4-bit dual supply translating transceiver with configurable voltage translation; 3-state

Rev. 2 — 17 December 2015

Product data sheet

1. General description

The 74AVCH4T245-Q100 is a 4-bit, dual supply transceiver that enables bidirectional level translation. The device can be used as two 2-bit transceivers or as a 4-bit transceiver. It features two 2-bit input-output ports (nAn and nBn), a direction control input (nDIR), an output enable input (nOE) and dual supply pins ($V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$). Both $V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$ can be supplied with any voltage between 0.8 V and 3.6 V. This feature makes the device suitable for translating between any of the low voltage nodes (0.8 V, 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V and 3.3 V). Pins nAn, nOE and nDIR are referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$ and pins nBn are referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$. A HIGH on nDIR allows transmission from nAn to nBn and a LOW on nDIR allows transmission from nBn to nAn. The output enable input (nOE) can be used to disable the outputs so the buses are effectively isolated.

The device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using I_{OFF} . The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the output, preventing any damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down. In suspend mode when either $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ are at GND level, both nAn and nBn outputs are in the high-impedance OFF-state. The bus hold circuitry on the powered-up side always stays active.

The 74AVCH4T245-Q100 has active bus hold circuitry which is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level. This feature eliminates the need for external pull-up or pull-down resistors.

This product has been qualified to the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q100 (Grade 1) and is suitable for use in automotive applications.

2. Features and benefits

- Automotive product qualification in accordance with AEC-Q100 (Grade 1)
 - Specified from –40 °C to +85 °C and from –40 °C to +125 °C
- Wide supply voltage range:
 - V_{CC(A)}: 0.8 V to 3.6 V
 - V_{CC(B)}: 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
 - JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
 - JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
 - JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
 - JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
 - JESD8-B (2.7 V to 3.6 V)

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- ESD protection:
 - ◆ MIL-STD-883, method 3015 Class 3B exceeds 8000 V
 - ◆ HBM JESD22-A114E Class 3B exceeds 8000 V
 - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V (C = 200 pf, R = 0 Ω)
- Maximum data rates:
 - ◆ 380 Mbit/s (≥ 1.8 V to 3.3 V translation)
 - ◆ 200 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 3.3 V translation)
 - ◆ 200 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 2.5 V translation)
 - ◆ 200 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 1.8 V translation)
 - ◆ 150 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 1.5 V translation)
 - ◆ 100 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 1.2 V translation)
- Suspend mode
- Bus hold on data inputs
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- I_{OFF} circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options

3. Ordering information

Table 1.Ordering information

| Type number | Package | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|----------|--|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Temperature range | Name | Description | Version | | | | | |
| 74AVCH4T245D-Q100 | –40 °C to +125 °C | SO16 | plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm | SOT109-1 | | | | | |
| 74AVCH4T245PW-Q100 | –40 °C to +125 °C | TSSOP16 | plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm | SOT403-1 | | | | | |
| 74AVCH4T245BQ-Q100 | –40 °C to +125 °C | DHVQFN16 | plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body $2.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.85$ mm | SOT763-1 | | | | | |

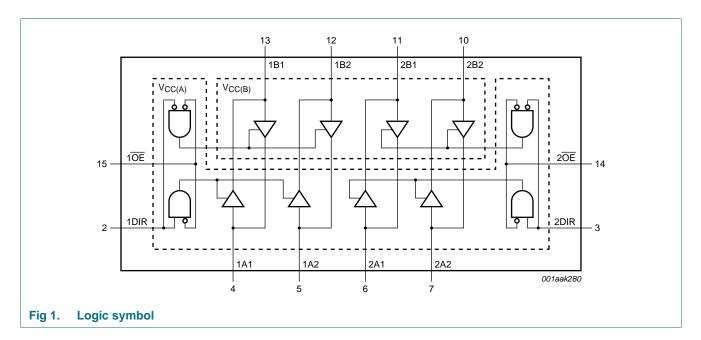
4. Marking

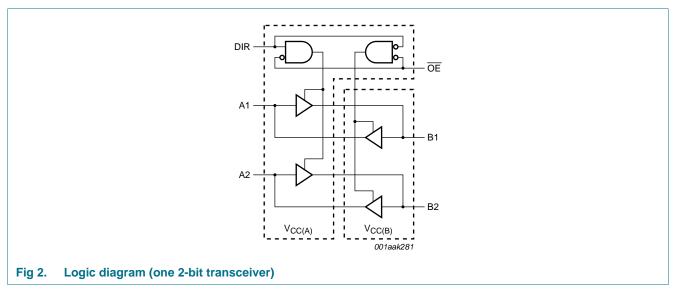
Table 2.Marking codes

| Type number | Marking code |
|--------------------|--------------|
| 74AVCH4T245D-Q100 | 74AVCH4T245D |
| 74AVCH4T245PW-Q100 | CH4T245 |
| 74AVCH4T245BQ-Q100 | H4T245 |

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5. Functional diagram

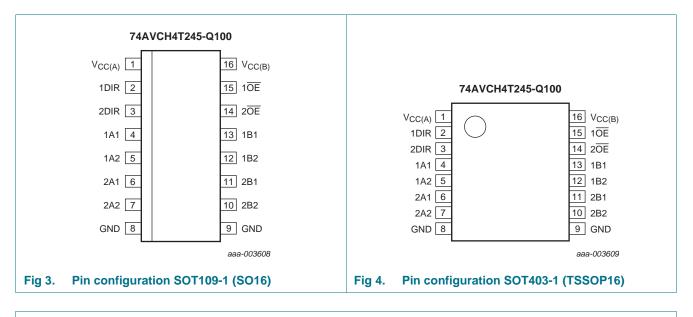


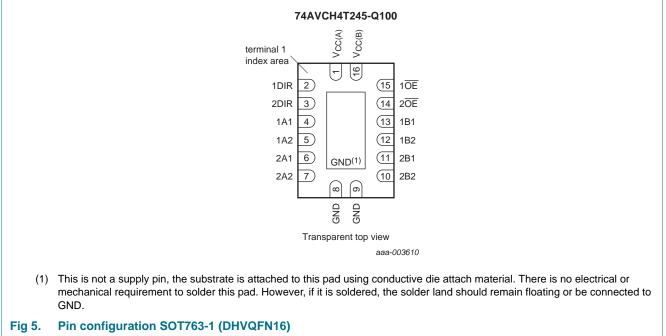


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6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning





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6.2 Pin description

| Symbol | Pin | Description |
|---------------------------|--------|--|
| V _{CC(A)} | 1 | supply voltage A (nAn, $n\overline{OE}$ and nDIR inputs are referenced to V _{CC(A)}) |
| 1DIR, 2DIR | 2, 3 | direction control |
| 1A1, 1A2 | 4, 5 | data input or output |
| 2A1, 2A2 | 6, 7 | data input or output |
| GND ^[1] | 8, 9 | ground (0 V) |
| 2B2, 2B1 | 10, 11 | data input or output |
| 1B2, 1B1 | 12, 13 | data input or output |
| 2 <u>0E</u> , 1 <u>0E</u> | 14, 15 | output enable input (active LOW) |
| V _{CC(B)} | 16 | supply voltage B (nBn inputs are referenced to V _{CC(B)}) |

[1] All GND pins must be connected to ground (0 V).

