FNP1500/1800 AC-DC Power Supply FNR-3-12G/FNR-3-48G Power Shelves

The FNP1500/1800 front-ends are power-factorcorrected (PFC) which (depending on model type) provide a 12 VDC or 48 VDC (1500 or 1800 watt) output, and can be used in hot-swap redundant systems. Their very small dimensions allow configuration of up to three units in a 1 U rack. The FNP front-ends have a front-mounted AC receptacle. The highly efficient thermal design with internal-fan cooling permits their use over wide temperature ranges and provides very high reliability.

Status information is provided with front panel LEDs, logic signals, and via an $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ management interface. In addition, the $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ bus can enable the power supply, set high fan speed, adjust the output voltage, and set the output current limit. The FNP1500/1800's meet international safety standards and display the CE-Mark for the European Low Voltage Directive (LVD).

FNR-3-12G and FNR-3-48G power-shelf solutions provide rectification, system management, and power distribution, while maintaining high reliability and offering flexibility for future expansion. The power shelves can be configured with up to three hot-swappable 1500 or 1800-watt AC-DC frontends.

Applications

- Telecom
- Datacom
- Servers
- Distributed power systems


## Model Selection

| MODEL | $\begin{gathered} \text { INPUT VOLTAGE } \\ \text { VAC } \\ \text { AUTO SELECTED }{ }^{1} \end{gathered}$ | OUTPUT 1 |  | OUTPUT 2 |  | RATED POWER W | COMPATIBLE SHELF ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $V_{01 \text { nom }}$ VDC | lo1 max ADC | $V_{\text {o2 nom }}$ VDC | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{or} \text { max }} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| FNP1500-12G ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} 108-264 \\ 85-105 \end{gathered}$ | $12$ | $\begin{gathered} 129 @ 11.64 \mathrm{~V} \\ 101.8 @ 11.78 \mathrm{~A} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $1512$ | FNR-3-12G |
| FNP1500-48G | $\begin{gathered} 105-264 \\ 85-105 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32.2 \\ & 25.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1512 \\ & 1212 \end{aligned}$ | FNR-3-48G |
| FNP1800-48G | $180-264$ $105-180$ $85-105$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48 \\ & 48 \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ | 39.2 32.2 25.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 1812 1512 1212 | FNR-3-48G |

${ }^{1}$ The available output power is automatically adjusted depending on the input voltage.
${ }^{2} 1$ U standard racks are available from Bel Power Solutions. See the Rack (Power Shelf) section of this data sheet for configurations and details.
${ }^{3}$ Not recommended for new design.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stress in excess of the absolute maximum ratings may cause performance degradation, adversely affect long-term reliability, or cause permanent damage to the converter.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage | Continuous <br> Transient, 60 ms max. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 264 \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VAC } \\ & \text { VAC } \end{aligned}$ |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | $V_{\text {min }}-V_{\text {Imax }}$, $l_{\text {nom }}$, cooling by internal fan <br> @ 100 \% load <br> @ 50 \% load | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| Storage Temperature | Non-Operating | -40 | 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Input Specifications

Specification is valid for input voltage, load, and temperature ranges, unless otherwise stated.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage |  | 85 | 230 | 264 | VAC |
| Input Frequency |  | 47 | 50/60 | 63 | Hz |
| Turn-On Input Voltage | Ramping up | 79 |  | 85 | VAC |
| Turn-Off Input Voltage | Ramping down | 70 |  | 78 | VAC |
| Inrush Current Limitation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 115/230 VAC acc. ETS } 300 \text { 132-1 } \\ & \text { < } 100 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 50 | $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{pk}}$ |
| Hold-Up Time | After last AC line peak, $V_{\mathrm{i}}=230 \mathrm{VAC}, P_{\text {o nom }}$ | 20 |  |  | ms |
| Power Factor | $V$ inom, lo nom | 0.95 |  |  | W/VA |
| Efficiency | $V_{i}=230 \mathrm{VAC}, 1_{\text {nom, }}, T_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $89^{1}$ | 90 |  | \% |
| Max Input Current |  |  |  | 20 | Arms |
| Input Connector | 16A - 20 A / 250 VAC; according to IEC320 C19 |  |  |  |  |

