K **NATR** 

# LK162B-7T

Including LK162B-7T-USB variant

## **Technical Manual**

**Revision 1.0** 

PCB Revision: 1.0 or Higher

Firmware Revision: 7.2 or Higher

## **Revision History**

Revision	Date	Description	Author
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## Contents

1 Introduction
2 Quick Connect Guide
2.1 Available Headers2
2.2 Standard Module
Recommended Parts3
Serial Connections3
I <sup>2</sup> C Connections
2.3 USB Module5
Recommended Parts5
USB Connections
3 Software
3.1 uProject
3.2 Application Notes
4 Hardware
4.1 Standard Model
Communication/Power Header
Serial DB9 Connector
Power Through DB9 Jumper9
Protocol Select Jumpers
4.2 USB Model
Mini USB Connector
Alternate USB Header
4.3 Common Features10
General Purpose Outputs
Alternate Power Connector
5 Troubleshooting
5.1 Power
5.2 Display11
5.3 Communication12
5.4 Manual Override12

6 Commands	13
6.1 Communication	13
6.2 Text	14
6.3 Special Characters	16
6.4 General Purpose Output	
6.5 Piezo Buzzer	19
6.6 Keypad	20
6.7 Display Functions	22
6.8 Data Security	23
6.9 Miscellaneous	24
7 Appendix	25
7.1 Command Summary	25
7.2 Character Sets	28
7.3 Block Diagram	29
7.4 Environmental Specifications	29
7.5 Electrical Tolerances	29
7.6 Dimensional Drawings	
7.7 Optical Characteristics	
8 Ordering	
8.1 Part Numbering Scheme	
8.2 Options	
8.3 Accessories	
9 Definitions	33
10 Contact	

## **1** Introduction



Figure 1: LK162B-7T Display

The LK162B-7T is an intelligent alphanumeric liquid crystal display designed to decrease development time by providing an instant solution to any project. In addition to the RS232, TTL and I2C protocols available in the standard model, the USB communication models allow the LK162B-7T to be connected to a wide variety of host controllers. Communication speeds of up to 115.2kbps for serial protocols and 100kbps for l<sup>2</sup>C ensure lightning fast display updates.

The simple command structure permits easy software control of many settings including backlight brightness, screen contrast, and baud rate. On board memory provides up to forty custom characters which can be saved within the unit and recalled for start screens, bar graphs or larger numbers.

User input on the LK162B-7T is available through a seven key, integrated tactile keypad, and three bicolor LEDs provide visual output. An additional two general purpose outputs on the back of the unit provide simple switchable five volt sources

The versatile LK162B-7T, with all the features mentioned above, is available in a variety of colour, voltage, and temperature options to suit almost any application.

## 2 Quick Connect Guide

## 2.1 Available Headers

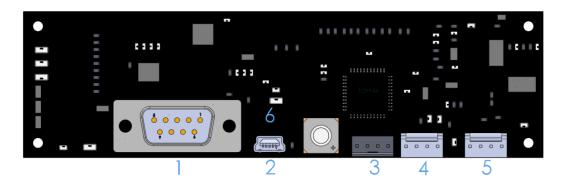


Figure 2: LK162B-7T Standard Module Header Locations

#### Table 1: List of Available Headers

#	Header	Mate	Population
1	DB9 Serial Header	CSS1FT/CSS4FT	Standard Model Only
2	Mini USB Connector	EXTMUSB3FT/INTMUSB3FT	USB Model Only
3	Alternate Power Connector	PCS	All Models
4	GPO Header	None Offered	All Models
5	Communication/Power Connector	SCCPC5V/BBC	Standard Model Only
6	Alternate USB Connector	None Offered	Custom Only



### 2.2 Standard Module

The standard version of the LK162B-7T allows for user configuration of three common communication protocols. First, the unit can communicate using serial protocol at either RS323 or TTL voltage levels. Second, it can communicate using the Inter-Integrated Circuit connect, or I<sup>2</sup>C protocol. Connections for each protocol can be accessed through the four pin Communication/Power Header as outlined in the Serial Connections and I<sup>2</sup>C Connections sections below.

#### **Recommended Parts**



The most common cable choice for any alphanumeric Matrix Orbital Display, the Communication/ Power Cable offers a simple connection to the unit with familiar interfaces. DB9 and floppy power headers provide all necessary input to drive your display.

For a more flexible interface to the LK162B-7T a Breadboard Cable may be used. This provides a simple four wire connection that is popular among developers for its ease of use in a breadboard

Figure 3: Communication/Power Cable (SCCPC5V)



Figure 4: Breadboard Cable (BBC)

#### Serial Connections

A serial interface provides a classic connection to the LK162B-7T. The Communication/Power Cable is most commonly used for this set up as it provides connections for DB9 serial and floppy power cables. To place your board in Serial mode, adhere to the steps laid out below.

- 1. Set the Protocol Select jumpers.
  - RS232: Connect the three jumpers\* in the 232 protocol box with the zero ohm jumper resistors provided or an alternate wire or solder solution.
  - TTL: Connect the two jumpers\* in the TTL protocol box.

\*Note: Jumpers must be removed from all protocol boxes save for the one in use.

environment.

- 2. Make the connections.
  - a. Connect the four pin female header of the Communication/Power Cable to the Communication/Power Header of your LK162B-7T.
  - b. Insert the male end of your serial cable to the corresponding DB9 header of the Communication/Power Cable and the mate the female connector with the desired communication port of your computer.
  - c. Select an unmodified floppy cable from a PC power supply and connect it to the power header of the Communication/Power Cable.
- 3. Create.
  - Use uProject or a terminal program to get started, and then move on with your own development. A number of application notes are available at <a href="http://www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes">www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes</a>.

### I<sup>2</sup>C Connections

A more advanced connection to the LK162B-7T is provided by the I<sup>2</sup>C protocol setting. This is best accomplished using a breadboard and the Breadboard Cable. Power must be supplied from your breadboard or another external source. To dive right into your application and use the LK162B-7T in I<sup>2</sup>C mode, get started with the guidelines below.

- 1. Set the Protocol Select switches.
  - I<sup>2</sup>C: Ensure that the two I<sup>2</sup>C jumpers in the corresponding protocol box are connected while all others are open.
- 2. Make the connections.
  - a. Connect the Breadboard Cable to the Communication/Power Header on your LK162B-7T and plug the four leads into your breadboard. The red lead will require power, while the black should be connected to ground, and the green and yellow should be connected to your controller clock and data lines respectively.
  - b. Pull up the clock and data lines to five volts using a resistance between one and ten kilohms on your breadboard.
- 3. Create.
  - This time you're on your own. While there are many examples within the Matrix Orbital AppNote section, <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes</u>, too many controllers and languages exist to cover them all. If you get stuck in development, it is possible to switch over to another protocol on the standard board, and fellow developers are always on our forums for additional support.

#### 2.3 USB Module

The LK162B-7T-USB offers a single USB protocol for an easy connection to a host computer. This simple and widely available protocol can be accessed using the on board mini B style USB connector as outlined in the USB Connections section.

