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RE01 Group Evaluation Kit RE01 1500KB User's Manual

RE Family / RE0 Series

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General Precautions in the Handling of Microprocessing Unit and Microcontroller Unit Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all Microprocessing unit and Microcontroller unit products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this document, refer to the relevant sections of the document as well as any technical updates that have been issued for the products.

1. Precaution against Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

A strong electrical field, when exposed to a CMOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop the generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it when it occurs. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, a humidifier should be used. This is recommended to avoid using insulators that can easily build up static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work benches and floors must be grounded. The operator must also be grounded using a wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions must be taken for printed circuit boards with mounted semiconductor devices.

2. Processing at power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the time when power is supplied. The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the time when power is supplied. In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is completed. In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the time when power is supplied until the reset process is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting is specified.

3. Input of signal during power-off state

Do not input signals or an I/O pull-up power supply while the device is powered off. The current injection that results from input of such a signal or I/O pull-up power supply may cause malfunction and the abnormal current that passes in the device at this time may cause degradation of internal elements. Follow the guideline for input signal during power-off state as described in your product documentation.

4. Handling of unused pins

Handle unused pins in accordance with the directions given under handling of unused pins in the manual. The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of the LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible.

5. Clock signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal becomes stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal is stabilized. When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator or from an external oscillator during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Additionally, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator or by an external oscillator while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

6. Voltage application waveform at input pin

Waveform distortion due to input noise or a reflected wave may cause malfunction. If the input of the CMOS device stays in the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.) due to noise, for example, the device may malfunction. Take care to prevent chattering noise from entering the device when the input level is fixed, and also in the transition period when the input level passes through the area between V_{IL} (Max.) and V_{IH} (Min.).

7. Prohibition of access to reserved addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited. The reserved addresses are provided for possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses as the correct operation of the LSI is not guaranteed.

8. Differences between products

Before changing from one product to another, for example to a product with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems. The characteristics of a microprocessing unit or microcontroller unit products in the same group but having a different part number might differ in terms of internal memory capacity, layout pattern, and other factors, which can affect the ranges of electrical characteristics, such as characteristic values, operating margins, immunity to noise, and amount of radiated noise. When changing to a product with a different part number, implement a system-evaluation test for the given product.

Disclaimer

By using this Evaluation Kit, the user accepts the following terms:

The Evaluation Kit is not guaranteed to be error free, and the entire risk as to the results and performance of the Evaluation Kit is assumed by the User. The Evaluation Kit is provided by Renesas on an "as is" basis without warranty of any kind whether express or implied, including but not limited to the implied warranties of satisfactory quality, fitness for a particular purpose, title and non-infringement of intellectual property rights with regard to the Evaluation Kit. Renesas expressly disclaims all such warranties. Renesas or its affiliates shall in no event be liable for any loss of profit, loss of data, loss of contract, loss of business, damage to reputation or goodwill, any economic loss, any reprogramming or recall costs (whether the foregoing losses are direct or indirect) nor shall Renesas or its affiliates be liable for any other direct or indirect special, incidental or consequential damages arising out of or in relation to the use of this Evaluation Kit, even if Renesas or its affiliates have been advised of the possibility of such damages.

Precautions

The following precautions should be observed when operating any Evaluation Kit product:

This Evaluation Kit is only intended for use in a laboratory environment under ambient temperature and humidity conditions. A safe separation distance should be used between this and any sensitive equipment. Its use outside the laboratory, classroom, study area or similar such area invalidates conformity with the protection requirements of the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive and could lead to prosecution.

The product generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment causes harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off or on, you are encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures;

- ensure attached cables do not lie across the equipment
- reorient the receiving antenna
- increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver
- connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that which the receiver is connected
- power down the equipment when not in use
- consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help NOTE: It is recommended that wherever
 possible shielded interface cables are used.

The product is potentially susceptible to certain EMC phenomena. To mitigate against them it is recommended that the following measures be undertaken;

- The user is advised that mobile phones should not be used within 10m of the product when in use.
- The user is advised to take ESD precautions when handling the equipment.

The Evaluation Kit does not represent an ideal reference design for an end product and does not fulfil the regulatory standards for an end product.

How to Use This Manual

1. Purpose and Target Readers

This manual is designed to provide the user with an understanding of the Evaluation Kit Evaluation Board hardware functionality, and electrical characteristics. It is intended for users designing sample code on the Evaluation Kit Evaluation Board platform, using the many different incorporated peripheral devices.

The manual comprises of an overview of the capabilities of the Evaluation Kit product, but does not intend to be a guide to embedded programming or hardware design.

Particular attention should be paid to the precautionary notes when using the manual. These notes occur within the body of the text, at the end of each section, and in the Usage Notes section.

The revision history summarizes the locations of revisions and additions. It does not list all revisions. Refer to the text of the manual for details.

The following documents apply to Evaluation Kit for RE01 1500KB. Make sure to refer to the latest versions of these documents. The newest versions of the documents listed may be obtained from the Renesas Electronics Web site.

Document Type	Description	Document Title	Document No.
User's Manual	Describes the technical details of the	Evaluation Kit for RE01 1500KB	R20UT4379EJ
	Evaluation Kit hardware.	User's Manual	(This manual)
Quick Start Guide	Provides simple instructions setup the	Evaluation Kit for RE01 1500KB	R20UT4562EJ
	Evaluation Kit for RE01 1500KB and run the first sample.	Quick Start Guide	
Schematics	Full detail circuit schematics of the Evaluation Kit Main Board.	Evaluation Kit for RE01 1500KB	R20UT4563EJ
		main board schematics	
Schematics	Full detail circuit schematics of the	Evaluation Kit for RE01 1500KB	R20UT4564EJ
	Evaluation Kit MIP-LCD Expansion Board.	MIP-LCD Expansion board schematics	
Hardware Manual	Provides technical details of RE01 device.	RE01 Group Products with 1.5-Mbyte Flash Memory User's Manual: Hardware	R01UH0796EJ

2. List of Abbreviations and Acronyms

Abbreviation	Full Form
ADC	Analog-to-Digital Converter
APN	Application Notes
bps	bits per second
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
DAC	Digital-to-Analog Converter
DIP	Dual In-line Package
DMA	Direct Memory Access
DMAC	Direct Memory Access Controller
DNF	Do Not Fit
E2	Renesas On-chip Debugging Emulator
e ² studio	Renesas Eclipse-based Integrated Development Environment
EEPROM	Electronically Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory
EH	Energy Harvesting
EHC	Energy Harvesting Control Circuit
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
GPT	General PWM Timer
I ² C (IIC)	Philips™ Inter-Integrated Circuit Connection Bus
I-jet	IAR System JTAG Emulator
IRQ	Interrupt Request
J-Link OB	SEGGER On-board debug probe
	Low Dropout
LED	Light Emitting Diode
MIP-LCD	Memory In Pixel - Liquid Crystal Display
n/a (NA)	Not Applicable
n/c (NC)	Not Connected
NMI	Non-maskable Interrupt
OTG	On The Go
PC	Personal Computer
PDC	Parallel Data Capture Unit
PU	Phase Locked Loop
Pmod [™]	This is a Digilent Pmod [™] Compatible connector. Pmod [™] is registered to <u>Digilent Inc.</u> Digilent-Pmod Interface Specification
POE	Port Output Enable
PWM	Pulse Width Modulation
RAM	Random Access Memory
RFP	Renesas Flash Programmer
ROM	Read Only Memory
RTC	Real Time Clock
SCI	Serial Communications Interface
SFR	Special Function Registers
SPI	Serial Peripheral Interface
TFT	Thin Film Transistor
TPU	Timer Pulse Unit
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
USB	Universal Serial Bus
WDT	Watchdog Timer

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RENESAS

Evaluation Kit RE01 1500KB

1. Overview

1.1 Purpose

This Evaluation Kit is an evaluation tool for Renesas RE01 device. This manual describes the technical details of the Evaluation Kit hardware.



