# 74AVCH16T245

16-bit dual supply translating transceiver with configurable voltage translation; 3-state

Rev. 6 — 3 April 2019

**Product data sheet** 

## 1. General description

The 74AVCH16T245 is a 16-bit transceiver with bidirectional level voltage translation and 3-state outputs. The device can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or as a 16-bit transceiver. It has dual supplies ( $V_{CC(A)}$  and  $V_{CC(B)}$ ) for voltage translation and four 8-bit input-output ports (nAn, nBn) each with its own output enable (n $\overline{OE}$ ) and send/receive (nDIR) input for direction control.  $V_{CC(A)}$  and  $V_{CC(B)}$  can be independently supplied at any voltage between 0.8 V and 3.6 V making the device suitable for low voltage translation between any of the following voltages: 0.8 V, 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V and 3.3 V. A HIGH on nDIR selects transmission from nAn to nBn while a LOW on nDIR selects transmission from nBn to nAn. A HIGH on n $\overline{OE}$  causes the outputs to assume a high-impedance OFF-state

The device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using  $I_{OFF}$ . The  $I_{OFF}$  circuitry disables the output, preventing any damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down. In suspend mode when either  $V_{CC(A)}$  or  $V_{CC(B)}$  are at GND level, both A and B outputs are in the high-impedance OFF-state. The bus-hold circuitry on the powered-up side always stays active.

The 74AVCH16T245 has active bus hold circuitry which is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level. This feature eliminates the need for external pull-up or pull-down resistors.

## 2. Features and benefits

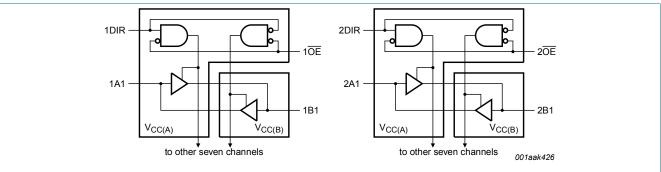
- Wide supply voltage range: V<sub>CC(A)</sub>: 0.8 V to 3.6 V and V<sub>CC(B)</sub>: 0.8 V to 3.6 V
  - Complies with JEDEC standards:
  - JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
  - JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
  - JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
  - JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
  - JESD8-B (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- ESD protection:
  - HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3B exceeds 8000 V
  - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
  - CDM JESD22-C101D exceeds 1000 V
- Maximum data rates:
  - 380 Mbit/s (≥ 1.8 V to 3.3 V translation)
  - 200 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 3.3 V translation)
  - 200 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 2.5 V translation)
  - 200 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 1.8 V translation)
  - 150 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 1.5 V translation)
  - 100 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 1.2 V translation)
- Suspend mode
- Bus hold on data inputs
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- IOFF circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

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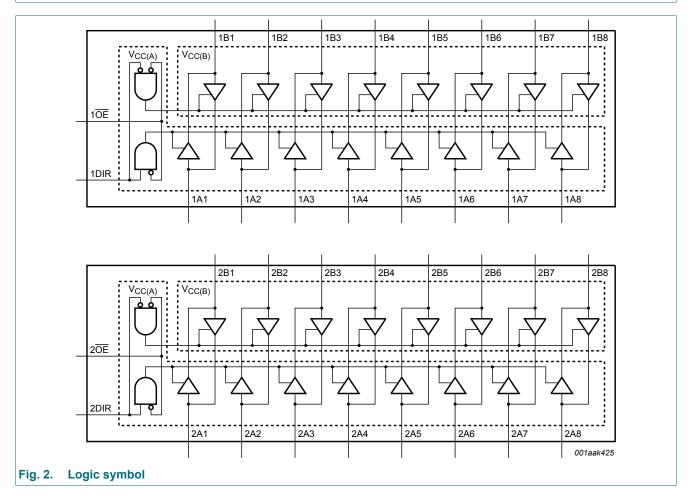
## 3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information       Type number     Package							
Type number	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version			
74AVCH16T245DGG	-40 °C to +125 °C	TSSOP48	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 48 leads; body width 6.1 mm	SOT362-1			

