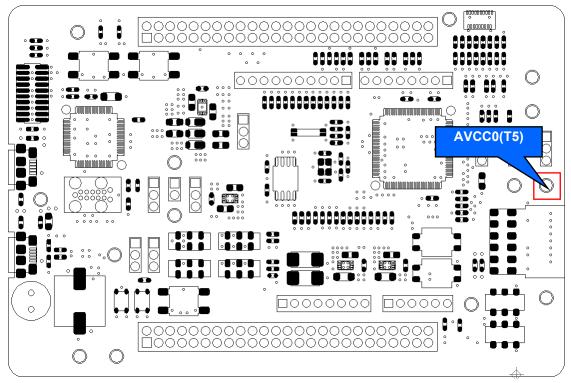


Figure 4-6: Component Layout (External Power Supply (Top))

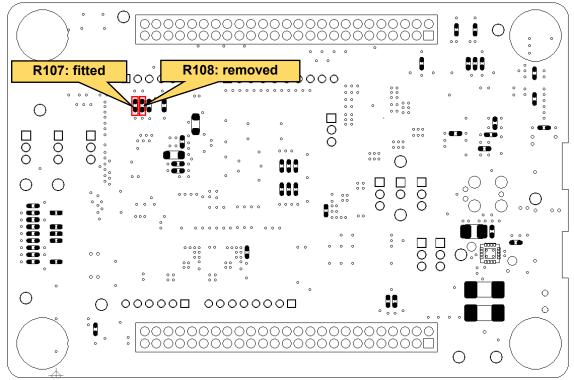


Figure 4-7: Component Layout (External Power Supply (Bottom))

4.3.5 VREFH0

The component layout and settings are shown in **Figure 4-8**. Follow the steps below when supplying voltage from external power supply to VREF0 pin:

- 1. Remove R54 and R55
- 2. Fit R56.
- 3. Short J5 jumper pin 1-2.
- 4. Supply voltage (1.62V AVCC0) to any power supply pins other than VREF0 pin.
- 5. Supply voltage to T2.

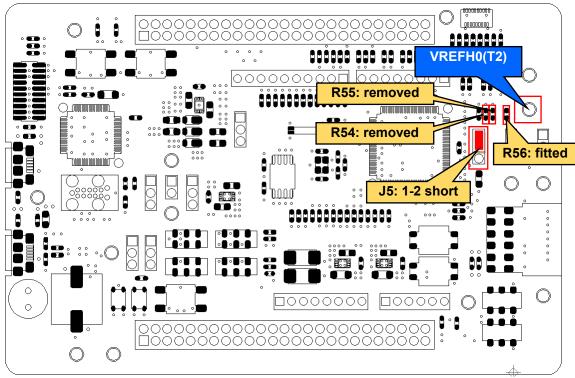


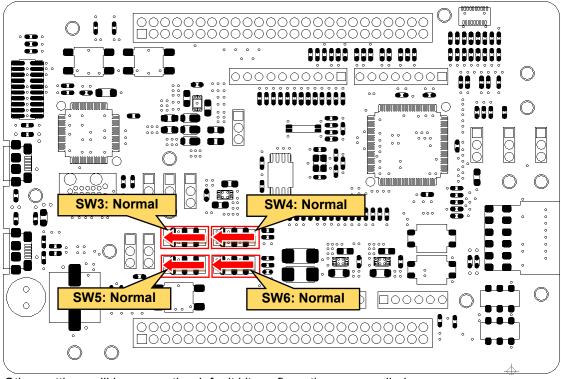
Figure 4-8: Component Layout and Settings (External Power Supply)

5. Operation/Start-up Mode

Evaluation Kit for RE01 supports 2 operation and start-up modes: normal and energy harvesting (hereinafter, EHC).

5.1 Normal Operation

In normal operation, power is supplied from emulator or external power supply. To use normal operation mode, several switch settings must be made. The layout and details of the switch setting are shown in **Figure 5-1** and **Table 5-1**.



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 5-1: Component Layout and Settings (Normal Operation)

Table 5-1: Configuration Details (Normal Operation)

Component Name	Setting	, ,
SW3, SW5*1	1-2, 5-6	Normal Operation *2
SW4_SW6	1-2 5-6	Normal Operation *2

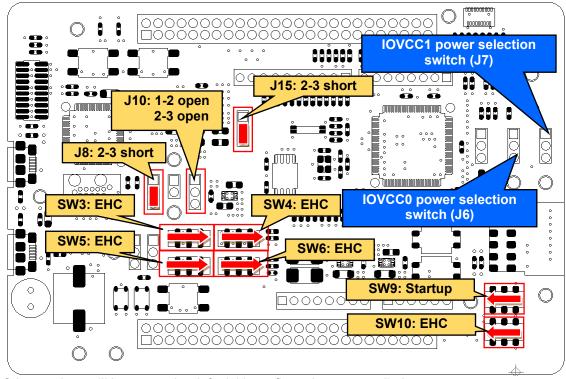
^{*1:} Also depends on debug function used. For more information, refer to Section 6. Debug.

^{*2:} The settings are supported in default configuration, as supplied.

5.2 EHC Operation

RE01 supports energy harvesting function. In EHC operation, the power is supplied from the included solar panel. User circuit can start operating when voltage is supplied to VSC_VCC pin of RE01.

Switch settings are required to operate the energy harvesting function. The related component layout and setting details are shown in **Figure 5-2**, **Table 5-2**, and **Table 5-3**. For more information of energy harvesting control circuit for RE01 specifications, refer to RE01 Group User's Manual's Hardware.



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 5-2: Component Layout and Settings (EHC Operation)

Table 5-2: Configuration Details (EHC Operation)

Component Name	Setting	
J8	2-3	short
J10	1-2, 2-3	open
J15	2-3	short
SW3-SW6	2-3, 6-7	EHC
SW9	1-2	Startup ^{*1}
SW10	1-2	EHC

^{1:} The setting is supported in default configuration, as supplied.

Table 5-3: Switch Details(J6, J7)

rable of the mitter potano(ot) or j					
Component Name	Settin	Settings			
J6	1-2	Supply voltage generated by DC/DC converter to IOVCC0 pin of RE01			
	2-3	Supply voltage generated by VCC/IOVCC pin of RE01 to IOVCC0 pin of RE01			
J7	1-2	Supply voltage generated by DC/DC converter to IOVCC1 pin of RE01			
	2-3	Supply voltage generated by VCC/IOVCC pin of RE01 to IOVCC1 pin of RE01			

5.2.1 Solar Panel

This product is equipped with solar panel interface (T9, T10). The component layout and details are displayed in **Figure 5-3** and **Table 5-4**. Connect the included solar panel to T9 and T10 using the attached IC clip.

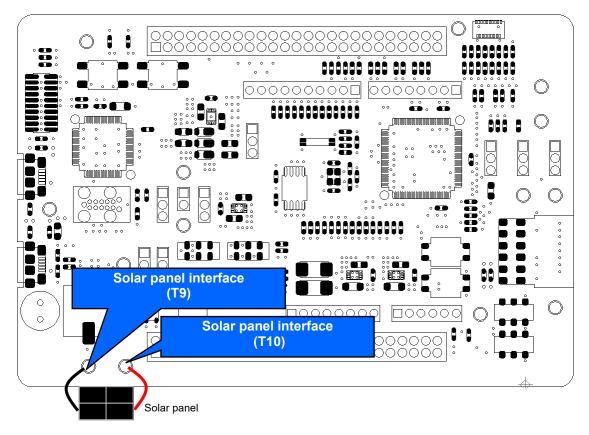


Figure 5-3: Component Layout (EHC Operation)

Table 5-4: Solar Panel Interface

	Solar Panel Interface (T9, T10)							
Pin Name	Name	RE01		Pin	Name	RE01		
	Name	Port	Pin			Port	Pin	
Т9	GROUND	-	•	T10	-	VSC_VCC	29	

5.2.2 Supercapacitor / External Battery

Supercapacitor / external battery can be connected to VBAT_EHC pin in RE01. Switch settings are required in order to use supercapacitor / external battery. Component layout and configuration details are shown in **Figure 5-4** and **Table 5-5**.

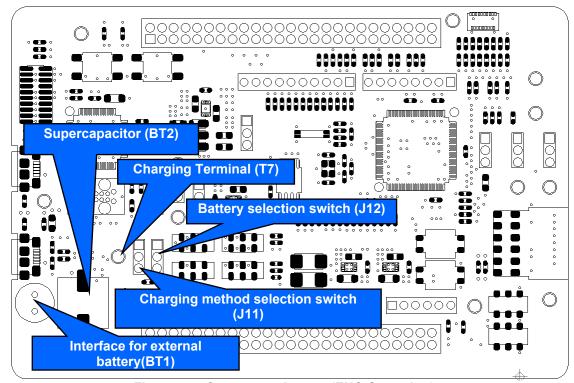


Figure 5-4: Component Layout (EHC Operation)

Table 5-5: Switch Configuration(J12)

Component Name	Setting	
J12	1-2	External battery
	2-3	Supercapacitor

When using supercapacitor, the supercapacitor itself may need to be charged because it may have been discharged. There are 2 charging methods that can be selected through switch setting. The related component layout and settings are shown in **Figure 5-4** and **Table 5-6**.