[^0]
## Output Specifications - FNP1500-12G Model

Specification is valid for input voltage, load, and temperature ranges, unless otherwise stated.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal Output Voltage | $\mathrm{l}_{0}=64.5 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 12 |  | VDC |
| Output Voltage Set Point Accuracy | $V_{1}=230 \mathrm{VAC}, l_{01}=65.5 \mathrm{~A}, T_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> (Factory setting) | $\begin{aligned} & 11.93 \\ & -0.42 \end{aligned}$ | 12 | $\begin{aligned} & 12.05 \\ & +0.42 \end{aligned}$ | VDC $\% V_{01 \text { nom }}$ |
| Output Voltage Trimming | Adjustable via ${ }^{2}{ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ ( $\left.V_{01 \text { set }}\right)$ <br> Adjustable via Margin pin (R input) | $\begin{gathered} 7 \\ 6.2 \end{gathered}$ | 12 | $\begin{aligned} & 13^{1} \\ & V_{01} \text { set } \end{aligned}$ | VDC <br> VDC |
| Nominal Current Output 1 | $\begin{aligned} & L_{1 \text { nom }} @ V_{i}=108 \text { VAC }-264 \text { VAC, } P_{o} 1.5 \mathrm{~kW} \\ & L_{01 \text { nom }} @ V_{\mathrm{i}}=85 \mathrm{VAC}-105 \mathrm{VAC}, \quad P_{o} 1.2 \mathrm{~kW} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 129.0 \\ & 101.8 \end{aligned}$ | 129.0 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ADC } \\ & \text { ADC } \end{aligned}$ |
| Current Limit Output 1 | $\mathrm{l}_{01 \text { max }} @ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{K}}=108$ VAC -264 VAC droop hiccup $\mathrm{l}_{01 \text { max }}$ @ $V_{\mathrm{l}}=85$ VAC -105 VAC droop hiccup |  | $\begin{aligned} & 147.4 \\ & 120.2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ADC } \\ & \text { ADC } \end{aligned}$ |
| Nominal Current Output 2 | lo2 nom@ Vi = $85 \mathrm{VAC}-265 \mathrm{VAC}, P_{0} 12 \mathrm{~W}$ |  | 1.0 | 1.0 | ADC |
| Current Limit Output 2 | $\mathrm{l}_{0}$ max @ $V_{\mathrm{i}}=85 \mathrm{VAC}-265 \mathrm{VAC}$ |  | 1.5 |  | ADC |
| Static Line Regulation Output 1 | $V_{\text {imin }}-V_{\text {imax }}, 50 \% I_{\text {onom }}, \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -0.5 |  | 0.5 | \% Vonom |
| Static Load Regulation Output 1 (Droop Characteristic) | $V_{\mathrm{i}}=230 \mathrm{~V}, 5-100 \% / \mathrm{onom}$ <br> Full load to no load $[0 . .129 \mathrm{~A}]$ at $V_{0}$ set $=12 \mathrm{~V}$ $\mathrm{dV}_{\mathrm{o} 1}$ over the setting range [7 to 13 V ] | $\begin{aligned} & 11.64 \\ & -0.36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -5.58 \\ 12 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12.36 \\ & +0.36 \end{aligned}$ | mV/A <br> VDC <br> VDC |
| Static Load Regulation Output 2 <br> (Droop Characteristic) | Full load to no load @ Vi = 85 VAC - 265 VAC |  | 0.4 |  | VDC |
|  | Load change $50 \% \leftrightarrow 100 \% I_{\text {o nom }}, \mathrm{dl} / \mathrm{ddt}_{0}=1 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ Voltage deviation (droop + over- or undershoot) |  |  |  |  |
| Dynamic Load Regulation |  | -2 |  | 2 | $\% V_{\text {onom }}$ |
|  | Max. recovery time to within $1 \%$ of $V_{01 \text { nom }}$ |  |  | 400 | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| Current Share | Difference in current between two units for $V_{01}$ above 10 \% load. |  | 12.9 |  | ADC |
| Start-Up Time | Time required for output within regulation after initial application of AC-input ( $V_{\text {inom, }} I_{\text {o nom }}$ ) <br> after removal of inhibit ( $V_{\text {nom }}$, lonom) |  | 100 | 1.5 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{s} \\ \mathrm{~ms} \end{gathered}$ |
| Output Voltage Ripple and Noise (Filter 10nf/10 1 f) | $V_{\text {inom, }}$, Io nom, 20 MHz bandwidth $V_{01}$ $V_{02}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 120 \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mV}_{\mathrm{pp}} \\ & \mathrm{mV} \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}} \end{aligned}$ |
| Remote Sense | Total compensation for cable losses |  |  | 500 | mV |

## Output Specifications - 48Vout Models

Specification is valid for input voltage, load, and temperature ranges, unless otherwise stated.