#### **Recommended Parts**



The External Mini USB cable is recommended for the LK162B-7T-USB display. It will connect to the miniB style header on the unit and provide a connection to a regular A style USB connector, commonly found on a PC.

#### USB Connections

The USB connection is the quickest, easiest solution for PC development. After driver installation, the LK162B-7T-USB will be accessible through a virtual serial port, providing the same result as a serial setup without the cable hassle. To connect to your LK162B-7T-USB please follow the steps below.

- 1. Set the Protocol Select jumpers.
  - USB: The LK162B-7T-USB offers USB protocol only. Model specific hardware prevents this unit from operating in any other protocol, and does not allow other models to operate in USB.
     Protocol Select jumpers on the USB model cannot be moved.
- 2. Make the connections.
  - Plug the mini-B header of your External Mini USB cable into your LK162B-7T-USB and the regular USB header into your computer USB jack.
- 3. Install the drivers.
  - a. Download the latest drivers at <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/drivers</u>, and save them to a known location.
  - b. When prompted, install the USB bus controller driver automatically
  - c. If asked, continue anyway, even though the driver is not signed
  - d. When the driver install is complete, your display will turn on, but communication will not yet be possible.
  - e. At the second driver prompt, install the serial port driver automatically
  - f. Again, if asked, continue anyway
- 4. Create.
  - Use uProject or a terminal program to get started, and then move on with your own development. A number of application notes are available at <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes</u>.

## 3 Software

The multiple communication protocols available and simple command structure of the LK162B-7T means that a variety of applications can be used to communicate with the display. Text is sent to the display as a character string, for example, sending the decimal value 41 will result in an 'A' appearing on the screen. A number of control characters are also activated. Commands are merely values prefixed with a special command byte, 254 in decimal.

Table 2: Reserved Control Characters									
	Control Characters								
8	Backspace	10	Line feed / New line	12	Clear screen / New page	13	Carriage return		

Once the correct communication port is identified, the following communication settings can be applied to communicate correctly with the LK162B-7T.

	Table 3:	Commun	ication Settin	gs
BPS	Data Bits	Parity	Stop Bits	Flow Control
19200	8	None	1	None

Finally, with a communication port identified and correctly setup simple text strings or even command bytes can easily be transmitted to control your display.

## 3.1 uProject

The Matrix Orbital alphanumeric display tuner, or uProject, is offered as a free download from the www.matrixorbital.ca support site. It allows the basic functionality of \*any display to be tested using a simple graphical user interface system.

While basic functionality can be tested using the GUI portion of the program, more advanced users will enjoy the scripting capability found in the uploader tab. Here commands can be stacked, run, and saved for later use. Although many commands are available to be dragged into the script dialog, perhaps the most powerful is the raw data command found in the other branch.

\*Note: The uProject AutoDetect function will not perform correctly when a USB display is connected. Please manually configure any USB display.



This command allows raw bytes to be sent to the display, permitting many different formats for entry and displaying in decimal notation. Any command from this manual may be entered in decimal notation separated by slashes.

### /254/ /88/

#### Figure 6: uProject Command

Again, the clear screen command is sent to a connected display, this time using uProject raw data command style. Scripts can be run as a whole using the execute command from the script menu, or as single commands by selecting execute once. Before issuing commands, it is a good idea to ensure communication with a display is successful using some of the more basic GUI functions in the main window.

This program provides scratch pad upon which a tome of display projects and ideas can be assembled.

## **3.2 Application Notes**

Full demonstration programs and code are available for Matrix Orbital Displays in the C# language from Simple C# AppNote Pack in the Application Note section at <u>www.matrixorbital.ca/appnotes</u>. Difficulty increases from beginner, with the Hello World program, to advanced with the Dallas One-Wire temperature reading application.

Many additional applications are available in a number of different programming languages. These programs are meant to showcase the capability of the display and are not intended to be integrated into a final design. For additional information regarding code, please read the On Code document also found on the support site.

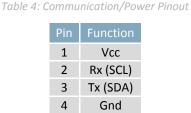
## 4 Hardware

### 4.1 Standard Model

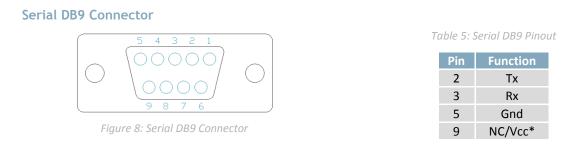
#### **Communication/Power Header**



Figure 7: Communication/Power Header



The Communication/Power Header provides a standard connector for interfacing to the LK162B-7T. Voltage is applied through pins one and four of the four pin Communication/Power Header. Please ensure the correct voltage input for your display by referencing Voltage Specifications before connecting power. Pins two and three are reserved for serial transmission, using either the RS-232/TTL or clocking data through the I<sup>2</sup>C protocol, depending on what has been selected by the Protocol Select Jumpers. The versatile Tyco 640456-4-LF style header used can be mated to a number of connectors, the Molex 22-01-3047 for example.



The LK162B-7T provides a DB-9 Connector to readily interface with serial devices using EIA232 standard signal levels. It is also possible to communicate at TTL levels of 0 to +5V by setting the Protocol Select Jumpers to TTL. As an added feature it is also possible to apply power through pin 9 of the DB-9 Connector in order to reduce cable clutter. A standard male DB9 header will provide the perfect mate for this connector.

\*Note: Do not apply voltage through pin 9 of the DB-9 Connector AND through the Communication/Power Header at the same time.



#### **Power Through DB9 Jumper**

In order to provide power through pin 9 of the DB-9 Connector you must connect the Power Through DB-9 Jumper labelled D, as illustrated below. This connection can be made using a zero ohm resistor, recommended size 0603, or a solder bridge. The LK162B-7T allows all voltage models to use the power through DB-9 option, see the Voltage Specifications for power requirements.



Figure 9: Power Through DB9 Jumper

#### **Protocol Select Jumpers**

The Protocol Select Jumpers provide the means necessary to toggle the LK162B-7T between RS-232, TTL and I<sup>2</sup>C protocols. As a default, the jumpers are set to RS-232 mode with solder jumps on the RS232 jumpers. In order to place the display module in I<sup>2</sup>C mode you must first remove the solder jumps from the RS232 jumpers and then place them on the I<sup>2</sup>C jumpers. The display will now be in I<sup>2</sup>C mode and have a default slave address of 80, unless changed with the appropriate command. Similarly, in order to change the display to TTL mode, simply remove the zero ohm resistors from the RS232 or I<sup>2</sup>C jumpers and solder them to the TTL jumpers.

#### 4.2 USB Model

#### **Mini USB Connector**

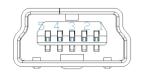


Figure 10: Mini USB Connector

Table 6: Mini USB Pinout

Pin	Function
1	Vcc
2	D-
3	D+
5	Gnd

The LK162B-7T-USB comes with a familiar Mini USB Connector to fulfill both communication and power needs. The standard MiniB style header can be connected to any other USB style using the appropriate cable. Most commonly used with a PC, this connection creates a virtual com port that offers a simple power solution with a familiar communication scheme.

