

# HLMP-AG74/75, HLMP-AM74/75, HLMP-AB74/75

Red, Green, and Blue 5 mm Mini Oval LEDs

#### **Description**

These Precision Optical Performance Oval LEDs are specifically designed for full color/video and passenger information signs. The oval-shaped radiation pattern and high luminous intensity ensure that these devices are excellent for wide field of view outdoor applications where a wide viewing angle and readability in sunlight are essential. The package epoxy contains a UV inhibitor to reduce the effects of long-term exposure to direct sunlight.

#### **Features**

- Well-defined spatial radiation pattern
- High-brightness material
- Available in red, green, and blue colors
  - Red AllnGaP, 626 nm
  - Green InGaN, 530 nm
  - Blue InGaN, 470 nm
- Superior resistance to moisture
- Standoff and non-standoff package
- Tinted and diffused
- Typical viewing angle 30° × 70°

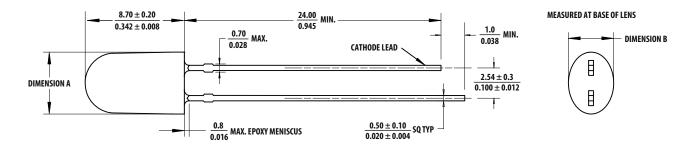
## **Applications**

- Full-color signs
- Gas price signs

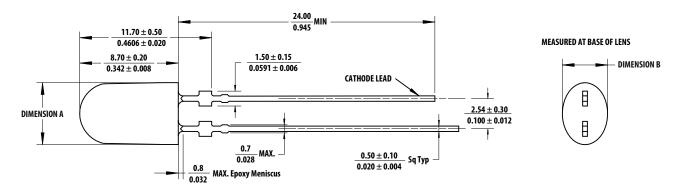
**CAUTION!** InGaN devices are Class 1C HBM ESD sensitive per JEDEC Standard. Please observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.

#### Figure 1: Package Dimensions

#### Package Drawing A



#### Package Drawing B



	Parameter				
Part Number	Dimension A	Dimension B			
HLMP-AG74/75	5.30 ± 0.20	3.90 ± 0.20			
	0.209± 0.008	0.154 ± 0.008			
HLMP-AM74/75	5.40 ± 0.20	3.90 ± 0.20			
HLMP-AB74/75	0.213 ± 0.008	0.150 ± 0.008			

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### **Device Selection Guide**

	Color and Dominant Wavelength		Intensity Iv 0 mA <sup>b, c, d</sup>	Typical Viewing		Package
Part Number	λ <sub>d</sub> (nm) Typ. <sup>a</sup>	Min.	Max.	Angle (°) <sup>e</sup>	Standoff	Drawing
HLMP-AG74-120DD	Red 626	2900	4200	30° × 70°	No	Α
HLMP-AG75-120DD	Red 626	2900	4200		Yes	В
HLMP-AM74-56BDD	Green 530	6050	8710		No	Α
HLMP-AM74-56CDD	Green 530	6050	8710		No	Α
HLMP-AM75-56BDD	Green 530	6050	8710		Yes	В
HLMP-AM75-56CDD	Green 530	6050	8710		Yes	В
HLMP-AB74-WXBDD	Blue 470	1380	1990		No	Α
HLMP-AB74-WXCDD	Blue 470	1380	1990		No	Α
HLMP-AB75-WXBDD	Blue 470	1380	1990		Yes	В
HLMP-AB75-WXCDD	Blue 470	1380	1990		Yes	В

- a. Dominant wavelength,  $\lambda_{\text{d}}$ , is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the lamp.
- b. The luminous intensity is measured on the mechanical axis of the lamp package and it is tested with pulsing condition.
- c. The optical axis is closely aligned with the package mechanical axis.
- d. Tolerance for each bin limit is ± 15%.
- e.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off -axis angle where the luminous intensity is half the on-axis intensity.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

 $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ 

Parameter	Red	Green/Blue	Units
DC Forward Current <sup>a</sup>	50	30	mA
Peak Forward Current	100 <sup>b</sup>	100 <sup>c</sup>	mA
Power Dissipation	120	114	mW
LED Junction Temperature	130	110	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +100	-40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to	°C	

- a. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 5 and Figure 9.
- b. Duty factor 30%, frequency 1 kHz.
- c. Duty factor 10%, frequency 1 kHz.