7. Functional description

Table 4.Function table

| Supply voltage | Input | | Input/output ^[3] | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} | nOE ^[2] | nDIR ^[2] | nAn ^[2] | nBn ^[2] |
| 0.8 V to 3.6 V | L | L | nAn = nBn | input |
| 0.8 V to 3.6 V | L | Н | input | nBn = nAn |
| 0.8 V to 3.6 V | Н | Х | Z | Z |
| GND[<u>3]</u> | X | Х | Z | Z |

[1] H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

[2] The nAn, nDIR and n \overline{OE} input circuit is referenced to V_{CC(A)}; The nBn input circuit is referenced to V_{CC(B)}.

[3] If at least one of $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ is at GND level, the device goes into suspend mode.

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8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | Min | Max | Unit |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|------|------------------------|------|
| V _{CC(A)} | supply voltage A | | | -0.5 | +4.6 | V |
| V _{CC(B)} | supply voltage B | | | -0.5 | +4.6 | V |
| I _{IK} | input clamping current | V _I < 0 V | | -50 | - | mA |
| VI | input voltage | | [1] | -0.5 | +4.6 | V |
| I _{OK} | output clamping current | V _O < 0 V | | -50 | - | mA |
| Vo | output voltage | Active mode | <u>[1][2][3]</u> | -0.5 | V _{CCO} + 0.5 | V |
| | | Suspend or 3-state mode | [1] | -0.5 | +4.6 | V |
| lo | output current | $V_{O} = 0 V$ to V_{CCO} | [2] | - | ±50 | mA |
| I _{CC} | supply current | per $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ pin | | - | 100 | mA |
| I _{GND} | ground current | per GND pin | | -100 | - | mA |
| T _{stg} | storage temperature | | | -65 | +150 | °C |
| P _{tot} | total power dissipation | $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ °C to } +125 \text{ °C}$ | | | | |
| | | SO16, TSSOP16 and DHVQFN16 | [4] | - | 500 | mW |

[1] The minimum input voltage ratings and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[3] V_{CCO} + 0.5 V should not exceed 4.6 V.

[4] For SO16 package: above 70 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly at 8 mW/K.
 For TSSOP16 package: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly at 5.5 mW/K.
 For DHVQFN16 package: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly at 4.5 mW/K.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | Min | Max | Unit |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|-----|------------------|------|
| V _{CC(A)} | supply voltage A | | | 0.8 | 3.6 | V |
| V _{CC(B)} | supply voltage B | | | 0.8 | 3.6 | V |
| VI | input voltage | | | 0 | 3.6 | V |
| Vo | output voltage | Active mode | <u>[1]</u> | 0 | V _{CCO} | V |
| | | Suspend or 3-state mode | | 0 | 3.6 | V |
| T _{amb} | ambient temperature | | | -40 | +125 | °C |
| Δt/ΔV | input transition rise and fall rate | $V_{CCI} = 0.8 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$ | [2] | - | 5 | ns/V |

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

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10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Typical static characteristics at $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C} [1][2]$

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|---|------------|-----|--------|-------|------|
| V _{OH} | HIGH-level output voltage | $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ | | | | | |
| | | $I_{O} = -1.5 \text{ mA}; V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ | | - | 0.69 | - | V |
| V _{OL} | LOW-level output voltage | $V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ | | | | | |
| | | I_{O} = 1.5 mA; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 0.8 V$ | | - | 0.07 | - | V |
| lı | input leakage current | nDIR, n \overline{OE} input; V _I = 0 V or 3.6 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V | | - | ±0.025 | ±0.25 | μA |
| I _{BHL} | bus hold LOW current | A or B port; $V_I = 0.42$ V; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V | [3] | - | 26 | - | μA |
| I _{BHH} | bus hold HIGH current | A or B port; $V_I = 0.78$ V; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V | <u>[4]</u> | - | -24 | - | μA |
| I _{BHLO} | bus hold LOW overdrive current | A or B port; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 V$ | [5] | - | 27 | - | μA |
| I _{BHHO} | bus hold HIGH overdrive current | A or B port; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 V$ | [6] | - | -26 | - | μΑ |
| I _{OZ} | OFF-state output current | A or B port; $V_0 = 0$ V or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.6$ V | [7] | - | ±0.5 | ±2.5 | μA |
| | | suspend mode A port; $V_O = 0 V \text{ or } V_{CCO}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 3.6 V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 0 V$ | [7] | - | ±0.5 | ±2.5 | μA |
| | | suspend mode B port; $V_O = 0 V$ or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CC(A)} = 0 V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 3.6 V$ | [7] | - | ±0.5 | ±2.5 | μA |
| I _{OFF} | power-off leakage current | A port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V | | - | ±0.1 | ±1 | μA |
| | | B port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V | | - | ±0.1 | ±1 | μA |
| CI | input capacitance | nDIR, n \overline{OE} input; V ₁ = 0 V or 3.3 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 3.3 V | | - | 1.0 | - | pF |
| C _{I/O} | input/output capacitance | A and B port; $V_O = 3.3$ V or 0 V; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$ V | | - | 4.0 | - | pF |

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[3] The bus hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at maximum V_{IL}. I_{BHL} should be measured after lowering V_I to GND and then raising it to maximum V_{IL}.

[4] The bus hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at minimum V_{IH} . I_{BHH} should be measured after raising V_{I} to V_{CC} and then lowering it to minimum V_{IH} .

[5] An external driver must source at least $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize BHLO}}$ to switch this node from LOW to HIGH.

[6] An external driver must sink at least I_{BHHO} to switch this node from HIGH to LOW.

[7] For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.