When charging, use J12 in the open setting.

- Charging from external power supply
 Connect a stabilized power supply to the charging terminal (T7).
- Charging from the voltage converted on board supplied by an emulator Connect an emulator to CN2 port or a USB cable to USB1/USB2 port.

Set the charging voltage (2.6V or 3.0V) to the value specified in Secondary Battery (VBAT) Charging Voltage Select Bit (VBATSEL) in Option Function Select Register 1 (OFS1).

Table 5-6: Switch Configuration(J11)

Component Name	Setting	
J11	1-2 Charging from external power supply	
	2-3	Charge by using board voltage

Set J11 to 1-2 after charging is completed.

Make sure that the external battery is already installed before selecting the external battery. The component layout and setting are described in **Figure 5-4** and **Table 5-7**.

The recommended external battery is SLB Series (Nichicon). Because the included solar panel*¹ generates 42μA, it might take time to charge the recommended external battery, depending on the operation setting of RE01. Depending on your evaluation content, consider charging before mounting.

*1: Panasonic AM-1815CA operating voltage 3.0 V, operating current 42.0μA (white fluorescent lamp-200lx(25°C))

Table 5-7:	External	Battery	(BT2)
-------------------	----------	---------	-------

External Battery (BT2)							
Pin Signal Name	RE01		Pin	Cianal Name	RE01		
	Signal Name	Port	Pin	PIII	Signal Name	Port	Pin
1	-	VBAT_EHC	28	2	GROUND	-	-

5.2.3 Storage Capacitor

RE01 has a 200uF capacitor connected to the VCC_SU pin. Depending on your board environment, it may be necessary to change the capacitor's capacitance connected to VCC_SU pin. If necessary, mount a capacitor on C29 (size: 1608). Component layout is shown in **Figure 5-5**. For more information about storage capacitor specifications, refer to RE01 Group User's Manual's Hardware.

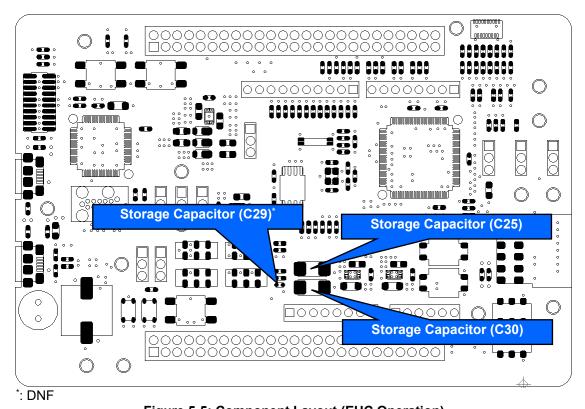


Figure 5-5: Component Layout (EHC Operation)

5.2.4 DC/DC Converter Control

DC/DC converter must be enabled to supply the voltage to the user circuit when using energy harvesting function. To enable DC/DC converter, output a high level from P209 and make sure that there is enough charging voltage in external battery/supercapacitor. This voltage equals to the value of VBATSEL setting (2.6V or 3.0V).

5.2.5 How to Use

5.2.5.1 When Operating Peripheral Circuits after Steady Operation Period

Follow the steps below to operate peripheral circuits after EHC steady operation period. The settings below are intended for the case where supercapacitor (charged) is used. The program has to be downloaded to RE01 internal flash memory in advance.

Sample code is also available on Renesas website, entitled "Maintenance free power management by RE energy harvesting controller (R01AN4837)".

- Follow the setting shown in Figure 5-2 and Table 5-2.
- Follow the setting shown in Figure 5-6 and Table 5-8. 2.
- 3. Connect the solar panel to the solar panel interface (T9 and T10).

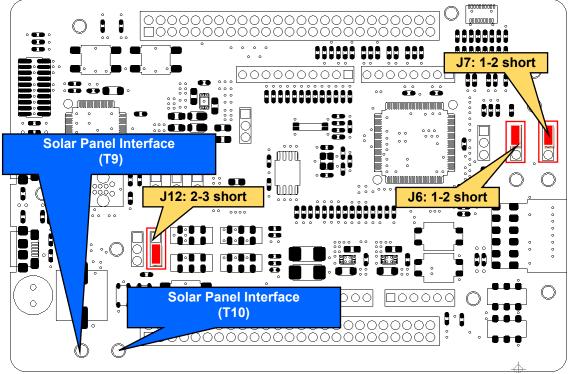


Figure 5-6: Component Layout and Settings (EHC Operation)

Table 5-8: Configuration Details (EHC Operation)

Component Name	Setting	
J6, J7	1-2	short
J12	2-3	short

RENESAS

The settings in the table above are supported in default configuration, as supplied.

5.2.5.2 When using the MIP-LCD Expansion Board During Secondary Battery Charging Period

Follow the steps below to operate MIP LCD expansion board during secondary battery charging period. The setting below are intended for the case where supercapacitor (charged) is used. The program has to be downloaded to RE01 internal flash memory in advance.

Sample code is also available on Renesas website, entitled "Energy harvesting launch operation and quick start SMIP display demo using Evaluation Kit RE01 256KB (R01AN5406)".

- 1. Follow the settings shown in Figure 5-2 and Table 5-2.
- 2. Follow the settings shown in Figure 5-7 and Table 5-9.
- 3. Connect MIP-LCD expansion board to the PMOD connector (PMOD1). (Refer to Section 7.5.1 MIP-LCD Expansion Board for more details).
- 4. Connect the solar panel to solar panel interface (T9, T10).

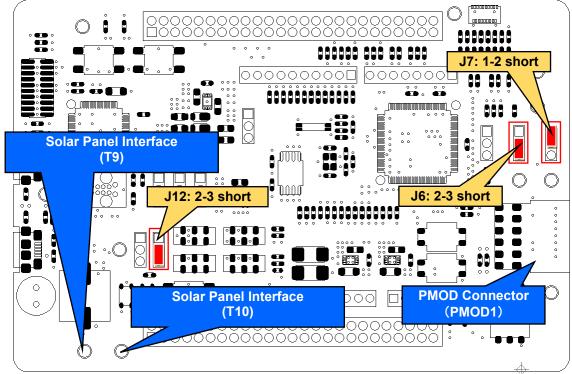


Figure 5-7: Component Layout and Settings (EHC Operation)

Table 5-9: Configuration Details (EHC Operation)

Component Name	Setting	
J6	2-3	short
J7	1-2	short*1
J12	2-3	short*1

^{*1:} The settings are supported in default configuration, as supplied.

5.2.5.3 When using Parallel MIP-LCD during Secondary Battery Charging Period

Follow the steps below to operate parallel MIP LCD during secondary battery charging period. The setting below are intended for the case where supercapacitor (charged) is used. The program has to be downloaded to RE01 internal flash memory in advance.

- 1. Follow the settings shown in Figure 5-2 and Table 5-2.
- 2. Follow the settings shown in Figure 5-8 and Table 5-10.
- 3. Connect parallel MIP-LCD to the MIP-LCD connector (CN1). (Refer to Section 7.7 MLCD (Memory In Pixel Liquid Crystal Display) Interface for more details).
- 4. Connect the solar panel to solar panel interface (T9, T10).

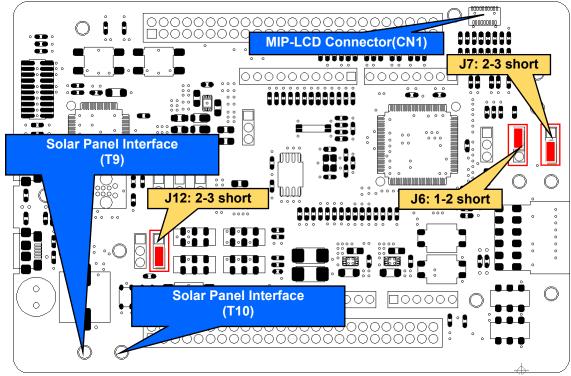


Figure 5-8: Component Layout and Settings (EHC Operation)

Table 5-10: Configuration Details (EHC Operation)

Component Name	Setting	
J6	1-2	short*1
J7	2-3	short
J12	2-3	short*1

^{*1:} The settings are supported in default configuration, as supplied.

5.2.5.4 Discharge Switch (SW7, SW8)

Discharge switches are included in the main board. SW7 is used to discharge RE01 VCC/IOVCC power supply line. SW8 is used to discharge storage capacitors (C25, C29, and C30). This discharge switches must be used when the user uses energy harvesting function, operate the main board, then restart the energy harvesting function again from the beginning. Press the discharge switches before using energy harvesting function every time the energy harvesting function is started up from the beginning. The discharge switches are shown in **Figure 5-9**.