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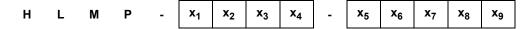
# **Electrical/Optical Characteristics**

 $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>				V	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA
Red		1.8	2.1	2.4		
Green		2.8	3.2	3.8		
Blue		2.8	3.2	3.8		
Reverse Voltage <sup>a</sup>	V <sub>R</sub>				V	
Red		5				I <sub>R</sub> = 100 μA
Green and Blue		5	_	_		I <sub>R</sub> = 10 μA
Dominant Wavelength <sup>b</sup>	$\lambda_{d}$				nm	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA
Red		618	626	630		
Green		523	530	535		
Blue		464	470	476		
Peak Wavelength	λ <sub>PEAK</sub>				nm	Peak of Wavelength of Spectral
Red		_	634	_		Distribution at I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA
Green		_	521	_		
Blue		_	464	_		
Thermal Resistance	Rθ <sub>J-PIN</sub>	_	240 °	_	C/W	LED Junction-to-Pin
Luminous Efficacy <sup>c</sup>	$\eta_{V}$				Im/W	Emitted Luminous Power/
Red		_	218	_		Emitted Radiant Power
Green		_	538	_		
Blue		_	65	_		

- a. Indicates product final testing condition. Long-term reverse bias is not recommended.
- b. The dominant wavelength is derived from the Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the lamp.
- c. The radiant intensity,  $I_e$  in watts per steradian, may be found from the equation  $I_e = I_V/\eta_V$  where  $I_V$  is the luminous intensity in candelas and  $\eta_V$  is the luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.

# **Part Numbering System**



Number	Description	Option	
x <sub>1</sub>	Package type	А	5-mm Mini Oval 30° × 70°
x <sub>2</sub>	Color	В	Blue
		G	Red
		М	Green
x <sub>3</sub> x <sub>4</sub>	Lead standoff	74	Without lead standoffs
		75	With lead standoffs
X <sub>5</sub>	Minimum intensity bin		Refer to the Device Selection Guide
x <sub>6</sub>	Maximum intensity bin		Refer to the Device Selection Guide
x <sub>7</sub>	Color bin selection	0	Full range
		В	Color bin 2 and bin 3
		С	Color bin 3 and bin 4
x <sub>8</sub> x <sub>9</sub>	Packaging option	DD	Ammopack

**NOTE:** Refer to AB 5337 for complete information about the part numbering system.

# Intensity Bin Limit Table (1.2: 1 lv Bin Ratio)

	Intensity (mcd) at 20 mA		
Bin ID	Min.	Max.	
W	1380	1660	
X	1660	1990	
Y	1990	2400	
Z	2400	2900	
1	2900	3500	
2	3500	4200	
3	4200	5040	
4	5040	6050	
5	6050	7260	
6	7260	8710	

Tolerance for each bin limit is ±15%

## VF Bin Table (V at 20 mA)

Bin ID	Min.	Max.
VD	1.8	2.0
VA	2.0	2.2
VB	2.2	2.4

#### NOTE:

- 1. Tolerance for each bin limit is ±0.05 V.
- 2. V<sub>F</sub> binning only applicable to the Red color.

## **Red Color Range**

Min. Dom.	Max. Dom					
618.0	630.0	Х	0.6872	0.3126	0.6890	0.2943
		у	0.6690	0.3149	0.7080	0.2920

### **Blue Color Bin Table**

Bin	Min. Dom.	Max. Dom.					
2	464	468	Х	0.1374	0.1766	0.1699	0.1291
			у	0.0374	0.0966	0.1062	0.0495
3	468	472	Х	0.1291	0.1699	0.1616	0.1187
			у	0.0495	0.1062	0.1209	0.0671
4	472	476	Х	0.1187	0.1616	0.1517	0.1063
			у	0.0671	0.1209	0.1423	0.0945

Tolerance for each bin limit is ±0.5 nm.

## **Green Color Bin Table**

Bin	Min. Dom.	Max. Dom.					
2	523	527	Х	0.0979	0.145	0.1711	0.1305
			у	0.8316	0.7319	0.7218	0.8189
3	527	531	Х	0.1305	0.1711	0.1967	0.1625
			у	0.8189	0.7218	0.7077	0.8012
4	531	535	Х	0.1625	0.1967	0.221	0.1929
			у	0.8012	0.7077	0.692	0.7816

Tolerance for each bin limit is ±0.5 nm.