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Table 8. Static characteristics [1][2]

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | –40 °C te | o +85 °C | –40 °C to | • +125 °C | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------|
| | | | Min | Мах | Min | Max | - |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level | data input | | | | | |
| | input voltage | V _{CCI} = 0.8 V | 0.70V _{CCI} | - | 0.70V _{CCI} | - | V |
| | | V _{CCI} = 1.1 V to 1.95 V | $0.65V_{CCI}$ | - | 0.65V _{CCI} | - | V |
| | | $V_{CCI} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ | 1.6 | - | 1.6 | - | V |
| | | V _{CCI} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V | 2 | - | 2 | - | V |
| | | nDIR, nOE input | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC(A)} = 0.8 V | 0.70V _{CC(A)} | - | 0.70V _{CC(A)} | - | V |
| | | V _{CC(A)} = 1.1 V to 1.95 V | 0.65V _{CC(A)} | - | 0.65V _{CC(A)} | - | V |
| | | V _{CC(A)} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V | 1.6 | - | 1.6 | - | V |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | 2 | - | 2 | - | V |
| VIL | LOW-level | data input | | | | | |
| | input voltage | V _{CCI} = 0.8 V | - | 0.30V _{CCI} | - | 0.30V _{CCI} | V |
| | | V _{CCI} = 1.1 V to 1.95 V | - | 0.35V _{CCI} | - | 0.35V _{CCI} | V |
| | | $V_{CCI} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ | - | 0.7 | - | 0.7 | V |
| | | $V_{CCI} = 3.0 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | - | 0.8 | - | 0.8 | V |
| | | nDIR, nOE input | | | | | |
| | | V _{CC(A)} = 0.8 V | - | 0.30V _{CC(A)} | - | 0.30V _{CC(A)} | V |
| | | V _{CC(A)} = 1.1 V to 1.95 V | - | $0.35V_{CC(A)}$ | - | 0.35V _{CC(A)} | V |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ | - | 0.7 | - | 0.7 | V |
| | | V _{CC(A)} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V | - | 0.8 | - | 0.8 | V |
| / _{ОН} | HIGH-level | $V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ | | | | | |
| | output voltage | $ I_O = -100 \ \mu \text{A}; \\ V_{CC(\text{A})} = V_{CC(\text{B})} = 0.8 \ \text{V to } 3.6 \ \text{V} $ | V _{CCO} – 0.1 | - | V _{CCO} – 0.1 | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -3 \text{ mA};$ $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.1 \text{ V}$ | 0.85 | - | 0.85 | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -6 \text{ mA};$ $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.4 \text{ V}$ | 1.05 | - | 1.05 | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -8 \text{ mA};$ $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 \text{ V}$ | 1.2 | - | 1.2 | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -9 \text{ mA};$ $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 2.3 \text{ V}$ | 1.75 | - | 1.75 | - | V |
| | | $I_{O} = -12 \text{ mA};$ $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | 2.3 | - | 2.3 | - | V |

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Static characteristics ...continued[1][2] Table 8.

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | –40 °C t | o +85 °C | –40 °C to +125 °C | | Unit |
|------------------------------|----------------------|---|------------|----------|----------|-------------------|------|------|
| | | | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| V _{OL} | LOW-level | $V_{I} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ | | | | | | |
| | output | I _O = 100 μA; | | - | 0.1 | - | 0.1 | V |
| | voltage | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | | | | | | |
| | | I _O = 3 mA; | | - | 0.25 | - | 0.25 | V |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.1 \text{ V}$ | | | | | | |
| | | $I_{O} = 6 \text{ mA};$ | | - | 0.35 | - | 0.35 | V |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.4 V$ | | | | | | |
| | | $I_0 = 8 \text{ mA};$ | | - | 0.45 | - | 0.45 | V |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 V$ | | | 0.55 | | 0.55 | |
| | | I _O = 9 mA; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 2.3 V | | - | 0.55 | - | 0.55 | V |
| | | $I_{O} = 12 \text{ mA};$ | | - | 0.7 | - | 0.7 | V |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.0 V$ | | | 0.7 | | 0.7 | v |
| I _I input leakage | | nDIR, nOE input; $V_1 = 0 V \text{ or } 3.6 V$; | | - | ±1 | - | ±5 | μA |
| | current | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | | | | | | • |
| BHL | bus hold | A or B port | <u>[3]</u> | | | | | |
| | LOW current | V _I = 0.49 V; | | 15 | - | 15 | - | μA |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.4 \text{ V}$ | | | | | | |
| | | V _I = 0.58 V; | | 25 | - | 25 | - | μΑ |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 V$ | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{I} = 0.70 V;$ | | 45 | - | 45 | - | μA |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 2.3 V$ | | 400 | | | | |
| | | V _I = 0.80 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 3.0 V | | 100 | - | 90 | - | μA |
| | bus hold | A or B port | [4] | | | | | |
| BHH | HIGH current | $V_1 = 0.91 V;$ | | -15 | - | -15 | - | ^ |
| | | $V_{\rm CC(A)} = V_{\rm CC(B)} = 1.4 \text{ V}$ | | -15 | - | -15 | - | μA |
| | | $V_{\rm I} = 1.07 \text{ V};$ | | -25 | - | -25 | _ | μA |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.65 V$ | | | | | | P |
| | | V _I = 1.60 V; | | -45 | - | -45 | - | μA |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 2.3 V$ | | | | | | |
| | | V _I = 2.00 V; | | -100 | - | -100 | - | μA |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ | | | | | | |
| BHLO | bus hold | A or B port | <u>[5]</u> | | | | | |
| | LOW overdrive | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.6 V$ | | 125 | - | 125 | - | μA |
| | current | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.95 V$ | | 200 | - | 200 | - | μA |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ | | 300 | - | 300 | - | μA |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.6 V$ | | 500 | - | 500 | - | μA |
| BHHO | bus hold | A or B port | <u>[6]</u> | | | | | |
| | HIGH | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.6 V$ | | -125 | - | -125 | - | μA |
| | overdrive current | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.95 V$ | | -200 | - | -200 | - | μA |
| | Garront | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 2.7 V$ | | -300 | - | -300 | - | μΑ |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.6 V$ | | -500 | - | -500 | - | μΑ |