1.2 Board specification

Board specification was shown in Table 1-1, Table 1-2.

	•		
Item	Specification		
	Part No : R7F0E015D2CFB		
Target Device	Package : 144-pin LFQFP		
	On-Chip Memory : ROM 1.5MB, RAM 256KB		
On-Board Memory	SPI Serial Flash: 64Mbit		
	RE01 Main: 32MHz		
Input Clock	RE01 Sub: 32.768kHz		
	RX621(SEGGER J-Link OB) Main: 12MHz		
	DC Power Jack : 5 V Input		
Power Supply	Power Supply IC : 5V Input, 3.3V Output		
	Power Supply IC: 2.6V Input, 3.3V Output(For peripheral circuit power when EH function enable)		
Debug Interface*1	I-jet / J-Link™ / E2 20-pin box header		
	USB Connector for J-Link™ OB		
Slide Switch	Mode Configuration : 1-pole x 2		
	For Normal / EH Switch : 3-pole x 2		
Push Switch	Reset Switch x 1		
	User Switch x 3		
Potentiometer (for ADC)	Single-turn, 10kΩ		
LED	5V Power indicator: green x 1		
	User: green x 1, orange x 1, red x 1		
LISB	USB Function: USB-MicroB		
	USB Host: USB-TypeA		
MLCD	FPC: 0.3mm pitch,19-pin x 1		
LISP to Sorial Convertor Interface	Connector: USB-MicroB		
	Driver: USB Interface IC (Part Number FT230XQ)		
MIP-LCD Expansion Board Interface *2	2.54mm pitch: 12 pin x 1(PMOD1)		
DuradIM	PMOD1 *2: Angle type, 12-pin Connector		
Pmoa 111	PMOD2 : Angle type, 12-pin Connector		
External Battery Interface	3.5mm pitch: 2-pin x 1 *3		
Sensor Board Interface	2.54mm pitch: 8-pin x 1 *4		
Solar Panel Interface	2.54mm pitch: 2-pin x 1		
Arduino UNO Interface	2.54mm pitch: 10-pin x 1 (J6),8-pin x 2 (J10, J18),6-pin x 1 (J19)		

Table 1-1: Board Specification

RE01 Header *42.54mm pitch: 36-pin x 4 (J7, J8, J9, J21)*1: Use each debugger exclusively. When using J-Link™ OB, do not connect other emulators.

^{*2}: PMOD1 is used both on MIP-LCD Expansion Board and Pmod[™].

^{*3}: The external battery is not included in the Evaluation Kit.

^{*4}: The connector is not included in the Evaluation Kit .

Table 1-2: MIP-LCD Expansion Board Specification

Specification	
Part No: TN0181ANVNANN-AN00 ^{*1} (KYOCERA)	
Size: 1.81 inch	
Resolution: 200dpi (256(H) x 256(V))	
2.54mm pitch: 12-pin x 1(PMOD1)	

^{*1}: Please contact KYOCERA.

When removing soldered components, always ensure that the Evaluation Kit is not exposed to a soldering iron for intervals greater than 5 seconds. This is to avoid damage to nearby components mounted on the board.



1.3 Board Exterior

Figure 1-1 show the exterior of main board. Figure 1-2 show the exterior of MIP-LCD Expansion board.



Figure 1-1: Main Board External View





Figure 1-2: MIP-LCD Expansion Board External View



2. Board Layout

2.1 Board Function

Figure 2-1 and Figure 2-2 show the functions of the Evaluation Kit Board.Table 2-1, Table 2-2 and Table 2-3 show their setting details.



Figure 2-1: Board Function1

Table	2-1:	Switch	Function
-------	------	--------	----------

Item	Function	Setting (* is initial setting)
RES	Main Board Reset	-
SW1,2,3	User Control Switch	-
SW4, SW7	Startup Mode Setting	See Table 2-2 for details.
SW5	Operation Mode Select	Normal: Normal mode*
SW6		EHC : EHC mode

Table 2-2: Mode Settings

Mode	Setting	Startup Made (* in initial patting)	
SW4(MD)	SW7(EHMD)	Startup Mode (* is initial setting)	
Lliab	High	Energy Harvest Startup Mode	
nign	Low	Normal Startup Mode *	
Low	-	SCI/USB Boot Mode	





Figure 2-2: Board Function2



ltem	Function	Setting (* is initial setting)
J1	Battery Select (VBAT)	1-2 short: USE BT2 Battery
		2-3 short: USE Super Capacitor *
J2	USBFS Host/Function Select	1-2 short: Host Mode
		2-3 short: Function Mode *
J3 *2	Self/Bus-powered Configuration	1-2 short: Bus-powered ^{*1}
		2-3 short: Self-powered
		Open : Self-powered *
J4	VCL Select	1-2 short: Built-in LDO not used
		2-3 short: Not used
		Open : Built-in LDO used *
J5	VCC/IOVCC Supply Voltage Select	1-2 short: Normal Mode *
		2-3 short: External User Voltage
		Open : EHC Mode
J12	IOVCC Supply Voltage Select	1-2 short: Normal/EHC Mode *
		2-3 short: External User Voltage
J13 *2	VBUS Select	Open: VBUS not used *
		Short: VBUS used
J14	VCLH Select	1-2 short: Built-in LDO not used
		2-3 short: Not used
		Open : Built-in LDO used *
J15	Internal VREF USE/NOT USE Select	1-2 short: Internal VREF NOT USE *
		2-3 short: Internal VREF USE
J16	AVCC0 Supply Voltage Select	1-2 short: Normal/EHC Mode *
		2-3 short: External User Voltage
J17	VREFH0 Supply Voltage Select	1-2 short: Normal/EHC Mode *
		2-3 short: External User Voltage
J20	Current measurement point	Open: Measure Current *
		Short: Not Measure Current
J22	Power Line Select	1-2 short: Normal Mode *
		2-3 short: EHC Mode
J23	Supply Voltage Select	1-2 short: VCC_MCU Voltage Supply*
	_	2-3 short: Battery Supply

Table 2-3: Jumper Function

*1: R15 resistor must be removed.
 *2: At the time of product shipment, jumpers J3 and J13 are not mounted on the board.



