

32-Mbit (2 M × 16) Static RAM

Features

- High speed

 □ t_{AA} = 12 ns
- Low active power
 □ I_{CC} = 250 mA at 83.3 MHz
- Low Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) standby power
 - $\Box I_{SB2} = 50 \text{ mA}$
- Operating voltages of 3.3 ± 0.3 V
- 2.0 V data retention
- Automatic power down when deselected
- TTL compatible inputs and outputs
- Available in Pb-free 48-ball FBGA package

Functional Description

The CY7C1071DV33 is a high performance CMOS Static RAM organized as 2,097,152 words by 16 bits. The input and output pins (I/O_0 through I/O_{15}) are placed in a high impedance state when:

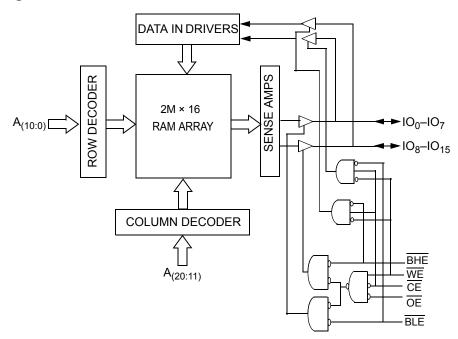
- Deselected (CE HIGH)
- Outputs are disabled (OE HIGH)
- <u>Both</u> byte high enable and byte low enable are disabled (BHE, BLE HIGH)
- The write operation is active (CE LOW and WE LOW)

To write to the device, take Chip Enable (\overline{CE}) and Write Enable (\overline{WE}) inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable (\overline{BLE}) is LOW, then data from I/O pins $(I/O_0$ through $I/O_7)$ is written into the location specified on the address pins $(A_0$ through A_{20}). If Byte High Enable (\overline{BHE}) is LOW, then data from I/O pins $(I/O_8$ through I/O_{15}) is written into the location specified on the address pins $(A_0$ through $A_{20})$.

To read from the device, take Chip Enable ($\overline{\text{CE}}$) and Output Enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) LOW while forcing the Write Enable (WE) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{\text{BLE}}$) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appears on I/O₀ to I/O₇. If Byte High Enable ($\overline{\text{BHE}}$) is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O₈ to I/O₁₅. See the Truth Table on page 10 for a complete description of read and write modes.

For a complete list of related documentation, click here.

Logic Block Diagram





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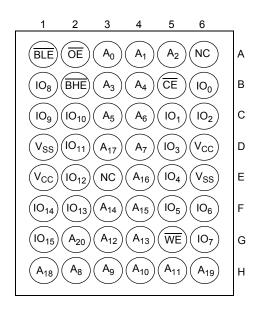


Selection Guide

Description	-12	Unit
Maximum Access Time	12	ns
Maximum Operating Current	250	mA
Maximum CMOS Standby Current	50	mA

Pin Configuration

Figure 1. 48-ball FBGA [1]



Note

^{1.} NC pins are not connected to the die.



Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested. Storage Temperature-65 °C to +150 °C Ambient Temperature with Power Applied–55 °C to +125 °C Supply Voltage on V CC Relative to GND $^{[2]}$ -0.3 V to +4.6 V

DC Input Voltage [2]	–0.5 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V
Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage	> 2001 V
(MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	
Latch up Current	> 200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V _{CC}	
Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	$3.3~V\pm0.3~V$	

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		12	Unit
Parameter	Description	rest Conditions	Min	Max	Oilit
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	Min V_{CC} , $I_{OH} = -4.0 \text{ mA}$	2.4	-	V
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	Min V _{CC} , I _{OL} = 8.0 mA	_	0.4	V
V _{IH} ^[2]	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0	V _{CC} + 0.3	V
V _{IL} [2]	Input LOW Voltage		-0.3	0.8	V
I _{IX}	Input Leakage Current	$GND \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$	-1	+1	μΑ
I _{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$, Output Disabled	-1	+1	μΑ
Icc	V _{CC} Operating Supply Current	V_{CC} = Max, f = f _{max} = 1/t _{RC} , I _{OUT} = 0 mA CMOS levels	_	250	mA
I _{SB1}	Automatic CE Power Down Current – TTL Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max V}_{CC}, \overline{CE} \geq V_{IH}, V_{IN} \geq V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IN} \leq V_{IL}, \\ &f = f_{max} \end{aligned}$	-	60	mA
I _{SB2}	Automatic CE Power Down Current – CMOS Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max V}_{\text{CC}}, \ \overline{\text{CE}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3 \text{ V}, \\ &\text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ or V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ f = 0}, \\ &\text{V}_{\text{CC}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC(max)}} \end{aligned}$	-	50	mA

Capacitance

Parameter ^[3]	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, f = 1 \text{MHz}, V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{V}$	16	pF
C _{OUT}	I/O Capacitance		20	pF