## 4. Functional diagram

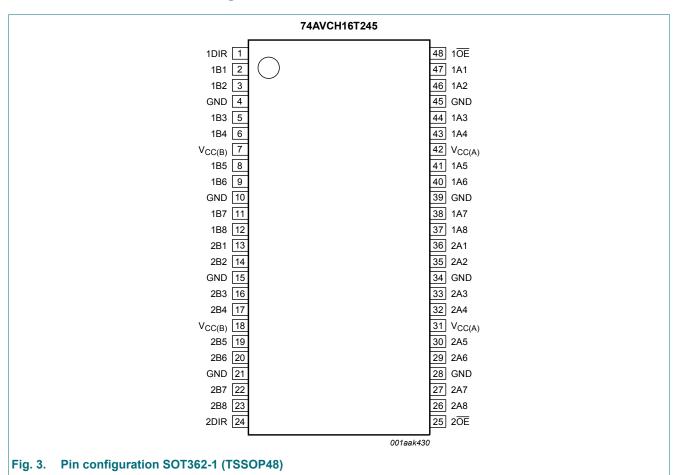


#### Fig. 1. Logic diagram



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## 5. Pinning information



#### 5.1. Pinning

#### 5.2. Pin description

#### Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
1DIR, 2DIR	1, 24	direction control (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$ )
1B1, 1B2, 1B3, 1B4, 1B5, 1B6, 1B7, 1B8	2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 12	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$ )
2B1, 2B2, 2B3, 2B4, 2B5, 2B6, 2B7, 2B8	13, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20, 22, 23	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$ )
GND [1]	4, 10, 15, 21, 28, 34, 39, 45	ground (0 V)
V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	7, 18	supply voltage B
10E, 20E	48, 25	output enable input (active LOW) (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$ )
1A1, 1A2, 1A3, 1A4, 1A5, 1A6, 1A7, 1A8	47, 46, 44, 43, 41, 40, 38, 37	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$ )
2A1, 2A2, 2A3, 2A4, 2A5, 2A6, 2A7, 2A8	36, 35, 33, 32, 30, 29, 27, 26	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$ )
V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	31, 42	supply voltage A

[1] All GND pins must be connected to ground (0 V).

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## 6. Functional description

#### Table 3. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

Supply voltage	Input		Input/output [1]		
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	n <mark>OE [2]</mark>	nDIR [2]	nAn [2]	nBn [2]	
0.8 V to 3.6 V	L	L	nAn = nBn	input	
0.8 V to 3.6 V	L	Н	input	nBn = nAn	
0.8 V to 3.6 V	Н	Х	Z	Z	
GND [1]	Х	Х	Z	Z	

[1]

If at least one of  $V_{CC(A)}$  or  $V_{CC(B)}$  is at GND level, the device goes into suspend mode. The nAn, nDIR and nOE input circuit is referenced to  $V_{CC(A)}$ ; The nBn input circuit is referenced to  $V_{CC(B)}$ . [2]

## 7. Limiting values

#### **Table 4. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	supply voltage A		-0.5	+4.6	V
V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	supply voltage B		-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>1</sub> < 0 V	-50	-	mA
VI	input voltage	[1	] -0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>ОК</sub>	output clamping current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V	-50	-	mA
Vo	output voltage	Active mode [1][2][3	] -0.5	V <sub>CCO</sub> + 0.5	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode [1	] -0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	$V_{\rm O} = 0 \text{ V to } V_{\rm CC}$ [2	] -	±50	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	I <sub>CC(A)</sub> or I <sub>CC(B)</sub>	-	100	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	ground current		-100	-	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C to } +125 \text{ °C;}$ [4	] -	500	mW

[1] The minimum input voltage ratings and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

 $V_{\text{CCO}}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port. [2]

[3] V<sub>CCO</sub> + 0.5 V should not exceed 4.6 V.

[4] Above 60 °C the value of  $\mathsf{P}_{tot}$  derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K.

## 8. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	supply voltage A			0.8	3.6	V
V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	supply voltage B			0.8	3.6	V
VI	input voltage			0	3.6	V
Vo	output voltage	Active mode	[1]	0	V <sub>cco</sub>	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode		0	3.6	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature			-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	V <sub>CCI</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	[2]	-	5	ns/V

[1]  $V_{CCO}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] V<sub>CCI</sub> is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

## 9. Static characteristics

#### Table 6. Typical static characteristics at T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).[1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; I_{O} = -1.5 \text{ mA}; V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 0.8 \text{ V}$		-	0.69	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$V_{I}$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_{O}$ = 1.5 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V		-	0.07	-	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	nDIR, n $\overline{OE}$ input; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V		-	±0.025	±0.25	μA
I <sub>BHL</sub>	bus hold LOW current	A or B port; $V_I$ = 0.42 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.2 V	[2]	-	26	-	μA
I <sub>BHH</sub>	bus hold HIGH current	A or B port; $V_I$ = 0.78 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.2 V	[3]	-	-24	-	μA
I <sub>BHLO</sub>	bus hold LOW overdrive current	A or B port; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 V$	[4]	-	27	-	μA
I <sub>BHHO</sub>	bus hold HIGH overdrive current	A or B port; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 V$	[5]	-	-26	-	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	A or B port; $V_0 = 0$ V or $V_{CCO}$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.6$ V	[6]	-	±0.5	±2.5	μA
		suspend mode A port; $V_O = 0 V \text{ or } V_{CCO}$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = 3.6 V$ ; $V_{CC(B)} = 0 V$	[6]	-	±0.5	±2.5	μA
		suspend mode B port; V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CCO</sub> ; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 3.6 V	[6]	-	±0.5	±2.5	μA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	A port; V <sub>1</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V		-	±0.1	±1	μA
		B port; V <sub>1</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V		-	±0.1	±1	μA
Cı	input capacitance	nDIR, n $\overline{OE}$ input; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or 3.3 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 3.3 V		-	2.0	-	pF
C <sub>I/O</sub>	input/output capacitance	A and B port; V <sub>O</sub> = 3.3 V or 0 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 3.3 V	'	-	4.5	-	pF

[1]  $V_{CCO}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] The bus hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V<sub>IL</sub> max. I<sub>BHL</sub> should be measured after lowering V<sub>I</sub> to GND and then raising it to V<sub>IL</sub> max.

