

GSM BTApplication Note

GSM/GPRS Module Series

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About the Document

History

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1.0	2015-01-13	Victor CHEN	Initial
1.1	2015-03-13	Victor CHEN	 Added independence description of Bluetooth function in Chapter 1.5 Added notes for operation in Chapter 2.1 Added pairing mode in Chapter 2.5 Added AT+QBTCONND in Chapter 3.2.14
1.2	2015-06-25	Hyman DING/ Ramos ZHANG	 Added description of HFG in Chapter 3.2.12-3.2.18 Added AT+QBTHFGAUDIO in Chapter 3.2.27 Added Transparent Access Mode in SPP profile Added example for Transparent Access Mode Added HFP AT command and example



Contents

Ab	out the Docu	ment	2
Со	ntents		3
Tal	ble Index		6
4	Introduction	n	7
1		neral Introduction	
		Profiles	
		Address	
		Interface for BT Function	
		ependence of BT	
		•	
2		on	
	2.1. No	tes for Operation	
	2.1.1.	Number of Searched Devices	
	2.1.2.	Number of Paired Devices	
	2.1.3.	Special Function	
	2.2. Po	wer On/Off	10
	2.3. Att	ribution Configurations	
	2.3.1.	Change BT Name	
	2.3.2.	Set BT Visibility	11
	2.3.3.	Read Address	11
	2.4. Sca	an BT Devices	11
	2.4.1.	Scan until Timeout	
	2.4.2.	Cancel Scan	
	2.5. Pai	ir/Unpair BT Device	12
	2.5.1.	Originated Pair SSP (Numeric Compare Mode)	13
	2.5.2.	Originated Pair PINCODE	13
	2.5.3.	Terminated Pair SSP (Numeric Compare Mode)	13
	2.5.4.	Terminated Pairing PINCODE	14
	2.5.5.	Unpair BT Device	14
	2.6. Ge	t the Supported Profile	14
	2.7. Co	nnect/Disconnect	14
	2.7.1.	SPP Connect/Disconnect	15
	2.7	.1.1. Initiate Connection (Buffer Access Mode)	15
	2.7	.1.2. Initiate Connection (AT Command Mode)	15
	2.7	.1.3. Initiate Connection (Transparent Access Mode)	15
	2.7	.1.4. Accept Connection (Buffer Access Mode)	15
	2.7	.1.5. Accept Connection (AT Command Mode)	16
	2.7	.1.6. Accept Connection (Transparent Access Mode)	16
	2.7	.1.7. Initiate Disconnection (Buffer Access Mode and AT Command Mode)	16
	2.7	.1.8. Initiate Disconnection (Transparent Access Mode)	16
	2.7	.1.9. Disconnect Indication (Buffer Access Mode and AT Command Mode)	17
	2.7	.1.10. Disconnect Indication (Transparent Access Mode)	17



	2.7.2.	HFP Connect /Disconnect	17
	2.7.2	2.1. Initiate Connection with HF Device	17
	2.7.2	2.2. Initiate Connection with AG Device	17
	2.7.2	2.3. Accept Connection	17
	2.7.2	2.4. Initiate Disconnection with HF Device	18
	2.7.2	2.5. Disconnect Indication with HF Device	18
	2.7.2	2.6. Disconnect Indication with AG device	18
	2.7.3.	Use BT Device Address to Connect SPP Directly	18
	2.8. Que	ry the Device Status Information	19
	2.9. SPP	AT Command Mode	20
	2.10. SPP	Buffer Access Mode	20
	2.10.1.	Read Data	20
	2.10.2.	Send Data	
	2.11. SPP	Transparent Access Mode	21
	2.12. HFP	Connection	
	2.12.1.	Module Acts as AG Device	
	2.12.2.	Module Acts as HF Device	24
3	BT Comman	ds Description	25
•		Command Syntax	
		cription of AT Command	
	3.2.1.	AT+QBTPWR Power On/Off BT	
	3.2.2.	AT+QBTNAME Read/Write BT Device Local Name	
	3.2.3.	AT+QBTADDR Read BT Device Local Address	
	3.2.4.	AT+QBTVISB Set BT Visibility	
	3.2.5.	AT+QBTSCAN Scan BT Devices	
	3.2.6.	AT+QBTSCANC Stop Scanning	
	3.2.7.	AT+QBTPAIR Pair BT Device	
	3.2.8.	+QBTIND: "pair" Pairing Indication	30
	3.2.9.	AT+QBTPAIRCNF Pair Confirmation	31
	3.2.10.	AT+QBTUNPAIR Delete Paired BT Device	32
	3.2.11.	AT+QBTSTATE Query the Device Status	32
	3.2.12.	AT+QBTGPROF Get the Supported Profile	33
	3.2.13.	AT+QBTCONN Connect BT Device	34
	3.2.14.	AT+QBTCONND Use BT Device Address to Connect SPP Directly	35
	3.2.15.	+QBTIND: "conn" Connecting Indication	37
	3.2.16.	AT+QBTACPT Accept Connection	37
	3.2.17.	AT+QBTDISCONN Disconnect	38
	3.2.18.	+QBTIND: "disc" Disconnect Indication	39
	3.2.19.	AT+QSPPSEND Send Data	39
	3.2.20.	AT+QSPPREAD Read Data	41
	3.2.21.	+QBTIND: "recv" Incoming Data Indication	42
	3.2.22.	+QBTIND: "ring" Call Indication	42
	3.2.23.	AT+QBTATA Answer Incoming Call	43
	3.2.24.	AT+QBTATH Hung up Voice Call	43



	3.2.25.	AT+QBTATD Di	ial Voice Call							43
	3.2.26.	AT+QBTATDL F	Redial Last Pho	one Nur	mber					43
	3.2.27.	AT+QBTHFGAU	DIO Select	Audio	Output	Path	While	Connecting	with	HFG
			Device							44
4	Appendix A F	Reference								45
5	Appendix B 9	Summary of <erro< th=""><th>rcode></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>46</th></erro<>	rcode>							46



Table Index

TABLE 1: RELATED DOCUMENTS	45
TABLE 2: TERMS AND ABBREVIATIONS	45
TABLE 3: DIFFERENT CODING SCHEMES OF +CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>	46



1 Introduction

This document mainly introduces how to use the BT (Bluetooth) function of Quectel standard module.

This document is applicable to Quectel M26 module.

1.1. General Introduction

BT is a proprietary open wireless technology standard for exchanging data over short distances (using short-wavelength radio transmissions in ISM band from 2400-2480MHz) from fixed and mobile devices, creating personal area networks with high levels of security. BT was standardized as IEEE802.15.1. And Quectel modules support BT3.0.

1.2. BT Profiles

To use BT wireless technology, a device must be able to interpret certain BT profiles. BT profiles are definitions of possible applications and specify general behavior that BT enables devices to communicate with other BT devices. There is a wide range of BT profiles describing many different types of applications or use cases for devices. Through the guidance provided by the BT specification, you can create applications to work with other BT devices. Besides of all profiles, there are four basic ones: GAP, SDAP, SPP and GOEP profiles. Quectel modules support SPP and HFP.