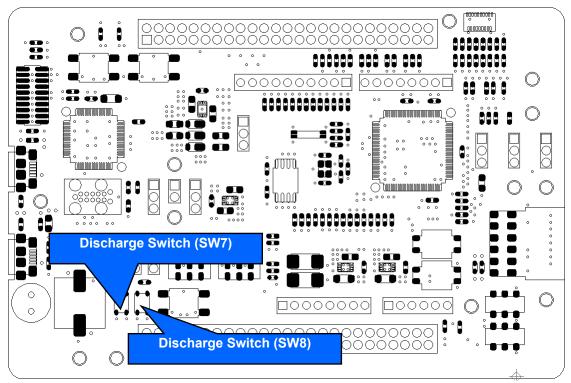


Figure 5-9: Component Layout (EHC Operation)

5.3 RE01 Start-up Mode

RE01 supports 3 start-up modes. Switch settings are necessary to select the start-up mode. Component layout and settings related to start-up modes are explained in **Figure 5-10** and **Table 5-11**. For more details of start-up modes for RE01, refer to RE01 Group User's Manual's Hardware.

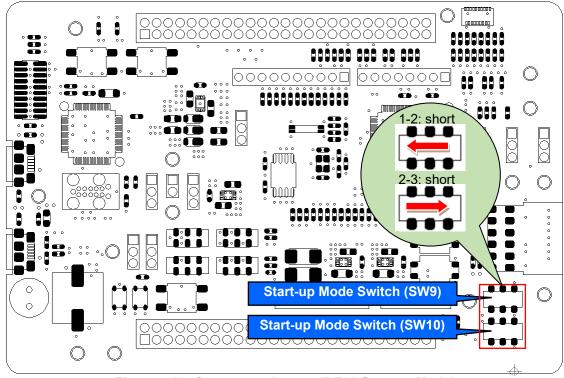


Figure 5-10: Component Layout (RE01 Start-up Mode)

Table 5-11: Configuration Details (RE01 Start-up Mode)

Switch Setting		Start-up Mode	
MD (SW9)	EHMD (SW10)		
1-2: short	1-2: short	Energy Harvest Start-up Mode	
1-2: short	2-3: short	Normal Start-up Mode *1	
2-3: short	_*2	SCI/USB Boot Mode	

^{*1:} The setting is supported in default configuration, as supplied.

^{*2:} Don't care

6. Debug

This board supports emulators as listed in **Table 6-1**.

Table 6-1: Supported Emulators

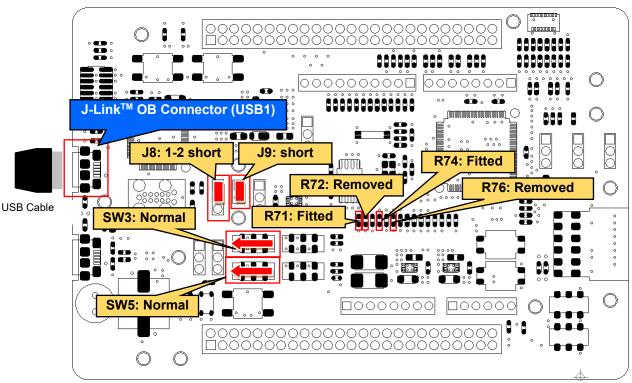
Supported Emulator	Chapter Reference
J-Link [™] OB	6.1
I-Jet [™] , J-Link [™]	6.2
E2	6.3, 6.4

6.1 J-Link™ OB

This main board is equipped with Segger J-Link[™] OB. RE01 debugging is possible by connecting the included USB cable to this board and host PC.

6.1.1 Component Layout and Settings when using J-Link™ OB

When using J-LinkTM OB, several switch and resistor settings must be set. **Figure 6-1** and **Table 6-2** shows the component layout and detailed settings for using J-LinkTM OB. This function is supported in default configuration, as supplied.



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 6-1: Component Layout and Settings (J-Link™ OB)

Table 6-2: Configuration Details(J-Link™ OB)

Component	Setting		
SW3, SW5	1-2, 5-6	Normal	
J8	1-2	short	
J9	-	short	
R71, R74	Fitted	Fitted	
R72, R76	Removed	Removed	

The settings in the table above are supported in default configuration, as supplied.

6.1.2 Debugger Connections

Figure 6-2 shows the connections between main board (J-Link OB) and host PC. When using J-Link OB, do not connect to other emulators.

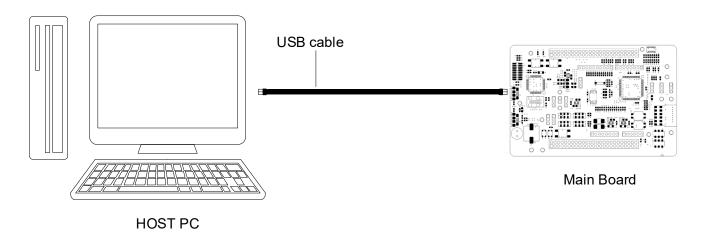


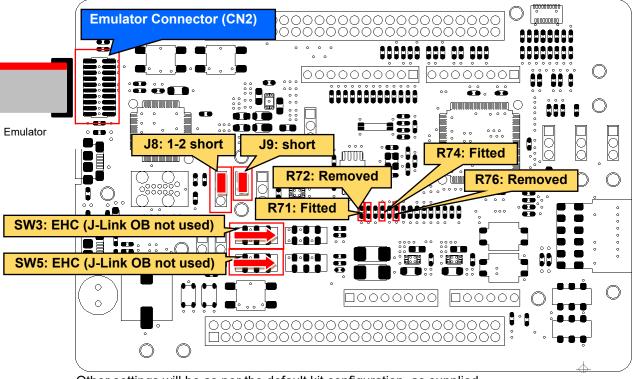
Figure 6-2: Debugger Connection Diagram (J-Link™ OB)

6.2 I-jet[™], J-Link[™]

This main board can connect to IAR I-jet emulator or Segger J-Link™ emulator. RE01 can be debugged by using these emulators.

6.2.1 Component Layout and Settings when using I-jet™, J-Link™

When using the emulator, several switch and resistor settings must be set. **Figure 6-3** and **Table 6-3** shows the component layout and detailed settings. This function is not supported in default configuration, as supplied.



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 6-3: Component Layout and Settings (I-jet™, J-Link™)

Table 6-3: Configuration Details (I-jet[™], J-Link[™])

Component	Setting		
SW3, SW5	2-3, 6-7	EHC (J-Link OB not used)	
J8	1-2	short*1	
J9	-	short*1	
R71, R74	Fitted*1		
R72, R76	Removed*1	Removed*1	

^{*1:} The settings are supported in default configuration, as supplied.

6.2.2 Debugger Connections

Figure 6-4 shows the connections between main board, emulator, and host PC. When using these emulators (emulators excluding J-LinkTM OB), do not connect the J-LinkTM OB (USB cable).

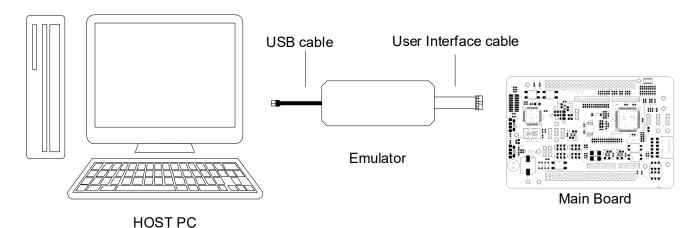


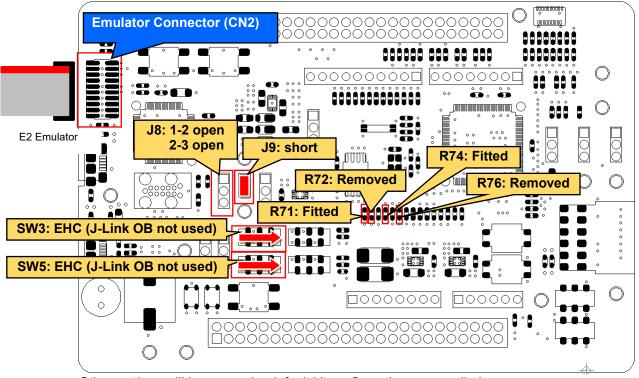
Figure 6-4: Debugger Connection Diagram (Excluding J-Link™ OB)

6.3 E2

This main board can connect to Renesas E2 emulator. RE01 can be debugged by using this emulator.

6.3.1 Component Layout and Settings when using E2

When using the emulator, several switch and resistor settings must be set. **Figure 6-5** and **Table 6-4** shows the component layout and detailed settings. This function is not supported in default configuration, as supplied.