NOTE: All bin categories are established for the classification of products. Products may not be available in all bin categories. Contact your Broadcom® representative for further information.

# AllnGaP Red

Figure 2: Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

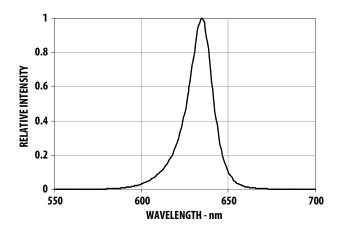


Figure 3: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

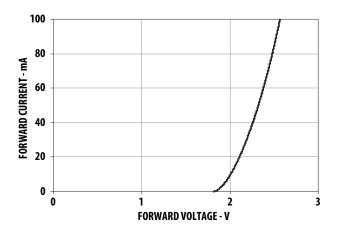


Figure 4: Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

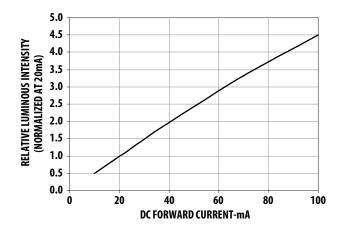
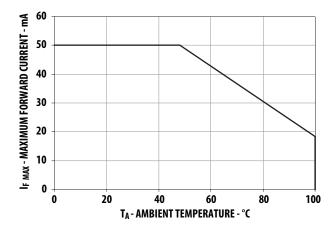


Figure 5: Maximum Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



### InGaN Green and Blue

Figure 6: Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

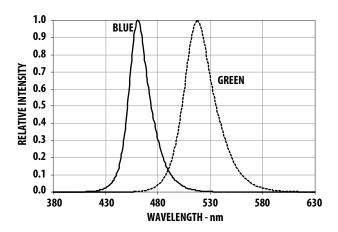


Figure 8: Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

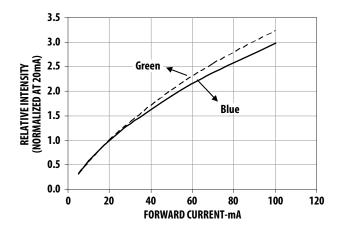


Figure 10: Relative Dominant Wavelength vs. Forward Current

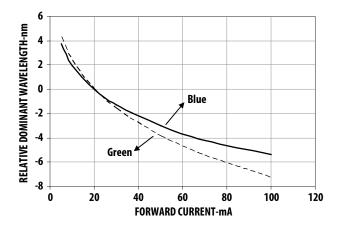


Figure 7: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

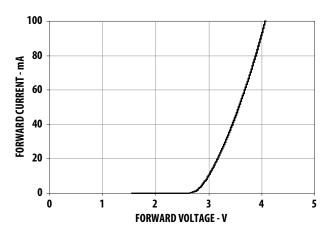


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

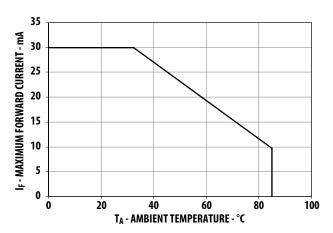


Figure 11: Radiation Pattern-Major Axis

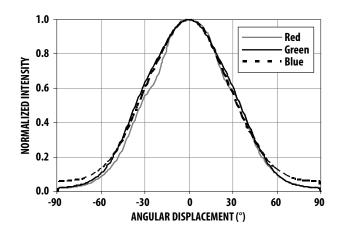


Figure 12: Radiation Pattern-Minor Axis

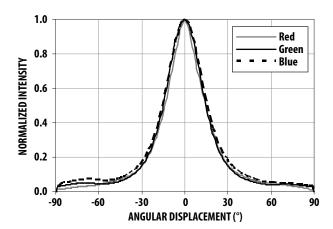


Figure 13: Relative Light Output vs. Junction Temperature

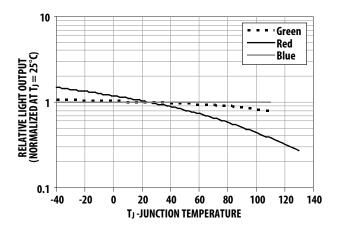
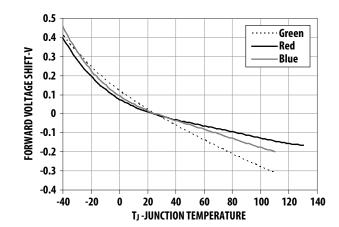


