

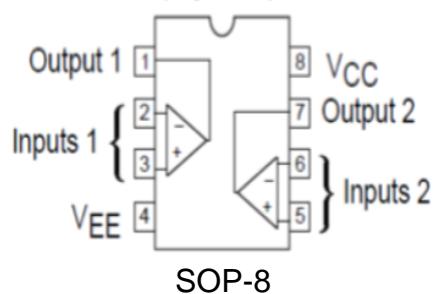
## Summary

This type of J-FET input operational amplifier is specially designed for low-power applications, which are characterized by high input impedance, low input bias current and low input offset current.

Advanced design technology ensures higher conversion rate, gain bandwidth product and output swing. Commercial and vehicle equipment can be packaged in plastic dipline SOP.

## PIN CONNECTIONS

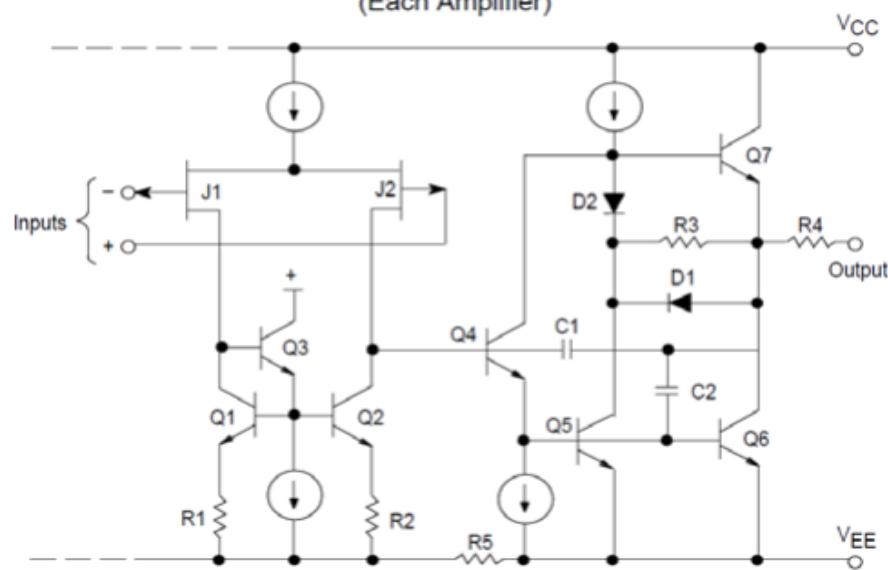
(Top View)



## Main feature

- Low power supply current: 200uA/Amplifier
- Low input bias current: 5.0pA
- High gain bandwidth: 2.0MHz
- High conversion rate: 6.0V/uS
- High input impedance:  $10^{12}\Omega$
- Large output voltage swing:  $\pm 14V$
- Output short circuit protection

Representative Schematic Diagram  
(Each Amplifier)



**Low power J - FET input operational amplifier**
**Maximum rating**

category	symbol	value	unit
Power supply (from VCC to VEE)	VS	+36	V
Input differential voltage range (Note 1)	$V_{IDR}$	$\pm 30$	V
Input voltage range (Note 1 and Note2)	$V_{IR}$	$\pm 15$	V
Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 3)	tsc	need to be decided or settled	sec
operating junction temperature range	$T_J$	+125	°C
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	- 60 to +150	°C

- Note: 1. The differential voltage is located at the noninverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.
2. The magnitude of the input voltage must not exceed the amplitude of the supply voltage of 15 volts, whichever is smaller.
3. Powerconsumption must be considered to ensure that the maximum junction temperature is not exceeded.

