Panasonic



1a 10A, 1a1b/2a 8A small polarized power relays

DK RELAYS



Protective construction: Sealed type

FEATURES

- Compact with high capacity
 High capacity switching in a small package: 1 Form A, 10 A 250 V AC;
 1 Form A 1 Form B and 2 Form A, 8 A 250 V AC.
- 2. High sensitivity: 200 mW nominal operating power
- High breakdown voltage Independent coil and the contact structure improves breakdown voltage.

Between contact and coil	Between open contacts
4,000 Vrms for 1 min.	1,000 Vrms for 1 min.
10,000 V surge	1,500 V surge
breakdown voltage	breakdown voltage

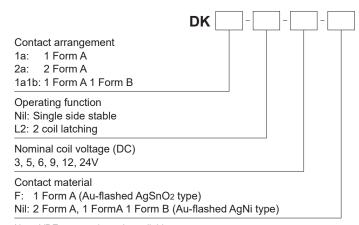
Conforms with FCC Part 68

- 4. Latching types available
- 5. Sealed construction allows automatic washing
- 6. Sockets are available
- 7. Complies with safety standards Complies with Japan Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law requirements for operating 200 V power supply circuits, and complies with UL, CSA, and TÜV safety standards.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. Switching power supply
- 2. Power switching for various OA equipment
- 3. Control or driving relays for industrial machines (robotics, numerical control machines, etc.)
- 4. Output relays for programmable logic controllers, temperature controllers, timers and so on
- 5. Home appliances

ORDERING INFORMATION



Note: VDE approved type is available.

TYPES

Contact	Nominal coil	Single side stable	2 coil latching
arrangement	voltage	Part No.	Part No.
	3V DC	DK1a-3V-F	DK1a-L2-3V-F
	5V DC	DK1a-5V-F	DK1a-L2-5V-F
1 Form A	6V DC	DK1a-6V-F	DK1a-L2-6V-F
1 Form A	9V DC	DK1a-9V-F	DK1a-L2-9V-F
	12V DC	DK1a-12V-F	DK1a-L2-12V-F
	24V DC	DK1a-24V-F	DK1a-L2-24V-F
	3V DC	DK1a1b-3V	DK1a1b-L2-3V
	5V DC	DK1a1b-5V	DK1a1b-L2-5V
1 Form A	6V DC	DK1a1b-6V	DK1a1b-L2-6V
1 Form B	9V DC	DK1a1b-9V	DK1a1b-L2-9V
	12V DC	DK1a1b-12V	DK1a1b-L2-12V
	24V DC	DK1a1b-24V	DK1a1b-L2-24V
	3V DC	DK2a-3V	DK2a-L2-3V
	5V DC	DK2a-5V	DK2a-L2-5V
2 Farm A	6V DC	DK2a-6V	DK2a-L2-6V
2 Form A	9V DC	DK2a-9V	DK2a-L2-9V
	12V DC	DK2a-12V	DK2a-L2-12V
	24V DC	DK2a-24V	DK2a-L2-24V

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs. * Sockets available.

RATING

1.Coil data

- Operating characteristics such as 'Operate voltage' and 'Release voltage' are influenced by mounting conditions, ambient temperature, etc.
 Therefore, please use the relay within ± 5% of rated coll voltage.
- 'Initial' means the condition of products at the time of delivery.

1) Single side stable type

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)			
3V DC			66.6mA	45Ω					
5V DC		10%V or more of	40mA	125Ω					
6V DC	70%V or less of nominal voltage					10%V or more of nominal voltage	33.3mA	180Ω	200mW
9V DC	(Initial)	(Initial)	22.2mA	405Ω	20011100	nominal voltage			
12V DC	,	, ,	16.6mA	720Ω					
24V DC			8.3mA	2,880Ω					

2) 2 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	cur	operating rent 20°C 68°F)		sistance 20°C 68°F)		operating wer	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
_			Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	
3V DC		66.6mA	66.6mA	45Ω	45Ω				
5V DC			40 mA	40 mA	125Ω	125Ω	20014		130%V of
6V DC		70%V or less of 70%V or less of	33.3mA	33.3mA	180Ω	180Ω		200mW	
9V DC	nominal voltage nominal voltage (Initial) (Initial)	22.2mA	22.2mA	405Ω	405Ω	200mW 20	20011100	nominal voltage	
12V DC		()	16.6mA	16.6mA	720Ω	720Ω			
24V DC			8.3mA	8.3mA	2,880Ω	2,880Ω			