#### Alternate USB Header

Some advanced applications may prefer the straight four pin connection offered through the Optional Alternate USB Header. This header offers power and communication access in a simple interface package. The Optional Alternate USB Header may be added to the LK162B-7T-USB for an added charge as part of a custom order. Please use the Contact section to request more information from the friendly Matrix Orbital sales team.

### 4.3 Common Features

#### **General Purpose Outputs**

Pin F 1
1
2 G

A unique feature of the LK162B-7T is the ability to control relays\* and other external devices using either one or six General Purpose Outputs. Each can source up to 10mA of current at five volts when on or sink 20mA at zero volts when off. The two row, fourteen pin header can be interfaced to a number of female connectors to provide control to any peripheral devices required.

\*Note: If connecting a relay, be sure that it is fully clamped using a diode and capacitor in order to absorb any electro-motive force (EMF) which will be generated.

**Alternate Power Connector** 

4 ⊞	3	8	1 ⊞

Figure 12: Alternate Power Connector

 Pin
 Function

 1
 Vcc

 2
 Gnd

 3
 Gnd

NC

4

The Alternate Power Connector provides the ability to power the LK162B-7T using a second cable. The Tyco 171825-4 style header is particularly useful for connecting to an unmodified floppy power cable, a 171822-4 for example, from a PC power supply for a simple bench power solution.

\*Note: To apply power via pin 4, move the 0 ohm resistor from R51 to R52. The R52 configuration is better suited to applying 12V power to an extended voltage display.



## **5** Troubleshooting

### 5.1 Power

In order for your LK162B-7T to function correctly, it must be supplied with the appropriate power. If the power LED near the top right corner of the board is not illuminated, power is not applied correctly. Try following the tips below.

- First, make sure that you are using the correct power connector. Standard floppy drive power cables from your PC power supply may fit on the Communication/Power Header; however they do not have the correct pin out to provide power. Matrix Orbital supplies power cable adapters for connecting to a PC, which can be found in the accessories section.
- Next, check the power cable which you are using for continuity. If you don't have an ohm meter, try using a different power cable, if this does not help try using a different power supply.
- If power is applied through the DB9 connector, ensure that the Power Through DB9 Jumper is connected.
- If changes have been made to the protocol select block, ensure all the appropriate protocol select jumpers are connected and all unused protocol jumpers are disconnected.
- The last step will be to check the interface connector in use on your display. If the power connections have become loose, or you are unable to resolve the issue, please Contact Matrix Orbital for more information.

## 5.2 Display

If your display is powered successfully, the Matrix Orbital logo, or user created screen should display on start up. If this is not the case, check out these tips.

- Ensure the contrast is not too high or too low. This can result in a darkened or blank screen respectively. See the Manual Override section to reset to default.
- Make sure that the start screen is not blank. It is possible to overwrite the Matrix Orbital logo start screen, if this happens the screen may be blank. Try writing to the display to ensure it is functional, after checking the contrast above.

## 5.3 Communication

When communication of either text or commands is interrupted, try the steps below.

- First, check the communication cable for continuity. If you don't have an ohm meter, try using a different communication cable. If you are using a PC try using a different Com/USB Port.
- Next, please ensure that the display module is set to communicate on the protocol that you are using, by checking the Protocol Select Jumpers.
- In serial and USB protocols, ensure that the host system and display module are both communicating on the same baud rate. The default rate for the display module is 19200 bps.
- Match Rx from your display to the transmitting pin from your host and the Tx pin to the receiving pin.
- If you are communicating to the display via I<sup>2</sup>C\* please ensure that the data is being sent to the correct address. The default slave address for the display module is 80.
- In I<sup>2</sup>C mode, connect Rx to the clock line of your controller and Tx to the data output.
- Unlock the display. See the Set and Save Data Lock command for more info.
- Finally, you may reset the display to its default settings using the Manual Override procedure outlined below.

\*Note: I<sup>2</sup>C communication will always require pull up resistors on SCL and SDA of one to ten kilohms.

### 5.4 Manual Override

Should the settings of your display become altered in a way that dramatically impacts usability, the default settings can be temporarily restored. To override the display, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Disconnect power from your display.
- 2. Hold down the bottom left dot key.
- 3. Reconnect power to your unit, and wait for the start screen before releasing the key.
- 4. Settings will be temporarily\*\* overridden to the defaults listed in the Manual Override Settings table. At this point any important settings, such as contrast, backlight, or baud rate, should not only be set but saved so they remain when the override is removed.

Parameter	Value
Backlight	255
Contrast	128
Baud Rate	19200
I <sup>2</sup> C Address	80

Table 8: Manual Override Settings

**\*\*Note:** The display module will revert back to the old settings once turned off, unless desired settings are saved.



## 6 Commands

## 6.1 Communication

1.1 Change	Dec	254 5									v5.0
Baud Rate	Hex	FE 3									
	ASCII	-	<b>9</b> Spe	eed							
Immediately changes the baud rate. Not available in I2C. Baud rate can be temporarily forced to 19200 l									to 19200 by	а	
manual override	2.										
Speed Byte	Valid sett	Valid settings shown below.									
Table 9: Accepted Baud Rate Values											
Rate	1200	2400	4800	9600	19200	28800	38400	57600	*76800	*115200	
Spee	d 83	41	207	103	51	34	25	16	12	8	
1.2 Change I <sup>2</sup> C	Dec	254	<b>51</b> A	ddress							v5.0
Slave Address	Нех	FE	<b>33</b> A	ddress							
	ASCII		<b>3</b> A	ddress							
Immediately chatters the read address			e addre	ss. Only	even val	ues are p	ermitted	as the n	ext odd ad	dress will be	come
Address Byte	Even va	alue.									
	2.0.1.1										
1.3 Transmissio	n Dec	254	4 160	Protoco	ol						v5.0
1.3 Transmissio Protocol Select			4 160 FE A0	Protoco							v5.0
					bl						v5.0
	Hex ASCII		FE A0 ∎ á	Protoco Protoco	bl bl	display. D	Data trans	smission	to the disp	lay is not aff	
Protocol Select	Hex ASCII ocol used	for data	FE AO a transm	Protoco Protoco nission fr	ol ol rom the c		Data trans	smission	to the disp	lay is not aff	

1.4 Set a Non-Standard	Dec	254 164	Speed				v5.0
Baud Rate	Нех	FE A4	Speed				
	ASCII	∎ ñ	Speed				

Immediately changes the baud rate to a non-standard value. Speed must be a whole number between 977 and153800. Due to rounding, error increases with baud rate, actual baud must be within 3% of desired baud to ensureaccurate communication. Not available in I2C. Can be temporarily forced to 19200 by a manual override.SpeedWordCalculations shown below, standard crystal speed is 16MHz.

$Speed = rac{CrystalSpeed}{(8  imes DesiredBaud)} - 1$ Equation 1: Speed Byte Calculation	$ActualBaud = \frac{CrystalSpeed}{(8 \times (Speed + 1))}$ Equation 2: Actual Baud Rate Calculation
DesiredBaud – A	$\frac{ctualBaud }{   } < 0.03$
DesiredBa	aud < 0.03

Equation 3: Baud Rate Error Calculation

0

1.5 Software	e De	ec 254 253 77 79 117 110	/8.4					
Reset	He	ex FE FD 4D 4F 75 6E						
	A	SCII <sup>2</sup> M O u n						
Reset the dis	Reset the display as if power had been cycled via a software command. No commands should be sent while the							
unit is in the	unit is in the process of resetting; a response will be returned to indicate the unit has successfully been reset.							
Response	Short	Successful reset response, 254 212.						