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 6-5: Component Layout and Settings (E2)

Table 6-4: Configuration Details (E2)

Component	Setting	
SW3, SW5	2-3, 6-7	EHC (J-Link OB not used)
J8	1-2, 2-3	open
J9	-	short*1
R71, R74	Fitted*1	
R72, R76	Removed*1	

^{*1:} The setting is supported in default configuration, as supplied.

6.3.2 Debugger Connections

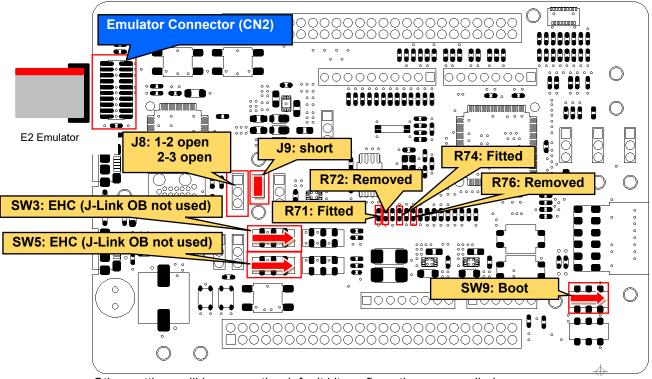
Figure 6-4 shows the connections between main board, emulator, and host PC. When using these emulators (emulators excluding J-Link[™] OB), do not connect the J-Link[™] OB (USB cable).

6.4 Flash Programmer

This main board supports Renesas Flash Programmer (RFP) for writing programs to RE01's internal flash memory. Writing can be performed by using E2 emulator and an USB cable.

6.4.1 When using E2 Emulator

A program can be written from host PC to RE01's internal flash memory via E2 emulator. To use RFP, switch and resistor settings must be set. Component layout and detailed settings are shown in **Figure 6-6** and **Table 6-5**. This function is not supported in default configuration, as supplied.



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 6-6: Component Layout and Settings (RFP)

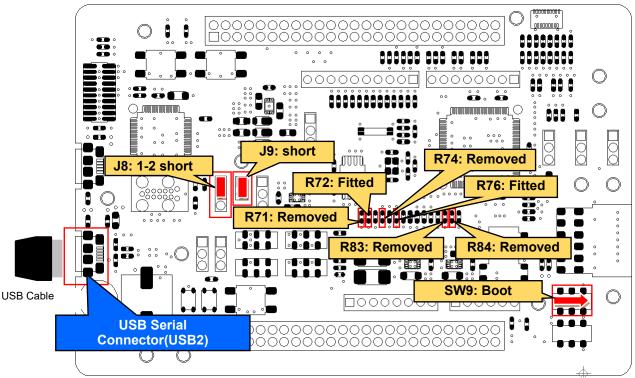
Table 6-5: Configuration Details (RFP)

Table 0 0: Configuration Details (Ref.)			
Component	Setting		
SW3, SW5	2-3, 6-7	EHC (J-Link OB not used)	
SW9	2-3	Boot	
J8	1-2, 2-3	open	
J9	-	short*1	
R71, R74	Fitted*1		
R72, R76	Removed*1		

^{*1:} The settings are supported in default configuration, as supplied.

6.4.2 When using USB Cable (USB Serial)

A program can be written from host PC to RE01's internal flash memory by using USB cable. To use RFP, switch and resistor settings must be set. Component layout and detailed settings are shown in **Figure 6-7** and **Table 6-6**. This function is not supported in default configuration, as supplied.



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 6-7: Component Layout and Settings (RFP)

Table 6-6: Configuration Details (RFP)

Component	Setting	·	
SW9	2-3	Boot	
J8	1-2	short*1	
J9	-	short*1	
R71, R74	Removed	Removed	
R72, R76	Fitted	Fitted	
R83, R84	Removed	Removed	

^{*1:} The settings are supported in default configuration, as supplied.

6.4.3 Debugger Connections

Figure 6-8 shows the connection between the main board, emulator, and host PC. When using flash programmer, do not connect emulators for purposes other than flash programmer.

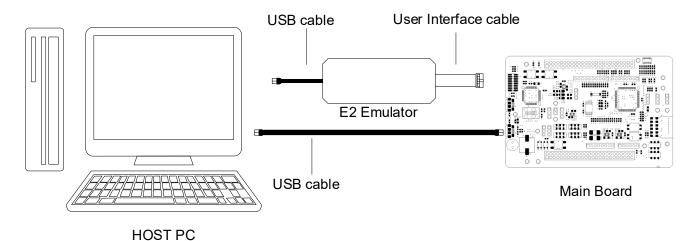


Figure 6-8: Debugger Connection Diagram (RFP)

6.4.4 How to Use

6.4.4.1 When using E2 Emulator

Follow the procedures below to supply power from E2 emulator.

- 1. Set the switches and resistors on the main board as shown in **Table 6-5**.
- 2. Connect the emulator connector (CN2) to host PC via E2 emulator.
- 3. Start RFP on host PC.
- 4. On RFP, choose File->New Project. Insert new project name, and choose 3.3V under Power Supply in Tool Details.
- 5. Click the "Connect" button on the RFP.
- 6. When the connection is established, "Operation Completed" will be displayed on the screen.
- 7. Select the program to write.
- 8. Click the "Start" button on the RFP.
- 9. After writing is completed, "Operation Completed" will be displayed on the RFP.

6.4.4.2 When using USB Cable (USB Serial)

Follow the procedures below to supply power from a USB cable (USB Serial).

- 1. Set the switches and resistors as shown in **Table 6-6**.
- 2. Connect the USB serial connector (USB2) to host PC via USB cable.
- 3. Start RFP on host PC.
- On RFP, choose File->New Project.
 Insert new project name, and choose "USB Serial Port" in Tool Details.
- 5. Click the "Connect" button on the RFP.
- 6. When the connection is established, "Operation Completed" will be displayed on the screen.
- 7. Select the program to write.
- 8. Click the "Start" button on the RFP.
- 9. After writing is completed, "Operation Completed" will be displayed on the RFP.

7. Current Measurement Circuit

This main board can measure the current consumption of RE01. shows the current flow that can be measured with the default settings. Sample code is also available on Renesas website, entitled "RE01 256KB Group Low Power Mode Transition Example" (R01AN5337).

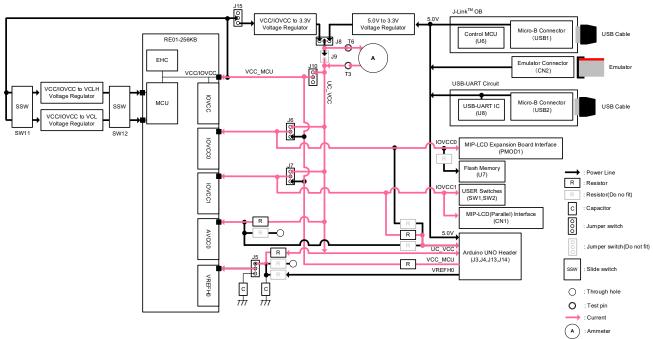
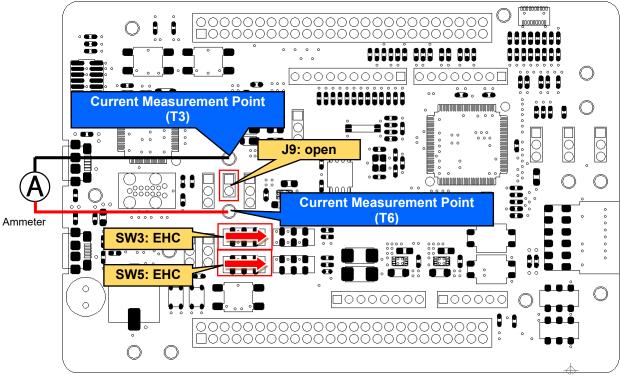


Figure 7-1: Current flow with default settings

7.1 Component Layout and Setting during Current Measurement.

Switch settings are required to be set before measuring the current. Component layout is shown in **Figure 7-2**, while details are shown in **Figure 7-2** and **Table 7-1**.

When measuring the current consumption, do not connect peripheral circuits such as MIP-LCD. The current value may increase if you measure with the peripheral circuit connected.



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 7-2: Component Layout and Setting (Current Measurement Circuit)

Table 7-1: Configuration Details (Current Measurement Circuit)

Component	Setting	
J9	-	open
SW3, SW5	2-3, 6-7	EHC (J-Link OB not used)

7.2 How to Use

Follow the steps shown below. Program must be downloaded into the internal flash memory of RE01 in advance.

- 1. Open J9.
- 2. Connect an ammeter to current measurement points (T3 and T6).
- 3. Supply the board by using stand-alone power supply.

8. User Circuitry

8.1 Reset Circuit

This main board has built-in power-on reset circuit and a reset circuit that is triggered by a switch press. When power is supplied, RE01 is reset by the built-in power-on reset circuit. Pressing RES switch also resets RE01.