**Electrical characteristics (Vcc=20V,Tamp=25°C shall be specified separately)**

parameter	symbol	TL062C			unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Input offset voltage ( $R_S = 50\Omega$ , $V_O = 0V$ ) TA=25°C TA=0°C to +70°C	$V_{IO}$		3.0	15 20	mV
Average temperature coefficient of offset voltage ( $RS=50\Omega$ $VO=0V$ )	$\Delta V_{IO} / \Delta T$		10		uV/°C
Input offset current ( $VCM=0V$ , $VO=0V$ ) TA=25°C TA=0°C to +70°C	$I_{IO}$		0.5	200 2	pA nA
Input bias current ( $VCM=0V$ , $VO=0V$ ) TA=25°C TA=0°C to +70°C	$I_B$		3	200 10	pA nA
Input common- mode voltage range TA=25°C	$V_{ICR}$	- 11	+14.5 - 12	+11	V
Large signal voltage gain ( $RL = 10k\Omega$ , $VO = \pm 10V_0$ ) TA=25°C TA=0°C to +70°C	$A_{VOL}$	3.0 3.0	58		V/mV
Output voltage amplitude ( $RL=10K\Omega$ , $VID=10 V_0$ ) TA=25°C TA=0°C to +70°C	$V_o+$ $V_o-$	+10	+14 - 14	- 10	V
common mode rejection ratio $RS=50\Omega$ $VCM=VICR$ min, $VO=0V$ , TA=25°C	CMR	70	84		dB

## Low power J - FET input operational amplifier

common mode rejection ratio (RS=50Ω, VCM=0V, VO=0V, TA=25°C)	PSR	70	86		dB
Supply current (per independent op amp) (No load, VO=0V, TA=25°C)	I <sub>D</sub>		200	250	uA
Total power consumption (per independent operational amplifier) (No load, VO=0V, TA=25°C)	P <sub>D</sub>		6.0	7.5	mW

Ac electrical characteristics (VCC=+15V, VEE=-15V, TA = +25°C unless otherwise specified).

parameter	symbol	Min	Typ	Max	unit
Conversion rate (vin = -10V to +10V, RL = 10KΩ, CL = 100PF, AV=+1.0)	SR	2.0	5.0		V/uS
Rise time (Vin = 20mV, RL = 10kΩ, CL = 100pf, AV =+1.0).	Tr		0.1		uS
Deviation value (vin = 20mv, rl = 10kΩ, cl = 100pf, av =+1.0).	OS		10		%
setting time (VCC=+15V, VEE= -15V, AV=+1.0, RL=10kΩ , VO=0V to +10V step )	t <sub>s</sub>		1.5 2.2		uS
Gain bandwidth product (f=200KHz)	GBW		2.0		MHz
Equivalent input noise (RS=100Ω,f=1.0KHz)	e <sub>n</sub>		47		nV/sqrt(Hz)
Input resistance	R <sub>i</sub>		10 <sup>12</sup>		W
Channel separation (f=10KHz)	CS		120		dB

Figure 1. Maximum Power Dissipation versus Temperature for Package Variations

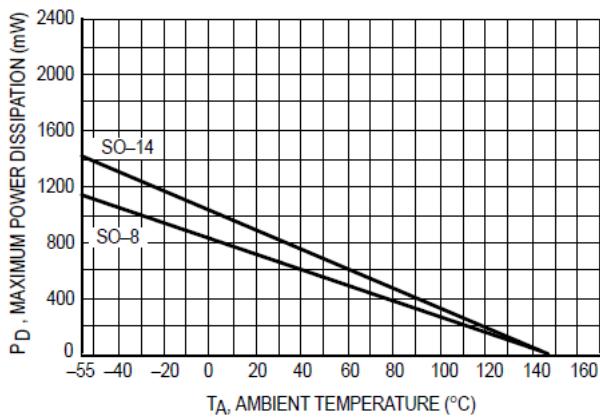
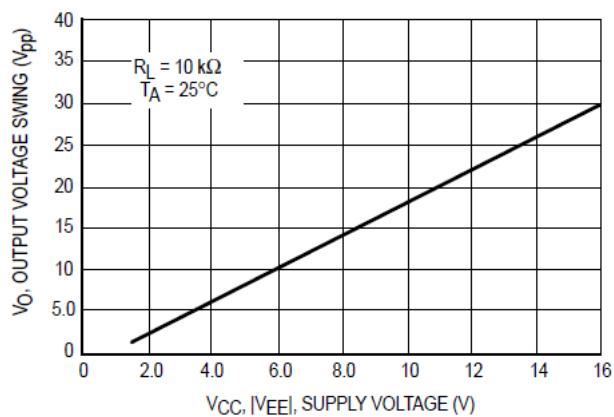
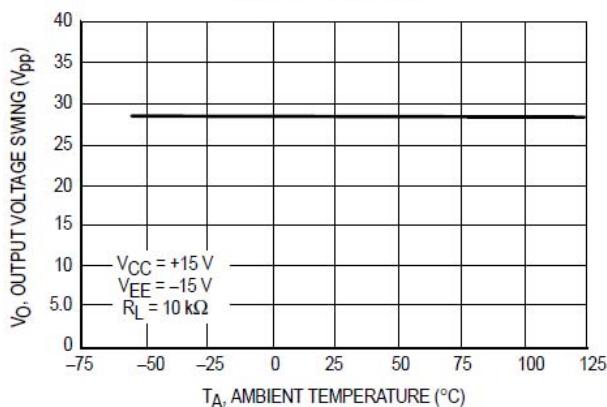