#### 6.2 Text

2.1 Clear	Dec	254 88
Screen	Hex	FE 58
	ASCII	<b>X</b>

Clears the contents of the screen.

2.2 Change the Start Up Screen	Dec Hex ASCII	254 64 FE 40 ■ @	Characters v5 Characters Characters	5.0				
Changes the me	Changes the message displayed on start up. Custom characters can be included by adding their decimal value (0-							
7). Characters will automatically wrap on the display.								
Characters 80	Characters 80 bytes, space characters can be added as needed							

2.3 Auto	Dec	254 81				V.
Scroll On	Hex	FE 51				
	ASCII	<b>Q</b>				

The entire contents of screen are shifted up one line when the end of the screen is reached. Display default is on.

2.4 Auto	Dec	254 82				v5
Scroll Off	Hex	FE 52				
	ASCII	R R				

New text is written over the top line when the end of the screen is reached. Display default is Auto Scroll on.

2.5 Set Auto	Dec	254 67	v5.0	]
Line Wrap On	Hex	FE 43		
	ASCII	■ C		
T				Ľ.

Text will wrap to the next consecutive line once a row becomes full. Default is Auto Line Wrap on.

2.6 Set Auto	Dec 254 68	v5.0
Line Wrap Off	Hex FE 44	
	ASCII 🗖	
Text will skip on	e line when wrapp	ng once a row becomes full. Writing order will be rows 1, 3, 2, and then 4.

Default is Auto Line Wrap on.



2.7 Set Cur	sor	Dec	254 71	Column	Row	v5.0			
Position		Hex	FE 47	Column	Row				
		ASCII	∎ G	Column	Row				
Sets the cu	Sets the cursor to a specific cursor position where the next transmitted character is printed.								
Column	Byte	Value bet	tween 1 an	d number	of character columns.				
Row	Byte	Value bet	Value between 1 and number of character rows.						

2.8 Go De	c 254 72	2
Home He	x FE 48	3
AS	CII 🔳 H	

Returns the cursor to the top left of the screen.

2.9 Move	Dec	254 76	v5.0
Cursor Back	Hex	FE 4C	
	ASCII	• L	
	•••		

Moves cursor one position to the left. Cursor will obey wrap settings.

2.10 Move	Dec	254 77	v5.0				
Cursor Forward	Hex	FE 4D					
	ASCII	■ M					
Moves cursor one	Moves cursor one position to the right Cursor will obey wrap settings						

Moves cursor one position to the right. Cursor will obey wrap settings.

2.11 Underline	Dec	254 74	v5.0					
Cursor On	Hex	FE 4A						
	ASCII	∎ J						
Displays a line ur	Displays a line under the surrent surrent ensitien. Can be used with block surrent							

Displays a line under the current cursor position. Can be used with block cursor.

2.12 Underline	Dec	254 75
Cursor Off	Нех	FE 4B
	ASCII	■ K
Removes line und	der curren	t cursor position.

Removes line under current cursor position.

2.13 Blinking	Dec	254 83			v5.0
Block Cursor On	Hex	FE 53			
	ASCII	<b>S</b>			

Displays a blinking block over the current cursor position. Can be used with underline.

Dec	254 84	v
Нех	FE 54	
ASCII	■ T	
	Нех	Hex FE 54

Removes blinking block over current cursor position.

## 6.3 Special Characters

3.1 Cr	eate a Cust	om Dec	254 78	ID Data v5.0				
Chara	cter	Hex	FE 4E	ID Data				
		ASCII	■ N	ID Data				
Create	Creates a custom character. Each character is divided into 8 rows of 5 pixels; each data byte represents one row.							
	Each byte is padded by three zero bits followed by five bits representing each pixel state. A one represents an on condition while a zero is off. Characters are lost when a new memory bank is loaded, unless they are saved.							
ID	Byte	Character ID, value between 0 and 7.						
Data	Byte[8]	Character pixel data as shown below.						

Table 10: Custom Degree Character

Data[1]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00001000	8
Data[2]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	р5	00010100	20
Data[3]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	р5	00001000	8
Data[4]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	0000011	3
Data[5]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	00000100	4
Data[6]	000	p1	р2	р3	p4	p5	00000100	4
Data[7]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	р5	0000011	3
Data[8]	000	p1	p2	р3	p4	p5	0000000	0

3.2 Save Custom	Dec	254 193	Bank ID Data v5	5.0		
Characters	Нех	FE C1	Bank ID Data			
	ASCII	∎ ñ	Bank ID Data			
Provides access to all memory banks to create and save custom characters, graph bars, and large digits. Any new						

characters saved will overwrite the old, so care should be taken when writing to any bar or digit memory bank. Bank structure is shown below.

Bank	Byte	1 byte, memory bank ID, value between 0 and 4, as below.
ID	Byte	1 byte, value between 0 and 7.
Data	Byte[8]	8 bytes, character pixel data as above.

Table 11: Custom Character Banks

0	Start-up Characters	1	Horizontal Bars	2	Vertical Bars	3	Medium Digits	4	Large Digits	
---	---------------------	---	-----------------	---	---------------	---	---------------	---	--------------	--

3.3 Load Custo Characters	m Dec Hex ASCII	254 192 FE CO	Bank Bank Bank	v5.0				
Loads a bank of custom characters into memory for use. Must be issued before using a bank of characters. Alternatively, an appropriate initialize command can be used.								
Bank Byte Memory bank ID, value between 0 and 4, as above.								

3.4 Sa	ive Start Up	Dec	254 194	ID Data v5.0				
Screer	n Custom	Hex	FE C2	ID Data				
Chara	cters	ASCII	■ <u>+</u>	ID Data				
Saves	Saves a custom character to memory for the start up screen or repeated use. Start up characters are displayed by							
sendir	ng their ID t	o the screer	າ.					
ID	Byte	Value betw	Value between 0 and 7.					
Data	Byte[8]	Character pixel data, see Custom Degree Character example.						

3.5 Initialize	Dec	254 109	v5.0
Medium Numbers	Hex	FE 6D	
	ASCII	∎ m	
Loods the medium n	unable r euset	am character hank into memory	Madium numbers must be initialized before use

Loads the medium number custom character bank into memory. Medium numbers must be initialized before use.

3.6 Place	Mediu	m Dec	254 111	Row Column Digit v5.0				
Numbers		Hex	FE 6F	Row Column Digit				
		ASCII	<b>0</b>	Row Column Digit				
Places a s	Places a single medium decimal digit of 2 row height and 1 column width on the display at the position specified.							
Medium	number	s must be initi	ialized before	e being placed.				
Row	Byte	Value betwee	Value between 1 and 20.					
Column	Byte	Value between 1 and 4.						
Digit	Byte	Single decimal digit to display.						