[3] The bus hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at  $V_{IH}$  min.  $I_{BHH}$  should be measured after raising  $V_I$  to  $V_{CC}$  and then lowering it to  $V_{IH}$  min.

[4] An external driver must source at least  $I_{BHLO}$  to switch this node from LOW to HIGH.

[5] An external driver must sink at least  $I_{\text{BHHO}}$  to switch this node from HIGH to LOW.

[6] For I/O ports, the parameter I<sub>OZ</sub> includes the input leakage current.

#### Table 7. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). [1] [2]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C t	o +85 °C	-40 °C to	• +125 °C	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
VIH	HIGH-level	data input					
	input voltage	V <sub>CCI</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.70V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	0.65V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.65V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	1.6	-	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2	-	2	-	V
		nDIR, nOE input					
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0.8 V	0.70V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.70V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	V
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	0.65V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.65V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	V
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	1.6	-	V
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2	-	2	-	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level	data input					
	input voltage	V <sub>CCI</sub> = 0.8 V	-	0.30V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.30V <sub>CCI</sub>	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	-	0.35V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.35V <sub>CCI</sub>	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		nDIR, nOE input					
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0.8 V	-	0.30V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.30V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.95 V	-	0.35V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.35V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$					
	output voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = -100 μA; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CCO</sub> - 0.1	-	V <sub>CCO</sub> - 0.1	-	V
		$I_{O}$ = -3 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = = 1.1 V	0.85	-	0.85	-	V
		$I_{O} = -6 \text{ mA}; V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	1.05	-	1.05	-	V
		$I_{O} = -8 \text{ mA}; V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.2	-	1.2	-	V
		$I_{O}$ = -9 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 2.3 V	1.75	-	1.75	-	V
		$I_{O}$ = -12 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 3.0 V	2.3	-	2.3	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level	$V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$					
	output voltage	$I_{O}$ = 100 µA; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		$I_{O}$ = 3 mA; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 1.1 V	-	0.25	-	0.25	V
		$I_{O} = 6 \text{ mA}; V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	-	0.35	-	0.35	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 8 mA; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.65 V	-	0.45	-	0.45	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 9 mA; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 2.3 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
		$I_{O} = 12 \text{ mA}; V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
lı	input leakage current	nDIR, n $\overline{OE}$ input; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	±1	-	±5	μA

## 74AVCH16T245

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C t	o +85 °C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I <sub>BHL</sub>	bus hold	A or B port [3]					
	LOW current	$V_{I} = 0.49 V; V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.4 V$	15	-	15	-	μA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.58 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.65 V	25	-	25	-	μA
		$V_{I} = 0.70 V; V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 2.3 V$	45	-	45	-	μA
		$V_{I} = 0.80 \text{ V}; V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	100	-	90	-	μA
I <sub>BHH</sub>	bus hold	A or B port [4]					
	HIGH current	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.91 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.4 V	-15	-	-15	-	μA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.07 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.65 V	-25	-	-25	-	μA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.60 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 2.3 V	-45	-	-45	-	μA
		$V_{I}$ = 2.00 V; $V_{CC(A)}$ = $V_{CC(B)}$ = 3.0 V	-100	-	-100	-	μA
I <sub>BHLO</sub>	bus hold	A or B port [5]					
	LOW overdrive	$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.6 V$	125	-	125	-	μA
	current	V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.95 V	200	-	200	-	μA
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 2.7 V$	300	-	300	-	μA
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.6 V$	500	-	500	-	μA
I <sub>BHHO</sub>	bus hold	A or B port [6]					
	HIGH overdrive	$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.6 V$	-125	-	-125	-	μA
	current	$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.95 V$	-200	-	-200	-	μA
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 2.7 V$	-300	-	-300	-	μA
		$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.6 V$	-500	-	-500	-	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	A or B port; $V_O = 0 V$ or $V_{CCO}$ ; [7] $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.6 V$	-	±5	-	±30	μA
		suspend mode A port; $V_O = 0 V \text{ or } V_{CCO}$ ; [7] $V_{CC(A)} = 3.6 V$ ; $V_{CC(B)} = 0 V$	-	±5	-	±30	μA
		suspend mode B port; $V_O = 0 V \text{ or } V_{CCO}$ ; [7] $V_{CC(A)} = 0 V$ ; $V_{CC(B)} = 3.6 V$	-	±5	-	±30	μA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage	A port; $V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(A)} = 0$ V; $V_{CC(B)} = 0.8$ V to 3.6 V	-	±5	-	±30	μA
	current	B port; V <sub>1</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	±5	-	±30	μA