Figure 2. Output Voltage Swing versus Supply Voltage

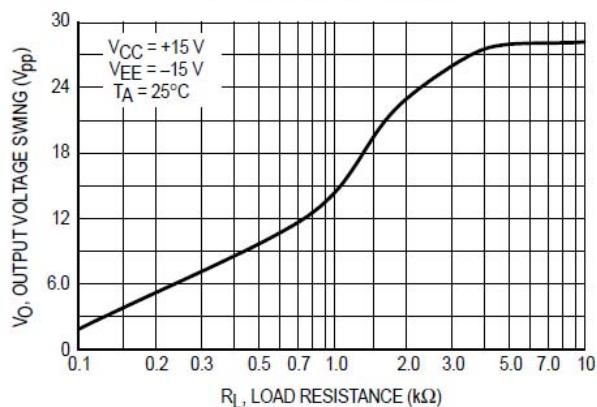


## Low power J - FET input operational amplifier

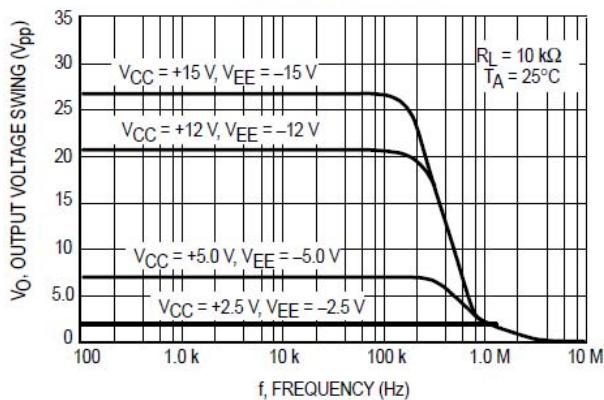
**Figure 3. Output Voltage Swing versus Temperature**



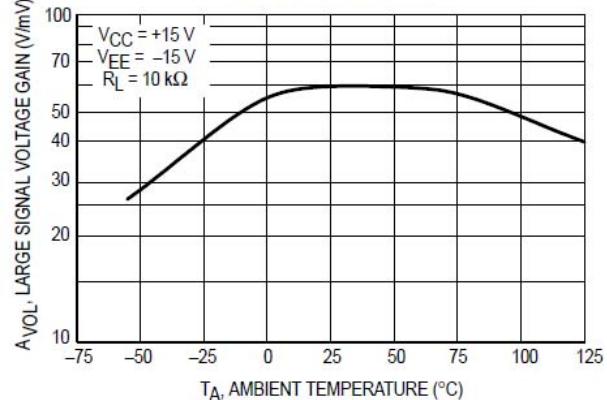
**Figure 4. Output Voltage Swing versus Load Resistance**



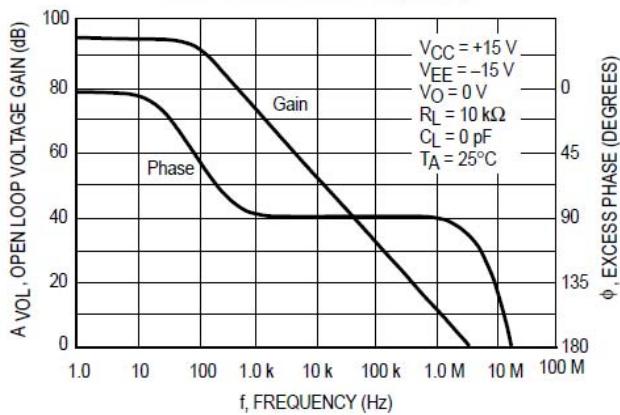
**Figure 5. Output Voltage Swing versus Frequency**