3.7 Initialize	Dec	254 104	v5.0
Horizontal Bar	Hex	FE 68	
	ASCII	∎ h	
Less de Aless les d'este			have show be which the processory. It is is each have above shows prove the initialized

Loads the horizontal bar graph custom character bank into memory. Horizontal bar characters must be initialized before a graph is displayed.

3.8 Place H	lorizon	tal Dec	254 124	Column Row Direction Length	v5.0		
Bar Graph		Нех	FE 7C	Column Row Direction Length			
		ASCII		Column Row Direction Length			
Places a ho	orizonta	l bar graph on tl	eginning at the column and row specified. The bar extends either				
right or lef	t to the	length indicated	d. New bars	s will overwrite old.			
Column	Byte	1 byte, value between 1 and 16					
Row	Byte	1 byte, value between 1 and 2					
Direction	Byte	1 byte, 0 for right and 1 for left					
Length	Byte	1 byte, length	in pixels of t	the graph, value between 0 and 100			

C

3.9 Initialize Narrow	Dec	254 115
Vertical Bar	Hex	FE 73
	ASCII	S S

Loads the narrow horizontal bar graph custom character bank into memory. A narrow bar is 2 pixels wide. Horizontal bar characters must be initialized before a graph is displayed.

3.10 Initialize	Dec	254 118
Wide Vertical Bar	Hex	FE 76
	ASCII	■ V

Loads the wide horizontal bar graph custom character bank into memory. A wide bar is 5 pixels wide. Horizontal bar characters must be initialized before a graph is displayed.

3.11 Place	Dec	254 61	Column Length	v5.0			
Vertical Ba	r Hex	FE 3D	Column Length				
	ASC	:II <b>■</b> =	Column Length				
Places a ve	Places a vertical bar graph on the screen extending from the first row of the column specified. The bar extends						
upwards to	the len	gth indicated. A	new bar will over write the old.				
Column	Byte	Value between 1 and 16.					
Length	Byte	Height in pixels of the graph, value between 0 and 16.					

## 6.4 General Purpose Output

4.1 General Purp Output On	oose Dec Hex ASCII	254 87 FE 57 ■ W	Number Number Number	v5.0
Turns the specifi	ed GPO on, sour	cing current	t from an output of five volts.	
Number Byte	GPO to be tur	ned on.		

4.2 General Purpose	Dec 254 86	Number v5.0			
Output Off	Hex FE 56	Number			
	ASCII 🔹 V	Number			
Turns the specified GPO off, sinking current to an output of zero volts.					
Number Byte GPO	D to be turned off.				

4.3 Set Sta	art Up	Dec 254 1	95 Number State v5.0
GPO State			C3 Number State
		ASCII	- Number State
Sets and s	aves the	e start up state of	he specified GPO in non volatile memory. Changes will be seen on start up.
Number	Byte	GPO to be contro	led.
State	Byte	1 for on or 0 for o	ff.



#### **LED Indicators**

The LK162B-7T has 6 General Purpose Outputs which control 3 bi-colour LEDs. Red, green, and orangeyellow colours can be created using these software controlled GPOs. Odd numbered GPOs control red while even numbers switch the green aspects of the LEDs, as shown in the table below.

Colour	GPO <sub>o</sub>	<b>GPO</b> <sub>E</sub>
Yellow	0	0
Green	0	1
Red	1	0
Off	1	1

Table 12: LED Output

4.4 Set LED	Dec	254 90	Number Colour v8.	ົ
Indicators	Нех	FE 5A	Number Colour	
	ASCII	∎ Z	Number Colour	
Immediately se	ts the state o	f the speci	fied LED indicator to a specific colour. Temporary unless remember is on.	

	•	LED indicator to be controlled.
Colour	Byte	LED colour state as below.

Table 13: LED Indicator Colour

State	Colour
Off	0
Green	1
Red	2
Yellow	3

#### 6.5 Piezo Buzzer

5.1 Activate P	Piezo	Dec	254 140	Time	V7.2
Buzzer		Hex	FE 8C	Time	
		ASCII	∎ î	Time	
Activates a 50	00Hz bu	zz from t	he onboard	piezo buzzer for a specified length of time.	
Time	Byte	Duratio	on of the bee	ep in 100 millisecond increments.	

5.2 Set Keypa	d	Dec	254 182	Setting	V7.2		
Buzzer Beep		Hex	<b>FE B6</b>	Setting			
		ASCII	■ -	Setting			
Set activation	of a 50	ms buzz w	hen specific	keypad events occur.			
Setting	Byte	Keypad e	/pad event(s) that trigger a 50ms buzzer beep as shown below. Default is 0.				

Table 14:	Keynad	Buzzer	Reen	Settinas
TUDIC 17.	Reypuu	DUZZCI	Duup	Settings

Setting	Description
0	No Buzz
1	Buzz on Key Press
2	Buzz on Key Release
3	Buzz on Press and Release

#### 6.6 Keypad

6.1 Auto Transmit	Dec	254 65
Key Presses On	Hex	FE 41
	ASCII	∎ A

Key presses are automatically sent to the host when received by the display. Default is Auto Transmit on.

6.2 Auto Transmit	Dec	254 79	v5.0	1
Key Presses Off	Hex	FE 4F		
	ASCII	<b>O</b>		
	1 in the 10	lease beeffare	to be welled by the best value the Dell Key Duese seveneed. Use this	1

Key presses are held in the 10 key buffer to be polled by the host using the Poll Key Press command. Use this mode for I2C transactions. Default is Auto Transmit on.

6.3 Poll Key	Dec	254 38
Press	Hex	FE 26
	ASCII	■ &

Reads the last unread key press from the 10 key display buffer. If another key is stored in the buffer the MSB will be 1, the MSB will be 0 when the last key press is read. If there are no stored key presses a value of 0 will be returned. Auto transmit key presses must be turned off for this command to be successful.

 Response
 Byte
 Value of key pressed (MSb determines additional keys to be read).

Clears all key presses from the key buffer.

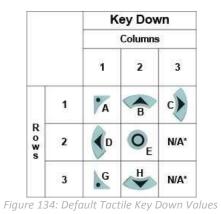
6.5 Set Debou	nce Dec	254 85	Time <b>v5.0</b>			
Time	Нех	FE 55	Time			
	ASCII	■ U	Time			
Sets the time between a key press and a key read by the display. Most switches will bounce when pressed; the						
debounce time allows the switch to settle for an accurate read. Default is 8 representing approximately 52ms.						
Time Byte Debounce increment (debounce time = Time * 6.554ms).						

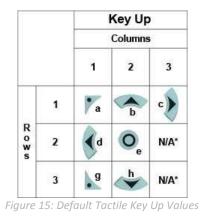
6.6 Set Auto	Dec	254 126	Mode		v5.0
Repeat Mode	Нех	FE 7E	Mode		
	ASCII	DEL	Mode		
Sets key press rer	heat mode	to typematic	or hold	In typematic mode if a key press is held, the key value is	

Sets key press repeat mode to typematic or hold. In typematic mode if a key press is held, the key value is transmitted immediately, then 5 times a second after a 1 second delay. In hold mode, the key down value is transmitted once when pressed, and then the key up value is sent when the key is released. Default is typematic. Mode Byte 1 for hold mode or 0 for typematic.

