

PARA LIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

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PART NO.: LH339303E

REV: <u>A/2</u>

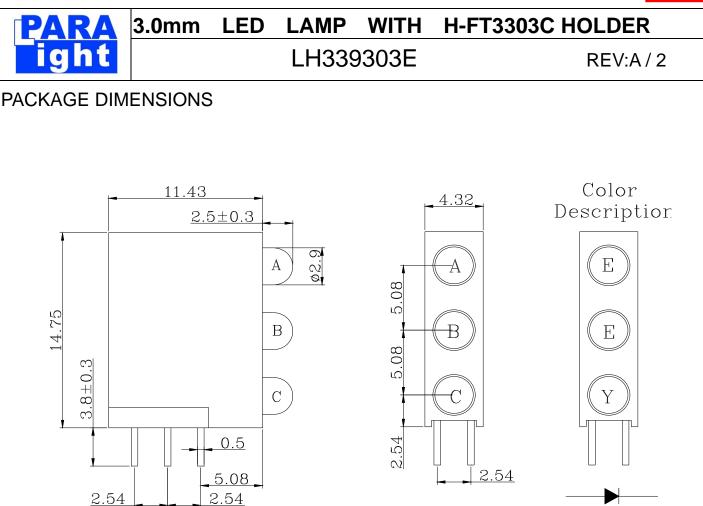
CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL :

DCC:

DRAWING NO. : DS-60-15-0163

DATE :2019-02-14

Page:1



Note:

1.All Dimensions are in millimeters.

2.Tolerance is ±0.25mm(0.010 ") Unless otherwise specified.

3.Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm(0.059 ") max.

4.Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.

5. Specification are subject to change without notice

6. The lamps have sharp and hard points that may injure human eyes or

fingers etc., so please pay enough care in the handling.

7. A= B= L354ED-DP2.5-CP2-10AH C= L354YD-10AH



LH339303E

REV:A/2

FEATURES

- * 3.0mm DIA LED LAMP
- * LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- * I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- * LONG LIFE SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- * PB FREE PRODUCTS(Compliant with EU's RoHS.)