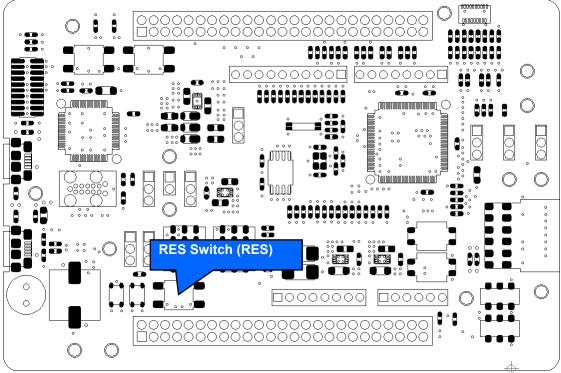


Figure 8-1: Component Layout (Reset Circuit)

8.2 Clock Circuit

The main board has clock circuit to supply clock to RE01. For details on the RE01 clock, refer to RE01 Group User's Manual Hardware. For details on the main board clock circuit, refer to the main board circuit diagram. **Figure 8-2** and **Table 8-1** shows the component layout and details.

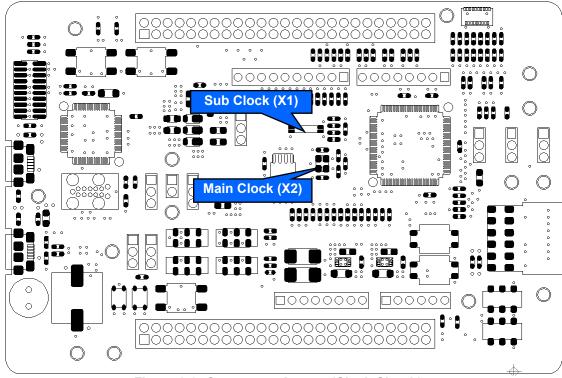


Figure 8-2: Component Layout (Clock Circuit)

Table 8-1: Crystal

Crystal	Function	Default Setting	Frequency	Device Package
X1	Sub Clock	Fitted	32.768kHz	Encapsulated, SMT
X2	Main Clock	Fitted	32MHz	Encapsulated, SMT

8.3 Switches

This main board has a total of 13 switches. **Figure 8-3** and **Table 8-2** show the layout and function of each switch.

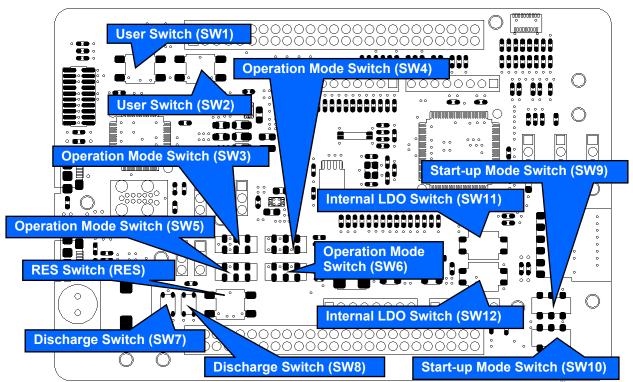


Figure 8-3: Component Layout (Switches)

Table 8-2: Switches

Switch	Function	REC	RE01		
Switch	Function	Port	Pin		
RES	Resets the main board.	RES#	23		
SW1	Connects to KRM01_B for user controls.	P509	74		
SW2	Connects to IRQ4_C for user controls.	P508	75		
	Selects normal mode or EHC mode.	P411 (SWCLK)	16		
SW3,5	Selects to use/not to use J-Link™ OB.	P207 (SWDIO)	22		
		RES#	23		
	Selects normal mode or EHC mode.	VCC_SU	27		
SW4,6		VBAT_EHC	28		
		VSC_VCC	29		
SW7	Discharge C36 capacitor.	VCC/IOVCC	14		
SW8	Discharge VCC_SU storage capacitor (C25, C29, C30).	VCC_SU	27		
SW9	Cologte DE01 start up made	MD	24		
SW10	Selects RE01 start-up mode.	EHMD	19		
SW11		NC	NC		
SW12	Selects internal LDO or external DC/DC.	VCLH	8		
30012		VCL	15		

8.4 LED

There are 4 LEDs in this main board. **Figure 8-4** shows the component layout of the LEDs. **Table 8-3** shows the details of the LEDs.

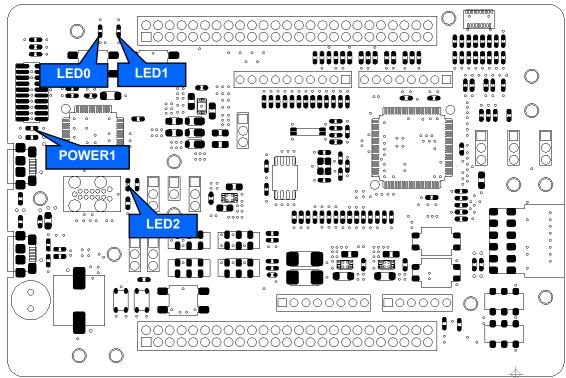


Figure 8-4: Component Layout (LED)

Table 8-3: LED

LED	Color	Function	RE01	
LED	Color	Function	Port	Pin
POWER1	Green	Board_5V power line indicator	NC	NC
LED0	Orange	User LED	P210 (IOVCC)	32
LED1	Red	User LED	P410 (IOVCC)	17
LED2	Green	J-Link [™] OB Indicator	NC	NC

8.5 Pmod™ Interface

This main board has the connector for Pmod[™] interface. **Table 8-4** shows compatible connection boards and **Figure 8-5** shows the pin assignment.

Table 8-4: Compatible Connection Boards

Compatible Boards	Reference Chapter
MIP-LCD Expansion Board	7.5.1
RL78/G1D BLE Module Expansion Board	7.5.2
(RTKYRLG1D0B00000BJ)	
Digilent Pmod™ Compatible Connector	7.5.3

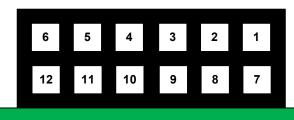


Figure 8-5: Pin Assignment

8.5.1 MIP-LCD Expansion Board

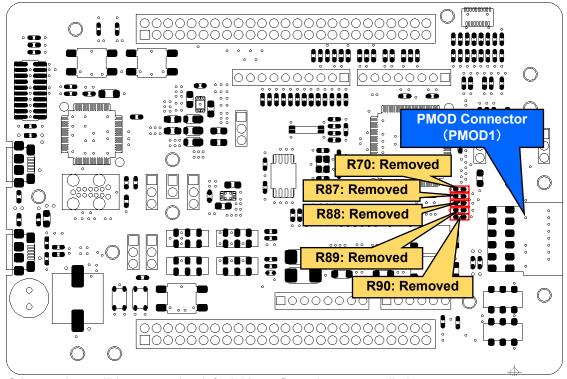
This main board has a connector for MIP-LCD expansion board interface. Connect the included MIP-LCD expansion board to the PMOD connector.

Connection with the MIP-LCD (TN0181ANVNANN-AN00 made by Kyocera^{*1}) that is mounted on MIP-LCD expansion board are done via RE01 built-in serial peripheral interface (SPI). **Figure 8-6** and **Figure 8-7** shows the component layout, while **Table 8-6** shows the details of PMOD connector.

This function is supported in default configuration, as supplied. To return to this setting from other settings, set the resistors as shown in **Figure 8-6**, **Figure 8-7**, and **Table 8-5**.

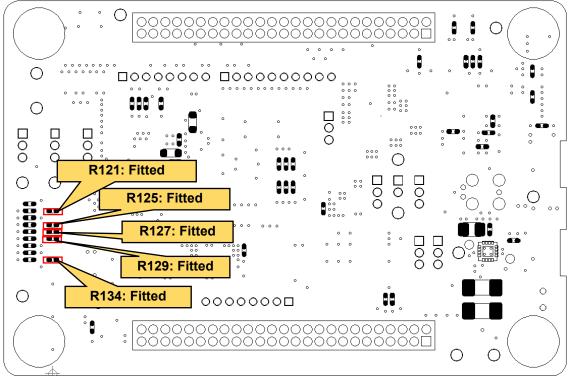
Sample code related to this expansion board is available on the Renesas website entitled "R_GDT Driver Sample Code (Using CMSIS Driver Package)" (R01AN4755).

*1: Please contact Kyocera.



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 8-6: Component Layout and Settings (MIP-LCD Expansion Board(Top))



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 8-7: Component Layout and Settings (MIP-LCD Expansion Board (Bottom))

Table 8-5: Configuration Details (MIP-LCD Expansion Board)

Component	Setting
R70, R87-R90	Removed
R121, R125, R127, R129, R134	Fitted

The settings in the table above are supported in default configuration, as supplied.