2.2 Board Dimensions

Figure 2-3, Figure 2-4 show the board dimensions and connector positions. All the through-hole connectors are on a common 2.54mm pitch grid for easy interfacing.



Figure 2-3: Main Board Dimensions





Figure 2-4: MIP-LCD Expansion Board Dimensions



2.3 Component Placement

Figure 2-5, Figure 2-6, Figure 2-7 show placement of individual components of Evaluation Kit. Component types and values are shown on the board schematics.



Figure 2-5: Main Board Component Placement (Top)





Figure 2-6: Main Board Component Placement (Bottom)





Figure 2-7: MIP-LCD Expansion Board Component Placement (Top)



3. Internal Board Connections

Figure 3-1 shows the Evaluation Kit components and their connectivity to RE01.



Figure 3-1: Internal Board Block Diagram



4. Power Source

4.1 Power System

Figure 4-1 shows the power supply diagram of the Evaluation Kit.



Figure 4-1: Power Supply System Diagram



4.2 Power Supply

The Evaluation Kit can draw power from the emulator, USB cable, or DC Power Jack. Details are shown in Figure 4-2 and Table 4-1. If the Evaluation Kit is connected to another system, supply power to the Evaluation Kit from that system.



Figure 4-2: Power Supply Arrangement

Table 4-1: Power Supply Specifications

Supply source	Supply Voltage	Supply Current
I-jet(CN2)	5V	Maximum 420mA
J-Link™ (CN2)	5V	Maximum 300mA
J-Link™ OB(USB1)	5V	Maximum 500mA
AC Adapter(PWR1) ^{*1}	5VDC	1A

^{*1}: The main power supply connected to PWR1 should supply a minimum of 5W to ensure full functionality.



4.3 External User Voltage Supply

External user voltage supply between 1.62V – 3.6V can be applied to RE01. Details are shown in Figure 4-3 and Table 4-2. J22 open and connect a stabilized power supply to pin 2 of J22. A convenient ground is available near J22 [GND6]. When using a peripheral circuit, adjust the voltage of a peripheral circuit match to one applied to RE01.



Figure 4-3: Components Layout

Table 4	4-2:	Config	juration	Details
---------	------	--------	----------	---------

Reference	Position	Settings
J22	Open	External user voltage supply



5. Debug

5.1 J-Link[™] OB

This main board is equipped with Segger J-Link[™] OB. RE01 debugging is possible by connecting the bundled USB cable to this board and host PC.

5.1.1 Component Layout and Settings

Figure 5-1 shows the component layout. Switch settings are required to use J-Link[™] OB. For details, see the settings in Figure 5-1 and Table 5-1. The kit will be supplied pre-configured for J-Link[™] OB as default.



*: Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied. Figure 5-1: Component Layout

Table	5-1:	Confic	uration	Details
TUDIC	• • •	Sound	jaration	Details

Reference	Position	Settings
SW5	1-2, 4-5, 7-8 short	Normal Mode
SW6	1-2, 4-5, 7-8 short	Normal Mode
J22	1-2 short	Normal Mode



5.1.2 Debugger Connection

Figure 5-2 shows the connections between main board (J-Link™ OB) and host PC. When using J-Link™ OB, do not connect to other emulators.



Figure 5-2: Debugger Connection Diagram



5.2 I-jet/J-Link™

This main board can connect to an IAR I-jet or Segger J-Link[™] emulator. RE01 debugging is possible by using either of these emulators

5.2.1 Component Layout and Settings

Figure 5-3 shows the component layout. To use the emulator, switch settings are required. For details, see the settings in Figure 5-3 and Table 5-2. This function is not supported in default configuration, as supplied.



Figure 5-3: Component Layout

Table 5-2	2: Configuratio	n Details
-----------	-----------------	-----------

Reference	Position	Settings
SW5	1-2, 4-5, 7-8 short	Normal Mode
SW6	2-3, 5-6, 8-9 short	EHC Mode (J-Link™ OB not used)
J22	1-2 short	Normal Mode



5.2.2 Debugger Connection

Figure 5-4 shows the connections between main board, emulator and host PC. When using the I-jet/J-Link™ emulator, do not use other emulators.





5.3 E2 Emulator

This main board can connect to a Renesas E2 emulator, RE01 debugging is possible by using this emulator.

5.3.1 Component Layout and Settings

Figure 5-5 shows the component layout. To use the emulator, several settings to switches and resistors must be made.

For details, see the settings in Figure 5-5 and Table 5-3. This function is not supported in default configuration, as supplied.



ngs will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied. Figure 5-5: Component Layout

Reference	Position	Settings
SW5	1-2, 4-5, 7-8 short	Normal Mode
SW6	2-3, 5-6, 8-9 short	EHC Mode (J-Link™ OB not used)
J22	1-2 short	Normal Mode
R5	DNF	E2 emulator used



5.3.2 Debugger Connection

Figure 5-6 shows the connections between main board, emulator and host PC. When using E2 emulator, do not use other emulators.



Figure 5-6: Debugger Connection Diagram



5.4 Flash Programmer

This main board supports a Renesas Flash Programmer (RFP) for writing programs to RE01's built-in flash memory. Writing can be performed by using E2 emulator or USB cable.

5.4.1 When using E2 Emulator

A program can be written from the host PC to RE01's built-in flash memory via an E2 emulator.

5.4.1.1 Component Layout and Settings

Figure 5-7 shows the component layout. To use RFP, several settings to switches and resistors must be made. For details, see the settings in Figure 5-7 and Table 5-4. This function is not supported in default configuration, as supplied.



Figure 5-7: Component Layout

Table 5-4:	Configuration	Details
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Reference	Position	Settings
SW5	1-2, 4-5, 7-8 short	Normal Mode
SW6	2-3, 5-6, 8-9 short	EHC Mode (J-Link™ OB not used)
SW4, SW7	Low	SCI/USB Boot Mode
J22	1-2 short	Normal Mode
R5	DNF	E2 emulator used



5.4.1.2 How To Use

Follow the procedures below.

- 1. Set the switches and resistors on the main board as shown in Table 5-4.
- 2. Connect the emulator connector (CN2) to the host PC via E2 emulator.
- 3. Connect the DC Power Jack (5VDC) to an AC adapter.
- 4. Start RFP on host PC.
- 5. On RFP, select File -> Create New Project. Insert new project name.
- 6. Click the "Connect" button on the RFP.
- 7. When the connection is established, "Operation Completed" will be displayed on the RFP.
- 8. Select the program to write.
- 9. Click the "Start" on the RFP.
- 10. After writing is completed, "Operation Completed" will be displayed on the RFP.

5.4.1.3 Debugger Connection

Figure 5-8 shows the connections between main board, emulator and host PC. When using an E2 emulator for flash programmer, do not use other emulators.