6.7 Auto Repeat	Dec 254 96	v5.0
Mode Off	Hex FE 60	
	ASCII	
Turns auto repeat	mode off. Default is on (typematic).	

Assigns the key down and key up values sent to the host when a key press is detected. A key up and key down						
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\*Note: Values are not mapped to a physical key.

6.9 Keypad	Dec	254 155		v5.0
Backlight Off	Hex	FE 9B		
	ASCII	■ ¢		
Turns the keypa	ad backligh	t off.		
6.10 Set Keypa	d Dec	254 156	Brightness	v5.0
	Hex	FE 9C	Brightness	
Brightness	Пех		Bugueness	
Brightness	ASCII	∎ £		

6.11 Set Auto	Dec	254 157	Setting		v5.0
Backlight	Hex	FE 9D	Setting		
	ASCII	∎¥	Setting		

Table 15: AutoBacklight Settings

Setting Byte What portions of the unit light on a keypress, if any, and if that press is returned.

	Transmit First Keypress		Omit First Keypress
0	No Lighting Change	8	No Lighting Change
1	Light Keypad Backlight	9	Light Keypad Backlight
2	Light Display Backlight	10	Light Display Backlight
3	Light Keypad and Display	11	Light Keypad and Display

## 6.7 Display Functions

7.1 Backlig	ght D	ec 254 66	Minutes v5.0
On	н	ex FE 42	Minutes
	A	SCII B	Minutes
Turns the essentially	• •	-	specified length of time. If an inverse display color is used this command will
Minutes	Byte	Number of minu	tes to leave backlight on, a value of 0 leaves the display on indefinitely.

7.2 Backlight	Dec	254 70			١
Off	Hex	FE 46			
	ASCII	■ F			

Turns the display backlight off. If an inverse display colour is used this command will turn off the text.

7.3 Set	Dec	254 153	Brightness	v5.0
Brightness*	Hex	FE 99	Brightness	
	ASCII	∎Ö	Brightness	
Immediately intensity inst			ghtness. If an inverse display color is used this represents the text colour	
Brightness	Byte	Brightness	level from 0(Dim) to 255(Bright).	

7.4 Set and Save	Dec	254 152	Brightness v5.0
Brightness*	Нех	FE 98	Brightness
	ASCII	■ÿ	Brightness
Immediately sets a	nd saves the	backlight b	brightness. Although brightness can be changed using the set command,
it is reset to this sa	ved value on	start up. I	Default is 255.
Brightness Byte	Brightnes	s level from	om 0(Dim) to 255(Bright).



7.5 Set E	Backlight	Dec 254 130	Red Green Blue	v5.0
Colour		Hex <b>FE 82</b>	Red Green Blue	
		ASCII ∎ é	Red Green Blue	
Set the c	olour of a	ri-colour backlight. On	y for tri-colour displays. Default is white (255, 255, 255).	
Red	Byte	Brightness level of Rec	from 0(Dim) to 255(Bright).	
Green	Byte	Brightness level of Gre	en from 0(Dim) to 255(Bright).	
Blue	Byte	Brightness level of Blue	e from 0(Dim) to 255(Bright).	

7.6 Set	Dec	254 80	Contrast v5.0
Contrast*	Нех	FE 50	Contrast
	ASCII	■ P	Contrast
Immediatel	y sets the	e contrast be	ween background and text. If an inverse display color is used this also represents
the text brig	ghtness.	Default is 12	8.
Contrast	Byte	Contrast leve	l from 0(Light) to 255(Dark).

7.7 Set and Save	Dec 254 14	5 Contrast v5.0
Contrast*	Hex FE S	1 Contrast
	ASCII	e Contrast
Immediately sets an	d saves the contras	t between background and text. Although contrast can be changed using
the set command, it	is reset to this sav	d value on start up. Default is 128.
Contrast Byte	Contrast level from	0(Light) to 255(Dark).

### 6.8 Data Security

8.1 Set	Dec	254 147	Switch v5.0	1
Remember	Нех	FE 93	Switch	l
	ASCII	∎ ô	Switch	l
Allows chong	as to spor	ific cottings	to be cauged to the display memory. Writing to per velatile memory can be slow	ſ.

Allows changes to specific settings to be saved to the display memory. Writing to non-volatile memory can be slow and each change consumes 1 write of at least 100,000 available. The Command Summary outlines which commands are saved always, never, and when this command is on only. Remember is off by default.

Switch Byte 1 for on or 0 for off.

8.2 Set Data	Dec	254 202 245 160	Level v5.0
Lock	Нех	FE CA F5 A0	Level
	ASCII	∎≞∫á	Level
Temporarily loo	cks certaiı	n aspects of the displa	ay to ensure no inadvertent changes are made. The lock is released
after a power c	ycle. A n	ew level overrides the	e old, and levels can be combined. Default is 0.

Level Byte Lock level, see Data Lock Bits table.

Table 16: Data Lock Bits

Display	Command	Reserved	Setting	Address	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Table 17: Lock Parameters

	Reserved	Place holders only, should be 0
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Address	Locks the Baud Rate and I2C address
Setting	Locks all settings from being saved
Command	Locks all commands, text can still be written
Display	Locks entire display, no new text can be displayed

8.3 Set and Save	Dec	254 203 245 160	Level	v5.0
Data Lock	Hex	FE CB F5 A0	Level	
	ASCII	∎⊤∫á	Level	
Locks certain aspe	ects of the d	isplay to ensure no in	advertent changes are made. The lock is not affected by a	
power cycle. A ne	ew level ove	rrides the old, and lev	vels can be combined. Default is 0.	
Level Byte	See Data Loo	k Bits table.		

### 6.9 Miscellaneous

9.1 Write	Dec	254 52	Data	v5.0
Customer Data	Hex	FE 34	Data	
	ASCII	■ 4	Data	
Saves a user defin	ned block	of data to r	non-volatile memory. Useful for storing display information for later use.	
Data Byte [16]	User	defined data	<b>1</b> .	

9.2 Read	Dec	254 53	v5.0
<b>Customer Data</b>	Hex	FE 35	
	ASCII	■ 5	
Reads data prev	iously wr	itten to non-vo	latile memory. Data is only changed when written, surviving power cycles.
Response By	te [16]	Previously say	ved user defined data.

9.3 Read Ver	sion	Dec	254 54	ν5.0
Number		Hex	FE 36	
		ASCII	<b>6</b>	
Causes displa	y to res	pond wit	h its firmwa	e version number. Test.
Response	Byte	Conver	t to hexadec	mal to view major and minor revision numbers.

9.4 Read	Dec	254 55	v5.0
Module Type	Нех	FE 37	
	ASC	II <b>7</b>	
Causes displa	y to res	pond with its module number.	
Response	Byte	Module number, see Sample Module Type Responses for a partial list.	

Table 18: Sample Module Type Responses

50 LK162B-7T 63 LK162B-7T-USB

## 7 Appendix

## 7.1 Command Summary

Available commands below include identifying number, required parameters, the returned response and an indication of whether settings are remembered always, never, or with remember set to on.