Table 8-6: PMOD Connector (MIP-LCD Expansion Board)

	PMOD Connector (PMOD1)									
Pin	Simual Nama	RE01		Pin	Signal Nama	RE01				
PIII	Signal Name	Port	Pin	PIII	Signal Name	Port	Pin			
1	PMOD_SSLA1_B_P015	P015	92	7	PMOD_INT_AGTWOA1_B_ P814	P814	99			
2	PMOD_MOSIA_B_P010	P010	97	8	PMOD_RESET_RXD4_C	P813	100			
3	PMOD_MISOA_B_CTS4_C	P815	98	9	PMOD_IO0_P014	P014	93			
4	PMOD_RSPCKA_B_P011	P011	96	10	PMOD_IO1	P806	7			
5	GROUND	-	-	11	GROUND	-	-			
6	IOVCC0	-	-	12	IOVCC0	-	-			

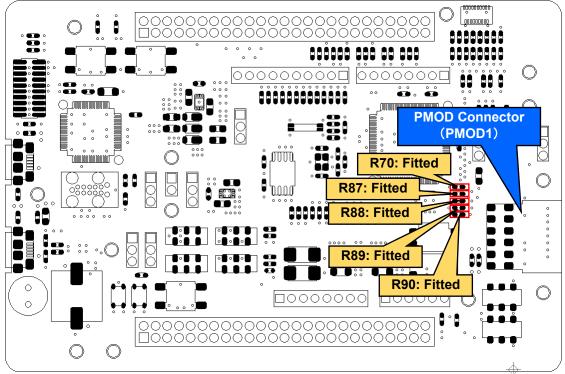
8.5.2 RL78/G1D BLE Module Expansion Board

This main board has a connector for the RL78/G1D BLE Module Expansion Board (BLE Evaluation Board). Connect the Renesas BLE Evaluation Board (sold separately) to the PMOD connector.

Connection with the RL78/G1D module that is mounted on BLE evaluation board are done via RE01 built-in serial communication interface (SCI). **Figure 8-8** and **Figure 8-9** show the component layout, while **Table 8-8** shows the details of PMOD connector.

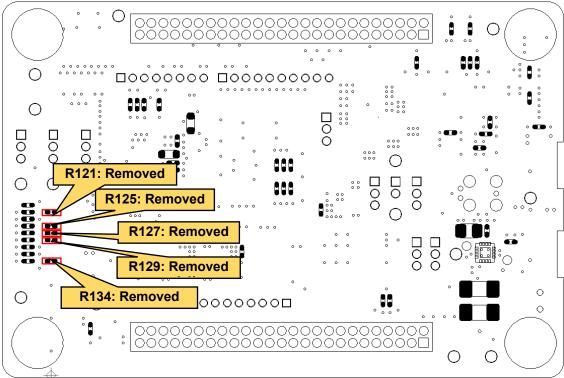
This function is not supported in default configuration, as supplied. Set the resistors as shown in **Figure 8-8**, **Figure 8-9**, and **Table 8-7**.

Sample code related to this expansion board is available on the Renesas website entitled "Bluetooth® Low Energy Protocol Stack Evaluation Kit RE01 256KB Host Sample" (R01AN5472).



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 8-8: Component Layout and Settings (RL78/G1D BLE Module Expansion Board (Top))



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 8-9: Component Layout and Settings (RL78/G1D BLE Module Expansion Board (Bottom))

Table 8-7: Configuration Details (RL78/G1D BLE Module Expansion Board)

Component	Setting
R70, R87-R90	Fitted
R121, R125, R127, R129, R134	Removed

Table 8-8: PMOD Connector (RL78/G1D BLE Module Expansion Board)

	PMOD Connector (PMOD1)									
Pin	Cianal Nama	RE01		Pin	Signal Name	RE01				
Pili	Signal Name	Port	Pin	PIII	Signal Name	Port	Pin			
1	PMOD_MISOA_B_CTS4_C	P815	98	7	PMOD_INT_AGTWOA1_B_ P814	P814	99			
2	PMOD_TXD4_C	P812	1	8	PMOD_MOSIA_B_P010	P010	97			
3	PMOD_RESET_RXD4_C	P813	100	9	PMOD_IO0_P014	P014	93			
4	PMOD_RSPCKA_B_P011	P011	96	10	PMOD_SSLA1_B_P015	P015	92			
5	GROUND	-	-	11	GROUND	-	-			
6	IOVCC0	-	-	12	IOVCC0	•	-			

8.5.3 Pmod™

This main board has a connector for Digilent Pmod™ interface. Connect a commercially available Digilent Pmod™ module (or other compatible module) to PMOD connector. Connection with the Digilent Pmod™ module is done via RE01 built-in SPI interface (RSPI).

Figure 8-6 and **Figure 8-7** shows component layout, while **Table 8-6** shows details of PMOD connector. This function is not supported in default configuration, as supplied. To return to this setting from other settings, set the resistors as shown in **Figure 8-6**, **Figure 8-7**, and **Table 8-5**.

Not that Digilent Pmod™ pinouts are different from normal pinouts. Refer to the Digilent Pmod™ interface specifications for more details.

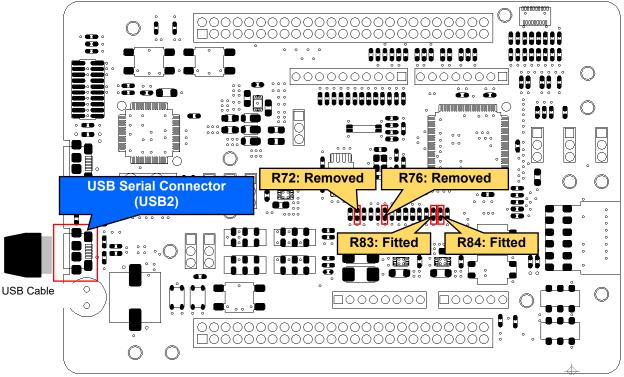
8.6 USB Serial Conversion

This main board has USB serial conversion circuit, which can be used as a virtual COM port by connecting to the host PC. Connect host PC to USB serial conversion connector (USB2) by using the included USB cable. Connection with the host PC is done via RE01 built-in serial communication interface (SCI).

The component layout and details of USB serial connection are shown in Figure 8-10 and Table 8-10.

This function is not supported in default configuration, as supplied. To return to this setting from other settings, set the resistors as shown in **Figure 8-10** and **Table 8-9**.

The related sample code is available on Renesas Website, entitled "USART Asynchronous Communication Sample Code (Using CMSIS Driver Package)" (R01AN4699).



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 8-10: Component Layout and Settings (USB Serial Conversion)

Table 8-9: Configuration Details (USB Serial Conversion)

Component	Setting
R72, R76	Removed
R83, R84	Fitted

The settings in the table above are supported in default configuration, as supplied.

Table 8-10: USB Serial

Signal Name	Function	RE01		
Signal Name	Function	Port	Pin	
USB_SCI_TXD	SCI0 Transmit Signal	P703	40	
USB_SCI_RXD	SCI0 Receive Signal	P702	41	
USB_SCI_CTS	Input signal for controlling the start of transmission and reception	P704	39	
USB_SCI_RTS	Output signal for controlling the start of transmission and reception	P202	38	

Prepare the driver provided by FTDI chip before using this function. The necessary driver is listed below.

• VIRTUAL CON PORT(VCP) Drivers

Please download the driver installer from the following URL.

http://www.ftdichip.com/Products/ICs/FT230X.html

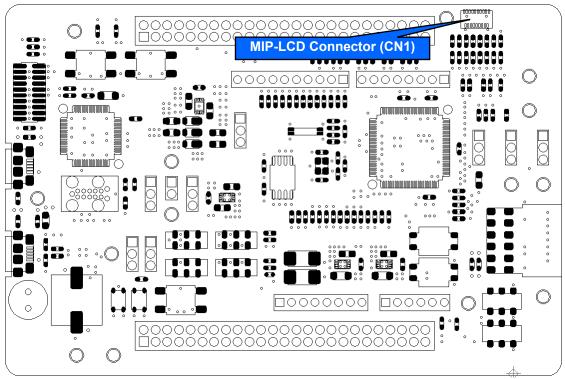
8.7 MLCD (Memory In Pixel Liquid Crystal Display) Interface

This main board has FPC connector (CN1), which can be connected to MIP-LCD (Kyocera TN0104ANVAANN-GN00^{*1}). Connection to MIP-LCD is done through RE01 built-in MIP LCD Controller (MLCD).

Component layout is shown in **Figure 8-11**, while MIP-LCD connection details is shown in **Table 8-11**. This function is supported in default configuration, as supplied.

Related sample code is available in Renesas Website, entitled "MLCD Transfer Sample Code (Using CMSIS Driver Package)" (R01AN4883).

^{*1:} Please contact Kyocera.