1.3. BT Address

Each BT transceiver is allocated with a unique 48-bit BT device address. This address is derived from the IEEE802 standard. This 48-bit address is divided into three fields:

- LAP field: lower address consisting of 24 bits
- UAP field: upper address consisting of 8 bits
- NAP field: non-significant address consisting of 16 bits

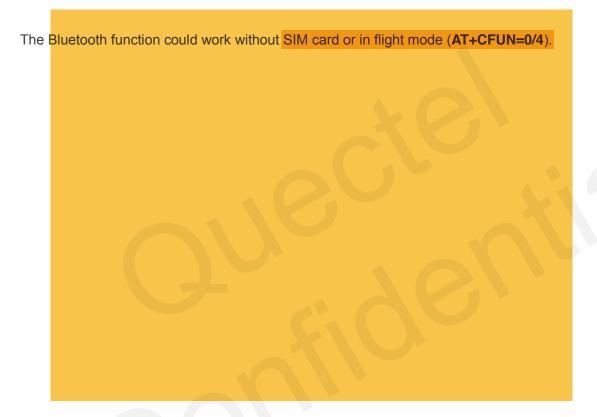
The LAP and UAP indicates the significant address of the BT device address. Quectel module with BT function will specify an address before it leaves the factory.



1.4. AT Interface for BT Function

As module solution, we provide a set of AT commands to support basic BT operations, including scanning, pairing, connecting and so on. Our modules support SPP, HFP profile. The SPP profile could be used to communicate between module and others BT device via serial port. And through the HFP profile, the module can act as a HF (Hands-Free Unit) device or AG (Audio Gateway) device.

1.5. Independence of BT





2 BT Operation

To operate BT function, you should connect the module to a BT device, and turn on BT power by AT commands. The first time using BT device on Quectel module, you need to scan and pair the device with module to ensure the BT device is connected successfully.

The following figure shows the detailed operation of BT (SPP profile) by AT commands as an example.

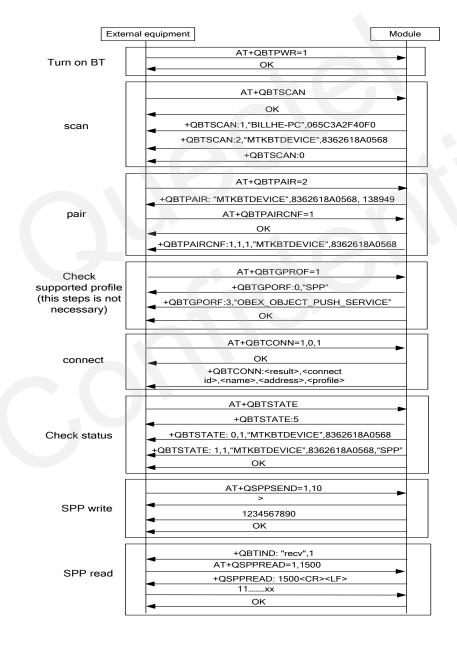


Figure 1: BT (SPP profile) Operation Flow Chat



2.1. Notes for Operation

2.1.1. Number of Searched Devices

The max number of searched devices is 20 in a single scanning process.

2.1.2. Number of Paired Devices

The max number of paired devices stored in your device is 10. If you want to continue to pair new device after the space was full, you must remove the paired devices to free the storage space (by command "AT+QBTUNPAIR=<paired device id>").

2.1.3. Special Function

If you want to use other BT device address and the password (PINCODE Pair) to connect SPP directly without scanning (pairing process will work internally), you can use the command "AT+QBTCONND=<addr>[,<mode>[,<password>]]". Refer to Chapter 2.7.3 to get more details.

2.2. Power On/Off

To use the BT function, you must power on BT device first.

AT+QBTPWR=1 //Power on BT device

OK

AT+QBTPWR? //Check power status

+QBTPWR: 1 //BT device is powered on

OK

Turn off BT device if not used.

AT+QBTPWR=0 //Power off the BT device.

OK

NOTE

While BT is turned on, the module is visible by other BT devices. To make the module covered, you need to set it as invisible.



2.3. Attribution Configurations

2.3.1. Change BT Name

You can change the BT name by executing **AT+QBTNAME**.

AT+QBTNAME="MYBTDEVICE"

OK

AT+QBTNAME?

+QBTNAME: "MYBTDEVICE"

OK

2.3.2. Set BT Visibility

AT+QBTVISB=0 //Invisible

OK

AT+QBTVISB=1 //Visible forever

OK

AT+QBTVISB=2,60 //Visible for 60 seconds

OK

+QBTVISB: 0 //Visible time out, invisible now

2.3.3. Read Address

AT+QBTADDR?

+QBTADDR: A662616202C3

OK

2.4. Scan BT Devices

The module scans and displays device ID, name and address of all available BT devices around it.

If the device you want to pair with is not in the list, ensure that the device is turned on and visible. You could use **AT+QBTSCANC** to cancel the scan process and **AT+QBTSCAN** to restart.



2.4.1. Scan until Timeout

AT+QBTSCAN //Start to scan

OK

+QBTSCAN: 1,"BILLHE-PC",065C3A2F40F0

+QBTSCAN: 2,"GAOSHENGHAI",8E1F49F4402C

+QBTSCAN: 3,"BTDEVICE",8362618A0568

+QBTSCAN: 4,"QUECTEL-RAMOS",0AB6F27D001A

+QBTSCAN: 0 //Complete

2.4.2. Cancel Scan

AT+QBTSCAN //Start to scan

OK

+QBTSCAN: 1,"M26",8362618A0568

+QBTSCAN: 2,"QUECTEL-RAMOS",0AB6F27D001A

AT+QBTSCANC //Cancel scan

+QBTSCAN: 0

OK

2.5. Pair/Unpair BT Device

The visible devices will be shown in the list with the device ID, name and address. **AT+QBTSTATE** can be used to query the pairing status. You need to select the device scan ID, and use **AT+QBTPAIR=<scan id>** and **AT+QBTPAIRCNF=1** to pair and confirm it, then pairing result will be shown.

After successfully paired, the module will show the paired device ID. You can also use the **AT+QBTSTATE** to query the pairing status. Meanwhile, pairing information is saved as non-volatile; you only need to pair the device once.



Currently, Quectel supports two pairing modes:

PINCODE

PIN Code pairing requires both sides of Bluetooth devices input matching password (If both of them have input devices), or one inputs matching password while the other automatic confirms it.

• SSP--Numeric Compare Mode (6-bit random password comparison)

In SSP (Simple Safe Pair) mode, protocol will generate a digital code, and both sides need to confirm the code. This mode is used between devices which have display function and yes/no enabled function, such as mobile phone or module.

In a pairing scene, pairing between A and B depends on the matching mode supported by both sides. If A and B both support SSP, then the two sides pairing mode is SSP. If A and B only support PINCODE, or one is SSP, the other is PINCODE, then the pairing mode will be PINCODE.