### 16-bit dual supply translating transceiver with configurable voltage translation; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C t	o +85 °C	-40 °C to	o +125 ℃	Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply	A port; $V_I = 0$ V or $V_{CCI}$ ; $I_O = 0$ A					
	current	V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	30	-	125	μA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.1 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	25	-	100	μA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0 V	-	25	-	100	μA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 3.6 V	-5	-	-20	-	μA
		B port; $V_1 = 0$ V or $V_{CCI}$ ; $I_0 = 0$ A					
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	30	-	125	μA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.1 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	25	-	100	μA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0 V	-5	-	-20	-	μA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 3.6 V	-	25	-	100	μA
		A plus B port ( $I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$ ); $I_O = 0$ A; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CCI</sub> ; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	55	-	185	μA
		A plus B port ( $I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$ ); $I_O = 0$ A; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CCI</sub> ; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.1 V to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	45	-	150	μA

[1]  $V_{CCO}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] V<sub>CCI</sub> is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[3] The bus hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at  $V_{IL}$  max.  $I_{BHL}$  should be measured after lowering  $V_I$  to GND and then raising it to  $V_{IL}$  max.

[4] The bus hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at  $V_{IH}$  min.  $I_{BHH}$  should be measured after raising  $V_I$  to  $V_{CC}$  and then lowering it to  $V_{IH}$  min.

[5] An external driver must source at least I<sub>BHLO</sub> to switch this node from LOW to HIGH.

[6] An external driver must sink at least  $I_{BHHO}$  to switch this node from HIGH to LOW.

[7] For I/O ports, the parameter  $I_{OZ}$  includes the input leakage current.

#### Table 8. Typical total supply current $(I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)})$

V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>							
	0 V	0.8 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V		
0 V	0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	μA	
0.8 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	1.6	μA	
1.2 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.8	μA	
1.5 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	μA	
1.8 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	μA	
2.5 V	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	μA	
3.3 V	0.1	1.6	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	μA	

## **10.** Dynamic characteristics

#### Table 9. Typical power dissipation capacitance at $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ and $T_{amb} = 25 \degree C$ Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). [1] [2]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		,	V <sub>CC(A)</sub> :	= V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	)		Unit
			0.8 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	
C <sub>PD</sub> power dissipation capacitance		A port: (direction nAn to nBn); output enabled	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	pF
	A port: (direction nAn to nBn); output disabled	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	pF	
	capacitance	A port: (direction nBn to nAn); output enabled	9	9.7	9.8	10.3	11.7	13.7	pF
		A port: (direction nBn to nAn); output disabled	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	pF
		B port: (direction nAn to nBn); output enabled	9	9.7	9.8	10.3	11.7	13.7	pF
		B port: (direction nAn to nBn); output disabled	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	pF
		B port: (direction nBn to nAn); output enabled	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	pF
		B port: (direction nBn to nAn); output disabled	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	pF

[1]  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu W$ ).

 $P_{D} = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{i} \times N + \Sigma (C_{L} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{o}) \text{ where:}$ 

 $f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

 $C_L$  = load capacitance in pF;

 $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_0) = \text{sum of the outputs.}$ 

[2]  $f_i = 10 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $V_I = \text{GND}$  to  $V_{CC}$ ;  $t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ ns}$ ;  $C_L = 0 \text{ pF}$ ;  $R_L = \infty \Omega$ .

#### Table 10. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(A)}$ = 0.8 V and $T_{amb}$ = 25 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 6; for waveforms see Fig. 4 and Fig. 5. [1]

Symbol         Parameter         Conditions         V <sub>CC(B)</sub>							Unit		
			0.8 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	14.4	7.0	6.2	6.0	5.9	6.0	ns
		nBn to nAn	14.4	12.4	12.1	11.9	11.8	11.8	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable time	nOE to nAn	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	16.2	ns
		nOE to nBn	17.6	10.0	9.0	9.1	8.7	9.3	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	nOE to nAn	21.9	21.9	21.9	21.9	21.9	21.9	ns
		nOE to nBn	22.2	11.1	9.8	9.4	9.4	9.6	ns

[1]  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ ;  $t_{dis}$  is the same as  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$ ;  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$ .

#### Table 11. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(B)}$ = 0.8 V and $T_{amb}$ = 25 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 6; for waveforms see Fig. 4 and Fig. 5. [1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	litions V <sub>CC(A)</sub>						
			0.8 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	
t <sub>pd</sub> propagation de	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	14.4	12.4	12.1	11.9	11.8	11.8	ns
		nBn to nAn	14.4	7.0	6.2	6.0	5.9	6.0	ns
t <sub>dis</sub> disable time	disable time	nOE to nAn	16.2	5.9	4.4	4.2	3.1	3.5	ns
		nOE to nBn	17.6	14.2	13.7	13.6	13.3	13.1	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	nOE to nAn	21.9	6.4	4.4	3.5	2.6	2.3	ns
		nOE to nBn	22.2	17.7	17.2	17.0	16.8	16.7	ns

[1]  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ ;  $t_{dis}$  is the same as  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$ ;  $t_{en}$  is the same as  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$ .