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 8-11: Component Layout and Setting (MLCD)

MIP-LCD Connector (CN1) RE01 RE01 Pin Pin Signal Name **Signal Name Port** Pin **Port** Pin MLCD_VCOM MLCD SI2 P105 1 P113 56 11 66 2 IOVCC1 12 MLCD SI1 P106 65 **GROUND** 13 MLCD SI0 P107 64 3 14 MLCD DEN P110 59 4 MLCD ENBS P109 60 5 MLCD_XRST P112 57 15 MLCD SCLK P111 58 MLCD SI7 MLCD ENBG P108 6 P100 71 16 61 7 MLCD SI6 P101 17 **GROUND** 70 MLCD SI5 IOVCC1 8 P102 69 18

68

67

19

MLCD_VCOM

Table 8-11: MIP-LCD Connector

MLCD_SI4

MLCD SI3

9

10

P103

P104

56

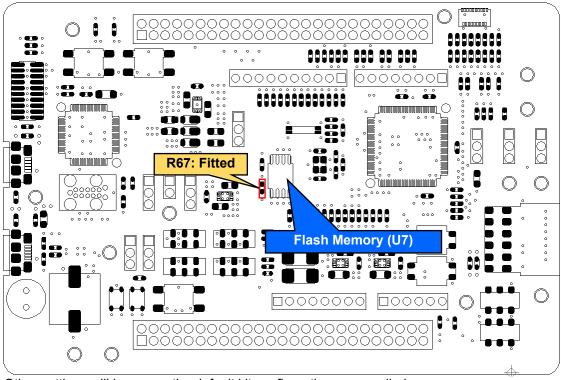
P113

8.8 Flash Memory

This main board has a 64Mb flash memory made by Macronix (MX25R6435FM2IL0). Connection to the flash memory is done through RE01 built-in quad serial peripheral interface (QSPI).

Component layout is shown in **Figure 8-12**, while the details of flash memory connection is shown in **Table 8-13**.

This function is not supported in default configuration, as supplied. set the resistors as shown in **Figure 8-12** and **Table 8-12**.



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 8-12: Component Layout and Setting (Flash Memory)

Table 8-12: Configuration Details (Flash Memory)

Component	Setting
R67	Fitted

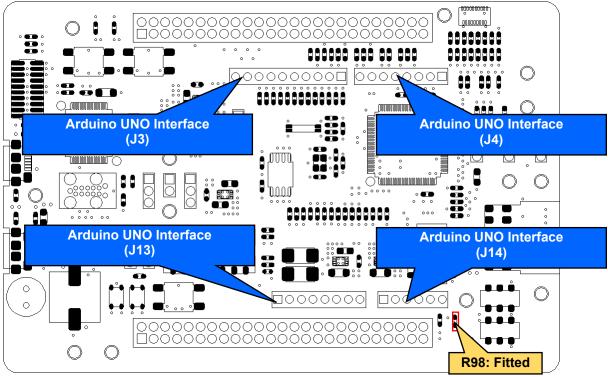
Table 8-13: Flash Memory

	Flash Memory (U7)								
ъ.	Signal Nama	RE01		Pin	Signal Nama	RE01			
Pin	Signal Name	Port	Pin	PIII	Signal Name	Port	Pin		
1	QSPI_QSSL_A	P807	6	5	QSPI_QIO0_A	P811	2		
2	QSPI_QIO1_A	P810	3	6	QSPI_QSPCLK_A	P812	1		
3	QSPI_QIO2_A	P809	4	7	QSPI_QIO3_A	P808	5		
4	GROUND	-	-	8	IOVCC0	-	-		

8.9 Arduino UNO Interface

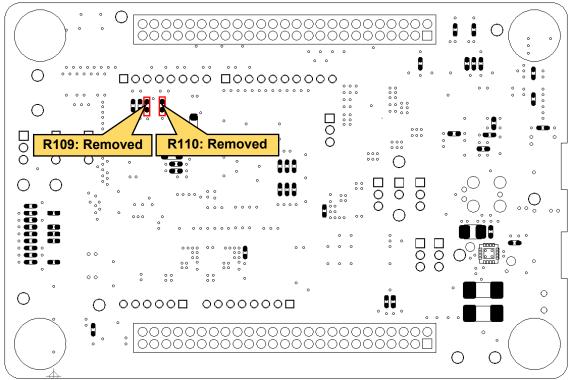
This main board has Arduino UNO interface and can be connected to various shields. Component layout and configuration details are shown in **Figure 8-13**, **Figure 8-14**, and **Table 8-14**. Details of Arduino UNO connections are shown in **Table 8-15**, **Table 8-16**, **Table 8-17**, and **Table 8-18**.

Voltage can be supplied to J13-1 pin from IOVCC0/IOVCC1/AVCC0. Select the power supply voltage by shorting any of R110, R98, or R109. To supply from IOVCC0, short only R110. To supply from IOVCC1, short only R98. To supply from AVCC0, short only R109. **Figure 8-13** and **Figure 8-14** shows the board's default resistor setting (supply from IOVCC1).



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 8-13: Component Layout and Setting (Arduino UNO Interface (Top))



Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 8-14: Component Layout and Settings (Arduino UNO Interface (Bottom))

Table 8-14: Configuration Details (Arduino UNO Interface)

Component	Setting
R98	Fitted
R109, R110	Removed

The settings in the table above are supported in default configuration, as supplied.

Table 8-15: Arduino UNO Interface (1)

	Arduino UNO Interface (J3)									
Dia Simual Nama	RE01		Pin	Signal Name	RE01					
Pin	Signal Name	Port	Pin	PIII	Signal Name	Port	Pin			
1	ARDUINO_IO8	P409 (IOVCC)	18	6	ARDUINO_RSPCKA_B	P011 (IOVCC0)	96			
2	ARDUINO_IO9_GTIOC2A_B	P302 (IOVCC1)	48	7	GROUND	-	-			
3	ARDUINO_SSLA1_B	P015 (IOVCC0)	92	8	ARDUINO_VREF	-	-			
4	ARDUINO_MOSIA_B	P010 (IOVCC0)	97	9	ARDUINO_SDA0*	P012 (IOVCC0)	95			
5	ARDUINO_MISOA_B	P815 (IOVCC0)	98	10	ARDUINO_SCL0*	P013 (IOVCC0)	94			

^{*:} The default kit configuration uses a transfer rate of 50kbps or less. To increase the transfer rate, change the resistor values (R21, R22).

Table 8-16: Arduino UNO Interface (2)

	rabio o Tot / traditio of to interface (2)									
	Arduino UNO Interface (J4)									
D:	Cianal Nama	RE01	RE01		Ciamal Nama	RE01				
Pin	Signal Name	Port	Pin	Pin	Signal Name	Port	Pin			
1	ARDUINO_IO0_RXD5_B	P314 (IOVCC1)	45	5	ARDUINO_IO4	P602 (IOVCC1)	53			
2	ARDUINO_IO1_TXD5_B	P315 (IOVCC1)	44	6	ARDUINO_IO5_ GTIOC5A_B	P603 (IOVCC1)	52			
3	ARDUINO_IO2_IRQ7_B	P204 (IOVCC1)	36	7	ARDUINO_IO6_ GTIOC5B_B	P604 (IOVCC1)	51			
4	ARDUINO_IO3_IRQ8_C	P205 (IOVCC1)	35	8	ARDUINO_IO7	P300 (IOVCC1)	50			

Table 8-17: Arduino UNO Interface (3)

	Arduino UNO Interface (J13)									
Pin	Cianal Name	RE01		Pin	Signal Name	RE01				
	Signal Name	Port	Pin	Pin	Signal Name	Port	Pin			
1	IOVCC0*/IOVCC1/AVCC0*	-	-	5	Board_5V	-	-			
2	LP_3V3	-	-	6	GROUND	-	-			
3	RESn	RES# (IOVCC)	23	7	GROUND	-	-			
4	LP_3V3	-	-	8	VCC_MCU	-	-			

^{*:} Not connected by default. Please change the resistor based on your application.

Table 8-18: Arduino UNO Interface (4)

	Arduino UNO Interface (4)							
D:	Signal Name	RE01		Pin	Cinnal Nama	RE0	RE01	
Pin		Port	Pin	Pill	Signal Name	Port	Pin	
1	ARDUINO_AN000	P000 (AVCC0)	89	4	ARDUINO_AN003	P003 (AVCC0)	86	
2	ARDUINO_AN001	P001 (AVCC0)	88	5	ARDUINO_AN004	P004 (AVCC0)	85	
3	ARDUINO_AN002	P002 (AVCC0)	87	6	ARDUINO_AN005	P005 (AVCC0)	82	

8.10 External DC/DC Circuit

Normally, the internal power supply of RE01 uses a built-in regulator (LDO). However, RE01 can enable an even lower power consumption by supplying power to the internal power supply from an external DC/DC converter instead of the internal LDO.

Component layout is shown in **Figure 8-15**, while details are shown in **Figure 8-15** and **Table 8-19**. Sample code is also available on Renesas website, entitled "RE01 256KB Group How to reduce power consumption by using the external DC/DC converter" (R01AN5424).