| PARAMETER |  | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal output voltage Vo1 |  | $\mathrm{l}_{0}=16.1 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 48 |  | VDC |
| Nominal output voltage Vo2 |  | $10=0.5 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 12 |  | VDC |
| Output voltage set point accuracy |  | $\begin{aligned} & V_{1}=230 \mathrm{VAC}, L_{01}=16.1 \mathrm{~A}, T_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & (47.8-48.2 \mathrm{VDC}) \end{aligned}$ | -0.5 |  | +0.5 | \% Vo1nom |
| Output voltage trimming (via $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ or with external resistor) |  | Adjustable (44.16 to 51.84 VDC) | -8 |  | +8 | \% $V_{01 \text { nom }}$ |
| Nominal current output 1 | FNP1500-48G | Iot nom @ $V_{i}=105 \mathrm{VAC}-264 \mathrm{VAC}, P_{0} 1.5 \mathrm{~kW}$ $\mathrm{l}_{01 \text { nom }}$ @ $V_{i}=85 \mathrm{VAC}-105 \mathrm{VAC}, P_{0} 1.2 \mathrm{~kW}$ |  | 32.2 25.4 |  | ADC |
|  |  | Lot nom@ $\mathrm{V}_{1}=180 \mathrm{VAC}-264 \mathrm{VAC}, P_{0} 1.8 \mathrm{~kW}$ |  | 39.2 |  | ADC |
|  | FNP1800-48G | lot nom@ $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{i}}=105 \mathrm{VAC}-180$ VAC, $P_{0} 1.5 \mathrm{~kW}$ |  | 32.2 | 39.2 | ADC |
|  |  | loinom@ $V_{i}=85$ VAC - $105 \mathrm{VAC}, P_{o} 1.2 \mathrm{~kW}$ |  | 25.4 |  | ADC |
| Current limit output 1 | FNP1500-48G | $\mathrm{lo1}_{\text {max }}$ @ $V_{\mathrm{i}}=105 \mathrm{VAC}-264$ VAC droop hiccup |  | 36.8 |  | ADC |
|  |  | 101 max @ $V_{i}=85$ VAC - 105 VAC droop hiccup |  | 30 |  | ADC |
|  | FNP1800-48G | 101 max @ $V_{\text {l }}=180$ VAC - 264 VAC droop hiccup |  | 43.8 |  | ADC |
|  |  | 101 max @ $V_{\text {i }}=105$ VAC - 180 VAC droop hiccup |  | 36.8 |  | ADC |
|  |  | lo1 max @ $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{i}}=85 \mathrm{VAC}-105 \mathrm{VAC}$ droop hiccup |  | 30 |  | ADC |
| Nominal current output 2 |  | lo2 nom @ Vi = $85 \mathrm{VAC}-264 \mathrm{VAC}, P_{0} 12 \mathrm{~W}$ |  | 1.0 | 1.0 | ADC |
| Current limit output 2 |  | $102_{\text {max }} @ V_{1}=85 \mathrm{VAC}-264$ VAC |  | 1.5 |  | ADC |
| Static line regulation output 1 |  | $V_{\text {imin }}-V_{\text {imax }}, 50 \% l_{\text {onom }}$ | -0.5 |  | 0.5 | \% $V_{\text {onom }}$ |
| Static load regulation output 1 (droop characteristic) | FNP1500-48G | $\begin{aligned} & V_{1}=230 \mathrm{~V}, 5-100 \% \text { lo nom } \\ & V_{0}: \text { full load ( } 32.2 \text { ADC) to no load } \end{aligned}$ | 46.54 | $\begin{gathered} 90.1 \\ 48 \end{gathered}$ | 49.44 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{A} \\ & \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | FNP1800-48G | $V_{1}=230 \mathrm{~V}, 5-100 \% \mathrm{lonom}$ <br> $V_{0}$ : full load (32.2 ADC) to no load | 45.91 | $\begin{gathered} 90.1 \\ 48 \end{gathered}$ | 49.44 | mV/A VDC |
| Static load regulation output 2 (droop characteristic) |  | $\begin{aligned} & V_{1}=230 \mathrm{~V}, 5-100 \% \text { Io nom } \\ & V_{0} \text { : full load ( } 32.2 \text { ADC) to no load } \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.4 |  | VDC |
| Dynamic load regulation | FNP1500-48G | Load change $50 \% \leftrightarrow 100 \%$ Io nom, $\mathrm{dl}_{0} / \mathrm{dt}=1 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{S}$ Voltage deviation (droop + over- or undershoot) |  |  |  | \% $V_{\text {onom }}$ |
|  |  |  | -5 |  | 5 | \% $V_{\text {onom }}$ |
|  | FNP1800-48G |  | -5.7 |  | 5.7 | \% $V_{\text {onom }}$ |
|  | All models | Max. recovery time to within $1 \%$ of $V_{01 \text { nom }}$ |  |  | 400 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  |  | Difference in current between two units for $V_{01}$ above 10 \% load. |  |  |  |  |
| Current Share | FNP1500-48G |  |  |  | 3.2 | ADC |
|  | FNP1800-48G |  |  |  | 3.9 | ADC |
| Start-up time |  | Time required for output within regulation after initial application of AC-input ( $V_{\text {inom }}, I_{\text {o nom }}$ ) after removal of inhibit ( $V_{\text {inom }}$, Io nom) |  | 100 | 1.5 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{s} \\ \mathrm{~ms} \end{gathered}$ |
| Output voltage ripple and noise (Filter $10 \mathrm{nF} / 10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) |  | $V_{\text {inom, }} l_{\text {o nom, }} 20 \mathrm{MHz}$ bandwidth $V_{01}$ <br> Vo2 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 480 \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mV}_{\mathrm{pp}} \\ & \mathrm{mV}_{\mathrm{pp}} \end{aligned}$ |
| Remote sense |  | Total compensation for cable losses |  |  | 500 | mV |

Protection

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS/DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input fuse | Not user accessible | 25A, fast blow |  |  |  |
| Inrush current limitation |  | With NTCs |  |  |  |
| Output |  | No-load -, short circuit - and overload proof |  |  |  |
| Overvoltage protection latching ${ }^{1}$ | Tracking <br> Absolute for 48 V models Absolute for 12 V models | 115 |  | $\begin{gathered} 122 \\ 59.5 \\ 16.85 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \begin{array}{c} V_{\text {o nom }} \\ \\ \\ V \end{array} \end{gathered}$ |
| Overtemperature protection | Automatic power shutdown at $T_{c}$ |  | 95 |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