Figure 14: Forward Voltage Shift vs. Junction Temperature



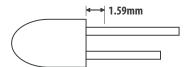
### **Precautions**

#### **Lead Forming**

- The leads of an LED lamp may be preformed or cut to length prior to the insertion and soldering on the PC board.
- For better control, use the proper tool to precisely form and cut the leads to the applicable length rather than doing it manually.
- If manual lead cutting is necessary, cut the leads after the soldering process. The solder connection forms a mechanical ground that prevents mechanical stress due to lead cutting from traveling into LED package. Use this method for the hand soldering operation, because the excess lead length also acts as a small heat sink.

#### Soldering and Handling

- Take care during the PCB assembly and soldering process to prevent damage to the LED component.
- The LED component may be effectively hand soldered to the PCB. However, it is only recommended under unavoidable circumstances, such as rework. The closest manual soldering distance of the soldering heat source (the soldering iron's tip) to the body is 1.59 mm. Soldering the LED using a soldering iron tip closer than 1.59 mm might damage the LED.



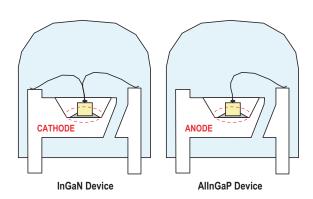
Apply ESD precautions on the soldering station and personnel to prevent ESD damage to the LED component, which is ESD sensitive.Refer to Broadcom application note AN-1142 for details. The soldering iron used should have grounded tip to ensure electrostatic charge is properly grounded. Recommended soldering conditions follow.

	Wave Soldering <sup>a, b</sup>	Manual Solder Dipping
Preheat temperature	105°C max.	_
Preheat time	60s max.	_
Peak temperature	260°C max.	260°C max.
Dwell time	5s max.	5s max.

- a. The preceding conditions refer to measurements with a thermocouple mounted at the bottom of the PCB.
- Use only the bottom preheaters to reduce thermal stress experienced by the LED.
- Set and maintain wave soldering parameters according to the recommended temperature and dwell time. The customer is advised to perform a daily check on the soldering profile to ensure that it conforms to he recommended soldering conditions.

## **Broadcom LED Configuration**

Figure 15: LED Configuration



- Any alignment fixture that is being applied during wave soldering should be loosely fitted and should not have weight or force applied on the LED. Use non-metal material because it absorbs less heat during the wave soldering process.
- At elevated temperatures, the LED is more susceptible to mechanical stress. Therefore, the PCB must allowed to cool down to room temperature prior to handling, which includes removal of the alignment fixture or pallet.

- If the PCB board contains both through-hole (TH) LEDs and other surface-mount components, solder the surface mount components on the top side of the PCB. If surface mount must be on the bottom side, solder these components using reflow soldering prior to the insertion of the TH LED.
- The recommended PC board plated through-holes (PTH) sizes for the LED component leads follows.

LED Component Lead Size	Diagonal	Plated Through-Hole Diameter
0.45 × 0.45 mm	0.636 mm	0.98 to 1.08 mm
(0.018 × 0.018 in.)	(0.025 in.)	(0.039 to 0.043 in.)
0.50 × 0.50 mm	0.707 mm	1.05 to 1.15 mm
(0.020 × 0.020 in.)	(0.028 in.)	(0.041 to 0.045 in.)

 Oversizing the PTH can lead to a twisted LED after clinching. Under sizing the PTH can cause difficulty with inserting the TH LED.

Refer to application note AN5334 for more information about soldering and handling of high-brightness TH LED lamps.