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#### Table 12. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +85 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 6; for waveforms see Fig. 4 and Fig. 5. [1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>									Unit	
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V		1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Мах	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> =	1.1 V to 1.3 V	1											
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	nAn to nBn	0.5	9.2	0.5	6.9	0.5	6.0	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.9	ns
delay	delay	nBn to nAn	0.5	9.2	0.5	8.7	0.5	8.5	0.5	8.2	0.5	8.0	ns
t <sub>dis</sub> disable time		n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.5	11.6	1.5	11.6	1.5	11.6	1.5	11.6	1.5	11.6	ns
	n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.5	12.5	1.5	9.7	1.5	9.5	1.0	8.1	1.0	8.9	ns	
t <sub>en</sub> enable tir	enable time	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.0	14.5	1.0	14.5	1.0	14.5	1.0	14.5	1.0	14.5	ns
		n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.1	14.9	1.1	11.0	1.1	9.6	1.0	8.1	1.0	7.7	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> =	1.4 V to 1.6 V	/											
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	nAn to nBn	0.5	8.7	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	ns
	delay	nBn to nAn	0.5	6.9	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.6	0.5	5.5	ns
t <sub>dis</sub> disable time		$n\overline{OE}$ to $nAn$	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	1.5	9.1	ns
	time	n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.5	11.4	1.5	8.7	1.5	7.5	1.0	6.5	1.0	6.3	ns
t <sub>en</sub> enab	enable time	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.0	10.1	1.0	10.1	1.0	10.1	1.0	10.1	1.0	10.1	ns
		n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.0	13.5	1.0	10.1	0.5	8.1	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.2	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> =	1.65 V to 1.9	5 V											
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	nAn to nBn	0.5	8.5	0.5	5.9	0.5	4.8	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	ns
	delay	nBn to nAn	0.5	6.0	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.5	0.5	4.4	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	1.5	7.7	ns
time	time	n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.5	11.1	1.5	8.4	1.5	7.1	1.0	5.9	1.0	5.7	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.0	7.8	1.0	7.8	1.0	7.8	1.0	7.8	1.0	7.8	ns
		n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.0	13.0	1.0	9.2	0.5	7.4	0.5	5.3	0.5	4.5	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> =	2.3 V to 2.7 V	/											
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	nAn to nBn	0.5	8.2	0.5	5.6	0.5	4.6	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.8	ns
	delay	nBn to nAn	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.4	0.5	3.2	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.0	6.1	1.0	6.1	1.0	6.1	1.0	6.1	1.0	6.1	ns
	time	n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.0	10.6	1.0	7.9	1.0	6.6	1.0	6.1	1.0	5.2	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.3	ns
		n <del>OE</del> to nBn	0.5	12.5	0.5	9.4	0.5	7.3	0.5	5.1	0.5	4.5	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> =	3.0 V to 3.6 V	1											
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	nAn to nBn	0.5	8.0	0.5	5.5	0.5	4.4	0.5	3.2	0.5	2.7	ns
	delay	nBn to nAn	0.5	4.9	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.3	0.5	2.9	0.5	2.7	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	0.5	5.0	0.5	5.0	0.5	5.0	0.5	5.0	0.5	5.0	ns
	time	n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.0	10.3	1.0	7.7	1.0	6.5	1.0	5.2	0.5	5.0	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	0.5	4.3	0.5	4.3	0.5	4.2	0.5	4.1	0.5	4.0	ns
<b>'</b> en	enable time												

 $[1] \quad t_{pd} \text{ is the same as } t_{PLH} \text{ and } t_{PHL}; \ t_{dis} \text{ is the same as } t_{PLZ} \text{ and } t_{PHZ}; \ t_{en} \text{ is the same as } t_{PZL} \text{ and } t_{PZH}.$ 

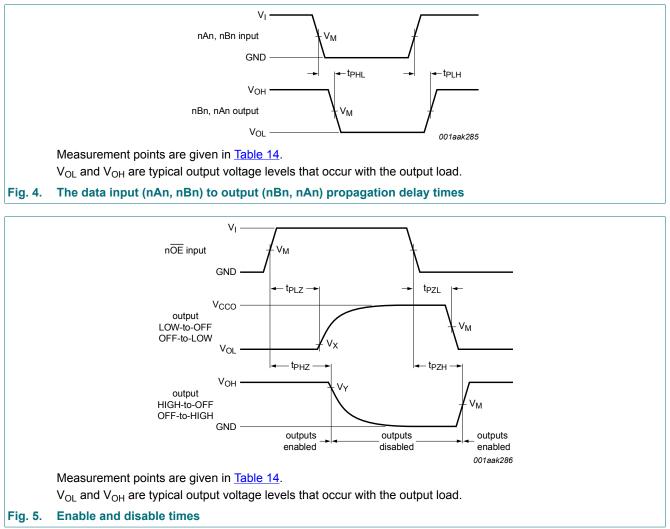
#### Table 13. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +125 °C