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## Control

Specification is valid for input voltage, load, and temperature ranges, unless otherwise stated.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: |
| Status Indication | LEDs: DC OK (green), AC OK (green); fan fail and overtemperature (amber) |
| $1^{2} \mathrm{C}$ Digital Bus | Monitors alarm functions and sets parameters |
| PS Present Pin | Contact closure to logic ground ( internal pull-down resistor of $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ) |
| PS Remote Shutdown / Inhibit Pin | TTL compatible signal, inhibited when open contact, high or at TTL logic " 1 ". Signal referenced to logic return (LRTN) |
| Power Supply OK ( $\left.{ }^{2} \mathrm{C}\right)^{1}$ | AC OK \& DC OK \& no overcurrent \& no overtemperature \& fans working |
| DC Current Fail ( $\left.1^{2} \mathrm{C}\right)^{1}$ | Overcurrent on $/ 01$ |
| AC Fail / Power Down Warning $\left(I^{2} \mathrm{C} \text { \& OC) }\right)^{2}$ | Provides a warning that the input power has failed at least 5 ms before the output falls out of regulation ( $<90 \% \mathrm{~V}_{01}$ set). <br> Open collector signal with 20 mA pull-down capability, referenced to logic return (LRTN). <br> AC fail will go high or open during power fail condition and will go low when input is within the operating range. <br> A Power Fail warning will turn off the green AC OK LED. |
| DC fail / Output Voltage Fault $\left(I^{2} \mathrm{C} \text { \& OC) }\right)^{2}$ | Internal undervoltage and overvoltage supervision of $V_{01}$. <br> Open collector signal with 20 mA pull-down capability, referenced to logic return (LRTN). <br> DC fail will go high or open if $V_{01}$ is $<90 \%$ or $>110 \%$ of $V_{01 \text { set, }}$, measured in front of the ORing FETs. <br> A green LED on the front panel indicates normal operation. <br> The LED will flash if in parallel operation $V_{01}$ is OK , but the unit is disabled. |
| Temperature Warning ( ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ \& OC) ${ }^{2}$ | $I^{2} C$ critical temperature warning: Indicates that the operating temperature has reached [ $\left.T_{\text {shut-down }}-10 \mathrm{~K}\right]$ $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ \& $O C$ overtemperature warning: Indicates if the unit is in overtemperature shutdown. Open collector signal with 20 mA pull-down capability, referenced to logic return (LRTN). <br> The OC-output will go low 100 ms before an overtemperature condition shuts down the unit. An amber LED on the front panel indicates overtemperature or fan fail. |
| DC Voltage Monitoring ( $\left.{ }^{2} \mathrm{C}\right)^{1}$ | Monitors the voltage $V_{01}$ at the output connector. <br> Accuracy $\pm 0.45 \mathrm{~V}$ over setting range, temperature and load. |
| DC Current Monitoring ( $\left.I^{2} \mathrm{C}\right)^{1}$ | Monitors the output current $I_{01}$ : Accuracy $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~A}$ over the load range. |
| DC Voltage Trimming $\left({ }^{2} \mathrm{C}\right.$ or external resistor) ${ }^{1}$ | Output voltage trimming $V_{01}: \pm 8 \%$ of $V_{0 \text { set }}$ <br> Setting accuracy over $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}: \pm 50 \mathrm{mV}$ at Vo nom, $\pm 150 \mathrm{mV}$ over setting range |
| Fan speed control ( $\left.{ }^{2} \mathrm{C}\right)^{1}$ | Two fan speed levels automatically set depending on the internal temperature. The fan speed can be set to full speed or automatic control. |
| Fan OK ( ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ \& OC) $)^{2}$ | Indicates if the fans are operating or have failed. |
| Synch. Startup Pin | Overcurrent signal which can be used for synchronous startup of units in parallel or to recover from an overload condition. (See application note). |

Environmental, Mechanical, \& Reliability Specifications

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Altitude | Operating <br> Non-Operating |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{k} \\ & 40 \mathrm{k} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ASL Ft. } \\ & \text { ASL Ft. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Relative Humidity, Non-Condensing | Operating | 10 |  | 90 | \% RH |
|  | Storage | 5 |  | 95 | \% RH |
| Temperature Coefficient | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (after 15 min warm-up) |  |  | 0.02 | \%/K |
| Shock | IEC/EN 60068-2-27, 11 ms |  |  | 40 | gpk |
| Sinusoidal Vibration | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IEC/EN 60068-2-6 } \\ & 2-8 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 8-200 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ & 200-500 \mathrm{~Hz} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 7.5 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { mil } \\ & g_{\mathrm{pk}} \\ & \mathrm{~g}_{\mathrm{pk}} \end{aligned}$ |
| Random Vibration | $10-2000 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  | 6.15 |  | grms |
| MTBF | Calculated per Bellcore (SR-332, Issue 1): <br> GB $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> GB $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (FNP1500-12G) <br> Demonstrated | $\begin{aligned} & 230 \\ & \text { TBD } \\ & 250 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { kh } \\ & \text { kh } \\ & \text { kh } \end{aligned}$ |

## FNP1500/FNP1800

## Safety Specifications

Maximum electric strength testing is performed in the factory according to EN 550116, IEC/EN 60950, and UL 60950. Input-to-output electric strength tests should not be repeated in the field. Bel Power Solutions will not honor any warranty claims resulting from electric strength field tests.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency Approvals | UL60950, (UL) CSA 60950 (cUL), EN 60950(TÜV), CE Mark for LVD |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation Safety Rating | Input to case Input to output Output to case |  | Basic <br> Reinforced <br> Functional |  |  |
| Electric Strength Test Voltage | Input to case Input to output Output to case Output 1 to output 2 | $\begin{gathered} 2121 \\ 4242^{1} \\ 500 \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | VDC |

${ }^{1}$ Subassemblies are pre-tested with 4.2 kVDC in accordance with EN50116 and IEC/EN60950.