2.5.1. Originated Pair SSP (Numeric Compare Mode)

AT+QBTPAIR=2 //Use the device ID

OK

+QBTPAIR: "M26",8362618A0568,138949 //Indicate pairing status

AT+QBTPAIRCNF=1 //Accept pairing

OK

+QBTPAIRCNF: 1,1,1,"M26",8362618A0568 //Pairing result

2.5.2. Originated Pair PINCODE

AT+QBTPAIR=2

OK

+QBTPAIR: "M26",8362618A0568 //Indicate pairing status

AT+QBTPAIRCNF=1,"1234" //Accept pairing with password, double quote is

required

OK

+QBTPAIRCNF: 1,1,1,"M26",8362618A0568 //Pairing result

2.5.3. Terminated Pair SSP (Numeric Compare Mode)

+QBTIND: "pair", "btd_left", 656261222B10, 138949 //Indicate pairing status

AT+QBTPAIRCNF=1 //Accept pairing

OK



+QBTPAIRCNF: 1,1,1,"btd_left",656261222B10 //Pairing result

2.5.4. Terminated Pairing PINCODE

+QBTIND: "pair", "btd_left", 656261222B10 //lr

AT+QBTPAIRCNF=1,"1234"

//Indicate pairing status

//Accept pairing with password, double quote is

required.

OK

+QBTPAIRCNF: 1,1,1,"btd_left",656261222B10

//Pairing result

2.5.5. Unpair BT Device

You could use the **AT+QBTUNPAIR=<paired device id>** to unpair the paired BT device according to device ID. You can also use the **AT+QBTSTATE** to query the pairing status.

AT+QBTUNPAIR=1

//Unpair the paired BT device according to device ID

OK

2.6. Get the Supported Profile

After being paired, you could use the **AT+QBTGPROF=<paired device id>** to check the profiles provided by device.

AT+QBTGPROF=1

//1: paired device ID

+QBTGPROF: 0,"SPP"

+QBTGPROF: 3,"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_SERVICE"

+QBTGPROF: 5,"HF_PROFILE"

ОК

2.7. Connect/Disconnect

You can use the AT+QBTCONN=<paired device id>,connect id>[,<mode>] to connect the BT device with the paired ID, and AT+QBTDISCONN=connected id> to disconnect the BT device with the connected ID. You can also use the AT+QBTSTATE to guery the connection state.



2.7.1. SPP Connect/Disconnect

The following examples mainly introduce how to connection/disconnect SPP.

2.7.1.1. Initiate Connection (Buffer Access Mode)

AT+QBTCONN=1,0,1 OK	//Initiate SPP connection
+QBTCONN: 1,1,"btd_left",656261222B10,"SPP"	//After connecting successfully, MCU can send and receive data via AT+QSPPSEND or
	AT+QSPPREAD

2.7.1.2. Initiate Connection (AT Command Mode)

AT+QBTCONN=1,0,0	//Initiate SPP connection
OK	
+QBTCONN: 1,1,"btd_left",656261222B10,"SPP"	//After connecting successfully, the data sent by
	the other side of the device will be treated as
	AT Command (Remote AT)

2.7.1.3. Initiate Connection (Transparent Access Mode)

AT+QBTCONN=1,0,2	//Initiate SPP connection
OK	
+QBTCONN: 1,1,"btd_left",656261222B10,"SPP"	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
CONNECT	
//Enter data transparent access mode now. Read and	write data directly

2.7.1.4. Accept Connection (Buffer Access Mode)

```
+QBTIND: "conn","btd_left",656261222B10,"SPP" //Indicate connection state
AT+QBTACPT=1,1 //Accept connection
OK

+QBTACPT: 1, 2,"btd_left",656261222B10,"SPP" //After connecting successfully, MCU can send and
```



receive data via AT+QSPPSEND or AT+QSPPREAD

2.7.1.5. Accept Connection (AT Command Mode)

+QBTIND: "conn","btd_left",656261222B10,"SPP" //Indicate connection state

AT+QBTACPT=1,0 //Accept connection

OK

+QBTACPT: 1, 2,"btd_left",656261222B10,"SPP" //After connecting successfully, the data sent by the other side of the device will be treated as AT

Command (Remote AT)

2.7.1.6. Accept Connection (Transparent Access Mode)

+QBTIND: "conn","btd_left",656261222B10,"SPP" //Indicate connection state

AT+QBTACPT=1,2 //Accept connection

OK

+QBTACPT: 1, 2,"btd left",656261222B10,"SPP"

CONNECT

//Enter data transparent access mode now. Read and write data directly

2.7.1.7. Initiate Disconnection (Buffer Access Mode and AT Command Mode)

AT+QBTDISCONN=2 //2: Connected ID

OK

+QBTDISCONN: 2,1,"btd_left",656261222B10,"SPP" //Disconnecting result

2.7.1.8. Initiate Disconnection (Transparent Access Mode)

AT+QBTDISCONN=2 //2: Connected ID

OK

CLOSED //Exit from the transparent access mode first

+QBTDISCONN: 2,1,"btd_left",656261222B10,"SPP" //Disconnecting result



2.7.1.9. Disconnect Indication (Buffer Access Mode and AT Command Mode)

+QBTIND: "disc",1,1,"btd_left",656261222B10,"SPP" //URC, Indicate disconnection state

2.7.1.10. Disconnect Indication (Transparent Access Mode)

CLOSED //Exit from the transparent access mode

+QBTIND: "disc",1,1,"btd_left",656261222B10,"SPP" //URC, indicate disconnection state

2.7.2. HFP Connect /Disconnect

2.7.2.1. Initiate Connection with HF Device

AT+QBTCONN=4,6 //4: Paired ID; 6: profile ID
OK

+QBTCONN: 1,0,"Motorola H270",00241C6743E9,"HFG_PROFILE"

2.7.2.2. Initiate Connection with AG Device

AT+QBTCONN=5,5 //5: Paired ID; 5: profile ID
OK

+QBTCONN: 1,0,"HUAWEI P6-C00",80717A48820B,"HF PROFILE"

2.7.2.3. Accept Connection

When the module works as AG or HF, the other BT device can connect to the module directly without the need of any accept command.

+QBTCONN: 1,0,"HUAWEI P6-C00",80717A48820B,"HF_PROFILE"

//AG device connected to the module

+QBTCONN: 1,0,"Motorola H270",00241C6743E9,"HFG_PROFILE"

//HF device connected to the module



2.7.2.4. Initiate Disconnection with HF Device

AT+QBTDISCONN=0

//0: Connected ID

OK

+QBTDISCONN: 0,4,"Motorola H270", 00241C6743E9,"HFG_PROFILE" //Disconnecting result

2.7.2.5. Disconnect Indication with HF Device

+QBTIND: "disc",0,4,"Motorola H270",00241C6743E9,"HFG_PROFILE"

//URC, indicate disconnection state. 0: connected ID; 4: paired ID.

2.7.2.6. Disconnect Indication with AG device

+QBTIND: "disc",0,5,"HUAWEI P6-C00",80717A48820B,"HF_PROFILE"

//URC, indicate disconnection state. 0: connected ID; 5: paired ID.

