

DC795A DEMO BOARD QUICK START GUIDE

Description:

The DC795A demo circuit board is intended to demonstrate the capabilities of the LT5527 high-signal-level downconverting mixer IC for cable and wireless infrastructure applications.

The LT5527 (Figure 1) is a broadband high signal level active mixer optimized for high linearity downconverter receiver/transmitter applications for cable and wireless infrastructure. The IC includes a high-speed differential LO buffer amplifier driving a double-balanced mixer. The LO buffer is internally 50ohm-matched for wideband, single-ended operation with no external components.

The LT5527 IC's RF input port incorporates an integrated transformer and is internally matched to 500hms over the 1.7GHz to 2.7GHz frequency range. The RF input match can be shifted down to 400MHz, or up to 3.7GHz, with a single shunt capacitor or inductor, respectively. The high level of integration minimizes the total solution cost, board space and system-level variation.

The LT5527 delivers high performance and small size without excessive power consumption.

The DC795A demo board allows evaluation of the LT5527 downconverting mixer IC for various receiver and transmitter applications. Its RF input is optimized for 1.7GHz to 2.7GHz frequency range. The IF output frequency range is centered at 240MHz. The LO is internally matched for range of frequencies from 1200MHz to 4000MHz.

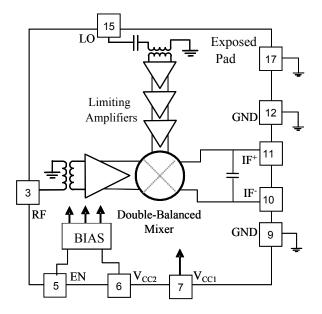


Figure 1. LT5527 IC Block Diagram

LT5527 Downconverting Mixer Single-Tone Measurements.

- 1. Connect all test equipment as shown in Figure 2.
- 2. Set the Power Supply voltage to 5V, and set the current limit to 100mA.
- 3. Connect TP1 (EN) to the 5V power supply; the mixer is enabled (on).
- 4. Set the Signal Generator #2 to provide a 1900MHz, -10 dBm CW signal to the demo board RFin port.
- 5. Set the Signal Generator #1 to provide a -3dBm CW signal, at the desired LO frequency (HIGH side LO=2140MHz, or LOW side LO=1660MHz) to the demo board LOin port
- 6. Set the Spectrum Analyzer center frequency to the IF output frequency (240MHz). (e.g., 500MHz). Perform mixer conversion gain, and 1dB compression measurements.
- 7. Set the Spectrum Analyzer center frequency to the LO frequency. Perform mixer LO to IF leakage measurement.

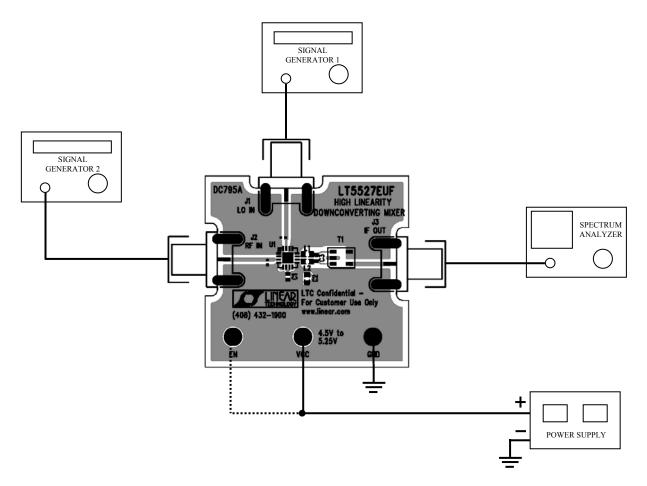


Figure 2. Test Set-Up for Mixer Single-Tone Measurements.

LT5527 Downconverting Mixer Two-Tone Measurements.