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Table 8. Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | –40 °C t | o +85 °C | –40 °C to | Unit | |
|--|---------------------|---|-----|----------|----------|-----------|------|----|
| | | | | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| l _{oz} | OFF-state output | A or B port; $V_O = 0$ V or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.6$ V | [7] | - | ±5 | - | ±30 | μA |
| | current | suspend mode A port; $V_O = 0 V \text{ or } V_{CCO}; V_{CC(A)} = 3.6 V;$ $V_{CC(B)} = 0 V$ | [7] | - | ±5 | - | ±30 | μΑ |
| | | suspend mode B port; $V_O = 0 V \text{ or } V_{CCO}; V_{CC(A)} = 0 V;$ $V_{CC(B)} = 3.6 V$ | [7] | - | ±5 | - | ±30 | μΑ |
| I _{OFF} power-off leakage current | leakage | A port; V ₁ or V _O = 0 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V | | - | ±5 | - | ±30 | μΑ |
| | | B port; V ₁ or V _O = 0 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V | | - | ±5 | - | ±30 | μΑ |
| СС | supply | A port; $V_I = 0 V$ or V_{CCI} ; $I_O = 0 A$ | | | | | | |
| | current | $V_{CC(A)} = 0.8 V \text{ to } 3.6 V;$ $V_{CC(B)} = 0.8 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$ | | - | 10 | - | 55 | μA |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = 1.1 V \text{ to } 3.6 V;$ $V_{CC(B)} = 1.1 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$ | | - | 8 | - | 50 | μA |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = 3.6 \text{ V}; V_{CC(B)} = 0 \text{ V}$ | | - | 8 | - | 50 | μΑ |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = 0 V; V_{CC(B)} = 3.6 V$ | | -2 | - | -12 | - | μA |
| | | B port; $V_I = 0 V$ or V_{CCI} ; $I_O = 0 A$ | | | | | | |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = 0.8 V \text{ to } 3.6 V;$ $V_{CC(B)} = 0.8 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$ | | - | 10 | - | 55 | μA |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = 1.1 V \text{ to } 3.6 V;$ $V_{CC(B)} = 1.1 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$ | | - | 8 | - | 50 | μA |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = 3.6 \text{ V}; V_{CC(B)} = 0 \text{ V}$ | | -2 | - | -12 | - | μΑ |
| | | $V_{CC(A)} = 0 V; V_{CC(B)} = 3.6 V$ | | - | 8 | - | 50 | μA |
| | | A plus B port ($I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$); $I_{O} = 0 A$; $V_{I} = 0 V \text{ or } V_{CCI}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 0.8 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 0.8 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$ | | - | 20 | - | 70 | μΑ |
| | | A plus B port ($I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$); $I_{O} = 0$ A; $V_{I} = 0$ V or V_{CCI} ; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.1$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.1$ V to 3.6 V | | - | 16 | - | 65 | μΑ |

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[3] The bus hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at maximum V_{IL} . I_{BHL} should be measured after lowering V_I to GND and then raising it to maximum V_{IL} .

[4] The bus hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at minimum V_{IH}. I_{BHH} should be measured after raising V_I to V_{CC} and then lowering it to minimum V_{IH}.

[5] An external driver must source at least $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize BHLO}}$ to switch this node from LOW to HIGH.

[6] An external driver must sink at least I_{BHHO} to switch this node from HIGH to LOW.

[7] For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.

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4-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

| V _{CC(A)} | V _{CC(B)} | V _{CC(B)} | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----|--|--|
| | 0 V | 0.8 V | 1.2 V | 1.5 V | 1.8 V | 2.5 V | 3.3 V | | | |
| 0 V | 0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | μA | | |
| 0.8 V | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 1.6 | μA | | |
| 1.2 V | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.8 | μA | | |
| 1.5 V | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 | μA | | |
| 1.8 V | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | μA | | |
| 2.5 V | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | μA | | |
| 3.3 V | 0.1 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | μA | | |

Table 9. Typical total supply current (I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)})

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 10. Typical power dissipation capacitance at $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ and $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C } [1][2]$ Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | | V _{CC(A)} = | = V _{CC(B)} | | | Unit |
|--|-------------------------------|---|-------|-------|----------------------|----------------------|-------|-------|------|
| | | | 0.8 V | 1.2 V | 1.5 V | 1.8 V | 2.5 V | 3.3 V | |
| C _{PD} power dissipation capacitance | power dissipation capacitance | A port: (direction nAn to nBn); output enabled | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | pF |
| | | A port: (direction nAn to nBn); output disabled | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | pF |
| | | A port: (direction nBn to nAn); output enabled | 9.5 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 10.7 | 11.9 | pF |
| | | A port: (direction nBn to nAn); output disabled | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | pF |
| | | B port: (direction nAn to nBn); output enabled | 9.5 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 10.7 | 11.9 | pF |
| | | B port: (direction nAn to nBn); output disabled | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | pF |
| | | B port: (direction nBn to nAn); output enabled | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | pF |
| | | B port: (direction nBn to nAn); output disabled | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | pF |

[1] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μ W). $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ where:

 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times r_i \times N + \Sigma_i$ $f_i = input frequency in MHz;$

 $_{i}$ = input frequency in MHz;

 $f_o =$ output frequency in MHz;

 C_L = load capacitance in pF;

 V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}{}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.

4-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

| Symbol Parameter | Parameter | Conditions | V _{CC(B)} | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|----|--|
| | | 0.8 V | 1.2 V | 1.5 V | 1.8 V | 2.5 V | 3.3 V | | | |
| t _{pd} propagation delay | nAn to nBn | 14.5 | 7.3 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 6.0 | ns | | |
| | | nBn to nAn | 14.5 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.1 | 12.0 | ns | |
| t _{dis} | disable time | nOE to nAn | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 14.3 | ns | |
| | | nOE to nBn | 17.0 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 9.4 | 9.0 | 9.7 | ns | |
| t _{en} enable time | nOE to nAn | 18.2 | 18.2 | 18.2 | 18.2 | 18.2 | 18.2 | ns | | |
| | | nOE to nBn | 19.2 | 10.7 | 9.8 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 10.2 | ns | |

Table 11. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(A)} = 0.8 V$ and $T_{amb} = 25 \degree C$ [1] Voltages are referenced to GND (around = 0 V): for test circuit, see Figure 8: for wave forms, see Figure 6 and Figure 7

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} .

Table 12. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(B)} = 0.8$ V and $T_{amb} = 25$ °C [1]

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit, see Figure 8; for wave forms, see Figure 6 and Figure 7

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | V _{CC(A)} | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----|
| | | | 0.8 V | 1.2 V | 1.5 V | 1.8 V | 2.5 V | 3.3 V | |
| t _{pd} | t _{pd} propagation delay | nAn to nBn | 14.5 | 12.7 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.1 | 12.0 | ns |
| | | nBn to nAn | 14.5 | 7.3 | 6.5 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 6.0 | ns |
| t _{dis} | disable time | nOE to nAn | 14.3 | 5.5 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 3.5 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 17.0 | 13.8 | 13.4 | 13.1 | 12.9 | 12.7 | ns |
| t _{en} | enable time | nOE to nAn | 18.2 | 5.6 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 2.4 | 2.2 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 19.2 | 14.6 | 14.1 | 13.9 | 13.7 | 13.6 | ns |

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} .