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2. Specifications

Characteristics	Item			Specifications			
	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form A 1 Form B	2 Form A		
Contact	Contact resistance (I	nitial)	Max. 30 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)				
	Contact material		Au-flashed AgSnO₂ type	Au-flashed	AgNi type		
	Nominal switching ca	apacity (resistive load)	10 A 250 V AC, 10 A 30 V DC	8 A 250 V AC,8 A 30 V DC	8 A 250 V AC,8 A 30 V DC		
	Max. switching powe	r (resistive load)	2,500VA, 300 W	2,000 VA, 240 W	2,000 VA, 240 W		
Rating	Max. switching voltage	ge	250 V AC, 125 V DC (0.2A)	250 V AC, 125 V DC (0.2A)	250 V AC, 125 V DC (0.2A)		
	Max. switching curre	nt	10 A	8 A	8 A		
	Min. switching capac	ity (Reference value)*1		10m A 5 V DC			
	Insulation resistance (Initial)		Min. 1,000MΩ (a	at 500V DC) Measurement at s "Breakdown voltage" section.	ame location as		
	Breakdown voltage	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)				
	(Initial)	Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)				
Electrical characteristics	Surge breakdown voltage*2 (Initial)	between contacts and coil	10,000 V				
	Operate time [Set tim	ne] (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 10 ms (Approx. 5 ms) [10 ms (Approx. 5 ms)] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)				
	Release time [Reset	time] (at 20°C 68°F)		s (Approx. 3 ms) [10 ms (Approduced to the coil, excluding contact be			
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s² (Half-wa	ave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms;	detection time: 10µs.)		
Mechanical	SHOCK resistance	Destructive	Min. 980 n	n/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wa	ave: 6 ms.)		
characteristics	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at do	uble amplitude of 1.5 mm (Dete	ection time: 10µs.)		
	Vibration resistance	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm				
Expected life	Mechanical			Min. 5×10 ⁷ (at 300 times/min.)			
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage*3		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +65°C -40°F to +149°F, Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)				
Unit weight			Approx. 5 q .18 oz	Approx. 6 g .21 oz	Approx. 6 g .21 oz		

Notes: *1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

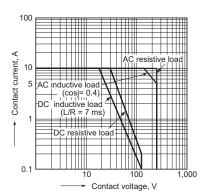
3. Electrical life

Condition: Resistive load, at 20 times/min.

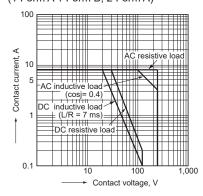
Туре	Switching capacity	Number of operations
1 Form A	10A 250V AC 10A 30V DC	Min. 1×10⁵
1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A	8A 250V AC 8A 30V DC	Min. 1×10⁵

REFERENCE DATA

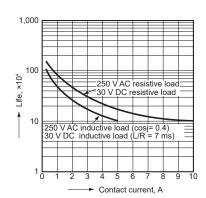
1-(1). Maximum operating power (1 Form A)



1-(2). Maximum operating power (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A)



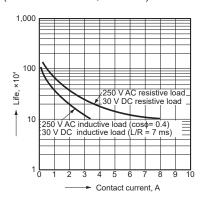
2-(1). Life curve (1 Form A)



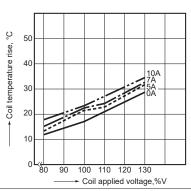
^{*2.} Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50µs according to JEC-212-1981

^{*3.} The upper limit of the ambient temperature is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to Usage, transport and storage conditions in NOTES.

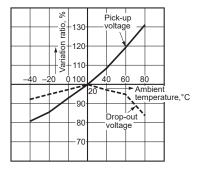
2-(2). Life curve (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A)



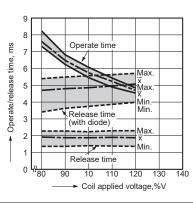
4-(1). Coil temperature rise (1 Form A) Tested sample: DK1a-12V, 5 pcs. Ambient temperature: 30°C 86°F



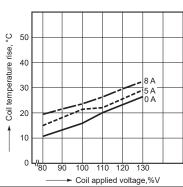
5-(2). Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A)



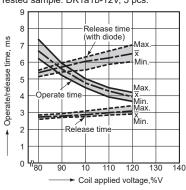
3-(1). Operate/Release time (1 Form A) Tested sample: DK1a-24V, 5 pcs.