Figure 16: Example of Wave Soldering Temperature Profile for TH LED

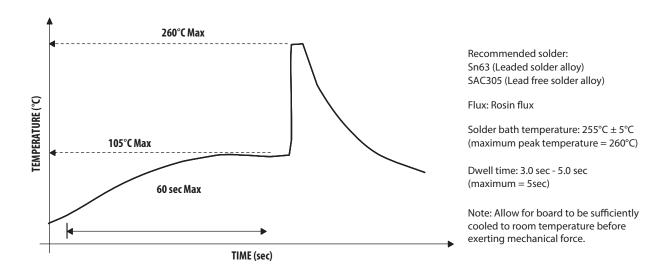
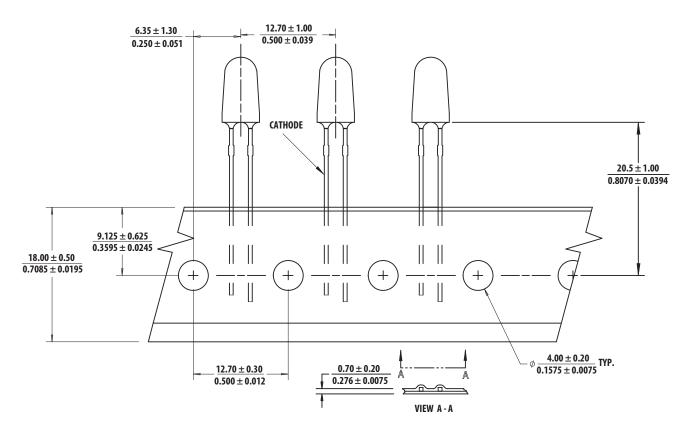
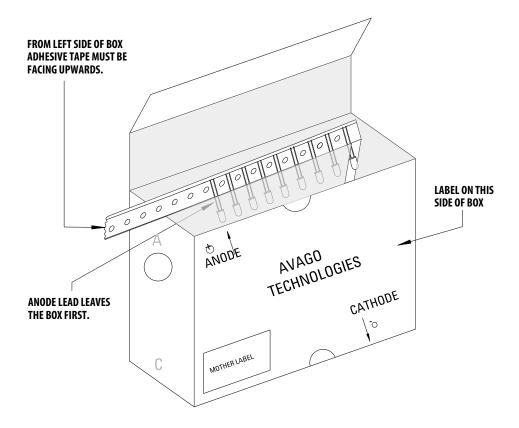


Figure 17: Ammo Packs Drawing



**NOTE:** All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).

Figure 18: Packaging Box for Ammo Packs



NOTE: For InGaN devices, the ammo pack packaging box contains an ESD logo.

## **Packaging Label**

Figure 19: Mother Label (Available on the packaging box of ammo pack and shipping box.)

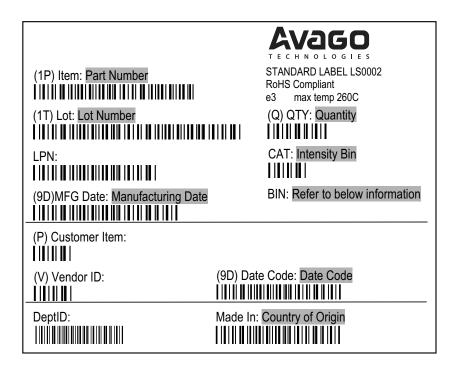
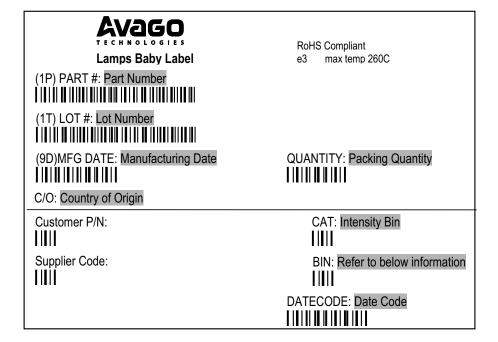


Figure 20: Baby Label (Only available on bulk packaging.)



## **Acronyms and Definitions**

#### BIN

- The color bin only or VF bin only (applicable for part numbers with color bins but without VF bin or part numbers with VF bins and no color bin)
- The color bin is incorporated with the VF bin (applicable for the part number that has both color bins and VF bins).

#### Example

Color bin only or VF bin only
BIN: 2 (represents color bin 2 only)
BIN: VB (represents VF bin "VB" only)

■ Color bin incorporate with VF bin

BIN: **2 VB** where:

2: Color bin 2 only

- **VB**: VF bin "VB"

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