Figure 5-8: Debugger Connection Diagram



5.4.2 When using the USB Cable (USB serial)

A program can be written from the host PC to RE01's built-in flash memory using a USB cable.

5.4.2.1 Component Layout and Settings

Figure 5-9 and Figure 5-10 shows the component layout. To use RFP, several settings to switches and resistors must be made.

For details, see the settings in Figure 5-9, Figure 5-10 and Table 5-5. This function is not supported in default configuration, as supplied.



Figure 5-9: Component Layout (Top)





*: Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied. Figure 5-10: Component Layout (Bottom)

······································		
Reference	Position	Settings
SW5	1-2, 4-5, 7-8 short	Normal Mode
SW6	2-3, 5-6, 8-9 short	J-Link OB not used
SW4, SW7	Low	SCI/USB boot mode
J22	1-2 short	Normal Mode
R119, R193	Fit	USB Serial Used
R112, R155, R190, R282	DNF	-

Table 5-5: Configuration Details



5.4.2.2 How to Use

Follow the procedures below.

- 1. Set the switches and resistors on the main board as shown in Table 5-5.
- 2. Connect the USB serial connector (USB2) to host PC via USB cable.
- 3. Connect the DC Power Jack (5VDC) to an AC adapter.
- 4. Start RFP on host PC.
- On RFP, select File -> Create New Project, Insert new project name, and choose "USB Serial Port" in the Tool Details.
- Click the "Connect" button on the RFP.
- 7. When the connection is completed, "Operation Completed" will be displayed on the RFP.
- 8. Select the program to write.
- 9. Click the "Start" on the RFP.
- 10. After writing is completed, "Operation Completed" will be displayed on the RFP.

5.4.2.3 Debugger Connection

Figure 5-11 shows the connections between main board and host PC. When using a USB cable for flash programmer, do not use emulators.



Figure 5-11: Debugger Connection Diagram



6. Operation / Startup mode setting

6.1 Normal Operation

The normal operation of this main board is for power to be supplied from an emulator or external PSU. Figure 6-1 shows the component layout. For normal operation, the settings in Table 6-1 must be made.



Figure 6-1: Component Layout

Table 6-1: Configuration Details

Reference	Position	Settings
J5	1-2 short	Normal Mode
J22	1-2 short	Normal Mode
SW5	1-2, 4-5, 7-8 short	Normal Mode
SW7	Low	Normal startup



6.2 EHC Operation

RE01 incorporates an Energy Harvest Circuit (EHC), which can operate even with the weak power from the power generating element. On this main board, some peripheral circuits can be powered by supplying voltage to VSC_VCC pin of RE01 from the solar panel.

See Table 8-1 for the peripheral circuits that can be used in EHC operation.

6.2.1 Component Layout and Settings

Figure 6-2 shows the component layout. To use EHC operation mode, several settings to switches must be made. For details, see the settings in Figure 6-2 and Table 6-2.



*: Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 6-2: Component Layout

Table 6-2: Configuration Details

Reference	Position	Settings
14	1-2 short	External battery used
JI	2-3 short	Supercapacitor used
J5	Open	EHC Mode
J22	2-3 short	EHC Mode
J23	1-2 short	VCC_MCU power supply
	2-3 short	External Battery or supercapacitor used
SW5	2-3, 5-6, 8-9 short	EHC Mode
SW6	2-3, 5-6, 8-9 short	EHC Mode
SW7	High	EHC startup


6.2.2 EHC Power Supply

6.2.2.1 Power Generating Element

This Kit includes a solar panel. To use, it must be connected to the solar panel interface, via T20 and T21. See Figure 6-3.

When using a power generating element other than the accessory, select the power generation element that match the conditions of RE01. For details, refer to "RE01 Group User Manual: Hardware 13.5.3 Selecting a Power Generating Element"



Figure 6-3: Solar Panel Connection



6.2.2.2 Supercapacitor / External Battery

Either a supercapacitor or an external battery can be connected to VBAT_EHC pin of the RE01. Switches required setting in order to use a supercapacitor or external battery. Figure 6-4 shows the component layout, and Table 6-3 shows details of setting.

BT2: External Battery USB_2 ŇŌ (2) SB 1 ž . 2011 2011 101 RT2 C1 . R5 6 R10 R9 (T1) SW5 Battery Selection Switch (J1) R26 6 ဗ္ဗ U7 00 SW6 BT 2^{C19} 1 • BT1: Supercapacitor g R112 R115 R119 g C37 C38 110 *: Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 6-4: Component Layout for Supercapacitor/External Battery

Table 6-3: External Battery settings

Reference	Position	Settings	
14	Shorted Pin1-2	External Battery settings used	
JI	Shorted Pin2-3	Supercapacitor used	

- When using a supercapacitor, ensure that it is charged. For charging, connect a stabilized power supply to the test point (T17). Adjust the charging voltage match to the setting value specified by Secondary Battery (VBAT) Charging Voltage Select bit (VBATSEL) in Option Function Selection Register 1 (OFS1) of RE01.

- When using external battery, you will need to mount an external battery. The connection is shown in Table 6-4. The recommended external battery is the SLB series (Nichicon). The solar panel supplied with this Evaluation Kit^{*1} can supply 42μA. Depending on the operational settings of RE01, charging the recommended external battery can take some. Please consider charging the battery externally, before connecting to the main board.

^{*1}: Panasonic AM-1815CA, Operating Voltage 3.0V, Operating current 42µA (Fluorescent light : 200lx(25°C))

Table 6-4: External Battery (BT2)

External Battery (BT2)							
Dim	Signal name	RE01		Din	Signal name	RE01	
Pin	Signal name	Port	Pin	FIII	Signal name	Port	Pin
1	RE-BATTERY_VCC	VBAT_EHC	39	2	GROUND	-	-



6.2.2.3 Storage Capacitor

This main board has a 100uF power storage capacitor connected to VCC_SU pin of RE01. Depending on your design requirements, it may be necessary to alter the capacitance connected to VCC_SU pin. If necessary, mount a capacitor on the C7 footprint (size: 1608).

Figure 6-5 shows Component Layout.



Figure 6-5: Component Layout for Storage Capacitor

6.2.3 DCDC Converter Control

When using energy harvesting function to drive the peripheral circuits, DCDC converter must be enabled to supply voltage to the peripheral circuits. DCDC converter is controlled by P404 pin of RE01. To enable DCDC converter, output a high level from P404 pin. In addition, make sure that there is enough charging voltage in the external battery or the supercapacitor. This voltage equals to the value of VBATSEL setting (2.6 or 3.0V).



7. Current Measurement Circuit

This main board can measure the current consumption of RE01. Measurement is possible by connecting the ampere meter in series to J20. Figure 7-1 shows the component layout, and Table 7-1 shows details of setting.



*: Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied. Figure 7-1: Component Layout

Table 7-1: Configuration Details

Reference	Position	Settings
J20	Open	Current measurement connection terminal
J23	Open	Shut off EHC power supply
R158	DNF	-
SW6	2-3, 5-6, 8-9 short	EHC Mode

In addition, mounting the high-precision resistor at R158 and measuring voltage by oscilloscope is possible to increase accuracy and visibility of the current waveform.