4-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | V _{CC(B)} | | | | | | | | | Unit | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------|-------|---------|-----|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----|
| | | | 1.2 V ± 0.1 V | | 1.5 V | ± 0.1 V | - | : 0.15 V | 2.5 V : | ± 0.2 V | 3.3 V : | ± 0.3 V | - |
| | | | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | - |
| V _{CC(A)} = | 1.1 V to 1.3 V | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation | nAn to nBn | 0.5 | 9.4 | 0.5 | 7.1 | 0.5 | 6.2 | 0.5 | 5.2 | 0.5 | 5.1 | ns |
| | delay | nBn to nAn | 0.5 | 9.4 | 0.5 | 8.9 | 0.5 | 8.7 | 0.5 | 8.4 | 0.5 | 8.2 | ns |
| t _{dis} | disable time | nOE to nAn | 1.8 | 10.9 | 1.8 | 10.9 | 1.8 | 10.9 | 1.8 | 10.9 | 1.8 | 10.9 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.9 | 12.4 | 1.9 | 9.6 | 1.9 | 9.5 | 1.4 | 8.1 | 1.2 | 9.1 | ns |
| t _{en} | enable time | nOE to nAn | 1.4 | 12.8 | 1.4 | 12.8 | 1.4 | 12.8 | 1.4 | 12.8 | 1.4 | 12.8 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.1 | 13.3 | 1.1 | 10.0 | 1.1 | 8.9 | 1.0 | 7.9 | 1.0 | 7.7 | ns |
| $V_{CC(A)} =$ | 1.4 V to 1.6 V | | | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| t _{pd} | propagation | nAn to nBn | 0.3 | 8.9 | 0.3 | 6.3 | 0.3 | 5.2 | 0.3 | 4.2 | 0.3 | 4.2 | ns |
| | delay | nBn to nAn | 0.7 | 7.1 | 0.7 | 6.3 | 0.5 | 6.0 | 0.4 | 5.7 | 0.3 | 5.6 | ns |
| t _{dis} | disable time | n <mark>OE</mark> to nAn | 1.8 | 10.2 | 1.8 | 10.2 | 1.5 | 10.2 | 1.3 | 10.2 | 1.6 | 10.2 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.9 | 11.3 | 1.9 | 10.3 | 1.9 | 9.1 | 1.4 | 7.4 | 1.2 | 7.6 | ns |
| t _{en} | enable time | n <mark>OE</mark> to nAn | 1.1 | 9.4 | 1.4 | 9.4 | 1.1 | 9.4 | 0.7 | 9.4 | 0.4 | 9.4 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.4 | 12.1 | 1.4 | 9.6 | 1.1 | 7.7 | 0.9 | 5.8 | 0.9 | 5.6 | ns |
| V _{CC(A)} = | 1.65 V to 1.95 | V | | | | | | | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation delay | nAn to nBn | 0.1 | 8.7 | 0.1 | 6.0 | 0.1 | 4.9 | 0.1 | 3.9 | 0.3 | 3.9 | ns |
| | | nBn to nAn | 0.6 | 6.2 | 0.6 | 5.3 | 0.5 | 4.9 | 0.3 | 4.6 | 0.3 | 4.5 | ns |
| t _{dis} disa | disable time | nOE to nAn | 1.8 | 8.6 | 1.6 | 8.6 | 1.8 | 8.6 | 1.3 | 8.6 | 1.6 | 8.6 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.7 | 10.9 | 1.7 | 9.9 | 1.6 | 8.7 | 1.2 | 6.9 | 1.0 | 6.9 | ns |
| t _{en} | enable time | nOE to nAn | 1.0 | 7.2 | 1.0 | 7.2 | 1.0 | 7.2 | 0.6 | 7.2 | 0.4 | 7.2 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.2 | 11.7 | 1.2 | 9.2 | 1.0 | 7.4 | 0.8 | 5.3 | 0.8 | 4.6 | ns |
| V _{CC(A)} = | 2.3 V to 2.7 V | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation | nAn to nBn | 0.1 | 8.4 | 0.1 | 5.7 | 0.1 | 4.6 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 0.1 | 3.6 | ns |
| | delay | nBn to nAn | 0.6 | 5.2 | 0.6 | 4.2 | 0.4 | 3.9 | 0.2 | 3.4 | 0.2 | 3.3 | ns |
| t _{dis} | disable time | nOE to nAn | 1.0 | 6.2 | 1.0 | 6.2 | 1.0 | 6.2 | 1.0 | 6.2 | 1.0 | 6.2 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.5 | 10.4 | 1.5 | 8.8 | 1.3 | 8.2 | 1.1 | 6.2 | 0.9 | 5.2 | ns |
| t _{en} | enable time | n <mark>OE</mark> to nAn | 0.7 | 4.8 | 0.7 | 4.8 | 0.7 | 4.8 | 0.6 | 4.8 | 0.4 | 4.8 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 0.9 | 11.3 | 0.9 | 8.8 | 0.8 | 7.0 | 0.6 | 4.8 | 0.6 | 4.0 | ns |
| $V_{CC(A)} =$ | 3.0 V to 3.6 V | | | | | | | | | | | | _ |
| t _{pd} | propagation | nAn to nBn | 0.1 | 8.2 | 0.1 | 5.6 | 0.1 | 4.5 | 0.1 | 3.3 | 0.1 | 2.9 | ns |
| | delay | nBn to nAn | 0.6 | 5.1 | 0.6 | 4.2 | 0.4 | 3.4 | 0.2 | 3.0 | 0.1 | 2.8 | ns |
| t _{dis} | disable time | n <mark>OE</mark> to nAn | 0.7 | 5.6 | 0.7 | 5.6 | 0.7 | 5.6 | 0.7 | 5.6 | 0.7 | 5.6 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.4 | 10.2 | 1.4 | 9.3 | 1.2 | 8.1 | 1.0 | 6.4 | 0.8 | 6.2 | ns |
| t _{en} | enable time | n <mark>OE</mark> to nAn | 0.6 | 3.8 | 0.6 | 3.8 | 0.6 | 3.8 | 0.6 | 3.8 | 0.4 | 3.8 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 0.8 | 11.3 | 0.8 | 8.7 | 0.6 | 6.8 | 0.5 | 4.7 | 0.5 | 3.8 | ns |

Table 13. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +85 °C [1]Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit, see Figure 8; for wave forms, see Figure 6 and Figure 7.

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} .

