## 

## 1. Scope

This reference specification applies to chip coils (chip inductors) LQW2BAN\_00 series for general electronic equipment.

### 2. Part Numbering

(Ex.) LQ	W	2B	Α	N	47N	G	0	0	L
Product ID	Structure	Dimension (L × W)	Application and characteristic	Category	Inductance	Tolerance	Performance	Electrode specification	Packaging L: taping *B: bulk

<sup>\*</sup>B: Bulk packing is also available (taping condition: however, products without reels are put in plastic bags).

## 3. Part Number and Rating

Operating temperature range	-55°C to +125°C (including self-generated heat)
Storage temperature range	-55°C to +125°C

		Inductance			DC	Calfussanant	Detect
Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Nominal value (nH)	Tolerance	Q (Min.)	resistance (Ω max.)	Self-resonant frequency (MHz min.)	Rated current (mA)*1*2
	LQW2BAN3N2J00L	3.2	J: ±5%	95	0.02	13800	3800
	LQW2BAN3N6J00L	3.6	J: ±5%	75	0.05	11800	2000
	LQW2BAN6N8J00L	6.8	J: ±5%	90	0.03	6200	3000
	LQW2BAN7N5J00L	7.5	J: ±5%	85	0.04	3900	2400
	LQW2BAN8N2G00L	8.2	G: ±2%	80	0.09	3200	1500
	LQW2BAN8N2J00L	8.2	J: ±5%	80	0.09	3200	1500
	LQW2BAN11NG00L	11	G: ±2%	80	0.04	4700	2400
	LQW2BAN11NJ00L	11	J: ±5%	80	0.04	4700	2400
	LQW2BAN12NG00L	12	G: ±2%	80	0.04	4300	2400
	LQW2BAN12NJ00L	12	J: ±5%	80	0.04	4300	2400
	LQW2BAN13NG00L	13	G: ±2%	80	0.04	3500	2400
	LQW2BAN13NJ00L	13	J: ±5%	80	0.04	3500	2400
	LQW2BAN15NG00L	15	G: ±2%	70	0.12	1940	1500
	LQW2BAN15NJ00L	15	J: ±5%	70	0.12	1940	1500
	LQW2BAN18NG00L	18	G: ±2%	85	0.05	3620	2200
	LQW2BAN18NJ00L	18	J: ±5%	85	0.05	3620	2200
	LQW2BAN20NG00L	20	G: ±2%	85	0.05	2960	2200
	LQW2BAN20NJ00L	20	J: ±5%	85	0.05	2960	2200
	LQW2BAN22NG00L	22	G: ±2%	85	0.07	1850	1900
	LQW2BAN22NJ00L	22	J: ±5%	85	0.07	1850	1900
	LQW2BAN24NG00L	24	G: ±2%	75	0.15	1970	1400
	LQW2BAN24NJ00L	24	J: ±5%	75	0.15	1970	1400
	LQW2BAN27NG00L	27	G: ±2%	85	0.07	2750	2000
	LQW2BAN27NJ00L	27	J: ±5%	85	0.07	2750	2000
	LQW2BAN30NG00L	30	G: ±2%	80	0.08	2000	2000
	LQW2BAN30NJ00L	30	J: ±5%	80	0.08	2000	2000
	LQW2BAN33NG00L	33	G: ±2%	75	0.12	1900	1500
	LQW2BAN33NJ00L	33	J: ±5%	75	0.12	1900	1500
	LQW2BAN36NG00L	36	G: ±2%	75	0.08	1900	1900
	LQW2BAN36NJ00L	36	J: ±5%	75	0.08	1900	1900