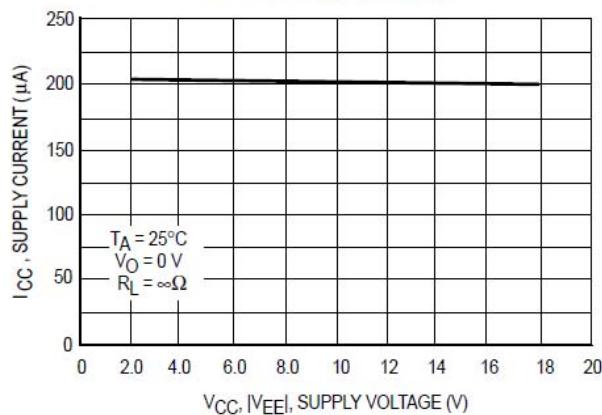
**Figure 6. Large Signal Voltage Gain versus Temperature**



**Figure 7. Open Loop Voltage Gain and Phase versus Frequency**

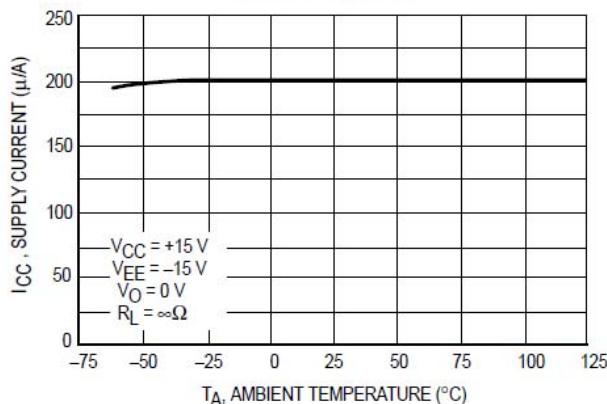


**Figure 8. Supply Current per Amplifier versus Supply Voltage**

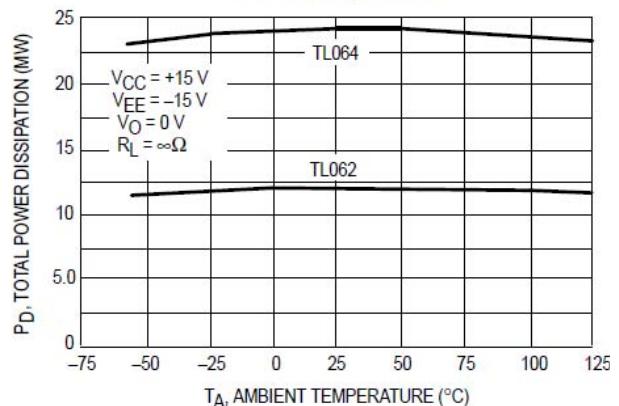


## Low power J - FET input operational amplifier

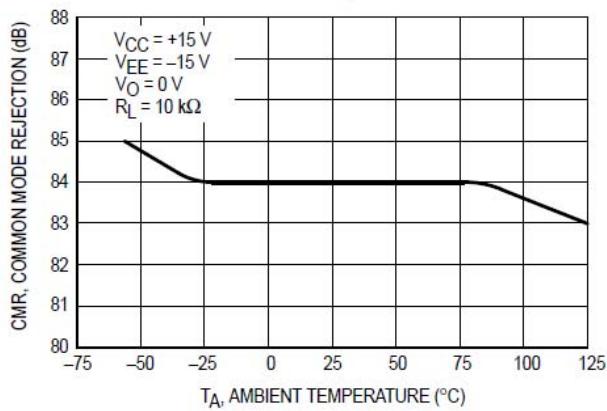
**Figure 9. Supply Current per Amplifier versus Temperature**



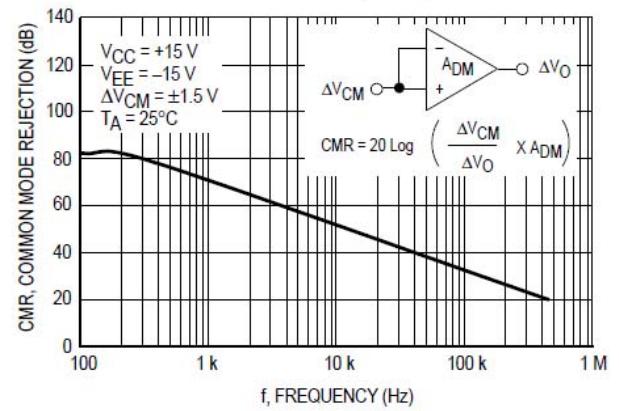
**Figure 10. Total Power Dissipation versus Temperature**