4-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

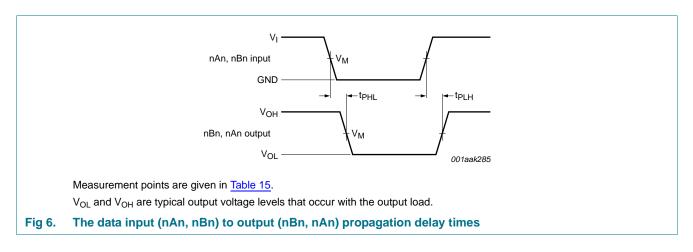
| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | | | | ٧c | C(B) | | | | | Unit |
|---------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| | | | 1.2 V : | ± 0.1 V | 1.5 V : | ± 0.1 V | | : 0.15 V | 2.5 V : | ± 0.2 V | 3.3 V : | ± 0.3 V | 1 |
| | | | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | _ |
| $V_{CC(A)} =$ | 1.1 V to 1.3 V | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation | nAn to nBn | 0.5 | 10.4 | 0.5 | 7.9 | 0.5 | 6.9 | 0.5 | 5.8 | 0.5 | 5.7 | ns |
| | delay | nBn to nAn | 0.5 | 10.4 | 0.5 | 9.8 | 0.5 | 9.6 | 0.5 | 9.3 | 0.5 | 9.1 | ns |
| t _{dis} | disable time | nOE to nAn | 1.8 | 12.0 | 1.8 | 12.0 | 1.8 | 12.0 | 1.8 | 12.0 | 1.8 | 12.0 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.9 | 13.7 | 1.9 | 10.6 | 1.9 | 10.5 | 1.4 | 9.0 | 1.2 | 10.1 | ns |
| t _{en} | enable time | nOE to nAn | 1.4 | 14.1 | 1.4 | 14.1 | 1.4 | 14.1 | 1.4 | 14.1 | 1.4 | 14.1 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.1 | 14.7 | 1.1 | 11.0 | 1.1 | 9.8 | 1.0 | 8.7 | 1.0 | 8.5 | ns |
| V _{CC(A)} = | 1.4 V to 1.6 V | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation | nAn to nBn | 0.3 | 9.8 | 0.3 | 7.0 | 0.3 | 5.8 | 0.3 | 4.7 | 0.3 | 4.7 | ns |
| | delay | nBn to nAn | 0.7 | 7.9 | 0.7 | 7.0 | 0.5 | 6.6 | 0.4 | 6.3 | 0.3 | 6.2 | ns |
| t _{dis} | disable time | nOE to nAn | 1.8 | 11.3 | 1.8 | 11.3 | 1.5 | 11.3 | 1.3 | 11.3 | 1.6 | 11.3 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.9 | 12.5 | 1.9 | 11.4 | 1.9 | 10.1 | 1.4 | 8.2 | 1.2 | 8.4 | ns |
| t _{en} | enable time | nOE to nAn | 1.1 | 10.4 | 1.4 | 10.4 | 1.1 | 10.4 | 0.7 | 10.4 | 0.4 | 10.4 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.4 | 13.3 | 1.4 | 10.6 | 1.1 | 8.5 | 0.9 | 6.4 | 0.9 | 6.2 | ns |
| V _{CC(A)} = | 1.65 V to 1.95 | V | | | | | | | | | | | |
| t _{pd} propag delay | propagation | nAn to nBn | 0.1 | 9.6 | 0.1 | 6.6 | 0.1 | 5.4 | 0.1 | 4.3 | 0.3 | 4.3 | ns |
| | delay | nBn to nAn | 0.6 | 6.9 | 0.6 | 5.9 | 0.5 | 5.4 | 0.3 | 5.1 | 0.3 | 5.0 | ns |
| t _{dis} d | disable time | n <mark>OE</mark> to nAn | 1.8 | 9.5 | 1.6 | 9.5 | 1.8 | 9.5 | 1.3 | 9.5 | 1.6 | 9.5 | ns |
| | | n <mark>OE</mark> to nBn | 1.7 | 12.0 | 1.7 | 10.9 | 1.6 | 9.6 | 1.2 | 7.6 | 1.0 | 7.6 | ns |
| t _{en} | enable time | nOE to nAn | 1.0 | 8.0 | 1.0 | 8.0 | 1.0 | 8.0 | 0.6 | 8.0 | 0.4 | 8.0 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.2 | 12.9 | 1.2 | 10.2 | 1.0 | 8.2 | 0.8 | 5.9 | 0.8 | 5.1 | ns |
| V _{CC(A)} = | 2.3 V to 2.7 V | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation | nAn to nBn | 0.1 | 9.3 | 0.1 | 6.3 | 0.1 | 5.1 | 0.2 | 4.0 | 0.1 | 4.0 | ns |
| | delay | nBn to nAn | 0.6 | 5.8 | 0.6 | 4.7 | 0.4 | 4.3 | 0.2 | 3.9 | 0.2 | 3.8 | ns |
| t _{dis} | disable time | n <mark>OE</mark> to nAn | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.0 | 6.9 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.5 | 11.5 | 1.5 | 10.4 | 1.3 | 9.1 | 1.1 | 6.9 | 0.9 | 5.8 | ns |
| t _{en} | enable time | nOE to nAn | 0.7 | 5.3 | 0.7 | 5.3 | 0.7 | 5.3 | 0.6 | 5.3 | 0.4 | 5.3 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 0.9 | 12.4 | 0.9 | 9.7 | 0.8 | 7.7 | 0.6 | 5.3 | 0.6 | 4.4 | ns |
| V _{CC(A)} = | 3.0 V to 3.6 V | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| t _{pd} | propagation | nAn to nBn | 0.1 | 9.1 | 0.1 | 6.2 | 0.1 | 5.0 | 0.1 | 3.8 | 0.1 | 3.3 | ns |
| | delay | nBn to nAn | 0.6 | 5.7 | 0.6 | 4.7 | 0.4 | 3.9 | 0.2 | 3.4 | 0.1 | 3.3 | ns |
| t _{dis} | disable time | nOE to nAn | 0.7 | 6.2 | 0.7 | 6.2 | 0.7 | 6.2 | 0.7 | 6.2 | 0.7 | 6.2 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 1.4 | 11.3 | 1.4 | 10.3 | 1.2 | 9.0 | 1.0 | 7.1 | 0.8 | 6.9 | ns |
| t _{en} | enable time | nOE to nAn | 0.6 | 4.2 | 0.6 | 4.2 | 0.6 | 4.2 | 0.6 | 4.2 | 0.4 | 4.2 | ns |
| | | nOE to nBn | 0.8 | 12.4 | 0.8 | 9.6 | 0.6 | 7.5 | 0.5 | 5.2 | 0.5 | 4.2 | ns |

Table 14. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range -40 °C to +125 °C 11Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0.01); for test circuit, see Figure 8: for wave forms, see Figure 6 and Figure 7.

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} .

4-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

12. Waveforms



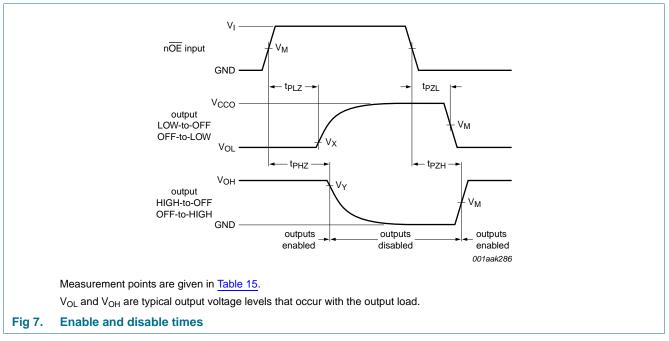


Table 15. Measurement points

| Supply voltage | Input ^[1] | Output ^[2] | | |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} | V _M | V _M | V _X | V _Y |
| 0.8 V to 1.6 V | 0.5V _{CCI} | 0.5V _{CCO} | V _{OL} + 0.1 V | V _{OH} – 0.1 V |
| 1.65 V to 2.7 V | 0.5V _{CCI} | 0.5V _{CCO} | V _{OL} + 0.15 V | V _{OH} – 0.15 V |
| 3.0 V to 3.6 V | 0.5V _{CCI} | 0.5V _{CCO} | V _{OL} + 0.3 V | V _{OH} – 0.3 V |