## Spec No.: JELF243A 0115C-01

# Reference Only

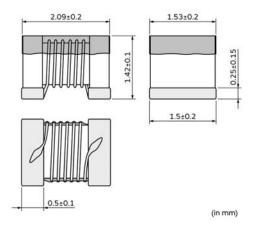
		Indu	ctance				
Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Nominal value (nH)	Tolerance	Q (Min.)	DC resistance (Ω max.)	Self-resonant frequency (MHz min.)	Rated current (mA)*1*2
	LQW2BAN39NG00L	39	G: ±2%	75	0.08	1900	1900
	LQW2BAN39NJ00L	39	J: ±5%	75	0.08	1900	1900
	LQW2BAN43NG00L	43	G: ±2%	75	0.12	1720	1550
	LQW2BAN43NJ00L	43	J: ±5%	75	0.12	1720	1550
	LQW2BAN47NG00L	47	G: ±2%	70	0.20	1500	1250
	LQW2BAN47NJ00L	47	J: ±5%	70	0.20	1500	1250
	LQW2BAN51NG00L	51	G: ±2%	75	0.11	1100	1800
	LQW2BAN51NJ00L	51	J: ±5%	75	0.11	1100	1800
	LQW2BAN56NG00L	56	G: ±2%	70	0.18	1600	1250
	LQW2BAN56NJ00L	56	J: ±5%	70	0.18	1600	1250
	LQW2BAN62NG00L	62	G: ±2%	70	0.12	1470	1650
	LQW2BAN62NJ00L	62	J: ±5%	70	0.12	1470	1650
	LQW2BAN68NG00L	68	G: ±2%	70	0.20	1470	1250
	LQW2BAN68NJ00L	68	J: ±5%	70	0.20	1470	1250
	LQW2BAN75NG00L	75	G: ±2%	68	0.28	1450	1100
	LQW2BAN75NJ00L	75	J: ±5%	68	0.28	1450	1100
	LQW2BAN82NG00L	82	G: ±2%	70	0.24	1330	1200
	LQW2BAN82NJ00L	82	J: ±5%	70	0.24	1330	1200
	LQW2BAN91NG00L	91	G: ±2%	70	0.21	1140	1300
	LQW2BAN91NJ00L	91	J: ±5%	70	0.21	1140	1300
	LQW2BANR10G00L	100	G: ±2%	66	0.35	1200	1050
	LQW2BANR10J00L	100	J: ±5%	66	0.35	1200	1050
	LQW2BANR11G00L	110	G: ±2%	57	0.38	1200	970
	LQW2BANR11J00L	110	J: ±5%	57	0.38	1200	970
	LQW2BANR12G00L	120	G: ±2%	57	0.38	1200	970
	LQW2BANR12J00L	120	J: ±5%	57	0.38	1200	970
	LQW2BANR13G00L	130	G: ±2%	56	0.42	1000	950
	LQW2BANR13J00L	130	J: ±5%	56	0.42	1000	950
	LQW2BANR15G00L	150	G: ±2%	58	0.46	920	930
	LQW2BANR15J00L	150	J: ±5%	58	0.46	920	930
	LQW2BANR16G00L	160	G: ±2%	53	0.46	920	930
	LQW2BANR16J00L	160	J: ±5%	53	0.46	920	930
	LQW2BANR18G00L	180	G: ±2%	53	0.58	920	800
	LQW2BANR18J00L	180	J: ±5%	53	0.58	920	800
	LQW2BANR20G00L	200	G: ±2%	53	0.63	920	750
	LQW2BANR20J00L	200	J: ±5%	53	0.63	920	750

		Inductance			DC	Self-resonant	Rated current (mA)*1*2
Customer Part number	Murata Part number	Nominal Q resistan		resistance (Ω max.)	frequency (MHz min.)		
max.	rent is applied to the pro		•		· ·		I to 40°C
	Current derating (%)	50					
		0 0	Ten	8 nperature (°C)	35 1	25	

## 4. Testing Conditions

Unless otherwise specified	Temperature: ordinary temperature (15°C to 35°C) Humidity: ordinary humidity [25% to 85% (RH)]
In case of doubt	Temperature: 20°C±2°C Humidity: 60% to 70% (RH) Atmospheric pressure: 86 kPa to 106 kPa

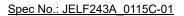
## 5. Appearance and Dimensions



Unit mass (typical value): 0.014 g

## 6. Marking

No marking.



## 7. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification		Test meth	nod
7.1	Inductance	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipme equivalent Measuring frequen	су:	
			Inductance	250 MHz	3.2 nH to 39 nH
				200 MHz	43 nH to 75 nH
				150 MHz	82 nH to 130 nH
				100 MHz	150 nH to 200 nH
			Q	1500 MHz	3.2 nH, 3.6 nH
					6.8 nH to 8.2 nH
				500 MHz	11 nH to 100 nH
				250 MHz	110 nH to 200 nH
7.2	Q	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring condition Measurement signesser Measurement ter Electrical length: Measuring fixture: I Position the chip comeasuring example electrode by applyi Measurement examples	gnal level: A <sub>l</sub> rminal distar 10.0 mm Keysight 16 oil under tes e below and ng weight.	nce: 1.5 mm 197A t as shown in the
				Guide	Product
			Measuring method Measuring method "14. Appendix".		rical performance: nce/Q" in the chapter
7.3	DC resistance	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipme	ent: digital m	nultimeter
7.4	Self-resonant frequency	Meet chapter 3 ratings.	Measuring equipme	ent: Keysigh	nt N5230A or the