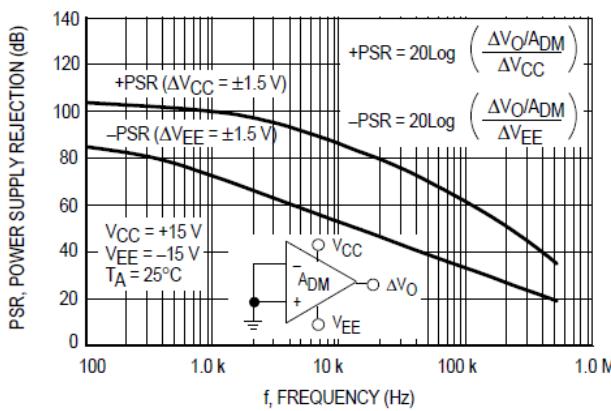
**Figure 11. Common Mode Rejection versus Temperature**



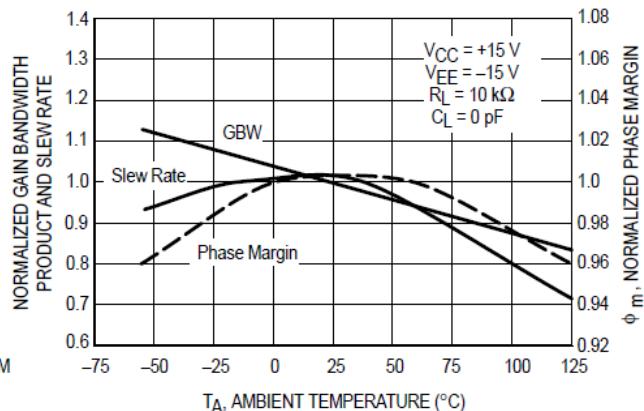
**Figure 12. Common Mode Rejection versus Frequency**



**Figure 13. Power Supply Rejection versus Frequency**

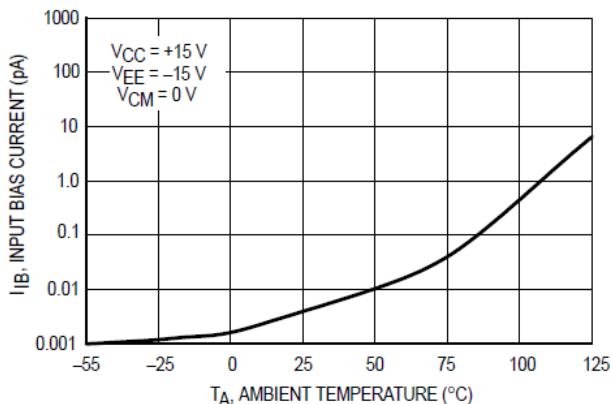


**Figure 14. Normalized Gain Bandwidth Product, Slew Rate and Phase Margin versus Temperature**

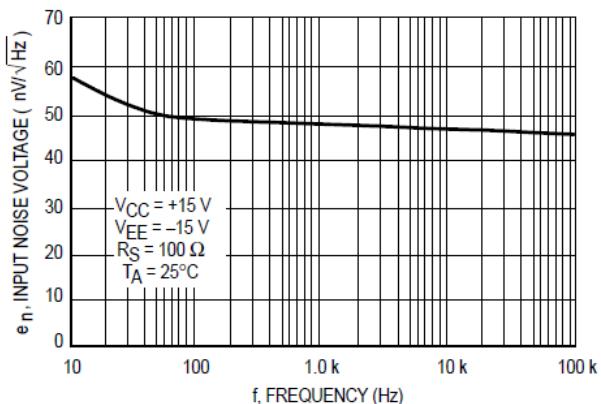


## Low power J - FET input operational amplifier

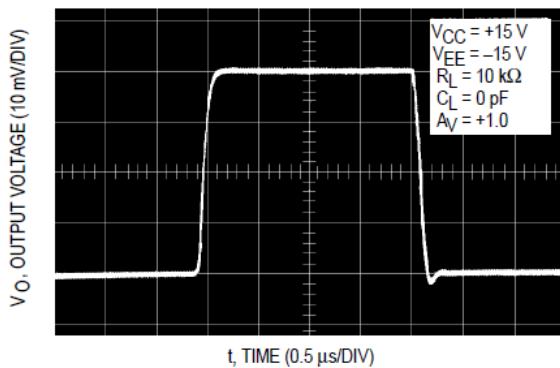
**Figure 15. Input Bias Current versus Temperature**