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

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4-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

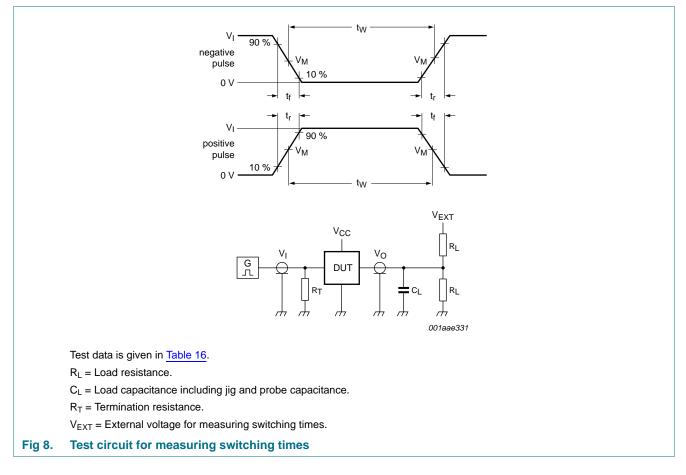


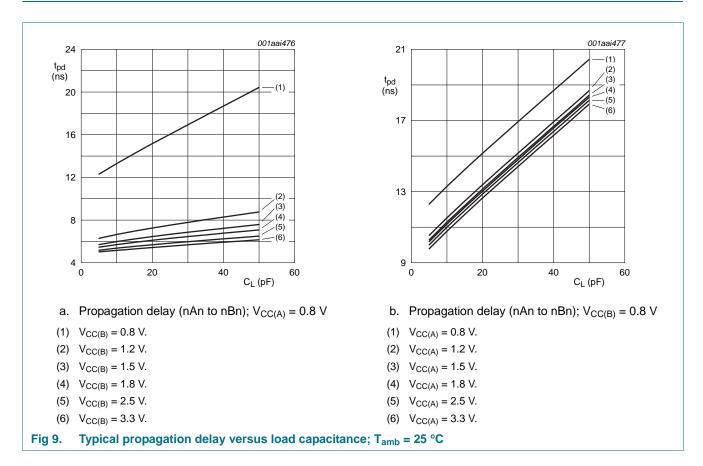
Table 16. Test data

| Supply voltage | Input | | Load | | V _{EXT} | | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|-------|------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| V _{CC(A)} , V _{CC(B)} | V _I [1] | ∆t/∆V ^[2] | CL | RL | t _{PLH} , t _{PHL} | t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ} | t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ^[3]} |
| 0.8 V to 1.6 V | V _{CCI} | \leq 1.0 ns/V | 15 pF | 2 kΩ | open | GND | 2V _{CCO} |
| 1.65 V to 2.7 V | V _{CCI} | \leq 1.0 ns/V | 15 pF | 2 kΩ | open | GND | 2V _{CCO} |
| 3.0 V to 3.6 V | V _{CCI} | \leq 1.0 ns/V | 15 pF | 2 kΩ | open | GND | 2V _{CCO} |

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[3] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

4-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

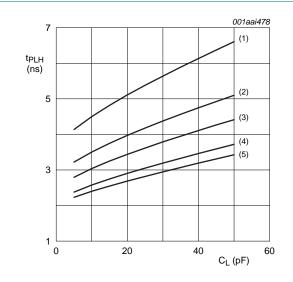


13. Typical propagation delay characteristics

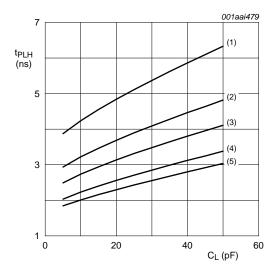
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74AVCH4T245-Q100

4-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

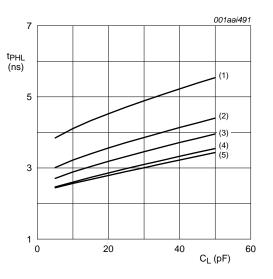


a. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn); $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.2 V

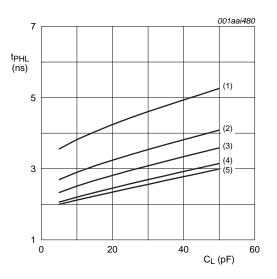


- c. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn); $V_{CC(A)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$
- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V.
- (2) V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 V.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$ V.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 V.$
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 V.$

Fig 10. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; T_{amb} = 25 °C



b. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (nAn to nBn); $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$

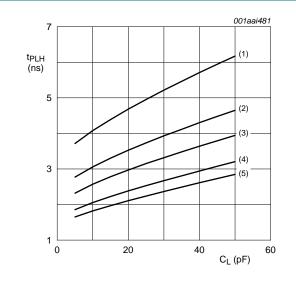


d. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (nAn to nBn); $V_{CC(A)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$

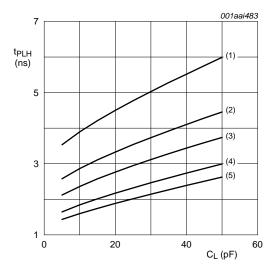
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4-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

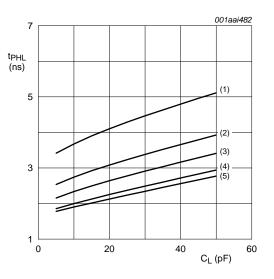


a. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn); $V_{CC(A)}$ = 1.8 V

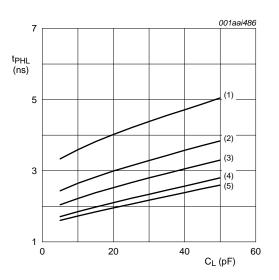


- c. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn); $V_{CC(A)}$ = 2.5 V
- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$ V.
- (2) V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 V.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$ V.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 V.$
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 V.$

Fig 11. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$



b. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (nAn to nBn); $V_{CC(A)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$

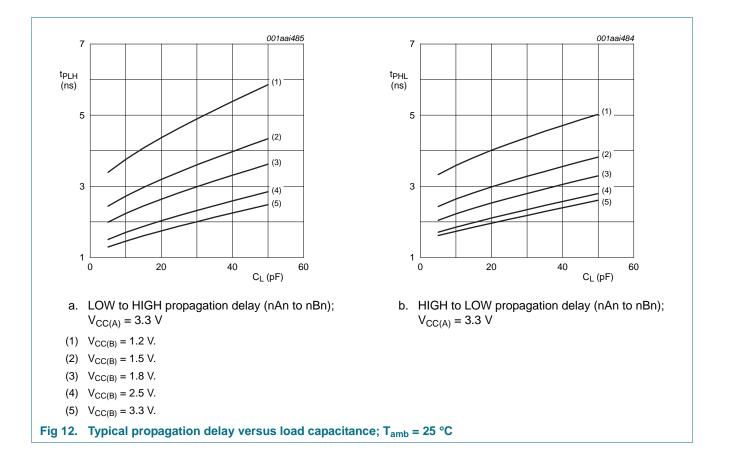


d. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (nAn to nBn); $V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$