## 8. Mechanical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
8.1	Shear test	No significant mechanical damage or no sign of electrode peeling off shall be observed.	Test substrate: glass-epoxy substrate Force application direction:  Applying force: 10 N Holding time: 5 s±1 s

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
8.2	Bending test	No significant mechanical damage or no sign of electrode peeling off shall be observed.	Test substrate: glass-epoxy substrate (100 mm × 40 mm × 1.0 mm)  Pressurizing speed: 1 mm/s  Deflection: 3 mm  Holding time: 5 s
			Pressure jig
			Deflection Product (in mm)
8.3	Vibration	Appearance shall have no significant mechanical damage.	Oscillation frequency: 10 Hz to 2000 Hz to 10 Hz, for approx. 15 min Total amplitude: total amplitude of 3.0 mm or acceleration amplitude of 196 m/s², whichever is smaller Test time: 3 directions perpendicular to each other, 2 h for each direction (6 h in total)
8.4	Solderability	90% or more of the outer electrode shall be covered with new solder seamlessly.	Flux: immersed in ethanol solution [including an activator with a chlorine conversion value of 0.06(wt)%] with a rosin content of 25(wt)% for 5 s to 10 s. Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Pre-heating: 150°C±10°C/60 s to 90 s Solder temperature: 240°C±5°C Immersion time: 3 s±1 s
8.5	Resistance to soldering heat	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±5%	Flux: immersed in ethanol solution [including an activator with a chlorine conversion value of 0.06(wt)%] with a rosin content of 25(wt)% for 5 s to 10 s. Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Pre-heating: 150°C±10°C/60 s to 90 s Solder temperature: 270°C±5°C Immersion time: 10 s±1 s Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 24 h±2 h

## 9. Environmental Performance

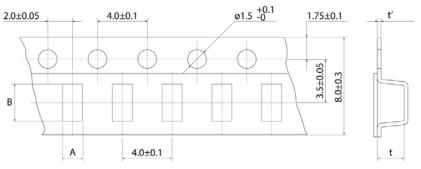
The product is soldered on a substrate for test.

No.	Item	Specification	Test method
9.1	Heat resistance	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±5% Q change rate: within ±20%	Temperature: 125°C±2°C Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 24 h±2 h
9.2	Cold resistance	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±5% Q change rate: within ±20%	Temperature: -55°C±2°C Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 24 h±2 h
9.3	Humidity	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±5% Q change rate: within ±20%	Temperature: 85°C±2°C Humidity: 85% (RH) Test time: 1000 h (+48 h, -0 h) Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 24 h±2 h
9.4	Temperature cycle	Appearance: No significant mechanical damage shall be observed. Inductance change rate: within ±5% Q change rate: within ±20%	Single cycle conditions: Step 1: -55°C±2°C/30 min±3 min Step 2: ordinary temperature/10 min to 15 min Step 3: +125°C±2°C/30 min±3 min Step 4: ordinary temperature/10 min to 15 min Number of testing: 10 cycles Post-treatment: left at a room condition for 24 h±2 h



### 10. Specification of Packaging

### 10.1 Appearance and dimensions of tape (8 mm width/plastic tape)



Α	1.8±0.1
В	2.3±0.1
t	1.65±0.1
ť'	0.25±0.05
	(in mm)

Direction of Feed

### 10.2 Taping specifications

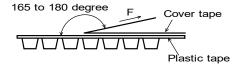
Packing quantity (Standard quantity)	2000 pcs/reel
Packing method	The products are placed in embossed cavities of a plastic tape and sealed by a cover tape.
Feed hole position	The feed holes on the plastic tape are on the right side when the cover tape is pulled toward the user.
Joint	The plastic tape and the cover tape are seamless.
Number of missing products	Number of missing products within 0.1% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

#### 10.3 Break down force of tape

Break down force of cover tape	10 N min.
break down force of cover tape	IO IN IIIIII.

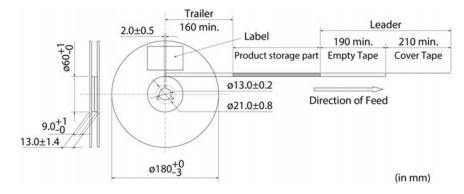
## 10.4 Peeling off force of cover tape

Speed of peeling off	300 mm/min
Peeling off force	0.1 N to 0.6 N (The lower limit is for typical value.)