- 1. Connect all test equipment as shown in Figure 3.
 - 1). Use high quality signal generators with low harmonic output for this measurement. Otherwise, low-pass filters should be used to suppress harmonics.
 - 2). A high quality combiner that provides 50ohm termination on all ports and has good port-to port isolation should be used.
 - 3). The two 3dB attenuators on the inputs of the combiner are used to further improve source isolation.
- 2. Set the Power Supply voltage to 5V, and set the current limit to 100mA.
- 3. Connect TP1 (EN) to the 5V power supply. Mixer is enabled (on).
- 4. Set the Signal Generator #1 to provide a -5dBm CW signal, at the desired LO frequency (HIGH side LO=2140MHz, or LOW side LO=1660MHz) to the demo board LOin port.
- 5. Set the Signal Generator #2 and #3 to provide two -5dBm CW signals to the demo board RFin port—one at 1900MHz, and the other at 11901MHz.
- 6. Set the Spectrum Analyzer center frequency to the IF output frequency at 240MHz. Perform input 3rd order distortion measurement (i.e. IIP3 = $P_1 + (P_1 - P_3) / 2 - Gc$, where P_1 is the lowest power level of the two desired output tones at either 240MHz or 241MHz, P_3 is the largest 3rd order product at either 239MHz or 242MHz, and Gc is conversion gain. P_1 and P3 are in units of dBm, and Gc is in dB).

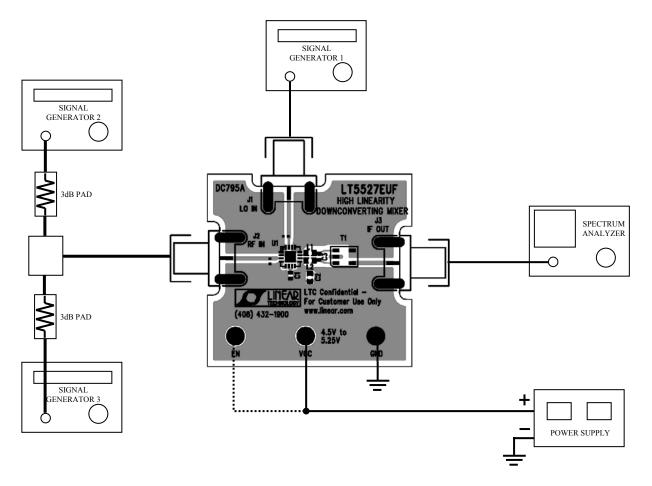
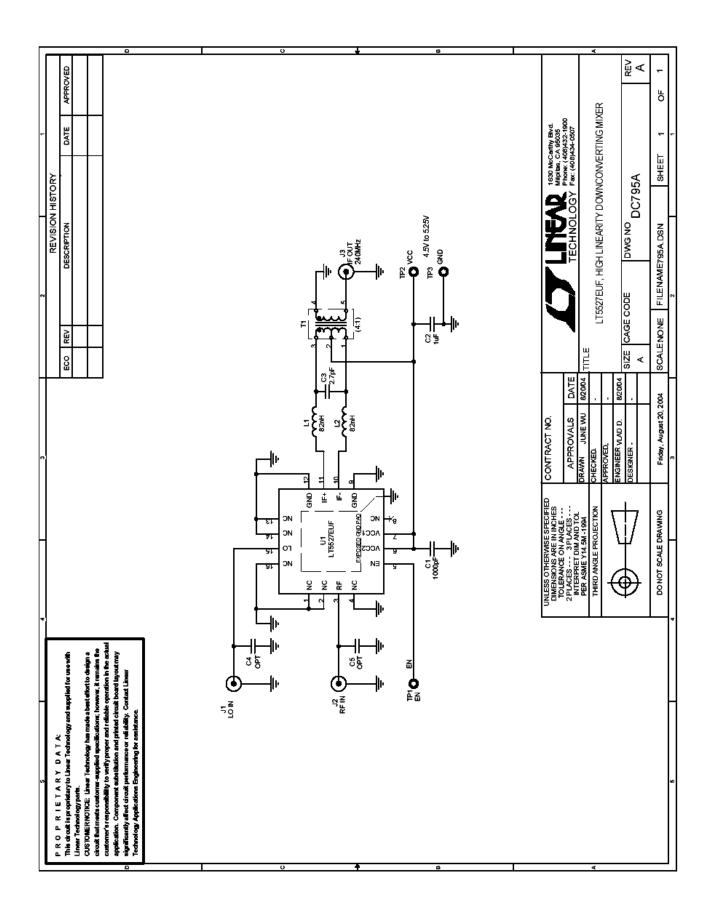


Figure 3. Test Set-Up for Mixer Two-Tone Measurements.



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Analog Devices Inc.: DC795A