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Change Baud Rate	57	39	9	Byte	None	Always
Change I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address	51	33	3	Byte	None	Always
Transmission Protocol Select	160	A0	á	Byte	None	Remember On
Set a Non-Standard Baud Rate	164	A4	ñ	Byte	None	Always
Software Reset	253	FD	■ <sup>2</sup>	Byte [4]	Byte [2]	Never

Table 19: Comm	unication	Command	Summary
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#### Table 20: Text Command Summary

Name	Dec	Нех	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Clear Screen	88	58	Х	None	None	Never
Change the Start Up Screen	64	40	@	Byte[]	None	Always
Auto Scroll On	81	51	Q	None	None	Remember On
Auto Scroll Off	82	52	R	None	None	Remember On
Set Auto Line Wrap On	67	43	С	None	None	Remember On
Set Auto Line Wrap Off	68	44	D	None	None	Remember On
Set Cursor Position	71	47	G	Byte[2]	None	Never
Go Home	72	48	Н	None	None	Never
Move Cursor Back	76	4C	L	None	None	Never
Move Cursor Forward	77	4D	М	None	None	Never
Underline Cursor On	74	4A	J	None	None	Remember On
Underline Cursor Off	75	4B	К	None	None	Remember On
Blinking Block Cursor On	83	53	S	None	None	Remember On
Blinking Block Cursor Off	84	54	Т	None	None	Remember On

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Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Create a Custom Character	78	4E	Ν	Byte[9]	None	Remember On
Save Custom Characters	193	C1	ñ	Byte[10]	None	Always
Load Custom Characters	192	C0	L	Byte	None	Never
Save Start Up Screen Custom Characters	194	C2	т	Byte[9]	None	Always
Initialize Medium Numbers	109	6D	m	None	None	Never
Place Medium Numbers	111	6F	0	Row, Col, Digit	None	Never
Initialize Horizontal Bar	104	68	h	None	None	Never
Place Horizontal Bar Graph	124	7C	I	Col, Row, Dir, Length	None	Never
Initialize Narrow Vertical Bar	115	73	S	None	None	Never
Initialize Wide Vertical Bar	118	76	v	None	None	Never
Place Vertical Bar	61	3D	=	Col, Length	None	Never

#### Table 21: Special Character Command Summary

Table 22: General Purpose Output Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
General Purpose Output Off	86	56	V	Byte	None	Never
General Purpose Output On	87	57	W	Byte	None	Never
Set Start Up GPO State	195	C3	F	Byte[2]	None	Always
Set LED Indicators	90	5A	Z	Byte [2]	None	Remember On

Table 23: Piezo Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Activate Piezo Buzzer	140	8C	î	Byte	None	Never
Set Keypad Buzzer Beep	182	B6	-	Byte	None	Never

#### Table 24: Keypad Command Summary

Name	Dec	Нех	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Auto Transmit Key Presses On	65	41	А	None	None	Remember On
Auto Transmit Key Presses Off	79	4F	`	None	None	Remember On
Poll Key Press	38	26	&	None	Byte	Never
Clear Key Buffer	69	45	Е	None	None	Never
Set Debounce Time	85	55	U	Byte	None	Remember On
Set Auto Repeat Mode	126	7E	DEL	Mode	None	Remember On
Auto Repeat Mode Off	96	60	`	None	None	Remember On
Assign Keypad Codes	213	D5	Г	Byte[25], Byte[25]	None	Always
Keypad Backlight Off	155	98	¢	None	None	Never
Set Keypad Brightness	156	9C	£	Byte	None	Remember On
Set Auto Backlight	157	9D	¥	Byte	None	Always

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#### Table 25: Display Functions Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Backlight On	66	42	В	Byte	None	Remember On
Backlight Off	70	46	F	None	None	Remember On
Set Brightness*	153	99	Ö	Byte	None	Remember On
Set and Save Brightness*	152	98	ÿ	Byte	None	Always
Set Backlight Colour	130	82	é	Byte[3]	None	Remember On
Set Contrast*	80	50	Р	Byte	None	Remember On
Set and Save Contrast*	145	91	æ	Byte	None	Always

#### Table 26: Data Security Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Set Remember	147	93	Ô	Byte	None	Always
Set Data Lock	202, 245, 160	CA, F5, A0	<b>≞</b> , ∫, á	Byte	None	Remember On
Set and Save Data Lock	203, 245, 160	CB, F5, A0	<del>,</del> ∫, á	Byte	None	Always

#### Table 27: Miscellaneous Command Summary

Name	Dec	Hex	ASCII	Parameters	Response	Remembered
Write Customer Data	52	34	4	Byte[16]	None	Always
Read Customer Data	53	35	5	None	Byte[16]	Never
Read Version Number	54	36	6	None	Byte	Never
Read Module Type	55	37	7	None	Byte	Never



## 7.2 Character Sets

			н	lighe	r 4-b	it (D4	to I	07) o	f Cha	aract	er Co	ode (	Hexa	deci	mal)		
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	в	С	D	Е	F
	0	CG RAM (1)	- <u> </u>		0	Ø	P		p.	5	É	å	•	ŕ		0	ТÇ.
	1	CG RAM (2)		1	1	Ĥ	Q	.=	-	ü	39	i		J		Ŷ	O
	2	CG RAM (3)		::	2		R		ŀ"	ė	Æ	ó	÷	0	-	ð	2
	3	CG RAM (4)	Ś	#			3	<u> </u>	≞.	å	Ô	ú	•	2	1	e	ψ
al)	4	CG RAM (5)	ſ	\$	4	D	Τ		۰Ŀ	-	ö	4	·		[]]]	4	ω
xadecim	5	CG RAM (6)	Į.		5	<u>.</u>	U	@	L.4	à	ò	Ê	12	<b>.</b> †.	4	η	Ŧ
Code (He	6	CG RAM (7)		8	6		Ų	Ť	V	à	â	¥	14		0	0	<b> </b>
aracter (	7	CG RAM (8)	,	3	7	0	ļ.,	9	Ų.)	1	ù	R	×	÷	Δ	١.,	-11
03) of Ch	8	CG RAM (1)	ſ	¢	8	$\left\  \cdot \right\ $	X	ŀ'n	×	ê	9	÷	÷	÷		К	
(D0 to C	9	CG RAM (2)	1	)	9	Ι	Y	1	<u>ب</u>		Ö	i	<		Π	А	÷
Lower 4-bit (D0 to D3) of Character Code (Hexadecimal)	A	CG RAM (3)	~	4	:	J	2	j.	2	è	Ü	A	2		2	μ	
٢	в	CG RAM (4)	ľ		;;	K	Ľ	k	<	ï	ñ	3	×	I	Υ	Ų?	
	с	CG RAM (5)		2	<	I	۰.	1	1	î	Ñ	8	»	]	Φ	Z	
	D	CG RAM (6)	ń,	•••••		М	]	m	2	1	-	8	7		Ψ	Л	
	Е	CG RAM (7)	2		>	ŀ·l	· · · ·	ľ	·*•,•	Ä		ø	-[	0	Ω	ρ	
	F	CG RAM (8)	3	.**	?	0		c	<u>.</u>	Å	<u>.</u>	ø		0	C	o	