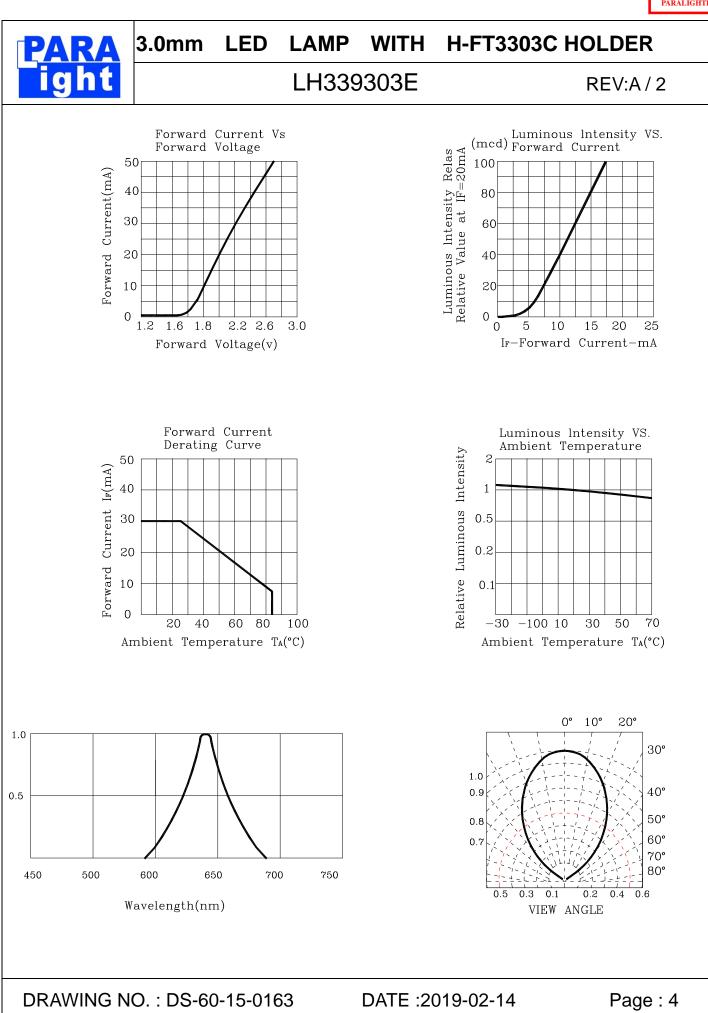
CHIP MATERIALS

- * Dice Material : GaAlInP/GaAs
- * Light Color : Red
- * Lens Color : Red Diffused

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING : ($Ta = 25^{\circ}C$)

,							
SYMBOL	PARAMETER			Red		UNIT	
Pad	Power Dissipation			78		mW	
VR	Rev	verse Voltage		5		V	
IAF	Ave	erage Forward Current		30		mA	
IPF	Pea	ak Forward Current Per Chip	o (Duty=0.1,1KHz)	120		mA	
—	Dei	rating Linear From 25°C		0.40		mA/°C	
Topr	Ор	erating Temperature Range		-40°C to 85°C			
Tstg		orage Temperature Range		-40°C to 85°C			
ELECTRC)-0	PTICAL CHARACTERI	STICS : (Ta = 25	°C)	1	1	
SYMBOL		DESCRIPTION	TEST	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Vf		Forward Voltage	IF=10mA		1.8	2.3	V
IR		Reverse Current	VR=5 V			10	μ A
λD	Dominant Wavelength IF=10mA		IF=10mA		635		nm
$ riangle \lambda$	Spectral Line Half-Width IF=10mA		IF=10mA		30		nm
2 θ 1/2		Half Intensity Angle	IF=10mA		70		deg
lv		Luminous Intensity	IF=10mA		40		mcd
DRAWING NO. : DS-60-15-0163 DATE :2019-02-14 Page : 3				e:3			







LH339303E

REV:A/2

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CHIP MATERIALS

- * Dice Material : GaAlInP/GaAs
- * Light Color : Yellow
- * Lens Color : Yellow Diffused

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING : (Ta = 25°C)

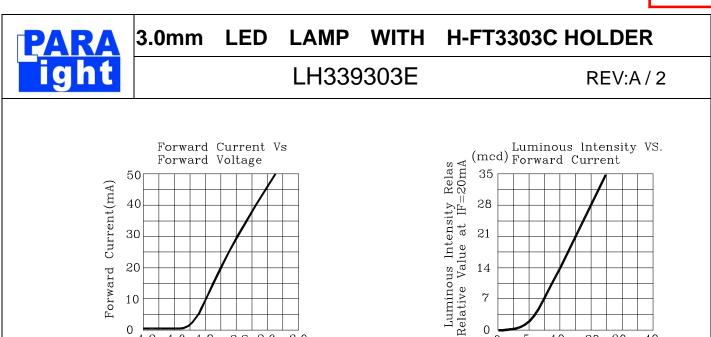
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	Yellow	UNIT	
Pad	Power Dissipation	78	mW	
VR	Reverse Voltage	5	V	
IAF	Average Forward Current	30	mA	
IPF	Peak Forward Current Per Chip (Duty=0.1,1KHz)	120	mA	
-Derating Linear From 25°C0.40m		mA/°C		
Topr	Operating Temperature Range -40°C to 85°C		o 85°C	
Tstg	tg Storage Temperature Range -40°C to 85°C		o 85°C	
I = CTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)				