2.7.3. Use BT Device Address to Connect SPP Directly

If you want to use the other BT device address and the password (PINCODE Pair) to connect SPP directly, you can use the command **AT+QBTCONND=<addr>[,<mode>[,[,cmode>[,],**

//After BT is powered on, you can send the AT Command directly.

AT+QBTCONND=00025BB3A978,1,"0000" //SPP connect buffer access mode.

+QBTPAIR: 00025BB3A978,"MPT-II",0 //First time to connect

+QBTPAIRCNF: 1,2,1,"MPT-II",00025BB3A978

+QBTCONN: 1,1,"MPT-II",00025BB3A978,"SPP" //Connected successfully

OK

AT+QSPPSEND=1,94 //Send data to print

>

 $!"\#\%\&'()^*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz{I}~$

OK

AT+QBTDISCONN //In this condition, you can use this AT command

without connected ID



OK +QBTDISCONN: 1,1,"MPT-II",B3A9785B0002,"SPP" //SPP connected as transparent access mode directly AT+QBTCONND=F0728C0D50AE,2 OK +QBTCONN: 1,1,"GT-e",F0728C0D50AE,"SPP" CONNECT //Enter transparent access mode //Receive data from remote BT device //Send "+++" to exit from transparent access mode +++ OK //Exit from the transparent access mode, but do not disconnect **ATO** //ATO command enter the transparent mode CONNECT //Enter the transparent mode again

NOTES

- 1. There is no need to scan and pair.
- 2. This connection can only be used for SPP connection.

2.8. Query the Device Status Information

You could use the **AT+QBTSTATE** to get the working, pairing and connecting information. Pairing information is non-volatile. You can also use this command to query whether the device has been paired before. If so, you can directly use the paired information to connect to the device. Meanwhile, you can use this command to check the connection status.

AT+QBTSTATE +QBTSTATE: 5 +QBTSTATE: 0,1,"M26",8362618A0568 +QBTSTATE: 1,1,"M26",8362618A0568,"SPP"



2.9. SPP AT Command Mode

In AT command mode, the SPP data sent to module will be treated as AT Command (Remote AT)

2.10. SPP Buffer Access Mode

In buffer mode, the SPP data will be buffered. URC will be reported to notify the data arriving. Command is also provided to send and read the SPP data.

2.10.1. Read Data

In buffer access mode, after receiving data, the module will report URC as +QBTIND: "recv",<connect ed id> to notify the host. Then host can retrieve data by AT+QSPPREAD=<connected id>,<readlength>. Notes: if the buffer is not empty, and the module receives data again, it will not report a new URC until all the received data has been retrieved by AT+QSPPREAD=<connected id>,<readlength> from buffer.

```
+QBTIND: "recv",1 //<connected id>=1 receives data notification //Read data from <connected id>=1, max length is 1500 bytes +QSPPREAD: 1500 //Read 1500 bytes 11......xx

OK
AT+QSPPREAD=1,1500 //Continue to read +QSPPREAD: 500 //Only 500 //Only 500
```



OK

AT+QSPPREAD=1,1500 //Continue to read

+QSPPREAD: 0 //The buffer is empty, all data has been read out

OK

2.10.2. Send Data

AT+QSPPSEND=1,10 //Send 10 bytes to <connected id>=1

>1234567890

OK

AT+QSPPSEND=1,0 //Query the sent and unacknowledged data

+QSPPSEND: 10,10,0

OK

.

AT+QSPPSEND=1,800 //Send 800 bytes to <connected id>=1

>1234567890xxxxx...

+CME ERROR: 8020 //The buffer is full and the 800 bytes not send. You can send

the data when the buffer has enough space

//When the buffer has enough space, you can send the data again

AT+QSPPSEND=1,200

>1234567890xxxxx...

OK

2.11. SPP Transparent Access Mode

In transparent access mode, the corresponding UART port enters into the exclusive mode. The data received from UART port will be sent to BT directly, and the received data from BT will be outputted to UART port directly as well. "+++" is used to exit from transparent access mode. When "+++" returns OK, the module will be switched to buffer access mode. **ATO** can be used to return back to transparent access mode. Note: In transparent mode, host cannot execute AT command. If the BT connection is closed, the module will report CLOSED and exit from the transparent access mode.

You can use "+++" or DTR (AT&D1 should be set) to exit from the transparent access mode. To prevent the "+++" from being misinterpreted as data, you should comply with the following sequence:

- 1) Do not input any character within T1 time (1 second) before inputting "+++".
- 2) Input "+++", time gap between each "+" cannot be longer than 20ms, and no other characters can



be inputted during this time.

- 3) Do not input any character within T1 time (1 second) after "+++" has been inputted.
- 4) Exit from transparent access mode, return OK.

ATO will change the access mode of connection which exits from transparent access mode lately. If it enters into transparent access mode successfully, CONNECT will be returned. If there is no connection enters into transparent access mode before, **ATO** will return NO CARRIET.

```
AT+QBTCONN=1,0,2
                                               //Connect to the paired device 1, with transparent
                                                access mode
OK
+QBTCONN: 1,1,"GT-e",F0728C0D50AE,"SPP"
CONNECT
                                               //Enter into transparent access mode
                                               //Received data from remote BT
Aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa
                                               //Send "+++" to exit from transparent access mode
+++
OK
                                               //Exit from the transparent access mode, but do not
                                                disconnect
ATO
                                               //ATO command enter the transparent mode
CONNECT
                                               //Enter the transparent mode again
                                               //Received data
CLOSED
                                               //Disconnect passively
+QBTIND: "disc",1,1,"GT-e",F0728C0D50AE,"SPP"
/************* accept connect **********
+QBTIND: "conn", "GT-e", F0728C0D50AE, "SPP"
AT+QBTACPT=1,2
                                               //Accept connection, with transparent access mode
OK
+QBTACPT: 1,2,"GT-e",F0728C0D50AE,"SPP"
                                               //URC connect successfully
CONNECT
                                               //Transparent access mode
                                               //Input "+++"
+++
OK
                                               //Exit from transparent access mode
                                               //ATO command
ATO
CONNECT
                                               //Enter transparent access mode again
+++
                                               //Input "+++"
OK
                                               //Exit from transparent access mode
                                               //Disconnection initiatively
AT+QBTDISCONN=2
OK
```



CLOSED

+QBTDISCONN: 2,1,"GT-e",F0728C0D50AE,"SPP"

2.12. HFP Connection

2.12.1. Module Acts as AG Device

Quectel module supports HFP profile, the following connection sequence shows how the module acts as an AG device.

//Connect to the Bluetooth headset first.

AT+QBTSCAN

OK

//Found the Bluetooth headset +QBTSCAN: 1,"Motorola H270",00241C6743E9

AT+QBTSCANC //Stop scanning

+QBTSCAN: 0

OK

AT+QBTPAIR=1 //Pairing

OK

+QBTPAIRCNF: 1,1,0,"Motorola H270",00241C6743E9 //Paired successfully //Connect HFG profile

AT+QBTCONN=1,6

OK

+QBTCONN: 1,1,"A16S",00241C6743E9,"HFG_PROFILE" //Connected successfully

//If the Bluetooth headset has been paired with the module. Turn on the Bluetooth headset, it will connect to the module automatically.