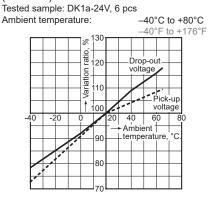
4-(2). Coil temperature rise (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A) Tested sample: DK1a1b-12V, 5 pcs. Ambient temperature: 20°C 68°F



3-(2). Operate/Release time (1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A) Tested sample: DK1a1b-12V, 5 pcs.



5-(1). Ambient temperature characteristics (1 Form A)



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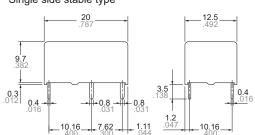
DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

1. 1 Form A type

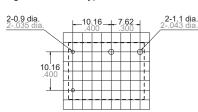
CAD

External dimensions Single side stable type





PC board pattern (Bottom view) Single side stable type



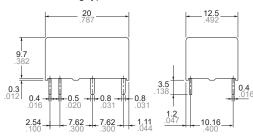
CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

Schematic (Bottom view) Single side stable type



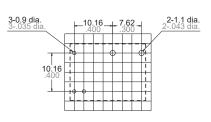
(Deenergized condition)

2 coil latching type



General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

2 coil latching type



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

2 coil latching type



(Reset condition)

Since this is a polarized relay, the connection to the coil should be done according to the above schematic.

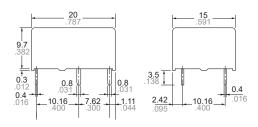
2. 1 Form A 1 Form B type, 2 Form A type

CAD

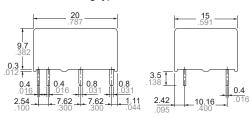
60

80

External dimensions Single side stable type

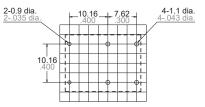


2 coil latching type

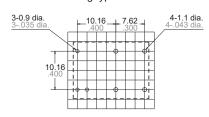


General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

PC board pattern (Bottom view) Single side stable type



2 coil latching type



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

Schematic (Bottom view) <1 Form A 1 Form B type> Single side stable type



(Deenergized condition)

2 coil latching type



(Reset condition)

<2 Form A> Single side stable type



(Deenergized condition)

2 coil latching type



(Reset condition)

Since this is a polarized relay, the connection to the coil should be done according to the above schematic.

SAFETY STANDARDS

Type	UL/C-UL (Recognized)		CSA (Certified)		TÜV (Certified)	
Туре	File No.	Rating	File No.	Rating	File No.	Rating
1 Form A		10A 250V AC	LR26550	10A 250V AC	B 12 06 13461 329	10A 250V AC (cosφ =1.0)
	E43028	10A 30V DC		10A 30V DC		10A 30V DC (0ms)
		1/3HP 125, 250V AC		1/3HP 125, 250V AC		5A 250V AC (cosφ =0.4)
1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A	E43028	8A 250V AC	LR26550	8A 250V AC	B 12 06	8A 250V AC (cosφ =1.0)
		8A 30V DC		8A 30V DC		8A 30V DC (0ms)
		1/4HP 125, 250V AC]	1/4HP 125, 250V AC	10401329	4A 250V AC (cosφ =0.4)

Notes: VDE approved type is available. Please contact our company.

INSULATION CHARACTERISTICS (IEC61810-1)

Item	Characteristics
Clearance/Creepage distance (IEC61810-1)	Min. 5.5/5.5mm
Category of protection (IEC61810-1)	RT III
Tracking resistance (IEC60112)	PTI 175
Insulation material group	III a
Over voltage category	III
Rated voltage	250V
Pollution degree	2
Type of insulation (Between contact and coil)	Reinforced insulation
Type of insulation (Between open contacts)	Micro disconnection

Notes: 1. EN/IEC VDE Certified. 2. VDE approved type only.

NOTES

- 1. For cautions for use, please read "GENERAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES".
- 2. Soldering should be done under the following conditions:
- 1) Preheating: Within 120°C 248°F and within 120 seconds
- 2) Soldering iron: 260°C±5°C $500^{\circ}\text{F}\pm41^{\circ}\text{F}$ and within 6 seconds
- 3. External magnetic field

Since DK relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field. Avoid using the relay under that condition.

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4. When using, please be aware that the a contact and b contact sides of 1 Form A 1 Form B type may go on simultaneously at operate time and release time.