Thermal Resistance

Parameter ^[3]	Description	Test Conditions	48-ball FBGA	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four-layer printed circuit board	24.72	°C/W
Θ _{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		5.79	°C/W

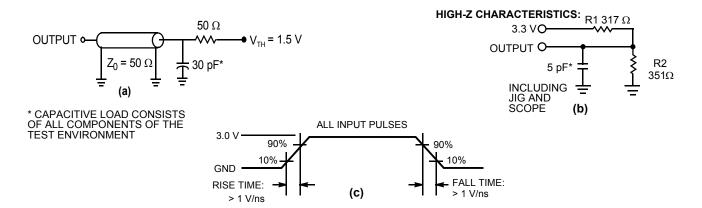
Notes

- 2. V_{IL(min)} = -2.0 V and V_{IH(max)} = V_{CC} + 1 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
 3. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.



AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveforms [4]

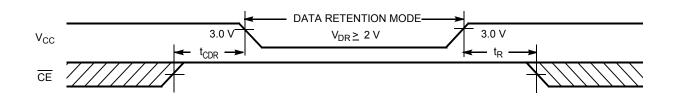


Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V _{CC} for Data Retention		2	_	_	V
I _{CCDR}	Data Retention Current	$V_{CC} = 2 \text{ V}, \overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V},$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or } V_{IN} \le 0.2 \text{ V}$	_	_	50	mA
t _{CDR} ^[5]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0	_	_	ns
t _R ^[6] Operation Recovery Time			t _{RC}	_	_	ns

Figure 3. Data Retention Waveform



Notes

- Valid SRAM operation does not occur until the power supplies reach the minimum operating V_{DD} (3.0 V). 100 μ s (t_{power}) after reaching the minimum operating V_{DD} , normal SRAM operation begins to include reduction in V_{DD} to the data retention (V_{CCDR} , 2.0 V) voltage.

 Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
- Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to V_{CC(min)} ≥ 50 μs or stable at V_{CC(min)} ≥ 50 μs.



AC Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range [7]

Dawassatas	Description	-	12	11!4
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle			•	
t _{power}	V _{CC(typ)} to the first access ^[8]	100	_	μS
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	12	-	ns
t _{AA}	Address to Data Valid	-	12	ns
t _{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	3	_	ns
t _{ACE}	CE LOW to Data Valid	-	12	ns
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to Data Valid	-	7	ns
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to Low Z [9]	1	_	ns
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to High Z [9]	-	7	ns
t _{LZCE}	CE LOW to Low Z [9]	3	_	ns
t _{HZCE}	CE HIGH to High Z [9]	-	7	ns
t _{PU}	CE LOW to Power Up [10]	0	_	ns
t _{PD}	CE HIGH to Power Down [10]	_	12	ns
t _{DBE}	Byte Enable to Data Valid	-	7	ns
t _{LZBE}	Byte Enable to Low Z ^[9]	1	_	ns
t _{HZBE}	Byte Disable to High Z [9]	-	7	ns
Write Cycle [11, 12]		•	
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	12	_	ns
t _{SCE}	CE LOW to Write End	9	_	ns
t _{AW}	Address Setup to Write End	9	_	ns
t _{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0	_	ns
t _{SA}	Address Setup to Write Start	0	_	ns
t _{PWE}	WE Pulse Width	9	_	ns
t _{SD}	Data Setup to Write End	7	_	ns
t _{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	0	_	ns
t _{LZWE}	WE HIGH to Low Z [9]	3	_	ns
t _{HZWE}	WE LOW to High Z [9]	_	7	ns
t _{BW}	Byte Enable to End of Write	9	_	ns

Notes

- Test conditions are based on signal transition time of 3 ns or less and timing reference levels of 1.5 V and input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0 V. Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading shown in part (a) of Figure 2 on page 5, unless specified otherwise.
 t_{power} is the minimum amount of time that the power supply must be at typical V_{CC} values until the first memory access can be performed.
 t_{HZOE}, t_{HZVE}, t_{HZWE}, t_{HZWE}, t_{HZWE}, t_{HZWE}, t_{LZWE}, t_{LZWE}

- 10. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.
 11. The internal memory write time is defined by the overlap of CE, WE = V_{IL}. Chip enables must be active and WE and byte enables must be LOW to initiate a write, and the transition of any of these signals can terminate the write. The input data setup and hold timing must be referenced to the leading edge of the signal that
- 12. The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle 2 ($\overline{\text{WE}}$ controlled, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ LOW) is the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD} .



