

# OSRYA4S2C1A

#### Features

# **•**Outline Dimension

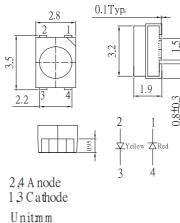
- High Luminous PLCC4 Top SMD LEDs
- 3.5x2.8x1.9mm Standard Directivity
- UV Resistant Silicone
- Water Clear Type ٠

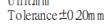
### Applications

- Toys .
- Audio .
- Games

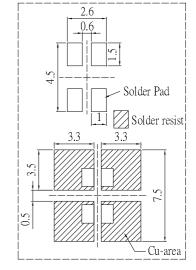
• Other Lighting

### **Absolute Maximum Rating**



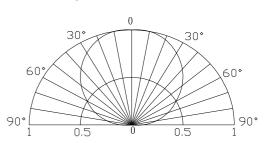


(Ta=25℃)



#### Directivity

Item	Symbol	Va	I In:t	
		Red	Yellow	Unit
DC Forward Current	$\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{F}}$	50	50	mA
Pulse Forward Current#	$\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{FP}}$	120	120	mA
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	5	V
Power Dissipation	PD	130	130	mW
Operating Temperature	Topr	-30 ~	- +85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40~	+100	°C
Lead Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260°C	)/5sec	-
#Dulsa width May 10mg Duty ratio m	ar 1/10			



#Pulse width Max.10ms Duty ratio max 1/10 a**4**---\* 4 • .....

Electrical -Optical Characteristics				(Ta=25℃)			
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
DC Forward Voltage*1	$V_F \left( \text{Red} \right)$	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	2.1	2.6	V	
DC Forward Voltage*1	$V_F$ (Yellow)	IF=20mA	-	2.1	2.6	V	
DC Reverse Current	IR	V <sub>R</sub> =5V	-	-	10	μA	
Domi. Wavelength*2	$\lambda_D(Red)$	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	620	625	630	nm	
Donn. wavelengur 2	$\lambda_D(\text{Yellow})$	IF=20mA	585	590	595	nm	
Luminous Intensity*3	Iv(Red)	IF=20mA	1560	2180	-	mcd	
Lummous intensity '3	Iv(Yellow)	IF=20mA	1560	2180	-	mcd	
50% Power Angle	201/2	IF=20mA	-	120	-	deg	

\*1 Tolerance of measurements of forward voltage is  $\pm 0.1$  V

\*2 Tolerance of measurements of dominant wavelength is +1nm

\*3 Tolerance of measurements of luminous intensity is  $\pm 15\%$ 

# **LED & Application Technologies**



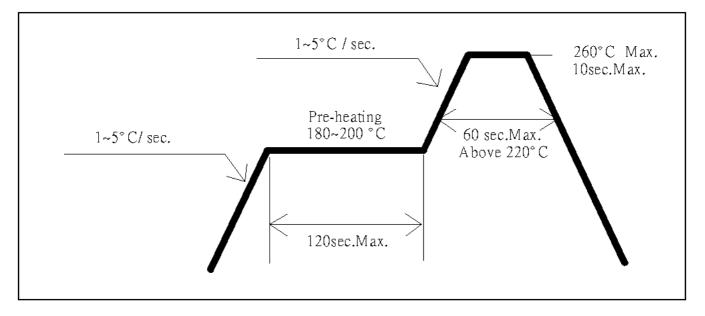


3.5x2.8x1.9mm Red & Yellow SMD LED

# OSRYA4S2C1A

<ul> <li>Soldering Conditions</li> <li>Reflow Soldering</li> </ul>		Ha	Hand Soldering		
Pre-Heat	180 ~ 200°C				
Pre-Heat Time	120 sec. Max.		350°C Max. 3 sec. Max.		
Peak temperature	260°C Max.	Temperature			
Dipping Time	10 sec. Max.	Soldering time	(one time only)		
Condition	Refer to Temperature-profile				

# • Reflow Soldering Condition(Lead-free Solder)



\*Recommended soldering conditions vary according to the type of LED

\*Although the recommended soldering conditions are specified in the above table, reflow, or hand soldering at the lowest possible temperature is desirable for the LEDs.

\*A rapid-rate process is not recommended for cooling the LEDs down from the peak temperature.

•All SMD LED products are pb-free soldering available.

• Occasionally there is a brightness decrease caused by the influence of heat or ambient atmosphere during air reflow. It is recommended that the User use the nitrogen reflow method.

• Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable

double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

- Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.





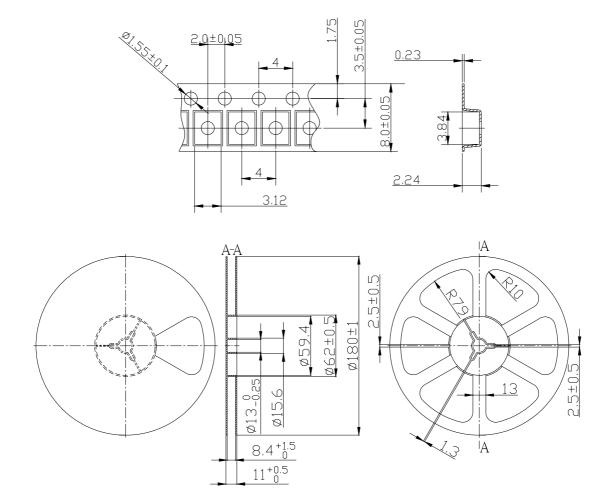
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3.5x2.8x1.9mm Red & Yellow SMD LED

OSRYA4S2C1A

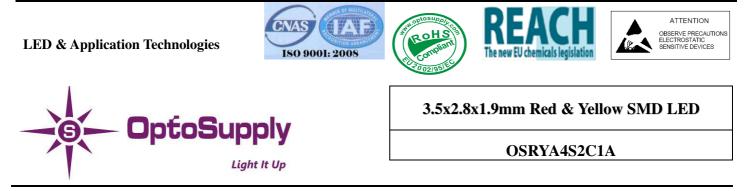
# PACKING DIMENTIONS



Notes:

1. Unit: mm

2. 2000pcs/Reel



# **Precautions in Use for Surface Mount Diode**

#### ■ Storage

· Storage Conditions

Before opening the package:

The LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 60%RH or less. The LEDs should be used within a year. When storing the LEDs, moisture proof packaging with absorbent material (silica gel) is recommended.

· After opening the package:

Soldering should be done right after opening the package (within 24hrs).

Keeping of a fraction, sealing and Temperature: 5~30°C Humidity: Less than 30%.

If the package has been opened more than 24 Hours, components should be dried for 12hrs, at  $60\pm5$  °C.

 $\cdot$  Optosupply LED electrode sections are comprised of a silver plated copper alloy. The silver surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive gases and so on. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LED to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the User use the LEDs as soon as possible.

 $\cdot$  Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