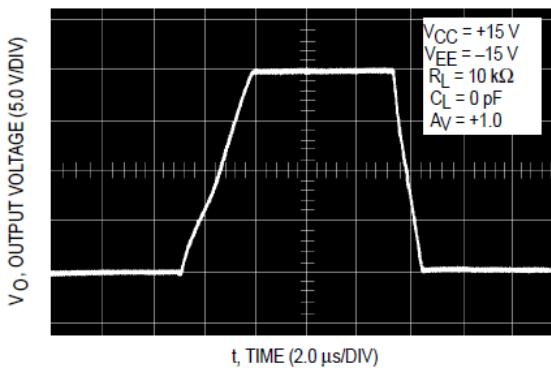
**Figure 16. Input Noise Voltage versus Frequency**



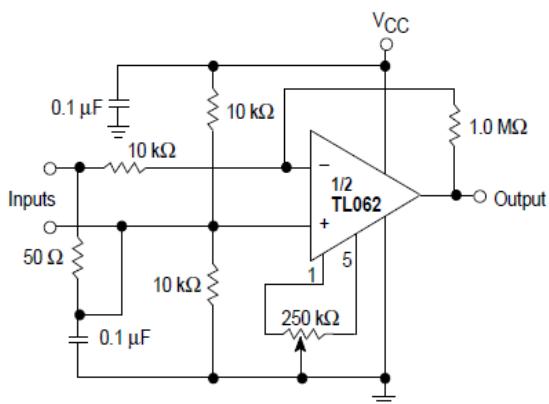
**Figure 17. Small Signal Response**



**Figure 18. Large Signal Response**



**Figure 19. AC Amplifier**



**Figure 20. High-Q Notch Filter**

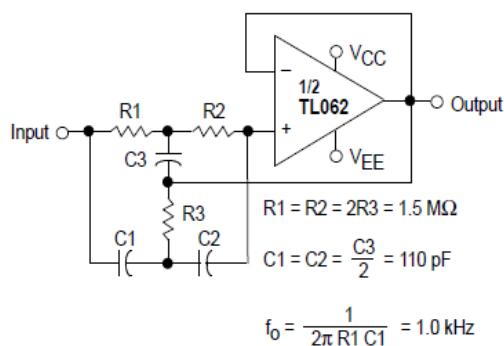


Figure 21. Instrumentation Amplifier

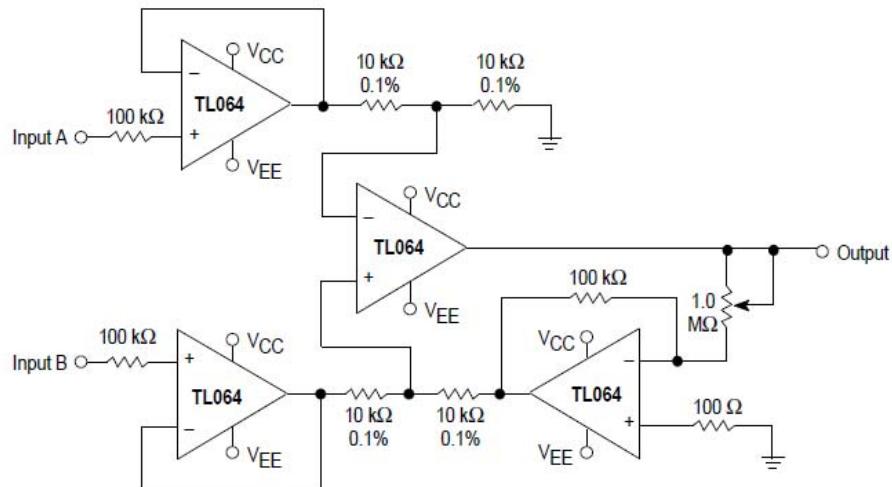


Figure 22. 0.5 Hz Square-Wave Oscillator

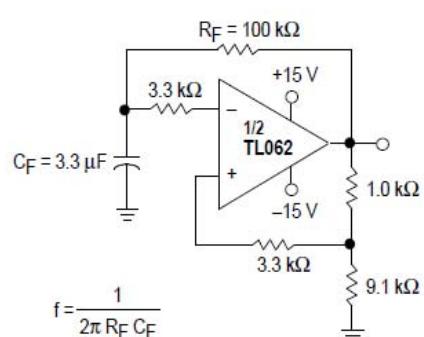
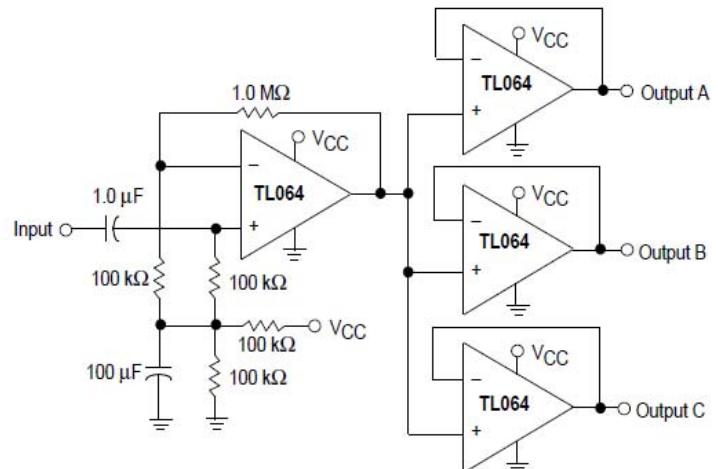