+QBTCONN: 1,1,"A16S",00241C6743E9,"HFG_PROFILE" //Connect to the module automatically

//When the Bluetooth headset is connected to the module, the speech voice will output by the Bluetooth headset. And you can set the speech voice output path by AT+QBTHFGAUDIO.

AT+QBTHFGAUDIO=1 //Speech voice output from module side

OK

AT+QBTHFGAUDIO=0 //Speech voice output from HF device side

OK



2.12.2. Module Acts as HF Device

The following connection sequence shows how the module acts as a HF device.

AT+QBTSCAN

OK

+QBTSCAN: 1,"GT-e",F0728C0D50AE //Found the phone device

AT+QBTSCANC //Stop scanning

+QBTSCAN: 0

OK

AT+QBTPAIR=1 //Pairing

OK

+QBTPAIR: "GT-e",F0728C0D50AE,348531

AT+QBTPAIRCNF=1

OK

+QBTPAIRCNF: 1,1,1,"GT-e",F0728C0D50AE

AT+QBTCONN=1,5 //Connect HF profile, module acts as a hand free device

OK

+QBTCONN: 1,1,"GT-e",F0728C0D50AE,"HF_PROFILE" //Connected successfully

//After connecting to AG device, you can use the following command to control the AG device (phone)

AT+QBTATD=10086 //Call the 10086

OK

+QBTIND: "ring",1,1,10086

+QBTIND: "ring",4,1,10086

AT+QBTATH //Hung up voice call

OK

+QBTIND: "ring",0,1,10086

//When a call is coming, the following URC will be output

+QBTIND: "ring",2,1,055165869386 //A call is coming **AT+QBTATA** //Answer the call

OK



3 BT Commands Description

3.1. AT Command Syntax

Test Command	AT+ <x>=?</x>	This command returns the list of parameters and value ranges set by the corresponding Write Command or internal processes.
Read Command	AT+ <x>?</x>	This command returns the currently set value of the parameter or parameters.
Write Command	AT+ <x>=<></x>	This command sets the user-definable parameter values.
Execution Command	AT+ <x></x>	This command reads non-variable parameters affected by internal processes in the GSM engine.

3.2. Description of AT Command

3.2.1. AT+QBTPWR Power On/Off BT

AT+QBTPWR Power On/Off BT	$C(\Omega)$
Test Command	Response
AT+QBTPWR=?	+QBTPWR: (list of supported <on_off>s) OK</on_off>
Read Command	Response
	·
AT+QBTPWR?	+QBTPWR: <power status=""></power>
	OK
	+CME ERROR: 100
Write Command	Response
AT+QBTPWR= <on_off></on_off>	ОК
	+CME ERROR: 100

<on_off></on_off>	<u>0</u>	Off
	1	On



<pre><power status=""></power></pre>	0	Power off
	1	Power on

Example

AT+QBTPWR=1	//Power on BT
OK	

3.2.2. AT+QBTNAME Read/Write BT Device Local Name

AT+QBTNAME Read/Write BT D	Γ+QBTNAME Read/Write BT Device Local Name	
Test Command	Response	
AT+QBTNAME=?	OK	
	ERROR	
Read Command	Response	
AT+QBTNAME?	+QBTNAME: <device name=""></device>	
	OK	
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>	
Write Command	Response	
AT+QBTNAME= <device name=""></device>	OK	
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>	

Parameter

<device name> String type, device name

NOTE

Max length of the device name is 54 bytes.

Example

AT+QBTNAME?

+QBTNAME: "MYBTDEVICE"

OK



3.2.3. AT+QBTADDR Read BT Device Local Address

AT+QBTADDR	Read BT Device L	ocal Address
Test Command		Response
AT+QBTADDR=?		OK
		ERROR
Read Command		Response
AT+QBTADDR?		+QBTADDR: <addr></addr>
		OK
		+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>

Parameter

<addr> Device address

(e.g.: A662616202C3, means: LAP: 0xA66261, UAP: 0x62, NAP: 0x02c3)

Example

AT+QBTADDR?

+QBTADDR: A662616202C3

OK

3.2.4. AT+QBTVISB Set BT Visibility

AT+QBTVISB Set BT Visibility	
Test Command AT+QBTVISB=?	Response
AI+QDIVISD=?	+QBTVISB: (list of supported <n>s),(list of supported <time>s)</time></n>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+QBTVISB?	+QBTVISB: <n></n>
	ОК
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>
Write Command	Response
AT+QBTVISB= <n>[,<time>]</time></n>	ОК
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>



If <n>=2, response: OK</n>
+QBTVISB: 0

Parameter

<n></n>	0 Invisible	
	<u>1</u> Visible forever	
	Visibility temporary on, can be discovered by o	ther BT device for some time
<time></time>	Integer type, visible time, unit: second	
	1-255 Visible timer	

Example

AT+QBTVISB=0	//Invisible	
ОК		
AT+QBTVISB=1		
OK		
AT+QBTVISB=2,60		
ОК		
+QBTVISB: 0	//Become invisible after time out	

3.2.5. AT+QBTSCAN Scan BT Devices

AT+QBTSCAN Scan BT Devices	
Test Command	Response
AT+QBTSCAN=?	+QBTSCAN: (list of supported <timeout>s),(list of supported</timeout>
	<pre><devicenumber>s),(list of supported <cod>s)</cod></devicenumber></pre>
	ок
Read Command	Response
AT+QBTSCAN?	+QBTSCAN: <timeout>,<devicenumber>,<cod></cod></devicenumber></timeout>
	OK
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>
Write Command	Response
AT+QBTSCAN= <timeout>[,<devicenu< td=""><td>OK</td></devicenu<></timeout>	OK
mber>[, <cod>]]</cod>	+QBTSCAN: <searched device="" id="">,<name>,<addr></addr></name></searched>
	+QBTSCAN: 0[, <errorcode>]</errorcode>



	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>
Execute Command AT+QBTSCAN	Response OK +QBTSCAN: <searched device="" id="">,<name>,<addr> +QBTSCAN: 0[,<errorcode>] +CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode></errorcode></addr></name></searched>

Parameter

<timeout></timeout>	1-255	The max number of seconds for searching. Default value: 60 (s)
<searched device="" id=""></searched>	0	Search completed
	1-20	Assign an ID for searched device
<devicenumber></devicenumber>	1- <u>20</u>	The max number of device allowed to search
<cod></cod>	<u>0</u> -255	The Class of Device/Service (CoD). Refer to BT specification for
		details
<name></name>	String type	e, device name
<addr></addr>	Device ad	dress
<errorcode></errorcode>	Refer to Cl	hapter 5