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 6; for waveforms see Fig. 4 and Fig. 5. [1]

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>									Unit	
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V		1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		]
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> =	1.1 V to 1.3 V	/											
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	nAn to nBn	0.5	10.2	0.5	7.6	0.5	6.6	0.5	5.7	0.5	5.4	ns
delay	delay	nBn to nAn	0.5	10.2	0.5	9.6	0.5	9.4	0.5	9.1	0.5	8.8	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.5	12.8	1.5	12.8	1.5	12.8	1.5	12.8	1.5	12.8	ns
time	time	n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.5	13.8	1.5	10.7	1.5	10.5	1.0	9.0	1.5	9.8	ns
t <sub>en</sub> enable time	enable time	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.0	16.0	1.0	16.0	1.0	16.0	1.0	16.0	1.0	16.0	ns
		n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.1	16.4	1.1	12.1	1.1	10.6	1.0	9.0	1.0	8.5	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> =	1.4 V to 1.6 V	/											
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	nAn to nBn	0.5	9.6	0.5	6.9	0.5	5.8	0.5	4.6	0.5	4.1	ns
	delay	nBn to nAn	0.5	7.6	0.5	6.9	0.5	6.5	0.5	6.2	0.5	6.1	ns
t <sub>dis</sub> disable time		n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.5	10.1	1.5	10.1	1.5	10.1	1.5	10.1	1.5	10.1	ns
	time	n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.5	12.6	1.5	9.6	1.5	8.3	1.0	7.2	1.0	7.0	ns
t <sub>en</sub> er	enable time	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.0	11.2	1.0	11.2	1.0	11.2	1.0	11.2	1.0	11.2	ns
		n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.0	14.9	1.0	11.2	0.5	9.0	0.5	6.5	0.5	5.8	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> =	1.65 V to 1.9	5 V											
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	nAn to nBn	0.5	9.4	0.5	6.5	0.5	5.3	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	ns
	delay	nBn to nAn	0.5	6.6	0.5	5.8	0.5	5.3	0.5	5.0	0.5	4.9	ns
	disable time	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.5	8.5	1.5	8.5	1.5	8.5	1.5	8.5	1.5	8.5	ns
		n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.5	12.3	1.5	9.3	1.5	7.9	1.0	6.5	1.0	6.3	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.0	8.6	1.0	8.6	1.0	8.6	1.0	8.6	1.0	8.6	ns
		n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.0	14.3	1.0	10.2	0.5	8.2	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.0	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> =	2.3 V to 2.7 V	/											
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	nAn to nBn	0.5	9.1	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.1	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.1	ns
	delay	nBn to nAn	0.5	5.7	0.5	4.6	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.8	0.5	3.6	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	1.0	6.8	1.0	6.8	1.0	6.8	1.0	6.8	1.0	6.8	ns
	time	n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.0	11.7	1.0	8.7	1.0	7.3	1.0	6.8	1.0	5.8	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.9	0.5	5.9	ns
		n <del>OE</del> to nBn	0.5	13.8	0.5	10.4	0.5	8.1	0.5	5.7	0.5	5.0	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> =	3.0 V to 3.6 V	/											
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	nAn to nBn	0.5	8.8	0.5	6.1	0.5	4.9	0.5	3.6	0.5	3.0	ns
	delay	nBn to nAn	0.5	5.4	0.5	4.1	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.2	0.5	3.0	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	disable	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	0.5	5.5	0.5	5.5	0.5	5.5	0.5	5.5	0.5	5.5	ns
	time	n <del>OE</del> to nBn	1.0	11.4	1.0	8.5	1.0	7.2	1.0	5.8	0.5	5.5	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	enable time	n <del>OE</del> to nAn	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.8	0.5	4.7	0.5	4.6	0.5	4.4	ns
-611		n <del>OE</del> to nBn	0.5	13.7	0.5	10.3	0.5	8.0	0.5	5.4	0.5	4.4	ns

 $[1] \quad t_{pd} \text{ is the same as } t_{PLH} \text{ and } t_{PHL}; \ t_{dis} \text{ is the same as } t_{PLZ} \text{ and } t_{PHZ}; \ t_{en} \text{ is the same as } t_{PZL} \text{ and } t_{PZH}.$ 