8. Peripheral Circuits

8.1 Available Peripheral Circuits in each Operation Mode

Table 8-1 shows the peripheral circuits that can be used in each operation mode.

Table 8-1: Peripheral Circuits that can be used in each Operation Mode

Item	Normal startup	EHC startup
Reset Circuit	0	0
Clock Circuit	0	0
Switches	0	0
LEDs	0	0
Potentiometer	0	Х
Pmod™	0	0
MIP-LCD Expansion Board Interface	0	0
USB Serial Conversion	0	0
MLCD	0	0
Flash Memory (QSPI)	0	0
USB	0	Х
Arduino UNO	0	0
Sensor Board Interface	0	0
Current Measurement Circuit	0	0



8.2 Reset Circuit

This main board has a RE01 built-in power-on reset circuit and a reset circuit triggered by pressing a switch. When power is supplied, RE01 is reset by the built-in power-on reset circuit. Pressing RES switch also resets RE01.

Refer to "RE01 Group User's Manual: Hardware" for details regarding the reset specifications of RE01, and "Evaluation Kit Main Board schematics" for information regarding the reset circuitry in use on the main board.



Figure 8-1: Component Layout



8.3 Clock Circuit

This main board has clock circuits for clock source of RE01 and clock source of RX621. Refer to "RE01 Group User's Manual: Hardware" and "RX621 Group Hardware Manual" for details regarding the clock specifications, and "Evaluation Kit Main Board schematics" for information regarding the clock circuitry in use on the main board of RE01 and RX621. Figure 8-2 shows the component layout, and Table 8-2 shows details of crystals mounted on the main board.



Figure 8-2: Component Layout

Table 8-2: Details of Crystals

Crystal	Function	Default Placement	Frequency	Device Package
X1	Main crystal for RE01	Fitted	32MHz	Encapsulated, SMT
X2	Sub crystal for RE01	Fitted	32.768kHz	Encapsulated, SMT
X3	Main crystal for RX621	Fitted	12MHz	Encapsulated, SMT



8.4 Switches

This main board has 10 switches. Figure 8-3 and Figure 8-4 shows the component layout, and Table 8-3 shows the function of each switch and their connections.



Figure 8-3: Component Layout (Top)





Figure 8-4: Component Layout (Bottom)

Table 8-3	: Switches	and	Connections	
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Switch	Function	RE01		
Switch	Function	Signal (Port)	Pin	
RES	Asserts reset signal to RE01.	RES#	34	
SW1	Connects to KINT00 for user controls.	P100	99	
SW2	Connects to IRQ4_B for user controls.	P508	107	
SW3	Connects to IRQ2_A_DS for user controls.	P410	23	
SW4	Selects RE01 startup mode	MD	35	
SW7	Selects NEOT startup mode.	EHMD	30	
		VCC_SU	38	
SW5,6	Selects EHC operation mode and Normal operation mode.	VBAT_EHC	39	
		VSC_VCC	40	
SW8	Discharge of VCC_SU storage capacitors (C7, C8).	VCC_SU	38	
SW9	Discharge of C17 capacitor.	VCC/IOVCC	20	
SW10	Selects mode setting of RX microcomputer *1.	-	-	

*1: No need to set SW10. Please stay settings fixed as product shipment. (Setting SW10: Low)



8.5 LEDs

This main board has 4 LEDs. Figure 8-5 shows the component layout, and Table 8-4 shows each luminary color of LEDs and their connections.



Figure 8-5: Component Layout

	Color	Eurotion	RE01		
LED	Color	Function	Port	Pin	
5VPWR	Green	Board_5V Power line indicator	NC	NC	
LED0	Green	User LED	P009	125	
LED1	Orange	User LED	P008	126	
LED2	Red	User LED	P007	127	

Table 8-4: LEDs and Connections

8.6 Potentiometer

A single-turn potentiometer is connected to AN028 (Port P506, Pin 109) of RE01, to provide a variable analog voltage, between GROUND potential and the Board_3V3.

Refer to the manufacturer's website for specification of the potentiometer (Maker: Bourns, Inc. - Part Number: 3314 series).

Refer to the APN (R01AN4702, R01AN4701) for how to use the analog input.

* : The potentiometer offers an easy method of supplying a variable analog input to the RE01. It does not necessarily reflect the accuracy of the RE01's ADC.

Figure 8-6 shows the component layout for potentiometer.



Figure 8-6: Component Layout



8.7 Pmod[™]

8.7.1 Pmod™

This main board has connectors for Digilent Pmod[™] interface. To PMOD1 and PMOD2, compatible PMOD module must be connected. Also, the bundled MIP-LCD Expansion board can be connected to PMOD1. Figure 8-7 shows the component layout.



Figure 8-7: Component Layout



The Digilent Pmod[™] use an SPI interface. Table 8-5 shows PMOD1's connections, and Table 8-6 shows PMOD2's connections.

Please note that the connector numbering adheres to the Digilent Pmod[™] standard and is different from other connectors pin designs. Refer to Digilent Pmod[™] Interface Specification for details.



Figure 8-8: Digilent Pmod[™] Pin Numbering

Din	Circuit Not Namo	RE01		Din	Circuit Not Nama	RE01	
FIII	Circuit Net Name	Port	Pin	FIII	Circuit Net Name	Port	Pin
1	PMOD1-SSLB0_B	P610	73	7	PMOD1-INT	P606	77
2	PMOD1-MOSIB_B	P609	74	8	PMOD1-RESET	P605	78
3	PMOD1-MISOB_B	P608	75	9	PMOD1-IO0	P302	70
4	PMOD1-RSPCKB_B	P607	76	10	PMOD1-IO1	P303	69
5	GROUND	-	-	11	GROUND	-	-
6	LP_PRODUCT_3V3	-	-	12	LP_PRODUCT_3V3	-	-

Table 8-6: Pmod[™] Connector PMOD2

Din	Circuit Not Namo	RE01		Din	Circuit Not Name	RE01	
PIII	Circuit Net Name	Port	Pin	FIII	Circuit Net Name	Port	Pin
1	PMOD2-SSLA0_B_QSSL_A	P012 P601 ^{*1}	121 82	7	PMOD2-IO0_QIO2_A	P603 P014 ^{*1}	80 119
2	PMOD2-MOSIA_B_QIO0_A	P010 P500 ^{*1}	123 115	8	PMOD2-IO1_QIO3_A	P300 P013 ^{*1}	72 120
3	PMOD2-MISOA_B_QIO1_A	P500 P015	115 118	9	PMOD2-IO2	P604	79
4	PMOD2-RSPCKA_B_QSPCLK_A	P011 P602 ^{*1}	122 81	10	PMOD2-IO3	P306	64
5	GROUND	-	-	11	GROUND	-	-
6	LP_PRODUCT_3V3	-	-	12	LP_PRODUCT_3V3	-	-

^{*1}: Is not connected in the default kit configuration, as supplied.