Example

AT+QBTSCAN=60,10,0

OK

+QBTSCAN: 1,"BILLHE-PC",065C3A2F40F0

+QBTSCAN: 2,"bt_dev1",016261E65467

+QBTSCAN: 3,"2233",326261926A88

AT+QBTSCANC +QBTSCAN: 0

OK

AT+QBTSCAN? +QBTSCAN: 60,10,0

OK



3.2.6. AT+QBTSCANC Stop Scanning

AT+QBTSCANC	Stop Scanning	
Execute Command		Response
AT+QBTSCANC		OK
		+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>

3.2.7. AT+QBTPAIR Pair BT Device

AT+QBTPAIR Pair BT Device	
Test Command	Response
AT+QBTPAIR=?	+QBTPAIR: (list of supported <searched device="" id="">s)</searched>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+QBTPAIR= <searched device="" id=""></searched>	ОК
	+QBTPAIR: <name>, <addr>[,<numericcompare>]</numericcompare></addr></name>
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>

Parameter

 <searched device id>
 Searched device ID, range: 1-20

 <name>
 String type, device name

 <addr>
 Device address

 <numericcompare>
 The 6 bytes random password in Numeric Compare Mode

3.2.8. +QBTIND: "pair" Pairing Indication

+QBTIND: "pair" Pairing Indication	
+QBTIND: "pair", <name>,<addr></addr></name>	
[, <numericcompare>]</numericcompare>	

<numericcompare></numericcompare>	The 6 bytes random password in Numeric Compare Mode	
<addr></addr>	Device address	
<name></name>	String type, device name	



NOTE

When receiving a pairing indication:

- Use AT+QBTPAIRCNF=1 command without passkey if there is a <numericcompare> parameter
- Use AT+QBTPAIRCNF=1,<passkey> command with passkey if there is no <numericcompare> parameter.

3.2.9. AT+QBTPAIRCNF Pair Confirmation

AT+QBTPAIRCNF Pair Confirmation		
Test Command	Response	
AT+QBTPAIRCNF=?	+QBTPAIRCNF: (list of supported <op></op> s), (list of supported	
	<passkey>s)</passkey>	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+QBTPAIRCNF= <op>[,<passkey>]</passkey></op>	OK	
	+QBTPAIRCNF:	
	<result>,<paired device="" id="">,<is first="">,<name> ,<addr></addr></name></is></paired></result>	
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>	

<op></op>	0	Reject pairing
	1	Accept pairing
<passkey></passkey>	String type, pass	key, 4 bytes
<result></result>	0	Failed
	1	Success
<pre><paired device="" id=""></paired></pre>	1-10	The allocated paired device ID
<is first=""></is>	Whether it is the	first time to pair
	0	No
	1	Yes
<name></name>	String type, device	ce name
<addr></addr>	Device address	
<passkey></passkey>	String type, pass	key, 4 bytes



3.2.10. AT+QBTUNPAIR Delete Paired BT Device

AT+QBTUNPAIR Delete Paired BT Device		
Test Command	Response	
AT+QBTUNPAIR=?	+QBTUNPAIR: (list of supported <paired device="" id="">s)</paired>	
	ОК	
Write Command	Response	
AT+QBTUNPAIR= <paired device="" id=""></paired>	ОК	
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>	

Parameter

<pre><paired device="" id=""></paired></pre>	1-10	Paired device ID	

3.2.11. AT+QBTSTATE Query the Device Status

AT+QBTSTATE	Query the Device	Status
Test Command		Response
AT+QBTSTATE=?		+QBTSTATE: (list of supported <state>s)</state>
		ОК
Execute Command		Response
AT+QBTSTATE		+QBTSTATE: <state></state>
		+QBTSTATE: 0, <paired device="" id="">,<name>,<addr></addr></name></paired>
		+QBTSTATE: 1, <connected id="">,<name>,<addr>,<profile< td=""></profile<></addr></name></connected>
		name>
		OK
		+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>

<state></state>	0	Initial on
	1	Deactivating
	2	Activating
	5	Idle
	6	Scanning



	7	Scan result indication
	8	Scan cancelling
	9	Initiate pairing
	12	Connecting
	13	Un-pairing
	14	Deleting paired device
	15	Deleting all
	16	Disconnecting
	19	Numeric confirm
	20	Numeric confirm response
	25	Connect accept confirm indication
	26	Service refreshing
	29	Device name setting
	30	Authentication setting
	31	Release all connection
	36	Activating profiles
<pre><paired device="" id=""></paired></pre>	1-10	Paired device ID
<pre><connected id=""></connected></pre>	0-2	Connected device ID
<name></name>	String	type, device name
<addr></addr>	Device	e address
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	String	type, profile name
	"SPP"	
	"OBE	<pre><_PBA_PROFILE_CLIENT"</pre>
	"OBE	K_PBA_PROFILE"
	"OBE	K_OBJECT_PUSH_SERVICE"
	"OBEX	K_OBJECT_PUSH_CLIENT"
	"HF_P	ROFILE"
	"HFG_	_PROFILE"

3.2.12. AT+QBTGPROF Get the Supported Profile

AT+QBTGPROF Get the Supported Profile		
Test Command	Response	
AT+QBTGPROF=?	OK	
	ERROR	
Write Command	Response	
AT+QBTGPROF= <paired device="" id=""></paired>	+QBTGPROF: <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	
	ОК	
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>	



Parameter

<pre><paired device="" id=""></paired></pre>	1-10	1-10 Paired device ID	
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	0	"SPP",0x1101	
	1	"OBEX_PBA_PROFILE_CLIENT",0x112E	
	2	"OBEX_PBA_PROFILE",0x112F	
	3	"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_SERVICE",0x1105	
	4	"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_CLIENT",0xfffd	
	5	"HF_PROFILE",0x111E	
	6	"HFG_PROFILE",0x111F	
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	String t	ype, profile name	
	"SPP"		
	"OBEX_PBA_PROFILE_CLIENT"		
	"OBEX_PBA_PROFILE"		
	"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_SERVICE"		
	"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_CLIENT"		
	"HF_PI	ROFILE"	
	"HFG_	PROFILE"	

NOTE

It returns the profiles supported by both the local device and the other side device.

3.2.13. AT+QBTCONN Connect BT Device

AT+QBTCONN Connect BT Dev	ice
Test Command AT+QBTCONN=?	Response +QBTCONN: (list of supported <paired device="" id="">s), (list of</paired>
	supported <profile id=""></profile> s), (list of supported <mode></mode> s)
With Orange d	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+QBTCONN= <paired device<="" th=""><th>OK</th></paired>	OK
id>, <profile id="">[,<mode>]</mode></profile>	+QBTCONN:
	<result>,<connected id="">,<name>,<addr>,<profile name=""></profile></addr></name></connected></result>
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>

<result></result>	0	Failed
	1	Successful



<pre><paired device="" id=""></paired></pre>	1-10 F	Paired device ID		
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	0 "	SPP",0x1101		
	1 "	OBEX_PBA_PROFILE_CLIENT",0x112E		
	2 "	OBEX_PBA_PROFILE",0x112F		
	3 "	OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_SERVICE",0x1105		
	4 "	OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_CLIENT",0xfffd		
	5 "	HF_PROFILE",0x111E		
	6 "	HFG_PROFILE",0x111F		
<mode></mode>	Used for SPP connection			
	0 A	AT command mode		
	<u>1</u> E	Buffer Access Mode		
	2 7	Fransparent Access Mode		
<pre><connected id=""></connected></pre>	0-2 C	Connected device ID		
<name></name>	String type, device name			
<addr></addr>	Device address			
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	String type, profile name			
	"SPP"			
	"OBEX_PBA_PROFILE_CLIENT"			
	"OBEX_PBA_PROFILE"			
	"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_SERVICE"			
	"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_CLIENT"			
	"HF_PROFILE"			
	"HFG_PROFILE"			

NOTE

Quectel does not support to change the mode when SPP is successfully connected. You have to disconnect SPP first.