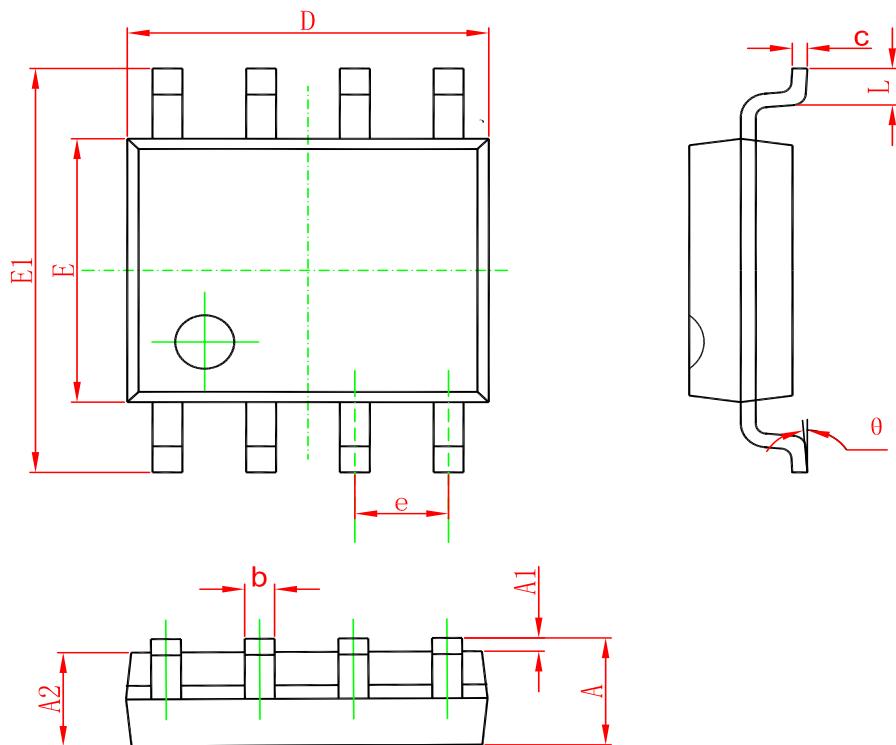


Figure 23. Audio Distribution Amplifier



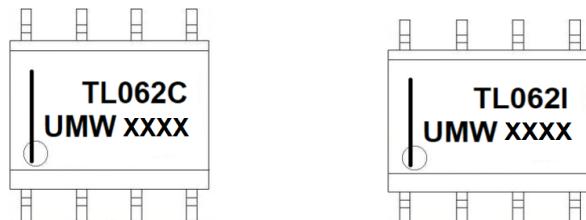
## PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

SOP-8



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
c	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
e	1.270(BSC)		0.050(BSC)	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

## Marking



## Ordering information

Order code	Package	Baseqty	Deliverymode
UMW TL062IDR	SOP-8	2500	Tape and reel
UMW TL062CDR	SOP-8	2500	Tape and reel