## EMC Specifications

| PARAMETER | DESCRIPTION | CRITERION |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Electrostatic Discharge | IEC/EN 61000-4-2, level 4 | Performance criterion B |
| Electromagnetic Field | IEC/EN 61000-4-3, level 3 | Performance criterion A |
| Electrical Fast Transients/Burst | IEC/EN 61000-4-4, level 3 | Performance criterion B |
| Surge | IEC/EN 61000-4-5, level 3 | Performance criterion B |
| Voltage Dips and Interruptions | IEC/EN 61000-4-11 | Performance criterion B or better |
| RF Conducted Immunity | IEC/EN 61000-4-6 | 10 VAC, AM $80 \%, 1 \mathrm{kHz}$ |
| Emissions Conducted | CISPR 22/EN 55022/EN 61204 | Performance criterion A |
| Emissions Radiated | CISPR 22/EN 55022/EN 61204 | Class B |
| Harmonics | IEC/EN 61000-3-2 | Class B |
| Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker | IEC/EN 61000-3-3 | Pass |
| Voltage Sag | SEMI F47-0200 (High Line 230V) | Pass |

## Output Connector Pinning and Signal Specification

| OUTPUT CONNECTOR DESCRIPTION | $\begin{gathered} \text { PIN } \\ \text { LOCATION } \end{gathered}$ | TYPE | LOW LEVEL HIGH LEVEL | $V_{\text {MAX }}$ Imax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Overtemperature / Fan Fail | U1 | OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a $10 \Omega$ resistor in series, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{gathered} <0.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ \text { Pull up } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| AC Fail / Power down warning | U2 | OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a $10 \Omega$ resistor in series, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{gathered} <0.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ \text { Pull up } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Power Supply Present | U3 | Resistor (1 k $\Omega$ ) connected to logic GND | Open <br> Pull up | $\begin{gathered} 10 \mathrm{~V} \\ 10 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| DC Fail / Output voltage fault | U4 | OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a $10 \Omega$ resistor in series, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{gathered} <0.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ \text { Pull up } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Internal ground | U5 | Internal ground ( $\mathrm{V}_{01}$ - line before the output filter). Do not connect the internal grounds in systems with several units. |  |  |
| ADDRO, ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ address bus | T1 | DIP switch or wire to internal ground, Internally pull up to 5 V ( $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ). | Switch closed Switch open | 5V |
| ADDR1, ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ address bus | T2 | DIP switch or wire to internal ground, Internally pull up to $5 \mathrm{~V}(10 \mathrm{k} \Omega)$. | Switch closed Switch open | 5 V |
| ADDR2, ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ address bus | T3 | DIP switch or wire to internal ground, Internally pull up to $5 \mathrm{~V}(10 \mathrm{k} \Omega)$. | Switch closed Switch open | 5 V |
| ADDR3, ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ address bus | T4 | DIP switch or wire to internal ground, Internally pull up to 5 V ( $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ). | Switch closed Switch open | 5 V |
| ADDR4, ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ address bus | T5 | DIP switch or wire to internal ground, Internally pull up to $5 \mathrm{~V}(10 \mathrm{k} \Omega)$. | Switch closed Switch open | 5 V |

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## FNP1500/FNP1800

| DATA, $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ data line | S1 | $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ compatible signal referenced to logic GND | 5 V or 3.3 V logic |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLOCK, ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ c clock line | S2 | $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ compatible signal referenced to logic GND | 5 V or 3.3 V logic |  |
| $V_{\text {o2 }}+$ output | S3 | Auxiliary power pin, insulated from main output |  |  |
| $V_{\text {o2 }}$ - output | S4 | Auxiliary ground pin, insulated from main output |  |  |
| Logic ground | S5 | Internally connected over $10 \Omega$ to Auxiliary GND. Wire separately form Auxiliary - and main output GND to minimize noise on signals and $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$. Leave open if not used. |  |  |
| Output inhibit | R1 | PS active when pulled low (DC-DC stage off when left open) Referenced to logic GND | $\begin{aligned} & <0.8 \mathrm{~V} \\ & >2.0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \mathrm{~V} \\ 3.5 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| $\checkmark$ sense + | R2 | Open or connected to $V_{01}+$ at the load (Internally connected to $V_{01}+$ over $100 \Omega$ ) |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{dU}<3 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}} \\ 30 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| V sense - | R3 | Open or connected to $V_{01}$ - at the load (Internally connected to $V_{01}$ - over $100 \Omega$ ) |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{dU}<3 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}} \\ 30 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| 12 V model | R4 | Open or connected over resistor to internal ground. Do not connect the margin pins in systems with several units. |  | 3 VDC |
| Output margin <br> 48 V models | R4 | Open or connected to internal ground $\left(+8 \% V_{01}\right)$ or $V_{\text {sensee }}\left(-8 \% V_{01}\right)$ Do not connect the margin pins in systems with several units. |  | 60 VDC |
| 12V model Synch. startup 48 V models | R5 R5 | Open or connected to synch startup circuit, referenced to $\mathrm{V}_{01}$ - at the output connector Open or connected to synch startup circuit, referenced to $\mathrm{V}_{01}$ - at the output connector |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 3 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & 12 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 2 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |
| $V_{01}+$ output 12 V model $V_{01}$ - output 12V model | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P2, P4, P6, } \\ & \text { P8, P10, P12 } \\ & \text { P1, P3, P5, } \\ & \text { P7, P9, P11 } \end{aligned}$ | Main output + pins Main output - pins |  |  |
| $V_{01}+$ output 48 V models | P2, P4, P6 | Main output + pins |  |  |
| $V_{01}$ - output 48 V models | P1, P3, P5 | Main output - pins |  |  |