Switching Waveforms

Figure 4. Read Cycle 1 (Address Transition Controlled) [13, 14]

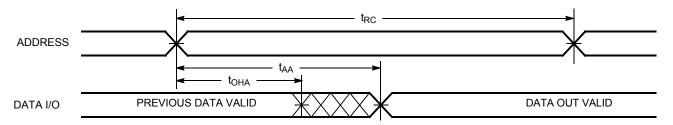
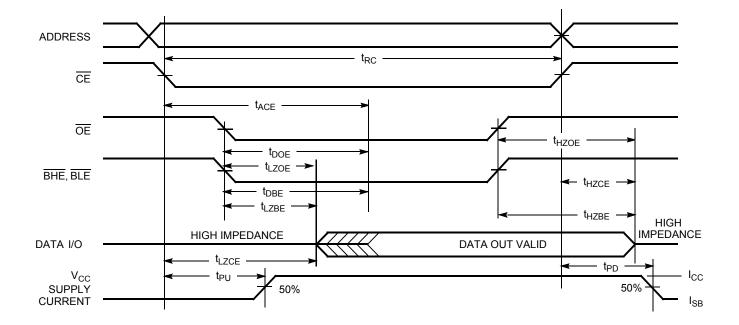


Figure 5. Read Cycle 2 (OE Controlled) [14, 15]



^{13. &}lt;u>Device</u> is continuously selected. <u>OE</u>, <u>CE</u>, <u>BHE</u> or <u>BHE</u> or both = V_{IL}.

14. <u>WE</u> is HIGH for read cycle.

15. Address valid before or similar to <u>CE</u> transition LOW.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 6. Write Cycle 1 (CE Controlled) [16, 17]

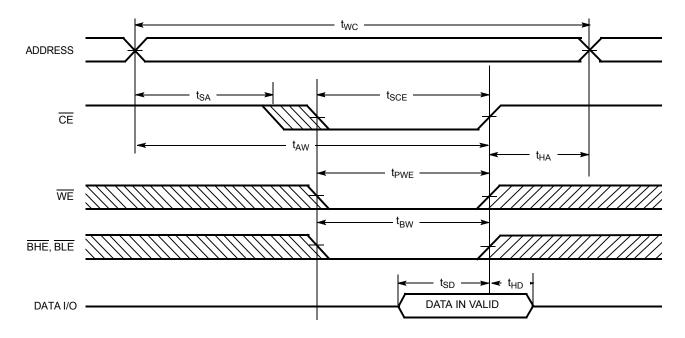
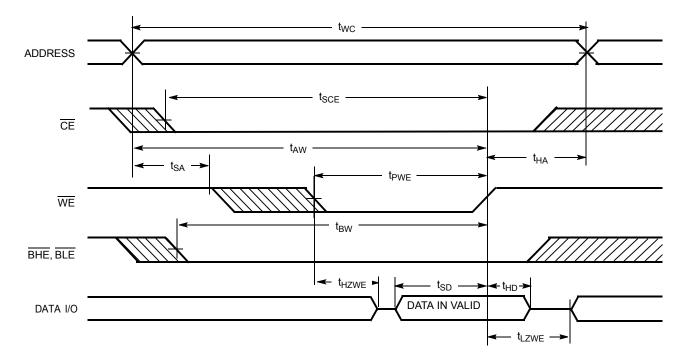


Figure 7. Write Cycle 2 (WE Controlled, OE LOW) [16, 17]



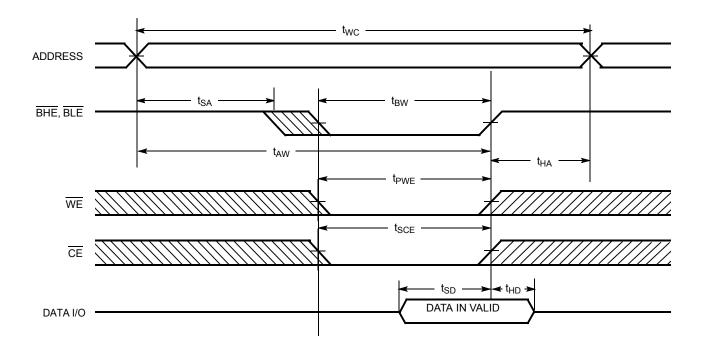
^{16.} Data I/O is high impedance if OE or BHE, BLE or both = V_{IH}.