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14. Package outline

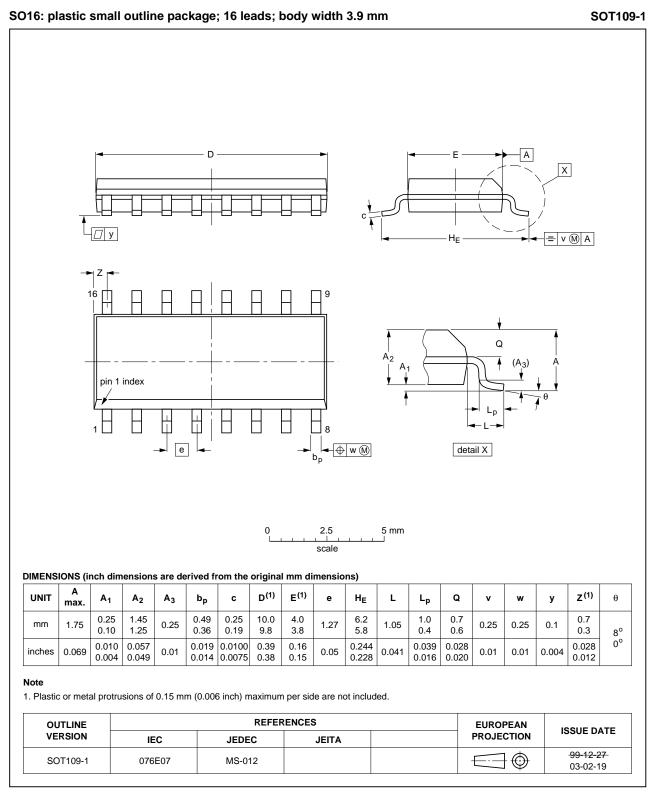


Fig 13. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

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Product data sheet

All information

4-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

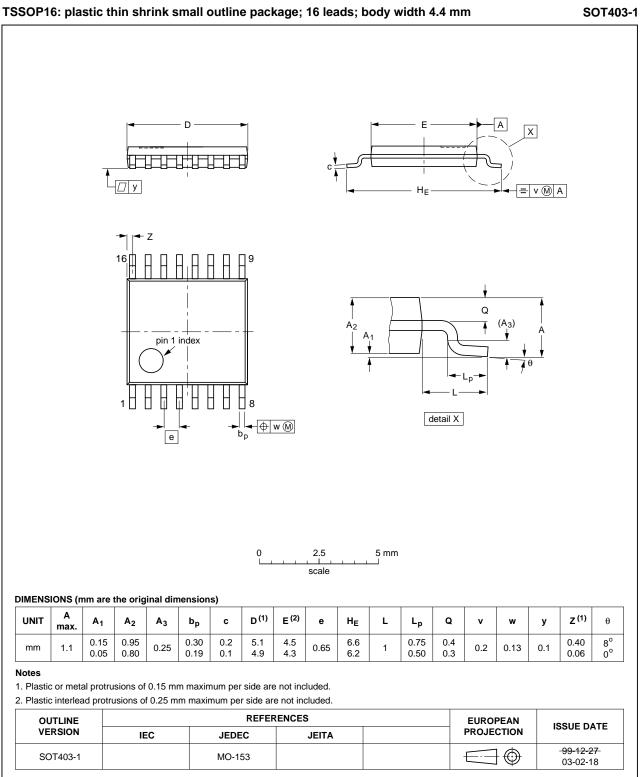
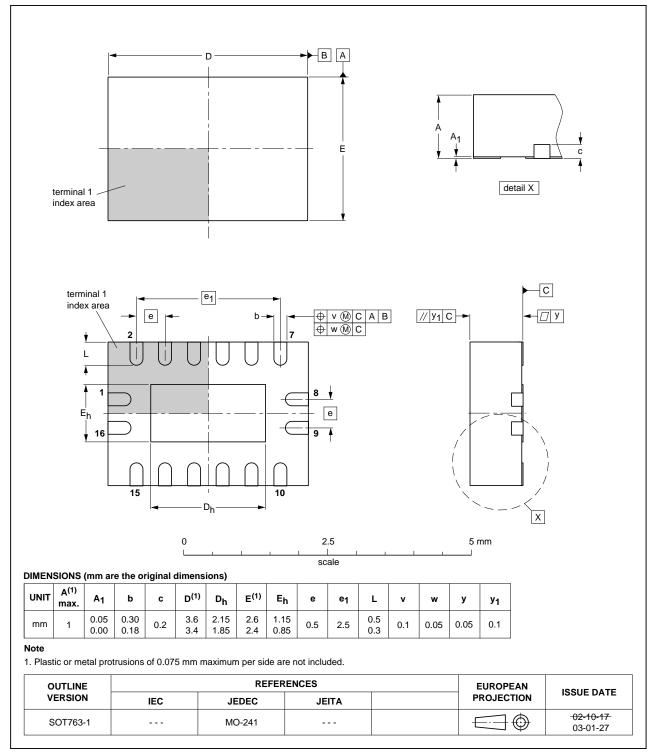


Fig 14. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

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4-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state



DHVQFN16: plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 2.5 x 3.5 x 0.85 mm SOT763-1

Fig 15. Package outline SOT763-1 (DHVQFN16)

74AVCH4T245_Q100 Product data sheet

4-bit dual supply translating transceiver; 3-state

15. Abbreviations

| Table 17. Abbreviations | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Acronym | Description | | | | |
| CDM | Charged Device Model | | | | |
| DUT | Device Under Test | | | | |
| ESD | ElectroStatic Discharge | | | | |
| HBM | Human Body Model | | | | |
| MM | Machine Model | | | | |
| MIL | Military | | | | |

16. Revision history

Table 18. Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Supersedes | |
|---|--------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------------|--|
| 74AVCH4T245_Q100 v.2 | 20151217 | Product data sheet | - | 74AVCH4T245_Q100 v.1 | |
| Modifications: • Table 5: conditions I _{CC} and I _{GND} changed (errata). | | | | | |
| 74AVCH4T245_Q100 v.1 | 20130916 | Product data sheet | - | - | |

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17.1 Data sheet status

| Document status[1][2] | Product status ^[3] | Definition |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Objective [short] data sheet | Development | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification | This document contains data from the preliminary specification. |
| Product [short] data sheet | Production | This document contains the product specification. |

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nexperia.com.

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