8.7.2 MIP-LCD Expansion Board Interface

The MIP-LCD Expansion board, supplied with this kit, should be connected to the PMOD1 interface, on the main board. PMOD1 is also used for PMOD module connection.

MIP-LCD (KYOCERA with part number TN0181ANVNANN-AN00^{*1}) loaded on MIP-LCD Expansion board uses RE01's built-in Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI).

Refer Figure 8-9 shows the component layout, and Table 8-5 shows connections of PMOD1.

^{*1}: Please contact KYOCERA.



Figure 8-9: Component Layout



8.8 USB Serial Conversion

SCI4 port of the RE01's built-in serial communication interface (SCI) has been connected to USB serial converter (FT230XQ (FTDI chip)) in the default kit configuration. The USB port will now expose a virtual COM port. Figure 8-10 and Figure 8-11 shows the component layout, and Table 8-8 shows connections of USB serial.

To enable this functionality, several optional resistors must be in place. Resistors must be mounted as shown in Figure 8-10, Figure 8-11 and Table 8-7. The default kit configuration, as supplied, will have these resistors in place and the USB functionality enabled.



^{*1}: The USB serial connector is only wired to provide power to a limit number of circuits, on the RE01. To power those circuits that are not wired, you must use an external PSU.

*2: Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 8-10: Component Layout (Top)





Figure 8-11: Component Layout (Bottom)

Table 8-7: Configuration Details

Reference	Settings
R119, R193	DNF
R155, R282	Fit

Table 8-8: USB Serial Connections

Signal Namo	Function	RE01	
Signal Name	Function	Port	Pin
USB SERIAL-TXD	SCI4 Transmit Signal.	P812	143
USB SERIAL-RXD	SCI4 Receive Signal.	P813	142
USB SERIAL-CTS	Clear To Send.	P814	141
USB SERIAL-RTS	Request To Send.	P811	144

Driver software provided by FTDI chip must be installed on the host PC to use functionality. Required driver software is as below.

VIRTUAL CON PORT(VCP) Drivers

The installer of driver software can be downloaded from the following URL.

http://www.ftdichip.com/Products/ICs/FT230X.html



8.9 MLCD (Memory in Pixel Liquid Crystal Display) Interface

8.9.1 MLCD Function

RE01 has 1 channel of MIP Liquid Crystal Controller (MLCD) as built-in, and can be connected to Parallel MIP-LCD (Maker: KYOCERA, Part number: TN0104ANVAANN-GN00*1) through FPC connector (CN3) on the main board. Figure 8-12 and Figure 8-13 shows the component layout, and Table 8-10 shows connections of MLCD.

To use this functionality, several resistor changes must be made. Resistors must be mounted as shown in Figure 8-13 and Table 8-9.

*1: Please contact KYOCERA.



Figure 8-12: Component Layout (Top)





Figure 8-13: Component Layout (Bottom)

Table	8-9:	Configuration Details	
IUNIO	•••	ooningurution botuno	

Reference	Settings
R247	Fit
R249	DNF



Signal name	Eurotion	RE01		
Signal name	Function	Port	Pin	
MLCD_VCOM	Common electrode polarity signal pin	P113	84	
MLCD_XRST	LCD control output pin	P112	85	
MLCD_SCLK	Serial output clock pin for communications	P111	86	
MLCD_DEN	Data identification signal pin	P110	87	
MLCD_ENBS	Horizontal data enable pin	P109	88	
MLCD_ENBG	Vertical data enable pin	P108	89	
MLCD_SI0		P107	92	
MLCD_SI1		P106	93	
MLCD_SI2		P105	94	
MLCD_SI3		P104	95	
MLCD_SI4	image data signal pin	P103	96	
MLCD_SI5		P102	97	
MLCD_SI6		P101	98	
MLCD_SI7 ^{*1}		P100	99	

Table 8-10: MLCD Connections

^{*1}: Is not connected in the default kit configuration, as supplied.

8.9.2 Reducing power consumption of Parallel MIP-LCD

When using the Parallel MIP-LCD, the current consumption is increased due to the pull-down resistors. Implement the following steps to reduce current consumption:

- Remove the pull-down resistor of R65/R71/R82/R86/R98
- Change or remove the pull-down resistor of R107 to about 1MΩ. In case of removing, need to be P112 of RE01 is low level output.

Figure 8-14 shows positions of resistors to be changed for reducing power consumption of Parallel MIP-LCD.



*: Other settings will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Figure 8-14: Countermeasures to reduce power consumption of Parallel MIP-LCD

8.10 Flash Memory (QSPI)

The main board is supplied with flash memory. Fitted is a 64MB Flash Memory manufactured by Macronix (MX25R6435FM2IL0).

The flash memory is connected to RE01's built-in Quad Serial Peripheral Interface modules (QSPI). Figure 8-15, Figure 8-16 shows the component layout, and Table 8-11 shows Flash Memory connections. To enable this functionality, several optional resistors must be in place. Resistors must be mounted as shown in Figure 8-15, Figure 8-16 and Table 8-11. The default kit configuration, as supplied, will have these resistors in place.



Figure 8-15: Component Layout (Top)





Figure 8-16: Component Layout (Bottom)

Table 8-11: Configuration Details	
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Reference	Settings
R68, R135, R139, R217, R272, R274	Fit

Table 8-12: Flash Memory Connections

Din	Signal Namo	RE01 Bin Signal Nam		Signal Namo	RE	01	
FIII	Signal Name	Port	Pin	FIII	Signal Name	Port	Pin
1	QSPI_QSSL_A	P601	82	5	QSPI_QIO0_A	P500	115
2	QSPI_QIO1_A	P015	118	6	QSPI_QSPCLK_A	P602	81
3	QSPI_QIO2_A	P014	119	7	QSPI_QIO3_A	P013	120
4	GROUND	-	-	8	LP_PRODUCT_3V3	-	-

8.11 Universal Serial Bus (USB)

This main board has USB connectors (Type-A, Micro-B). RE01 built-in USB can operate as either a Host or Function device. Table 8-13 shows USB connections.

LISP Signal name	Eurotion	RE01		
	Function	Port	Pin	
USB_DP	D+ I/O pin of the USB on-chip transceiver	USB_DP	44	
USB_DM	D- I/O pin of the USB on-chip transceiver	USB_DM	43	
USB_VBUS	USB cable connection monitor pin	P204	47	
USB_VBUSEN_B	VBUS enable signal for the external power supply IC	P504	111	
USB_OVRCURB_B	Overcurrent pin for USB	P509	106	

Table 8-13: USB Module Connections

8.11.1 Host Controller Mode

Figure 8-17 and Figure 8-18 shows the component layout.

To enable this functionality, several optional resistors must be in place and switch settings made. For details, see the settings in Figure 8-17, Figure 8-18 and Table 8-14. The default kit configuration, as supplied, will have these resistors in place and switches set as required.