ASCTB177E 201903

Please refer to **"the latest product specifications"** when designing your product.

· Requests to customers :

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/







ACCESSORIES

DK RELAYS PC BOARD SOCKET



TYPES

Туре		Part No.
1 Form A	Single side stable	DK1a-PS
	2 coil latching	DK1a-PSL2
1 Form A 1 Form B,	Single side stable	DK2a-PS
2 Form A	2 coil latching	DK2a-PSL2

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs

RELAY COMPATIBILITY

	Socket	Socket 1 Form A		1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A	
Relay		Single side stable type	2 coil latching type	Single side stable type	2 coil latching type
1 Form A	Single side stable type	•	•	_	_
	2 coil latching type	_	•	_	_
1 Form A 1 Form B,	Single side stable type	_	_	•	•
2 Form A	2 coil latching type	_	_	_	•

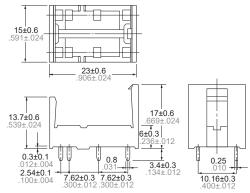
SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specifications
Breakdown voltage (Initial)	4,000 Vrms (Detection current: 10 mA) (Except the portion between coil terminals)
Insulation resistance (Initial)	Min. 1,000 mΩ (at 500 V DC)
Heat resistance	150°C (for 1 hour)
Max. continuous current	10 A (DK1a-PS, DK1a-PSL2), 8 A (DK2a-PS, DK2a-PSL2)

DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

CAD

External dimensions



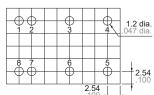
General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

PC board pattern (Bottom view)

1 Form A

1 Form A 1 Form B, 2 Form A



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

Note: The above shows 2 coil latching type. No.2 and 5 terminal are eliminated on single side stable type.

Note: The above shows 2 coil latching type. No.2 and 7 terminal are eliminated on single side stable type.

FIXING AND REMOVAL METHOD

1. Match the direction of relay and socket.



2. Both ends of the relay are to be secured firmly so that the socket hooks on the top surface of the relay.

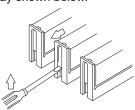




3. Remove the relay, applying force in the direction shown below.



4. In case there is not enough space to grasp relay with fingers, use screwdrivers in the way shown below.



Notes: 1. Exercise care when removing relays. If greater than necessary force is applied at the socket hooks, deformation may alter the dimensions so that the hook will no longer catch, and other damage may also occur. 2. It is hazardous to use IC chip sockets.

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GUIDELINES FOR POWER RELAYS AND HIGH-CAPACITY DC CUT OFF RELAYS USAGE

For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE".

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions_use/index.jsp

Precautions for Coil Input

■Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts) Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself.

For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

■DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary. The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

■ Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity (+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic). If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work. Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

■ Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil. Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise. Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

Operate voltage change due to coil temperature rise (Hot start)

In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the pick-up voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere. The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases. That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the pick-up voltage and the pick-up voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value. However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

Ambient Environment

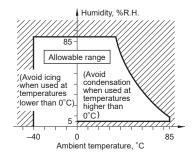
•Usage, Transport, and Storage Conditions

During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subjected to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity and pressure conditions.

•Temperature/Humidity/Pressure

When transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases the temperature may differ from the allowable range. In this case be sure to check the individual specifications. Also allowable humidity level is influenced by temperature, please check charts shown below and use relays within mentioned conditions. (Allowable temperature values differ for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.)

- 1) Temperature:
 - The tolerance temperature range differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications
- 2) Humidity: 5 to 85 % RH
- 3) Pressure: 86 to 106 kPa



Dew condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity. Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

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Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C. This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by the icina

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

Low temperature and low humidity

The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/or it may interfere with the functions. Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

GUIDELINES FOR POWER RELAYS AND HIGH-CAPACITY DC CUT OFF RELAYS USAGE

Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced.

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure. Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

NOx Generation

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid. This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation. Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85%RH or higher (at 20°C). If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

Others

■ Cleaning

- Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type, etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.
- 2) Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended(The temperature of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower).
 - Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays. Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to ultrasonic energy.

Please refer to "the latest product specifications" when designing your product.

•Requests to customers:

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

Panasonic Corporation

Electromechanical Control Business Division Please contact ■ 1006, Oaza Kadoma, Kadoma-shi, Osaka 571-8506, Japan industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/ **Panasonic**

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Specifications are subject to change without notice.