LED Indicator Functionality

| CONDITION | POWER FAIL <br> $($ AC OK) | OUTPUT GOOD <br> (DC OK) | FAN FAIL AND <br> OVER - TEMPERATURE |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Normal Operation | Green | Green | OFF |
| Power Supply is inhibited | Green | OFF | Amber |
| Input AC is low | OFF | OFF | Amber |
| Input AC is low or missing | OFF | OFF | Amber/OFF |
| Over-temperature | Green | OFF | Amber |
| Output overload (In regulation) | Green | Green | OFF |
| Output Overloaded (Out of Regulation) | Green | OFF | OFF |
| Fan Fault (No overtemperature shutdown) | Green | Green | Amber |
| Fan Fault (With overtemperature shutdown) | Green | OFF | Amber |
| Power Supply Failed | OFF | OFF | OFF/ Amber |


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## FNP1500/FNP1800

## Mechanical Data - FNP1500/1800 12V Models

Mechanical Data (H x W x D): $\quad 5.6 "(141.2 \mathrm{~mm}) \times 1.6$ " $(40.5 \mathrm{~mm}) \times 11$ " $(279.4 \mathrm{~mm})$


FNP1500/1800 12V Model Output Connector Descriptions
Rear View


Female Connector: FCl (51732-026 LF)

## Mates with:

$90^{\circ}$ output connector type:


Part No. FCI (manufacturer): 51762-11202000AA LF
$180^{\circ}$ output connector type:
官 Part No. FCI (manufacturer): 51742-11202000AA LF

Locate information on availability of FCI connectors at http://www.stkcheck.com/evs/fcielectronics/fcisearch.asp Connector drawings available at: http://portal.fciconnect.com/portal/page/portal/FcientPublic/DocSrchCustDraw

IEC AC power cord with C19 connector VDE 16A: Interpower Components Ltd. 70009110250
IEC AC power cord with C19 connector UL 20A: Interpower Components Ltd. 70025110250

## Mechanical Data - FNP1500/1800 48V Models

Mechanical Data (H x W x D): $\quad 5.6^{\prime \prime}(141.2 \mathrm{~mm}) \times 1.6^{\prime \prime}(40.5 \mathrm{~mm}) \times 11^{\prime \prime}(279.4 \mathrm{~mm})$


FNP1500/1800 48V Model Output Connector Descriptions
Rear View


Female Connector: FCI (51732-020 LF)

## Mates with:

$90^{\circ}$ output connector type:
 100 Part No. FCI (manufacturer): 51762-10602000AA LF; Bel Power Solutions Part No.: ZES258-G
$180^{\circ}$ output connector type: $\square$ Part No. FCI (manufacturer): 51742-10602000AA LF

Locate information on availability of FCl connectors at http://www.stkcheck.com/evs/fcielectronics/fcisearch.asp Connector drawings available at: http://portal.fciconnect.com/portal/page/portal/FcicntPublic/DocSrchCustDraw

IEC AC power cord with C19 connector VDE 16A: Interpower Components Ltd. 70009110250
IEC AC power cord with C19 connector UL 20A: Interpower Components Ltd. 70025110250

## Paralleling Front-Ends

For parallel use in minimal configuration systems, only the inhibit pins must be shorted to logic GND. All other pins can be left open. The power supplies will share the output current automatically (droop current share).
For parallel applications without $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ bus, but the use of all other features, it is recommended to connect all logic GND's on a backplane together, to connect all $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{o} 2}-$, all $\mathrm{V}_{02}+$ and to leave the internal GND's open.
The sense wires can be left open or connected to a common load point, the synch-start pin can be left open or connected to a synch-start circuit, the inhibit pins can be connected together or used individually. All $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ signals (T1-T5, S1, and S2) can be left open.

Use of a small foil capacitor $>3 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ directly at the power outputs of each unit is recommended in order to prevent voltage drops at the hot plug. For additional information on paralleling see the following Rack (Power Shelf) section.

## Cooling

To achieve best cooling results sufficient airflow through the unit must be ensured. Do not block or obstruct the airflow at the rear of the unit by placing large components directly at the output connector.


## FNR-3-12G and FNR-3-48G Power Shelves

Each rack (power shelf) is $1 U$ high with backplane and designed for up to three front-end models in parallel or in $n+1$ operation. Each power shelf has:

- Massive copper bus bars for low-loss current distribution.
- Output terminals with two M4-screws on each power tab.
- Two fast-on contacts for system earthing.
- Address coding over five pole DIP switch on each unit, 37-pin D-Sub connector with $I^{2} C$-lines, monitoring signals and support functions.
- Provides a start-up synchronization circuit and EMV filters.