#### 10.5 Dimensions of leader section, trailer section and reel

A vacant section is provided in the leader (start) section and trailer (end) section of the tape for the product. The leader section is further provided with an area consisting only of the cover tape. (See the diagram below.)



<sup>\*</sup> The dimensions of the cavity are measured at its bottom.



#### 10.6 Marking for reel

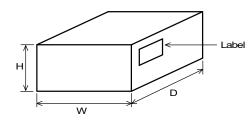
Customer part number, Murata part number, inspection number (\*1), RoHS marking (\*2), quantity, etc.

*1 Expression of inspection No.:			(1) Factory code (2) Date
(1)	(2)	(3)	First digit: year/last digit of year Second digit: month/Jan. to Sep.→1 to 9, Oct. to Dec.→O, N, D Third, Fourth digit: day (3) Serial No.
*2 Expression of RoHS marking: ROHS- $\frac{Y}{(1)}$ $\frac{(\triangle)}{(2)}$		(△)	(1) RoHS regulation conformity (2) Murata classification number

#### 10.7 Marking on outer box (corrugated box)

Customer name, purchasing order number, customer part number, Murata part number, RoHS marking (\*2), quantity, etc.

#### 10.8 Specification of outer box



Dimensions of outer box (mm)			Standard reel quantity in outer box (reel)
W	W D H		in outer box (reer)
186	186 186 93		5
* Above outer box size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order.			

## 11. ACaution

Restricted applications	Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.		
	(1) Aircraft equipment (6) Transportation equipment (vehicles, trains, ships		
	(2) Aerospace equipment	(7) Traffic signal equipment	
	(3) Undersea equipment	(8) Disaster/crime prevention equipment	
	(4) Power plant control equipment	(9) Data-processing equipment	
	(5) Medical equipment	(10) Applications of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above	

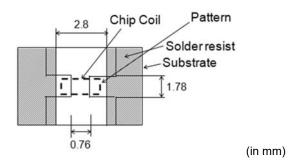
#### 12. Precautions for Use

This product is for use only with reflow soldering. It is designed to be mounted by soldering. If you want to use other mounting method, for example, using a conductive adhesive, please consult us beforehand.

#### 12.1 Land dimensions

The following diagram shows the recommended land dimensions for reflow soldering.

The land dimensions are designed in consideration of electrical characteristics and mountability. Use of other land dimensions may preclude achievement of performance. In some cases, it may result in poor solderability, including positional shift. If you use other land pattern, consider it adequately.





#### 12.2 Flux and solder used

Flux	<ul> <li>Use a rosin-based flux that includes an activator with a chlorine conversion value of 0.06(wt)% to 0.1(wt)%.</li> <li>Do not use a highly acidic flux with a halide content exceeding 0.2(wt)% (chlorine conversion value).</li> <li>Do not use a water-soluble flux.</li> </ul>
Solder	<ul> <li>Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder.</li> <li>Standard thickness of solder paste: 100 μm to 150 μm</li> </ul>

If you want to use a flux other than the above, please consult our technical department.

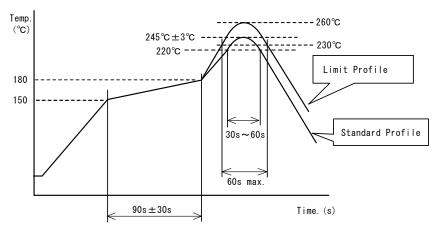
#### 12.3 Soldering conditions (reflow)

Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and product surface is limited to 150°C

Cooling into solvent after soldering also should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max. Insufficient pre-heating may cause cracks on the product, resulting in the deterioration of product quality.

• Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.

The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and/or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.



	Standard profile	Limit profile
Pre-heating	150°C to 180°C/90 s±30 s	150°C to 180°C/90 s±30 s
Heating	Above 220°C/30 s to 60 s	Above 230°C/60 s max.
Peak temperature	245°C±3°C	260°C/10 s
Number of reflow cycles	2 times	2 times

#### 12.4 Reworking with soldering iron

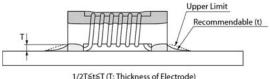
The following requirements must be met to rework a soldered product using a soldering iron.

Item	Requirement
Pre-heating	150°C/approx. 1 min
Tip temperature of soldering iron	350°C max.
Power consumption of soldering iron	80 W max.
Tip diameter of soldering iron	ø3 mm max.
Soldering time	3 s (+1 s, -0 s)
Number of reworking operations	2 times max.
* Avoid a direct contact of the tip of the soldering iron with the product. Such a	

direction contact may cause cracks in the ceramic body due to thermal shock.