3.2.14. AT+QBTCONND Use BT Device Address to Connect SPP Directly

AT+QBTCONND Use BT Device Address to Connect SPP Directly			
Test Command AT+QBTCONND=?	Response +QBTCONND: (list of supported <addr>s),(list of supported <mode>s), (list of supported <password>s), OK</password></mode></addr>		
Write Command AT+QBTCONND= <addr>[,<mode>[,]]</mode></addr>	Response OK +QBTCONN: <result>,<connected id="">,<name>,<addr>,<profile name=""> +CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode></profile></addr></name></connected></result>		



Parameter

<result></result>	0	Failed	
	1	Successful	
<mode></mode>	Used 1	for SPP connection	
	0	AT command mode	
	<u>1</u>	Buffer Access Mode	
	2	Transparent Access Mode	
<pre><connected id=""></connected></pre>	0-2	Connected device ID	
<name></name>	String	type, device name	
<addr></addr>	Device address, does not need double quotes.		
	Seque	Sequence: Nap,UAP,LAP	
<password></password>	String type, the password in PINCODE pair, double quotes are required		
<pre><pre><pre><pre>ofile name></pre></pre></pre></pre>	String type, profile name		
"SPP" "OBEX_PBA_PROFILE_CLIENT" "OBEX_PBA_PROFILE" "OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_SERVICE"			
		<pre><_PBA_PROFILE_CLIENT"</pre>	
		(_PBA_PROFILE"	
		<pre><_OBJECT_PUSH_SERVICE"</pre>	
	"OBE	X_OBJECT_PUSH_CLIENT"	
	"HF_P	PROFILE"	
	"HFG	PROFILE"	

NOTE

Direct SPP connection will only use the Bluetooth address with the sequence NAP-UAP-LAP. "Originated PINCODE Pair (with password)" or "Originated Pair SSP (Numeric Compare Mode)" is internally used in this connection, so you do not need to scan or concern the pairing process.

Example

AT+QBTADDR: 02C362A66261 OK AT+QBTCONND=00025BB3A978,1,"0000" +QBTPAIR:00025BB3A978, "MPT-II",0 //First time to connect +QBTPAIRCNF:1,2,1,"MPT-II",00025BB3A978 +QBTCONN:1,1, "MPT-II",00025BB3A978,"SPP" //Connected successfully OK AT+QSPPSEND=1,94 //Send data to print >



!"#\$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqr stuvwxyz{I}~

OK

AT+QBTDISCONN

//In this condition, you can use this AT Command without connected ID.

OK

+QBTDISCONN: 1,1,"MPT-II",B3A9785B0002,"SPP"

3.2.15. +QBTIND: "conn" Connecting Indication

+QBTIND: "conn" Connecting Indication

+QBTIND: "conn",<name>, <addr>,,,<addr>,,,

name>

Parameter

<name> String type, device name

<addr> Device address

profile name> String type, profile name

"SPP"

"OBEX_PBA_PROFILE_CLIENT"

"OBEX_PBA_PROFILE"

"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_SERVICE"
"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_CLIENT"

"HF_PROFILE"
"HFG PROFILE"

3.2.16. AT+QBTACPT Accept Connection

Test Command AT+QBTACPT=? Response +QBTACPT: (list of supported<op>s) OK Write Command AT+QBTACPT=<op>[,<mode>] OK +QBTACPT: <result>,<connected id>,<name>,<addr>,<profile name> +CME ERROR: <errorcode>



Parameter

<op></op>	0	Reject connection
	1	Accept connection
<result></result>	0	Fail
	1	Success
<mode></mode>	Used	for SPP connection
	0	AT command mode
	<u>1</u>	Buffer Access Mode
	2	Transparent Access Mode
<pre><connected id=""></connected></pre>	0-2	Connected device ID
<name></name>	String type, device name	
<addr></addr>	Device address	
<pre><pre><pre><pre>ofile name></pre></pre></pre></pre>	ne> String type, profile name "SPP" "OBEX_PBA_PROFILE_CLIENT"	
	"OBEX	_PBA_PROFILE"
	"OBEX	_OBJECT_PUSH_SERVICE"
	"OBEX	_OBJECT_PUSH_CLIENT"
	"HF_PI	ROFILE"
	_	PROFILE"

3.2.17. AT+QBTDISCONN Disconnect

AT+QBTDISCONN Disconnect	CO
Test Command	Response
AT+QBTDISCONN=?	+QBTDISCONN: (list of supported <connected id="">s) OK</connected>
Write Command	Response
AT+QBTDISCONN= <connected id=""></connected>	ок
	+QBTDISCONN: <connected id="">,<paired device="" id="">,</paired></connected>
	<name>,<addr>,<profile name=""></profile></addr></name>
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>

<pre><connected id=""></connected></pre>	Connected device ID.		
	0	Connection 0	
	1	Connection 1	
	2	Connection 2	
<pre><paired device="" id="">The paired device ID</paired></pre>			



<name> String type, device name

<addr> Device address

profile name> String type, profile name

"SPP"

"OBEX_PBA_PROFILE_CLIENT"

"OBEX PBA PROFILE"

"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_SERVICE"
"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_CLIENT"

"HF_PROFILE"
"HFG_PROFILE"

3.2.18. +QBTIND: "disc" Disconnect Indication

+QBTIND: "disc" Disconnect Indication

+QBTIND: "disc",<connected id>,<paired device id>,<name>,

<addr>,<profile name>

Parameter

<addr> Device address

String type, profile name

"SPP"

"OBEX PBA PROFILE CLIENT"

"OBEX_PBA_PROFILE"

"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_SERVICE"
"OBEX_OBJECT_PUSH_CLIENT"

"HF_PROFILE"
"HFG_PROFILE"

3.2.19. AT+QSPPSEND Send Data

AT+QSPPSEND Send Data

Test Command Response:

AT+QSPPSEND=? +QSPPSEND: (list of supported <connected id>s)[,(list of

supported <sendlength>s)]