Figure 14: LCD Model European Character Set

## 7.3 Block Diagram

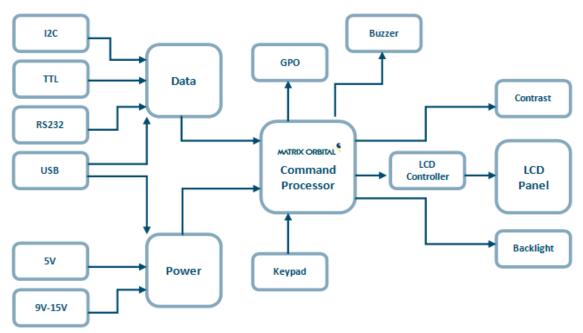


Figure 15: Functional Diagram

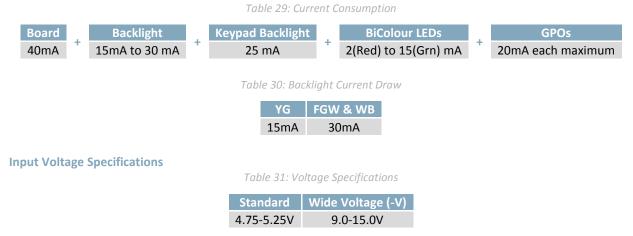
## 7.4 Environmental Specifications

Table 28: Environmental Limits

	LCD Standard	LCD Extended (-E)				
Operating Temperature	0°C to +50°C	-20°C to +70°C				
Storage Temperature	-10°C to +60°C	-30°C to +80°C				
<b>Operating Relative Humidity</b>	Maximum 90% non-condensing					
Thermal Shock	Maximum 10°C /min					

## 7.5 Electrical Tolerances

#### **Current Consumption**



## 7.6 Dimensional Drawings

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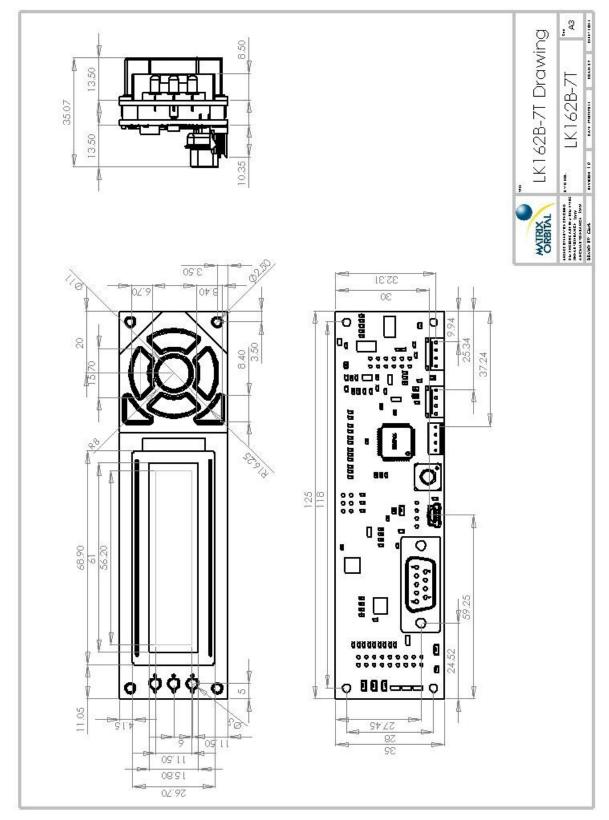


Figure 16: Display Dimensional Drawing

## 7.7 Optical Characteristics

Module Size	125.00 x 35.00 x 35	mm
Viewing Area	61.0 x 15.8	mm
Active Area	56.2 x 11.5	mm
Character Size	2.95 x 5.55	mm
Character Pitch	3.55 x 5.95	mm
Pixel Size	0.55 x 0.65	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.65 x 0.70	mm
Viewing Direction	12	O'clock
Viewing Angle	-30 to +30	0
Contrast Ratio	3	
Backlight Half-Life	20,000*	Hours

Table 32: Display Optics

\*Note: Operation above 40°C and/or 50% RH will decrease half-life.

## 8 Ordering

## 8.1 Part Numbering Scheme

Table 33: Part Numbering Scheme

LK	-162	В	-7T		-FGW	-V	-E
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

## 8.2 Options

Table 34: Display Options

#	Designator	Options
1	Product Type	LK: Liquid Crystal Display with Keypad Input
2	Display Size	-162: 16 columns by 2 rows
3	Form Factor	B: B Form Factor
4	Keypad Size	7T: Seven Integrated Tactile Keys
5	Protocol	*NP: Standard Model -USB: USB Only Model
6	Colour	*NP: Standard (Grey Text with Yellow-Green Background) -FGW: Grey Text with White Background -WB: White Text with Blue Background
7	Voltage	*NP: Standard Voltage -V: Wide Voltage
8	Temperature	*NP: Standard ***-E: Extended Temperature

\*Note: NP means No Populate; skip this designator in the part number and move to the next option.

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## 8.3 Accessories

#### Communication

Table 35: Communication Accessories

CSS1FT	1 ft. Serial Cable	
CSS4FT	4 ft. Serial Cable	
EXTMUSB3FT	Mini-USB Cable	
INTMUSB3FT	Internal Mini-USB Cable	
SCCPC5V	Serial Communication/5V Power Cable	
BBC	Breadboard Cable	
Power	Table 36: Power Accessories	

PCS Standard Power Cable



## **9** Definitions

ASCII: American standard code for information interchange used to give standardized numeric codes to alphanumeric characters.

BPS: Bits per second, a measure of transmission speed.

FFSTN: Double film super-twisted nematic in reference to an LCD. The addition of two layers of film between the STN display and polarizer improves contrast.

GPO: General purpose output, used to control peripheral devices from a display.

GUI: Graphical user interface.

Hexadecimal: A base 16 number system utilizing symbols 0 through F to represent the values 0-15.

 $I^2C$ : Inter-integrated circuit protocol uses clock and data lines to communicate short distances at slow speeds from a master to up to 128 addressable slave devices. A display is a slave device.

LSB: Least significant bit or byte in a transmission, the rightmost when read.

MSB: Most significant bit or byte in a transmission, the leftmost when read.

RS232: Recommended standard 232, a common serial protocol. A low level is -30V, a high is +30V.

Serial data line used to transfer data in I<sup>2</sup>C protocol. This open drain line should be pulled high SDA: through a resistor. Nominal values are between 1K and 10K  $\Omega$ .

Serial clock line used to designate data bits in I<sup>2</sup>C protocol. This open drain line should be pulled SCL: high through a resistor. Nominal values are between 1K and 10K  $\Omega$ .

Super-twisted nematic in reference to an LCD. In a relaxed or nematic state, crystals orientate STN: themselves in the same direction and allow light to pass. In an excited state these crystals align to block light. Super-twisted crystals move from 180 to 270 degrees providing greater contrast than TN models.

## **10 Contact**

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