FNR-3-12G and FNR-3-48G Power Shelf Front View

## Mechanical Data (FNR-3-12G and FNR-3-48G Power Shelves

Overall Mechanical Dimensions (W x H x D): 17.7" ( 449.6 mm$) \times 1.7$ " $(43.1 \mathrm{~mm}) \times 13$ " ( 330.2 mm )

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| LOCATION | DESCRIPTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| A | 5-Bit DIP switch for $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ addressing of PSU 1 |
| B | Earth connection |
| C | Earth connection |
| D | Earth connection |
| E | Output 1 minus |
| F | Output 1 plus |
| G | 5-Bit DIP switch for $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ addressing of PSU 2 |
| H | 37-pin SUB-D connector, controlling and auxiliary power (output 2) |
| I | 5-Bit DIP switch for $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ addressing of PSU 3 |

## SUB-D Output Connector Pinout and Signal Specification



| OUTPUT CONNECTOR DESCRIPTION | $\begin{gathered} \text { PIN } \\ \text { LOCATION } \end{gathered}$ | TYPE | LOW LEVEL HIGH LEVEL | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\text {max }} \\ & I_{\text {max }} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Overtemperature / Fan Fail PSU1 | 1 | OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a $10 \Omega$ resistor in series, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{gathered} <0.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ \text { Pull up } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Power Supply Present PSU 1 | 2 | Resistor (1 k 2 ) connected to logic GND | Open <br> Pull up | $\begin{gathered} 10 \mathrm{~V} \\ 10 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Power Supply Present PSU 2 | 3 | Resistor (1 k $\Omega$ ) connected to logic GND | Open <br> Pull up | $\begin{gathered} 10 \mathrm{~V} \\ 10 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Open | 4 |  |  |  |
| Overtemperature / Fan Fail PSU 3 | 5 | OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a $10 \Omega$ resistor in series, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{gathered} <0.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ \text { Pull up } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| AC Fail / Power down warning PSU 3 | 6 | OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a $10 \Omega$ resistor in series, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{gathered} <0.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ \text { Pull up } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Power Supply Present PSU 3 | 7 | Resistor (1 k $\Omega$ ) connected to logic GND | Open <br> Pull up | $\begin{gathered} 10 \mathrm{~V} \\ 10 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| DC Fail / Output voltage fault PSU 3 | 8 | OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a $10 \Omega$ resistor in series, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{gathered} <0.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ \text { Pull up } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Overtemperature / Fan Fail PSU 2 | 9 | OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a $10 \Omega$ resistor in series, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{gathered} <0.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ \text { Pull up } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Synch._Start_A | 10 | Sync_start_A , Active high <br> The signals of several racks can be connected together in such a way that all supplies will be inhibited until the last supply has recovered from its overcurrent condition, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{aligned} & <7 \mathrm{~V} \text { off } \\ & <9 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 10 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Open | 11 |  |  |  |

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| Output inhibit PSU 1-3 | 12 | Active low (DC-DC stage off when pin is open or on high potential) <br> Referenced to logic GND | $\begin{aligned} & <0.8 \mathrm{~V} \\ & >2.0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \mathrm{~V} \\ 3.5 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V sense + | 13 | Open or connected to $V_{01+}$ at the load Internally (PSU) connected to $V_{01}+$ over $100 \Omega$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{dU}<3 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}} \\ 30 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| $V$ sense - | 14 | Open or connected to $V_{01}-$ at the load Internally (PSU) connected to $V_{01}$ - over $100 \Omega$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{dU}<3 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{pp}} \\ 30 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Open | 15 |  |  |  |
| NC | 16 |  |  |  |
| NC | 17 |  |  |  |
| NC | 18 |  |  |  |
| NC | 19 |  |  |  |
| AC Fail / Power-down warning PSU 1 | 20 | OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a $10 \Omega$ resistor in series, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{gathered} <0.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ \text { Pull up } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| DC Fail / Output voltage fault PSU 1 | 21 | OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a $10 \Omega$ resistor in series, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{aligned} & <0.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \text { Pull up } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| AC Fail / Power-down warning PSU 2 | 22 | OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a $10 \Omega$ resistor in series, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{gathered} <0.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ \text { Pull up } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| DC Fail / Output voltage fault PSU 2 | 23 | OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a $10 \Omega$ resistor in series, referenced to logic GND | $\begin{aligned} & <0.4 \mathrm{~V} @ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \text { Pull up } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 20 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| DATA, $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ data line | 24 | $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ compatible signal referenced to logic GND | 5 V or 3.3 V logic |  |
| CLOCK, ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ clock line | 25 | $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ compatible signal referenced to logic GND | 5 V or 3.3 V logic |  |
| Auxiliary power +12 V (Output 2) | 26 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{o} 2}+$ Aux output, insulated from main output |  |  |
| Auxiliary power ground (Output 2) | 27 | $V_{02}$ - Aux output, insulated from main output |  |  |
| Logic Gnd | 28 | Internally connected over $10 \Omega$ to $\mathrm{V}_{02}$-, Auxiliary GND. Wire separately from auxiliary and main output GND to minimize noise and avoid voltage drops on signal- and $I^{2} C$ return. Leave open if not used. |  |  |
| Output margin PSU 1 | 29 | Open or connected to $V_{\text {sense- }}$ <br> $V_{\text {sense- }}\left(+8 \% V_{01}\right)$ or $V_{\text {sensee }}\left(-8 \% V_{01}\right)$ |  | 60V |
| Output margin PSU 2 | 30 | Open or connected to $V_{\text {sense- }}$ <br> $V_{\text {sense- }}\left(+8 \% V_{01}\right)$ or $V_{\text {senset }}\left(-8 \% V_{01}\right)$ |  | 60V |
| Output margin PSU 3 | 31 | Open or connected to $V_{\text {sense- }}$ $V_{\text {sense- }}\left(+8 \% V_{01}\right) \text { or } V_{\text {sense+ }}\left(-8 \% V_{01}\right)$ |  | 60V |
| NC | 32 |  |  |  |
| NC | 33 |  |  |  |
| NC | 34 |  |  |  |
| NC | 35 |  |  |  |
| NC | 36 |  |  |  |
| NC | 37 |  |  |  |