	ОК
Write Command	Response:
Send data with changeable length	>
AT+QSPPSEND= <connected id=""></connected>	<input data=""/>
Response ">", then type data to send,	CTRL+Z
tap CTRL+Z to send, tap ESC to cancel	
the operation	If connection has been established and sending is successful,
	response:
	ОК
	If connection has been established but sending buffer does
	not have enough space, response:
	+CME ERROR: 8020
	If connection has not been established, abnormally closed, or
	parameter is incorrect, response:
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>
Write Command	Response:
Send data with fixed length	>
AT+QSPPSEND= <connected< td=""><td><input data="" length="" specified="" with=""/></td></connected<>	<input data="" length="" specified="" with=""/>
id>, <sendlength></sendlength>	
Response ">", type data until the data	If connection has been established and sending is successful,
length is equal to <length></length>	response:
	OK
	If connection has been established but sending buffer does
	not have enough space, response:
	+CME ERROR: 8020
	If connection has not been established, sharrmally sleeped, or
	If connection has not been established, abnormally closed, or
	parameter is incorrect, response: +CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>
Write Command	Response
When <length> is 0, query the sent data</length>	If the specified <channel> connection has existed, return:</channel>
AT+QSPPSEND= <connected id="">,0</connected>	+QSPPSEND: <totalsendlength>,<sentbytes>,<leftbytes></leftbytes></sentbytes></totalsendlength>
	ОК
	Else, return:
	Lioo, rotain.
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>



Parameter

<pre><connected id=""></connected></pre>	Connected ID
<sendlength></sendlength>	Integer type, the length of data to be sent, which cannot exceed 1460
<totalsendlength></totalsendlength>	Integer type, the total length of sent data
<sentbytes></sentbytes>	Integer type, the length of data already sent
<leftbytes></leftbytes>	Integer type, the length of the left data

3.2.20. AT+QSPPREAD Read Data

AT+QSPPREAD Read Data	
Test Command	Response:
AT+QSPPREAD=?	+QSPPREAD: (list of supported <connected id="">s),(list of</connected>
	supported <readlength>)</readlength>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+QSPPREAD= <connected< td=""><td>If the specified channel has received data, response:</td></connected<>	If the specified channel has received data, response:
id>, <readlength></readlength>	+QSPPREAD: <readactuallength><cr><lf><data></data></lf></cr></readactuallength>
	OK
	If no data, return:
	+QSPPREAD: 0
	OK
	If connection does not exist, return:
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>
Write Command	Response:
When <readlength></readlength> is 0, query	If the specified connection has existed, return:
retrieved data	+QSPPREAD:
AT+QSPPREAD= <conencted id="">,0</conencted>	<totalreceivelength>,<havereadlength>,<unreadlength></unreadlength></havereadlength></totalreceivelength>
	OK
	Else, response:
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>

<connected id=""></connected>	Connected ID
<readlength></readlength>	The maximum length of data to be retrieved, the range is 0-1500
<totalreceivelength></totalreceivelength>	The total length of received data



<havereadlength></havereadlength>	The read length of received data
<unreadlength></unreadlength>	The unread length of received data

3.2.21. +QBTIND: "recv" Incoming Data Indication

In buffer access mode, after receiving data, the module will report URC as **+QBTIND**: "recv",<connected id> to notify the host. Then host can retrieve data by **AT+QSPPREAD=<connected** id>,<readlength>. Notes: if the buffer is not empty, and the module receives data again, it will not report a new URC until all the received data has been retrieved by **AT+QSPPREAD=<connected** id>,<readlength> from buffer.

+QBTIND: "recv" Incoming Data Indication			
+QBTIND: "recv", <connected id=""></connected>	The URC of incoming data in buffer access mode. Can		
	receive data by AT+QSPPREAD.		

Parameter

<connected id=""></connected>	Connected ID	

3.2.22. +QBTIND: "ring" Call Indication

+QBTIND: " ring " Call Indication	
+QBTIND: ring", <call_state>,<call_id></call_id></call_state>	
, <number></number>	

< call_state >	The call state
	0 Idle state
	1 Outgoing state
	2 Incoming state
	4 Active state
	8 Hold state
<call_id></call_id>	The call ID
<number></number>	The call number



3.2.23. AT+QBTATA Answer Incoming Call

AT+QBTATA Answer Incoming Call

Execute Command Response:

AT+QBTATA OK

+CME ERROR: <errorcode>

3.2.24. AT+QBTATH Hung up Voice Call

AT+QBTATH Hung up Voice Call

Execute Command Response:

AT+QBTATH OK

+CME ERROR: <errorcode>

3.2.25. AT+QBTATD Dial Voice Call

AT+QBTATD Dial Voice Call

Write Command Response:

AT+QBTATD=<number> OK

+CME ERROR: <errorcode>

Parameter

<number> Phone number

Dialing digits: *,#,0-9

3.2.26. AT+QBTATDL Redial Last Phone Number

AT+QBTATDL Redial Last Phone Number

Execute Command Response:

AT+QBTATDL OK

+CME ERROR: <errorcode>



3.2.27. AT+QBTHFGAUDIO Select Audio Output Path While Connecting with HFG Device

AT+QBTHFGAUDIO Select Audio	Output Path While Connecting with HFG Device
Test Command	Response:
AT+QBTHFGAUDIO=?	+QBTHFGAUDIO : (list of supported <path></path> s)
	ок
Read Command	Response:
AT+QBTHFGAUDIO?	+QBTHFGAUDIO: <path></path>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+QBTHFGAUDIO= <path></path>	
	ОК
	+CME ERROR: <errorcode></errorcode>

<path></path>	Audio output path while the module is connecting with HF device	
	0 Audio output from HF device side	
	1 Audio output from module side	



4 Appendix A Reference

Table 1: Related Documents

SN	Document Name	Remark
[1]	GSM 07.07	Digital cellular telecommunications (Phase 2+); AT command set for GSM Mobile Equipment (ME)
[2]	GSM 07.10	Support GSM 07.10 multiplexing protocol
[3]	Specification of the Bluetooth System - Specification Volume 1	Bluetooth Specification from Http://www.bluetooth.com

Table 2: Terms and Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
SPP	Serial Port Profile
URC	Unsolicited Result Code
ВТ	Bluetooth
SSP	Simple Safe Pair
HFP	Hands-Free Profile
HF	Hands-Free Unit
AG	Audio Gateway



5 Appendix B Summary of <errorcode>

Table 3: Different Coding Schemes of +CME ERROR: <errorcode>

Code of <errorcode></errorcode>	Meaning
8002	Device ID invalid
8003	Busy in scanning
8004	Param invalid
8005	Busy in pairing
8006	Already paired
8007	Scan error
8008	Power request failed
8009	Set request failed
8010	Read addr request failed
8011	Set visible request failed
8012	Scan request failed
8013	Scan cancel request failed
8014	Pair request failed
8015	Pair confirm request failed
8016	Unpair request failed
8017	Get profile request failed
8018	Connect request failed
8019	Connect accept request failed
8101	Disconnect request failed



8102	Check state request failed
8107	HFATD require failed
8108	HFATA require failed
8109	HFATH require failed
8110	BTCLCC require failed
8111	HFRVC require failed
8020	BT buffer full
8021	BT not connect
8022	BT memory wrong
8023	The data exceeds the specified length
8024	BT disconnected
8201	BT already connected
4	Operation not supported