17. If CE goes HIGH simultaneously with WE going HIGH, the output remains in a high impedance state.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 8. Write Cycle 3 (BLE or BHE Controlled)





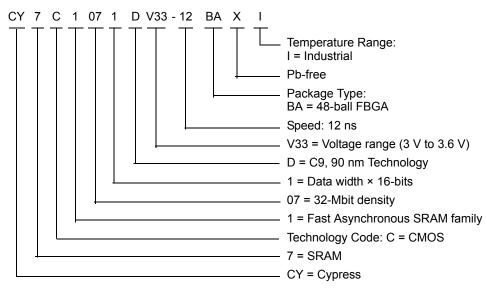
Truth Table

CE	OE	WE	BLE	BHE	I/O ₀ –IO ₇	I/O ₈ -I/O ₁₅	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Х	Χ	Х	High Z	High Z	Power-down	Standby (I _{SB})
L	L	Н	L	L	Data Out	Data Out	Read All Bits	Active (I _{CC})
L	L	Н	L	Н	Data Out	High Z	Read Lower Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	L	Н	Н	L	High Z	Data Out	Read Upper Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	Х	L	L	L	Data In	Data In	Write All Bits	Active (I _{CC})
L	Х	L	L	Н	Data In	High Z	Write Lower Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	Х	L	Н	L	High Z	Data In	Write Upper Bits Only	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	Х	Х	High Z	High Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	Active (I _{CC})

Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
12	CY7C1071DV33-12BAXI	51-85191	48-ball FBGA (8 × 9.5 × 1.2 mm) (Pb-free)	Industrial

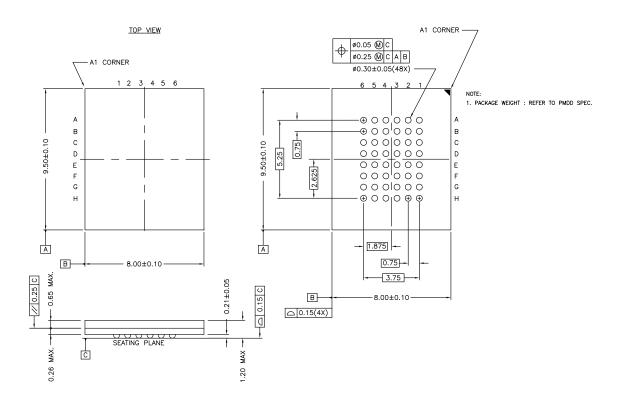
Ordering Code Definitions





Package Diagram

Figure 9. 48-ball FBGA (8 × 9.5 × 1.2 mm) BA48J Package Outline, 51-85191



51-85191 *C



Acronyms

Acronym	Description			
CE	chip enable			
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor			
FPBGA	fine-pitch ball grid array			
I/O	input/output			
OE	output enable			
SRAM	static random access memory			
TTL	transistor-transistor logic			
WE	write enable			

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure			
°C	degree Celsius			
MHz	megahertz			
μΑ	microampere			
μs	microsecond			
mA	milliampere			
mm	millimeter			
ms	millisecond			
mV	millivolt			
ns	nanosecond			
Ω	ohm			
%	percent			
pF	picofarad			
V	volt			
W	watt			



Document History Page

Document Title: CY7C1071DV33, 32-Mbit (2 M × 16) Static RAM Document Number: 001-12063						
REV.	ECN NO.	Submission Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change		
**	605460	See ECN	VKN	New Data sheet		
*A	1192183	See ECN	VKN / KKVTMP	Removed CE ₂ feature Updated block diagram Changed I _{CC} spec from 160 mA to 225 mA Changed C _{IN} spec from 8 pF to 10 pF Changed C _{OUT} spec from 10 pF to 12 pF Changed t _{BW} spec from 8 ns to 9 ns		
*B	2711136	05/29/2009	VKN / PYRS	Added 10 ns speed bin In 12 ns speed bin, changed I _{SB1} from 70 to 60 mA and I _{SB2} from 60 to 50 mA Changed C _{IN} from 8 pF to 16 pF and C _{OUT} from 10 pF to 20 pF Changed $\Theta_{\rm JA}$ from 28.37 °C/W to 24.72 °C/W Removed 119-Ball PBGA package Added 48-Ball FBGA package		
*C	2759408	09/03/2009	VKN / AESA	Removed 10ns speed Marked thermal specs as "TBD" Changed t _{DOE} , t _{HZOE} , t _{HZCE} , t _{DBE} , t _{HZBE} , t _{HZWE} specs from 6 ns to 7ns Added -12B2XI part (Dual CE option)		
*D	2813370	11/23/2009	VKN	Changed I _{CC} spec from 225 mA to 250 mA.		
*E	2925803	04/30/2010	VKN / AESA	Converted from Preliminary to Final Removed Dual CE option from the data sheet Updated links in Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information		
*F	3109063	12/13/2010	AJU	Added Ordering Code Definitions.		
*G	3132969	01/11/2011	AJU	Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Changed all instances of IO to I/O. Updated in new template.		
*H	3268861	05/28/2011	AJU	Updated Functional Description (Removed "For best practice recommendations, refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines.").		
*	3411360	10/17/2011	TAVA	Updated Features. Updated DC Electrical Characteristics. Updated Switching Waveforms. Updated Package Diagram.		
*J	4573215	11/18/2014	TAVA	Added related documentation hyperlink in page 1. Updated Figure 9 in Package Diagram (spec 51-85191 *B to *C).		



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