Figure 8-17: Component Layout (Top)

RENESAS



Figure 8-18: Component Layout (Bottom)

Table 8-14: Configuration Details

Reference	Position	Settings
R128, R281	Fit	-
J2	1-2 short	Host Controller Mode



8.11.2 Function Controller Mode (Self Power)

Figure 8-19 shows the component layout.

To enable this functionality, several optional resistors must be in place and switch settings made. For details, see the settings in Figure 8-19 and Table 8-15. The default kit configuration, as supplied, will have these resistors in place and switches set as required.



Figure 8-19: Component Layout

Table 8-15: Configuratio	n Details
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Reference	Position	Settings
R15	Fit	-
J2	2-3 short	Function Controller Mode



8.11.3 Function Controller Mode (Bus Power)

By mounting Jumper J3, it is possible to use as bus-powered device.

Figure 8-20 shows the component layout.

To enable this functionality, several optional resistors must be in place and switch settings made. For details, see the settings in Figure 8-20 and Table 8-16.



Figure 8-20: Component Layout

Reference	Position	Settings
R15	DNF	-
J3	1-2 short	Function Controller Mode



8.12 Arduino UNO Interface

This main board provides an Arduino UNO interface connector, to allow connection to 'Shields'. Figure 8-21 and Figure 8-22 shows the component layout, Table 8-17 shows details of settings, and Table 8-18, Table 8-19, Table 8-20 and Table 8-21 shows Arduino UNO interface connections.







Figure 8-22: Component Layout (Bottom)

Reference	Setting
R143, R265, R267, R277	Fit



	Arduino UNO Interface Connector (J6)								
		RE01		D .	Signal name	RE01			
Pin	Signal name	Port Pin	Pin	Signal name	Port	Pin			
1	ARDUINO-IO6	P702	52	6	ARDUINO-RSPCKA_B ^{*1}	P011	122		
2	ARDUINO-IO7	P202	49	7	GROUND	-	-		
3	ARDUINO-SSLA0_B*1	P012	121	8	VREFH0	-	-		
4	ARDUINO-MOSIA_B ^{*1}	P010	123	9	ARDUINO-SDA1	P700	54		
5	ARDUINO-MISOA_B*1	P500	115	10	ARDUINO-SCL1	P701	53		

Table 8-18: Arduino UNO Interface Connections (1)

^{*1}: Is not connected in the default kit configuration, as supplied.

Table 8-19: Arduino UNO Interface Connections (2)

	Arduino UNO Interface Connector (J10)								
D .	0	RE01		D.		RE01			
Pin	Signal name	Port	Pin	Pin	Signal name	Port	Pin		
1	NC	-	-	5	Board_5V	-	-		
2	Board_5V	-	-	6	GROUND	-	-		
3	ARDUINO-RESn	RES#	34	7	GROUND	-	-		
4	LP_PRODUCT_3V3	-	-	8	NC	-	-		

Table 8-20: Arduino UNO Interface Connections (3)

	Arduino UNO Interface Connector (J18)								
Dia		RE01				RE01			
Pin	Signal name	Port	Pin	Pin	Signal name	Port	Pin		
1	ARDUINO-RXD5_B	P314	56	5	ARDUINO-IO2	P806	7		
2	ARDUINO-TXD5_B	P315	55	6	ARDUINO-IO3	P409	24		
3	ARDUINO-IO0	P808	5	7	ARDUINO-IO4	P304	68		
4	ARDUINO-IO1	P807	6	8	ARDUINO-IO5	P305	65		

Table 8-21: Arduino UNO Interface Connections (4)

	Arduino UNO Interface Connector (J19)								
Dia		RE01		D.		RE01			
Pin	Signal name	Port	Pin	Pin	Signal name	Port	Pin		
1	ARDUINO-AN000	P000	136	4	ARDUINO-AN003	P003	132		
2	ARDUINO-AN001	P001	135	5	ARDUINO-AN004	P004	131		
3	ARDUINO-AN002	P002	133	6	ARDUINO-AN005	P005	130		



8.13 Sensor Board Interface

This main board has through-hole patterns that can be connected to the conventional sensor board with I2C interface. Figure 8-23 and Figure 8-24 shows the component layout, and Table 8-23 shows connections of sensor board interface.

To enable this functionality, several optional resistors must be in place and switch settings made. For details, see the settings in Figure 8-23, Figure 8-24 and Table 8-22.







s will be as per the default kit configuration, as supplied. Figure 8-24: Component Layout (Bottom)

Table 8-22: Configuration Details

Reference	Settings
R83, R206	Fit
R79, R203	DNF

Table 8-23: Sensor Board Interface Connections

	Sensor Board Interface Connector (Sensor1)								
Dia	Signal name	RE01		Dia	Signal name	RE01			
Pin	Signal hame	Port	Pin	FIII	Signar name	Port	Pin		
1	RIIC-SCL1 ^{*1}	P701	53	5	GROUND	-	-		
2	RIIC-SCL1 ^{*1}	P701	53	6	GROUND	-	-		
3	RIIC-SDA1 ^{*1}	P700	54	7	LP_PRODUCT_3V3	-	-		
4	RIIC-SDA1 ^{*1}	P700	54	8	LP_PRODUCT_3V3	-	-		

^{*1}: Is not connected in the default kit configuration, as supplied.



8.14 External DCDC Circuit

Normally, the internal power supply of RE01 uses a built-in regulator (LDO). However, RE01 can enable an even lower power consumption by supplying power to the internal power supply from an external DCDC converter instead of the internal LDO.

Figure 8-25 shows the component layout. To enable this functionality, several optional resistors must be in place and switch settings made. For details, see the settings in Figure 8-25, Table 8-24. Refer to APN (R01AN5364) for detailed usage.



Figure 8-25: Component Layout

Table 8-	-24: Cor	nfiguration	Details
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Reference	Position	Settings
J4, J14	1-2 short	Built-in LDO not use (External DCDC use)



9. Headers

9.Headers

9.1 RE01 Headers

This main board has RE01 headers, which can be used to observe general purpose ports of RE01. Table 9-1 shows connections of RE01 header J9, Table 9-2 shows connections of RE01 header J7, Table 9-3 shows connections of RE01 header J8, and Table 9-4 shows connections of the RE01 header J21.