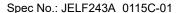
#### 12.5 Solder volume

Solder shall be used not to increase the volume too much.



1/2T≦t≦T (T: Thickness of Electrode)

An increased solder volume increases mechanical stress on the product. Exceeding solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

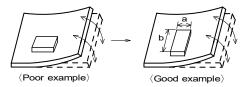


#### 12.6 Product's location

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out PCBs.

(1) PCB shall be designed so that products are not subject to mechanical stress due to warping the board. [Products direction]

Products shall be located in the sideways direction (length: a < b) to the mechanical stress.



#### (2) Components location on PCB separation

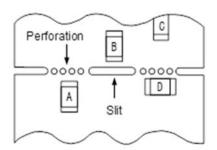
It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board.

It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

Contents of measures	Stress level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	A > D*1
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	A > B
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.  A > C	
*1 A > D is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with hand separation	

<sup>&#</sup>x27;1 A > D is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with hand separation.

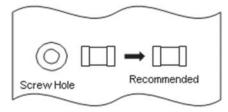
If a cutting disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore A > D is invalid.



### (3) Mounting components near screw holes

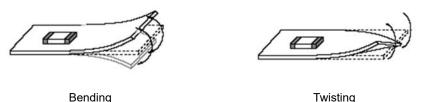
When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw.

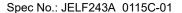
Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



### 12.7 Handling of substrate

After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate. Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.







#### 12.8 Cleaning

The product shall be cleaned under the following conditions.

- (1) The cleaning temperature shall be 60°C max. If isopropyl alcohol (IPA) is used, the cleaning temperature shall be 40°C max.
- (2) Perform ultrasonic cleaning under the following conditions. Exercise caution to prevent resonance phenomenon in mounted products and the PCB.

Item	Requirement
Power	20 W/L max.
Time	5 min max.
Frequency	28 kHz to 40 kHz

(3) Cleaner

Alcohol-based cleaner: IPA

Aqueous agent: PINE ALPHA ST-100S

- (4) There shall be no residual flux or residual cleaner. When using aqueous agent, rinse the product with deionized water adequately and completely dry it so that no cleaner is left.
- \* For other cleaning, consult our technical department.

#### 12.9 Storage and transportation

Storage period	Use the product within 12 months after delivery.  If you do not use the product for more than 12 months, check solderability before using it.
Storage conditions	<ul> <li>The products shall be stored in a room not subject to rapid changes in temperature and humidity. The recommended temperature range is -10°C to +40°C. The recommended relative humidity range is 15% to 85%.</li> <li>Keeping the product in corrosive gases, such as sulfur, chlorine gas or acid, oxidizes the electrode, resulting in poor solderability or corrosion of the coil wire of the product.</li> <li>Do not keep products in bulk packaging. Doing so may cause collision between the products or between the products and other products, resulting in core chipping or wire breakage.</li> <li>Do not place the products directly on the floor; they should be placed on a palette so that they are not affected by humidity or dust.</li> <li>Avoid keeping the products in a place exposed to direct sunlight, heat or vibration.</li> </ul>
Transportation	Excessive vibration and impact reduces the reliability of the products. Exercise caution when handling the products.

#### 12.10 Resin coating

The inductance value may change due to high cure-stress of resin to be used for coating/molding products.

A wire breakage issue may occur by mechanical stress caused by the resin, amount/cured shape of resin, or operating condition etc. Some resin contains some impurities or chloride possible to generate chlorine by hydrolysis under some operating condition may cause corrosion of wire of coil, leading to wire breakage.

So, please pay your careful attention when you select resin in case of coating/molding the products with the resin. Prior to use the coating resin, please make sure no reliability issue is observed by evaluating products mounted on your board.

#### 12.11 Handling of product

- Sharp material such as a pair of tweezers or other material such as bristles of cleaning brush, shall not be touched to the winding portion to prevent the breaking of wire.
- Mechanical shock should not be applied to the products mounted on the board to prevent the breaking of the core.

### 12.12 Handling with mounting equipment

With some types of mounting equipment, a support pin pushes up the product from the bottom of the base (paper) tape when the product is sucked with the pick-up nozzle.

When using this type of equipment, detach the support pin to prevent the breaking of wire on the product.

#### 13. **A**Note

- (1) Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2) You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3) The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice. Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.