#### 10.1. Waveforms and test circuit



## Table 14. Measurement points

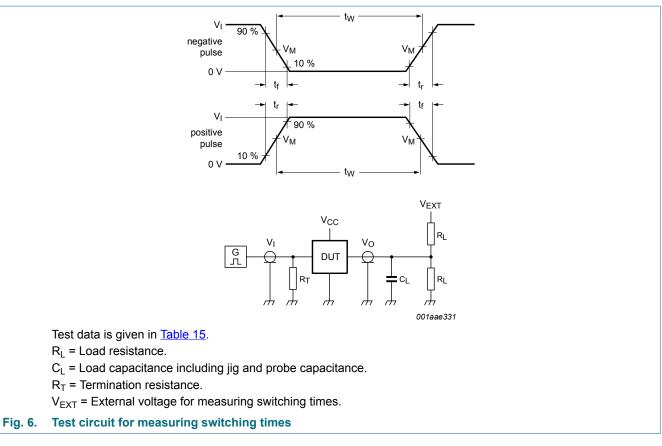
Supply voltage	Input [1]	Output [2]					
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	Vx	V <sub>Y</sub>			
0.8 V to 1.6 V	0.5V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.5V <sub>CCO</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.1 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.1 V			
1.65 V to 2.7 V	0.5V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.5V <sub>CCO</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.15 V			
3.0 V to 3.6 V	0.5V <sub>CCI</sub>	0.5V <sub>CCO</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.3 V			

[1]  $V_{CCI}$  is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2] V<sub>CCO</sub> is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

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#### 16-bit dual supply translating transceiver with configurable voltage translation; 3-state



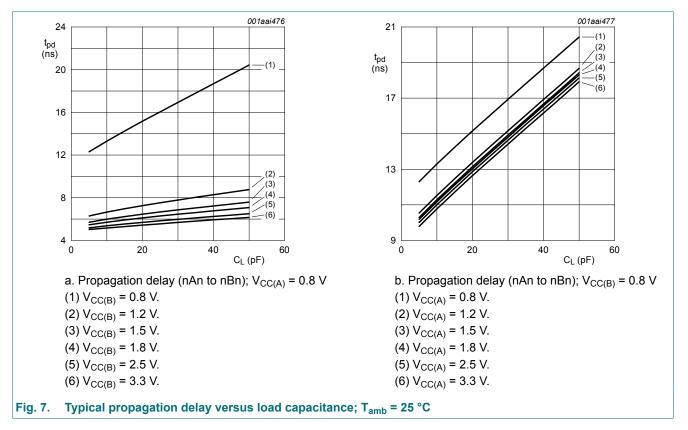
#### Table 15. Test data

Supply voltage Input		Load		V <sub>EXT</sub>			
$V_{CC(A)}, V_{CC(B)}$	V <sub>I</sub> [1]	Δt/ΔV [2]	CL	R <sub>L</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub> [3]
0.8 V to 1.6 V	V <sub>CCI</sub>	≤ 1.0 ns/V	15 pF	2 kΩ	open	GND	2V <sub>CCO</sub>
1.65 V to 2.7 V	V <sub>CCI</sub>	≤ 1.0 ns/V	15 pF	2 kΩ	open	GND	2V <sub>CCO</sub>
3.0 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CCI</sub>	≤ 1.0 ns/V	15 pF	2 kΩ	open	GND	2V <sub>CCO</sub>

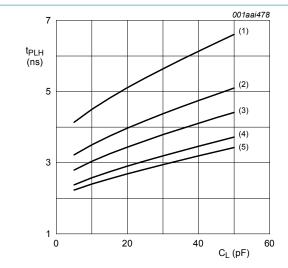
[1] V<sub>CCI</sub> is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2] dV/dt ≥ 1.0 V/ns

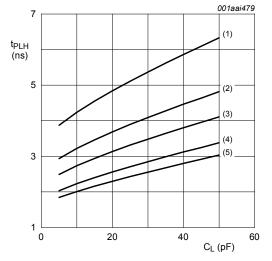
[3]  $V_{CCO}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.



## 10.2. Typical propagation delay characteristics



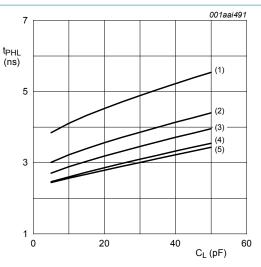
a. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn);  $V_{CC(A)}$  = 1.2 V

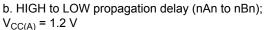


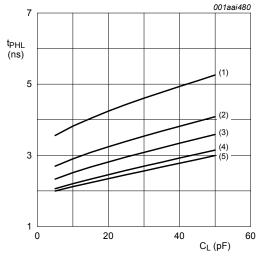
c. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn);  $V_{CC(A)}$  = 1.5 V



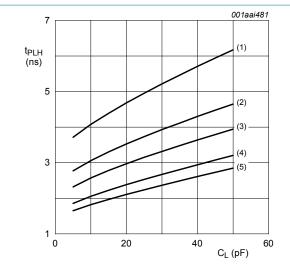
Fig. 8. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$ 



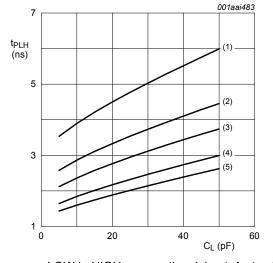




d. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (nAn to nBn);  $V_{CC(A)}$  = 1.5 V