RE01 Header J9					
Pin	Function (General IO port/Power) Circuit Net Name	RE01 Pin	Pin	Function (General IO port/Power) Circuit Net Name	RE01 Pin
1	3.3V			5.0V	
	Board 3V3		2	Board 5V	
3	P810	1	4	P809	- 4
	J9-P810			J9-P809	
-	P808	- 5		P807	
5	J9-P808		6	J9-P807	- 6
_	P806	7		P805	
1	J9-P806		8	J9-P805	- 8
<u>^</u>	P804		40	P803	10
9	J9-P804	9	10	J9-P803	- 10
	P802		40	P801	
11	J9-P802	11	12	J9-P801	12
40	P800	10		P411	
13	J9-P800	13	14	J9-P411	22
45	P410		10	P409	24
15	J9-P410	23	16	J9-P409	
17	P408	05	10	P407	- 26
17	J9-P408	25	10	J9-P407	
40	P406	27	20	P405	28
19	J9-P406	21	20	J9-P405	
21	P404	29	22	P207	33
21	J9-P404		22	J9-P207	
22	RES#	- 34	24	P200	- 36
23	J9-RESn		24	J9-P200	
25	Reserved	— NC	26	P205	- 46
	NC		20	J9-P205	
27	Reserved	— NC	28	Reserved	— NC
21	NC		20	NC	
29	Reserved	— NC	30	Reserved	— NC
	NC		50	NC	
31	Reserved	— NC	31	Reserved	- NC
	NC			NC	
33	Reserved	NC	34	Reserved	— NC
33	NC			NC	
35	GND		36	GND	
35	GROUND		30	GROUND	-

Table 9-1: RE01 Header J9 Connections



	RE01 Header J7						
Pin	Function (General IO port/Power)	RE01 Pin	Pin	Function (General IO port/Power)	RE01 Pin		
	Circuit Net Name			Circuit Net Name			
1	P610	73	2	P609	- 74		
	J7-P610			J7-P609			
3	P608	- 75	4	P607	- 76		
	J7-P608			J7-P607			
_	P606	- 77	6	P605	- 78		
5	J7-P606			J7-P605			
7	P604	70	0	P603	80		
'	J7-P604	79	8	J7-P603			
0	P602	01	10	P601	82		
9	J7-P602	01	10	J7-P601			
11	P600	63	12	P113	- 84		
	J7-P600	05	12	J7-P113			
13	P112	- 85	14	P111	- 86		
	J7-P112			J7-P111			
45	P110	87	16	P109	88		
15	J7-P110			J7-P109			
17	P108	80	18	P107	92		
17	J7-P108	03		J7-P107			
10	P106	03	20	P105	94		
13	J7-P106	90		J7-P105			
21	P104	05	22	P103	96		
21	J7-P104	30		J7-P103			
23	P102	97	24	P101	98		
25	J7-P102			J7-P101			
25	P100	99	26	Reserved	— 100		
20	J7-P100			NC			
27	P514	101	28	P513	— 102		
21	J7-P514* ¹	101		J7-P513* ¹			
29	P512	103	30	P511	104		
	J7-P512*1			J7-P511			
31	P510	- 105	31	P509	106		
	J7-P510		01	J7-P509			
33	P508	107	34	P507	108		
	J7-P508			J7-P507			
35	GND		36	GND			
55	GROUND		50	GROUND			

Table 9-2: RE01 Header J7 Connections

*1: When using as an output port, attach a pull-up resistor.



RE01 Header J8						
Pin	Function (General IO	RE01 Pin	Pin	Function (General IO	RF01 Pin	
	Circuit Net Name			Circuit Net Name		
1	3.3V			5.0V		
	Board 3V3		2	Board 5V		
	P204	- 47	4	P203	- 48	
3	J8-P204			J8-P203		
	P202		6	P704	- 50	
5	J8-P202	- 49		J8-P704		
_	P703		-	P702	- 52	
7	J8-P703	- 51	8	J8-P702		
	P701		1.0	P700	- 54	
9	J8-P701	- 53	10	J8-P700		
	P315		4.0	P314	- 56	
11	J8-P315	- 55	12	J8-P314		
10	P313	- 57	14	P312	- 58	
13	J8-P313			J8-P312		
4.5	P311		16	P310	- 60	
15	J8-P311	- 59		J8-P310		
47	P309		18	P308	- 62	
17	J8-P309	- 61		J8-P308		
10	P307		20	P306	- 64	
19	J8-P307	- 03		J8-P306		
04	P305	- 65	22	P304	- 68	
21	J8-P305			J8-P304		
22	P303	- 69	24	P302	- 70	
23	J8-P303			J8-P302		
25	P301	- 71	26	P300	- 72	
23	J8-P301			J8-P300		
07	Reserved	NC	28	Reserved	NC	
21	NC	NC		NC		
20	Reserved	NC	30	Reserved	- NC	
29	NC			NC		
31	Reserved	– NC	31	Reserved	- NC	
	NC			NC		
33	Reserved	— NC	34	Reserved	- NC	
	NC			NC		
35	GND		36	GND		
	GROUND			GROUND		

Table 9-3: RE01 Header J8 Connections



RE01 Header J21						
Din	Function (General IO	PE01 Din	Din	Function (General IO	PE01 Pin	
FIII	Circuit Net Name		F 111	Circuit Net Name		
1	3 3V		2	5 0V		
	Board 3V3			Board 5V		
3	P506	- 109	4	P505	- 110	
	J21-P506			J21-P505		
_	P504		6	P503	- 112	
5	J21-P504	- 111		J21-P503		
_	P502		-	P501	— 114	
· /	J21-P502	113	8	J21-P501		
0	P500	445	4.0	P015	— 118	
9	J21-P500	115	10	J21-P015		
11	P014	110	10	P013	100	
	J21-P014	119	12	J21-P013	120	
10	P012	101	14	P011	- 122	
13	J21-P012	121		J21-P011		
45	P010	400	16	P009	125	
15	J21-P010	123		J21-P009		
17	P008	400	18	P007	127	
17	J21-P008	120		J21-P007		
10	P006	100	20	P005	130	
19	J21-P006	129		J21-P005		
21	P004	121	22	P003	132	
21	J21-P004	131		J21-P003		
22	P002	— 133	24	P001	135	
23	J21-P002			J21-P001		
25	P000	— 136	26	P815	- 140	
25	J21-P000			J21-P815		
27	P814	- 141	28	P813	142	
21	J21-P814			J21-P813		
29	P812	- 143	30	P811	— 144	
	J21-P812			J21-P811		
31	Reserved	– NC	31	Reserved	— NC	
	NC			NC		
33	Reserved	— NC	34	Reserved	- NC	
	NC			NC		
35	GND	-	36	GND		
30	GROUND			GROUND		

Table 9-4: RE01 Header J21 Connections

10. Code Development

10.1 Overview

There are several ways to debug the program code for this device:

- Connect Main Board to PC through IAR development tool I-jet emulator
- Connect Main Board to PC through Segger development tool J-Link OB that is designed on Main Board
- Connect Main Board to PC through Segger development tool J-Link emulator
- Connect Main Board to PC through Renesas development tool E2 emulator and E2 emulator Lite.

Refer to the manufacturer's website for more details about each emulator.

10.2 Mode Support

This Evaluation Kit supports Normal Operation Mode / Energy Harvest Operation Mode and Boot Modes (SCI and USB). The settings related to modes change are described in §5 and 6. Refer to "RE01 Group User's Manual: Hardware" for detailed information about RE01 operating modes and registers.

Only change the RE01 operating mode when the Evaluation Kit is in reset or turned off; otherwise the RE01 may be damaged.

10.3 Address Space

For the RE01 address space details, refer to the 'Address Space' section of "RE01 Group User's Manual: Hardware".


11. Additional Information

Technical Support

For information about the RE01 refer to the RE01 Group User's Manual: Hardware.

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