## Synchronized Start-Up Circuit for Paralleling Operation

Because of hiccup overcurrent protection, when a supply reaches an overcurrent limit, the output voltage will immediately turn OFF and after a delay turn ON again. In parallel use, all power supplies have to start synchronized because of the internal hiccup behavior. Otherwise, the supply which has reached overcurrent first will go to hiccup; this will overload the other supplies, which then will also go to hiccup. When the first supply has recovered from hiccup (hiccup dead time), the others remain in hiccup. This will immediately drive the first one into hiccup once again. This means that without a start-up circuit, a system with several power supplies can never recover from an overload condition or start-up into full load.

The following additional circuit, required to reach synchronized startup, is already implemented inside the FNR-3-12G and FNR-3-48G shelves.


## Synch Start-up Connection between Shelves

The following connection between the shelves is required to achieve a parallel operation. The synch-start circuits inside the shelves inhibit all power supplies until the last one has recovered from its overcurrent condition and then synchronize the restart of the outputs.

Shelf 1



Shelf 3


## Synch Start-up Circuit Description

| DESCRIPTION | PIN LOCATION, DEFINITION | TYPE | LOW LEVEL HIGH LEVEL | V MAX <br> I MAX |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auxiliary power +12 V (Output 2) | 26 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{o} 2}+$, Aux output, insulated from main output |  |  |
| Logic ground | 28 | Logic_GND ,Internally connected over $10 \Omega$ to Vo2-, ( Auxiliary power ground (Output 2)) |  |  |
| Output inhibit_A PSU 1-3 | 12 | Inhibit_A ,Active low (DC-DC stage off) Referenced to Logic_GND | $\begin{aligned} & <0.8 \mathrm{~V} \\ & >2.0 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \mathrm{~V} \\ 3.5 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Synch. Startup 1 PSU 1-3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { R5 } \\ \text { (at PSU) } \end{gathered}$ | The synch_start pin is connected to the overcurrent signal of the PSU1-3. In the case of an overcurrent shutdown, this signal goes high. Referenced to $\mathrm{V}_{01}-$ | $\begin{gathered} <7 \mathrm{~V} \text { off } \\ >9 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15 \mathrm{~V} \\ 10 \mathrm{~mA} \end{gathered}$ |
| Synch. Startup_A |  | Sync_start_A, Active high |  |  |
|  <br> Rack FNR-3-48G 1-N <br> Pin on the D-Sub connector on the backplane | 10 | The signals of several racks can be connected together in such a way that all supplies will be inhibited until the last supply has recovered from its overcurrent condition. Referenced to Logic_GND |  |  |

NOTE: The Sync-Start pins can be wired together only if the power supplies are connected with a minimal voltage drop on power ground as achieved on a backplane with massive copper bus bars. If there is a less ideal connection, it is recommended to use an opto-coupler for each unit (IC1, D3, D2).

## Accessories



Center Angular Brackets are set in the middle for shelf mounting:


Center Angular Bracket sets can be ordered: Bel Power Solutions part no.: HZZ01222
Note: Each Center Angular Bracket set contains 2 brackets and 8 screws. Filler for covering empty shelf slots:


Filler can be ordered: Bel Power Solutions part no.: XAK.00043.0

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Plastic cover set for the bus bars:


Plastic cover set can be ordered: Bel Power Solutions part no.: XEB.00031.0
Note1: Available upon special request.
Note2: Each plastic cover set contains 2 pieces.

## Fulcrum

The handle has been designed to allow easy plug-in and -out in a rack system. The handle (lever) fits into a counter piece (fulcrum) which is fixed to the bottom of the rack. During the plug, the fulcrum holds the unit down and guides it towards the output connector. The Bel Power Solutions part number of the fulcrum and its associated mounting accessories is: HZZ01223.

Individual fulcrum sets can be also ordered: Bel Power Solutions part no.: HZZ01223.
Note: Each HZZ01223 set contain 2 fulcrums, 2 supports, and mounting accessories.


${ }^{12} \mathrm{C}$ Management Software: All FNP front-ends can be controlled via Bel Power Solutions GUI-driven $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ Management software and an ${ }^{2}$ C-to-USB interface (P/N HZZ02002G). An ${ }^{2}$ C Programming Manual describes the complete range of parameters that can be programmed to the FNP1500/1800 front-ends. This manual is available by searching on "FNP1500" at www.belpowersolutions.com.

## For more information on these products consult: tech.support@psbel.com

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TECHNICAL REVISIONS - The appearance of products, including safety agency certifications pictured on labels, may change depending on the date manufactured. Specifications are subject to change without notice.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ 87\% for FNP1500-12

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Remove input voltage to reset.