The I²C bus interface is used to change the voltage of external DC/DC. The default kit configuration uses a transfer rate of 50kbps or less. To increase the transfer rate, change the resistor values (R21, R22).

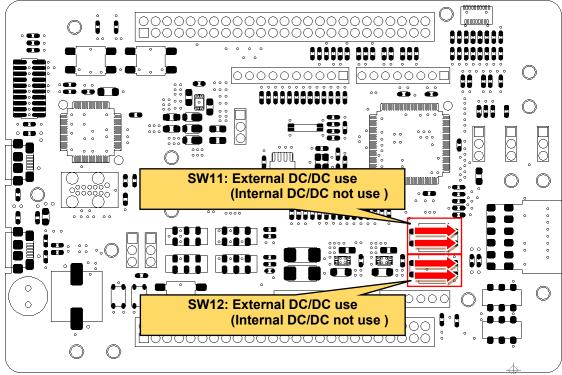


Figure 8-15: Component Layout and Settings (External DC/DC Circuit)

Table 8-19: Configuration Details (External DC/DC Circuit)

Component	Setting	(23.00.100.20.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0
SW11. SW12	1-4, 2-3	External DC/DC use (Internal DC/DC not use)

9. Headers

9.1 RE01 Headers

This main board has RE01 headers, which can be used to observe general I/O port. **Table 9-1** and **Table 9-2** shows the connections of RE01 header J1. **Table 9-3** and **Table 9-4** shows the connections of RE01 header J1.

Table 9-1: RE01 Header J1 Connections (1)

	RE01 Header J1						
Pin	Function (General IO Port/Power)	RE01 Pin	Pin	Function (General IO Port/Power)	RE01 Pin		
	Circuit Net Name			Circuit Net Name			
1	P812	- 1	2	P811	<u> </u>		
	J1_P812			J1_P811			
3	P810	_ 3	4	P809	<u> </u>		
	J1_P810	-		J1_P809	·		
5	P808	5	6	P807	6		
0	J1_P808	<u> </u>		J1_P807	Ů		
7	P806	7	8	Reserve	— NC		
'	PMOD_IO1	′		NC	INC		
9	Reserve	NC	10	Reserve	— NC		
9	NC	TINC		NC	TINC		
11	GND	-	12	Reserve	— NC		
' '	GROUND			NC	TINC		
40	Reserve	NO	14	VCC/IOVCC	4.4		
13	NC	─ NC		VCC_MCU	<u> </u>		
45	Reserve	NO	16	P411	40		
15	NC	NC NC		J1_P411	16		
47	P410	47	18	P409	40		
17	LED1	- 17		ARDUINO_IO8	 18		
40	EHMD	40	20	Reserve	NO		
19	EHMD	- 19		NC	─ NC		
0.4	Reserve	110	22	P207	00		
21	NC	NC NC		J1_P207	22		
00	RES#	00	24	MD	0.4		
23	RESn	23		MD	 24		

Table 9-2: RE01 Header J1(2)

	RE01 Header J1						
Pin	Function (General IO Port/Power) Circuit Net Name	RE01 Pin	Pin	Function (General IO Port/Power) Circuit Net Name	RE01 Pin		
25	P200 J1_P200	- 25	26	GND GROUND	-		
27	VCC_SU VCC_SU	- 27	28	VBAT_EHC VBAT_EHC	- 28		
29	VSC_VCC VSC_VCC	- 29	30	GND GROUND			
31	Reserve NC	NC NC	32	P210 LED0	32		
33	P209 DCDC_EHC_EN	- 33	34	P208 DCDC_Ext_EN	34		
35	P205 ARDUINO_IO3_IRQ8_C	35	36	P204 ARDUINO_IO2_IRQ7_B	36		
37	P203 J1_P203	37	38	P202 J1_P202	38		
39	P704 J1_P704	39	40	P703 J1_P703	40		
41	P702 J1_P702	41	42	P701 J1_P701	42		
43	P700 J1_P700	43	44	P315 ARDUINO_IO1_TXD5_B	44		
45	P314 ARDUINO_IO0_RXD5_B	45	46	IOVCC1	46		
47	GND GROUND	-	48	P302 ARDUINO_IO9_GTIOC2A_B	48		
49	P301 J1_P301	49	50	P300 ARDUINO_IO7	50		

Table 9-3: RE01 Header J2(1)

	RE01 Header J2					
Pin	Function (General IO Port/Power) Circuit Net Name	RE01 Pin	Pin	Function (General IO Port/Power) Circuit Net Name	RE01 Pin	
	P604	- 51	2	P603	_	
1	ARDUINO_IO6_GTIOC5B_B			ARDUINO_IO5_GTIOC5A_B	- 52	
_	P602			P601		
3	ARDUINO IO4	53	4	J2 P601	- 54	
_	P600			P113	50	
5	J2_P600	55	6	MLCD_VCOM	56	
7	P112		8	P111	50	
7	MLCD_XRST	57		MLCD_SCLK	58	
9	P110	59	10	P109	- 60	
9	MLCD_DEN			MLCD_ENBS	00	
11	P108	61	12	IOVCC1	62	
11	MLCD_ENBG	01		IOVCC1	02	
13	GND		14	P107	64	
13	GROUND	_		MLCD_SI0	04	
15	P106	65	16	P105	66	
10	MLCD_SI1	03		MLCD_SI2	00	
17	P104	67	18	P103	68	
17	MLCD_SI3	07		MLCD_SI4	00	
19	P102	69	20	P101	70	
13	MLCD_SI5	00	20	MLCD_SI6	' '	
21	P100	71	22	P511	72	
۷1	MLCD_SI7	, ,		J2_P511	12	
23	P510	73	24	P509	74	
۷۵	J2 P510	10		SW1	17	

Table 9-4: RE01 Header J2(2)

		Table 9-4: RE0 RE01 He		1 /	
Pin	Function (General IO Port/Power) Circuit Net Name	RE01 Pin	Pin	Function (General IO Port/Power) Circuit Net Name	RE01 Pin
	P508		26	P501	
25	SW2	75		J2_P501	
07	P500	77	28	AVCC0	70
27	J2_P500	77		AVCC0	
00	GND		00	P007	00
29	GROUND	-	30	J2_P007	80
31	P006	81	32	P005	82
31	J2_P006	81	32	ARDUINO_AN005	
33	GND		34	VREFH0	84
33	GROUND] -		VREFH0	
35	P004	85	36	P003	86
35	ARDUINO_AN004	85		ARDUINO_AN003	
37	P002	87	38	P001	88
31	ARDUINO_AN002	07		ARDUINO_AN001	
39	P000	89	40	GND	-
39	ARDUINO_AN000	09		GROUND	
41	IOVCC0	91	42	P015	92
41	IOVCC0	91	42	J2_P015	92
43	P014	93	44	P013	94
43	PMOD_IO0_P014	93	44	J2_P013	94
15	P012	95	46	P011	96
45	J2_P012	90	40	J2_P011	90
17	P010	97	48	P815	98
47	J2_P010	31	40	J2_P815	90
40	P814	99	50	P813	100
49	PMOD_INT_AGTWOA1_B_P814	99		PMOD_RESET_RXD4_C	100

10. Code Development

10.1 Overview

There are several ways to debug the code for this device:

- Connect Main Board to PC through IAR System[®] development tool I-jet[™] emulator.
- Connect Main Board to PC through Segger development tool J-Link[™] OB that is mounted on Main Board.
- Connect Main Board to PC through Segger development tool J-Link[™] emulator.
- Connect Main Board to PC through Renesas development tool E2 emulator.

Refer to the manufacturer's website for more details about each emulator.

10.2 Mode Support

This Evaluation Kit supports several operation modes and start-up modes. The settings related to modes change are described in Section 5. Operation/Start-up Mode. Refer to RE01 Group User's Manual: Hardware for detailed information about RE01 start-up mode and registers.

Only change the RE01 operating mode when the Evaluation Kit is in reset or turned off. Otherwise, the RE01 may be damaged.

10.3 Address Space

For the RE01 address space details, refer to the 'Address Space' section of RE01 Group User's Manual: Hardware.

11. Additional Information

Technical Support

For information about the RE01 refer to the RE01 Group User's Manual: Hardware.

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Revision History	RE01Group
Revision history	Evaluation Kit RE01 256KB User's Manual

Rev.	Date	Description				
		Page	Summary			
1.00	Jul 07, 2020	1	First Edition issued.			
1.01	Oct 02, 2020	8	Add chapter 1.2 Kit Contents.			
		9	Change table 1-2.			
		19	Add figure 2-8.			
		21	Change figure 4-1.			
		23	Add chapter 4.3.1 All power pins.			
		24-28	Change figure titles.			
			Add the voltage range that can be supplied.			
		36	Change the connector name.			
		47	Add figure 7-1.			
			Change sentence.			
		52	Add power domains to table 8-3.			
		63, 64	Add power domains from table 8-15 to table 8-18.			

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