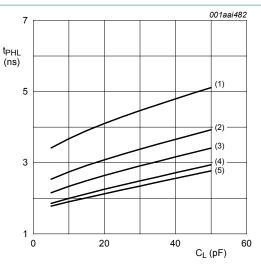
a. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn);  $V_{CC(A)}$  = 1.8 V

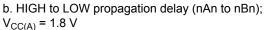


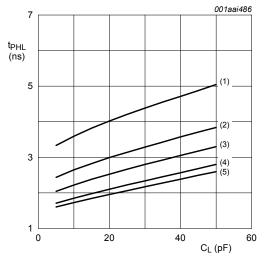
c. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn);  $V_{CC(A)}$  = 2.5 V



Fig. 9. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C

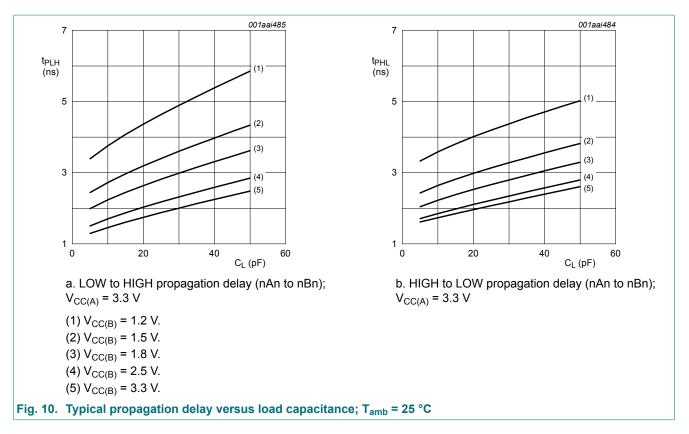






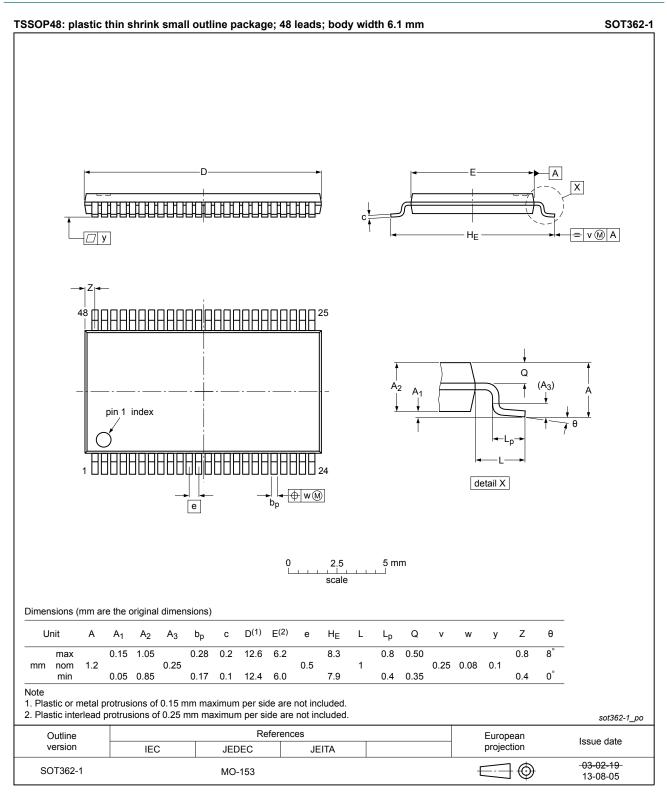
d. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (nAn to nBn);  $V_{CC(A)}$  = 2.5 V

74AVCH16T245



74AVCH16T245

## 11. Package outline



#### Fig. 11. Package outline SOT362-1 (TSSOP48)

## 12. Abbreviations

Table 16. Abbreviatio	ons
Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model

## 13. Revision history

#### Table 17. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74AVCH16T245 v.6	20190403	Product data sheet	-	74AVCH16T245 v.5
Modifications:	of Nexperia. • Legal texts I • Type numbe 74AVCH16T	nave been adapted to the ne	ew company nam OT480-1), 74AVC /ed.	H16T245EV (SOT702-1) and
74AVCH16T245 v.5	20120301	Product data sheet	-	74AVCH16T245 v.4
Modifications:	For type nur	nber 74AVCH16T245BX the	e SOT code has c	hanged to SOT1134-2.
74AVCH16T245 v.4	20111207	Product data sheet	-	74AVCH16T245 v.3
Modifications:	Legal pages	updated.		
74AVCH16T245 v.3	20110616	Product data sheet	-	74AVCH16T245 v.2
74AVCH16T245 v.2	20100329	Product data sheet	-	74AVCH16T245 v.1
74AVCH16T245 v.1	20091014	Product data sheet	-	-

## 14. Legal information

#### Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

 Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
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