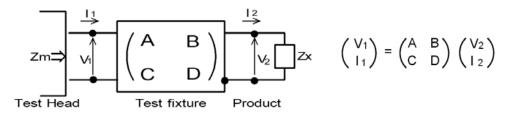


### 14. Appendix

Electrical performance: Measuring method for inductance/Q (Q measurement is applicable only when the Q value is included in the rating table.)

Perform measurement using the method described below. (Perform correction for the error deriving from the measuring terminal.)

(1) Residual elements and stray elements of the measuring terminal can be expressed by the F parameter for the 2-pole terminal as shown in the figure below.



(2) The product's impedance value (Zx) and measured impedance value (Zm) can be expressed as shown below, by using the respective current and voltage for input/output.

$$Zm = \frac{V_1}{I_1} \qquad Zx = \frac{V_2}{I_2}$$

(3) Thus, the relationship between the product's impedance value (Zx) and measured impedance value (Zm) is as follows.

That, the relationerip between	the products impedance value (Ex) and medicared impedance val
	Here,
	$\alpha = D/A = 1$
	$\beta$ = B/D = Zsm - (1 - Yom Zsm) Zss
Zv=α Zm-β	$\Gamma$ = C/A = Yom
ZX=α <u>1-ZmΓ</u>	
	Zsm: measured impedance of short chip
	Zss: residual impedance of short chip (0.771 nH)
	Yom: measured admittance when measuring terminal is open
	Zx=α <mark>Zm-β</mark> 1-ZmΓ

(4) Calculate inductance Lx and Qx using the equations shown below.

$Lx = \frac{Im (Zx)}{2\pi f}$	Lx: inductance of chip coil  Qx: Q of chip coil  f: measuring frequency
$Qx = \frac{Im (Zx)}{Re (Zx)}$	

## **Mouser Electronics**

**Authorized Distributor** 

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

### Murata:

```
LQW2BHN10NJ11L LQW2BHN15NJ01L LQW2BHN15NJ03L LQW2BHN18NJ01L LQW2BHN21NK11L
LQW2BHN22NJ01L LQW2BHN27NJ01L LQW2BHN33NJ01L LQW2BHN39NG01L LQW2BHN3N3D11L
LQW2BHN47NJ01L LQW2BHN56NJ01L LQW2BHN6N8D01L LQW2BHN82NJ01L LQW2BHNR12G01L
LQW2BHNR12J01L LQW2BHNR15J01L LQW2BHNR18G01L LQW2BHNR22J01L LQW2BHNR47K01L
LQW2BANR11G00L LQW2BANR10G00L LQW2BANR10J00L LQW2BANR12G00L LQW2BANR12J00L
LQW2BANR13J00L LQW2BAN47NG00L LQW2BAN47NJ00L LQW2BANR11J00L LQW2BANR13G00L
LQW2BANR18G00L LQW2BAN30NJ00L LQW2BAN51NG00L LQW2BAN82NG00L LQW2BAN13NG00L
LQW2BAN15NG00L LQW2BAN11NG00L LQW2BAN22NG00L LQW2BAN24NJ00L LQW2BAN39NJ00L
LQW2BAN27NG00L LQW2BAN6N8J00L LQW2BAN62NJ00L LQW2BAN18NJ00L LQW2BANR20J00L
LQW2BAN33NJ00L LQW2BAN75NG00L LQW2BAN43NJ00L LQW2BAN18NG00L LQW2BAN12NG00L
LQW2BAN30NG00L LQW2BAN91NG00L LQW2BAN91NJ00L LQW2BAN36NJ00L LQW2BAN12NJ00L
LQW2BANR16J00L LQW2BAN15NJ00L LQW2BAN39NG00L LQW2BAN20NG00L LQW2BAN51NJ00L
LQW2BAN68NG00L LQW2BAN56NG00L LQW2BAN82NJ00L LQW2BAN8N2G00L LQW2BANR15J00L
LQW2BAN36NG00L LQW2BAN62NG00L LQW2BAN11NJ00L LQW2BAN75NJ00L LQW2BAN68NJ00L
LQW2BAN56NJ00L LQW2BAN33NG00L LQW2BAN3N2J00L LQW2BAN7N5J00L LQW2BANR15G00L
LQW2BANR20G00L LQW2BAN24NG00L LQW2BAN13NJ00L LQW2BAN43NG00L LQW2BAN20NJ00L
LQW2BANR18J00L LQW2BAN8N2J00L LQW2BAN3N6J00L LQW2BANR16G00L LQW2BAN22NJ00L
LQW2BAN27NJ00L
```