$\Pi CAL CHARACTERISTICS (1a = 25 C)$ LECTRO-OF

DESCRIPTION	TEST	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Forward Voltage	IF=10mA		1.9	2.4	V
Reverse Current	VR=5 V			10	μA
Dominant Wavelength	IF=10mA		588		nm
Spectral Line Half-Width	IF=10mA		30		nm
Half Intensity Angle	IF=10mA		75		deg
Luminous Intensity	IF=10mA		14		mcd
	Forward Voltage Reverse Current Dominant Wavelength Spectral Line Half-Width Half Intensity Angle	Forward VoltageIF=10mAReverse CurrentVR=5 VDominant WavelengthIF=10mASpectral Line Half-WidthIF=10mAHalf Intensity AngleIF=10mA	Forward VoltageIF=10mAReverse CurrentVR=5 VDominant WavelengthIF=10mASpectral Line Half-WidthIF=10mAHalf Intensity AngleIF=10mA	Forward VoltageIF=10mA1.9Reverse CurrentVR=5 VDominant WavelengthIF=10mA588Spectral Line Half-WidthIF=10mA30Half Intensity AngleIF=10mA75	Forward VoltageIF=10mA1.92.4Reverse CurrentVR=5 V10Dominant WavelengthIF=10mA588Spectral Line Half-WidthIF=10mA30Half Intensity AngleIF=10mA75

DRAWING NO. : DS-60-15-0163 DATE :2019-02-14





10

0

1.2

2.2 2.6

3.0

1.8

Forward Voltage(v)

1.6

7

0

0

5

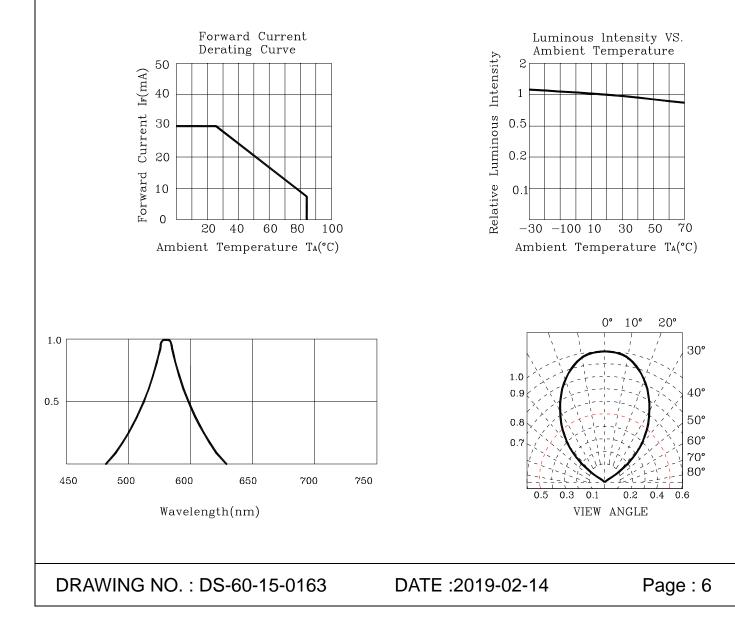
30

40

20

IF-Forward Current-mA

10



LH339303E

◆ Luminous Intensity BIN Limits

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RED Test condition : @10 ± 2mA				
BIN Code	Ivmin (mcd)	Ivmar (mcd)		
J	21	30		
K	30	41		

Dominant Wavelength BIN Limits

RED Test condition : @10 ± 2mA				
BIN Code	$\lambda_{Dmin} (nm)$	λ_{Dmax} (nm)		
Rl	624	629		
R2	629	634		
R3	634	639		

Luminous Intensity(IV), Unit:mcd@20mA				
Bin Code	Min	Max		
G	7.70	10.8		
Н	10.8	15.1		
I	15.1	21.1		
J	21.1	29.5		
K	29.5	41.3		

DominantWavelength(λD), Unit:nm@20mA				
Bin Code	Min	Max		
Y4	586	588		
Y5	588	590		
Y6	590	592		

LED其他处理方式:LED第二键合点涂银胶,以加固第二焊点。 具体如下图所示。



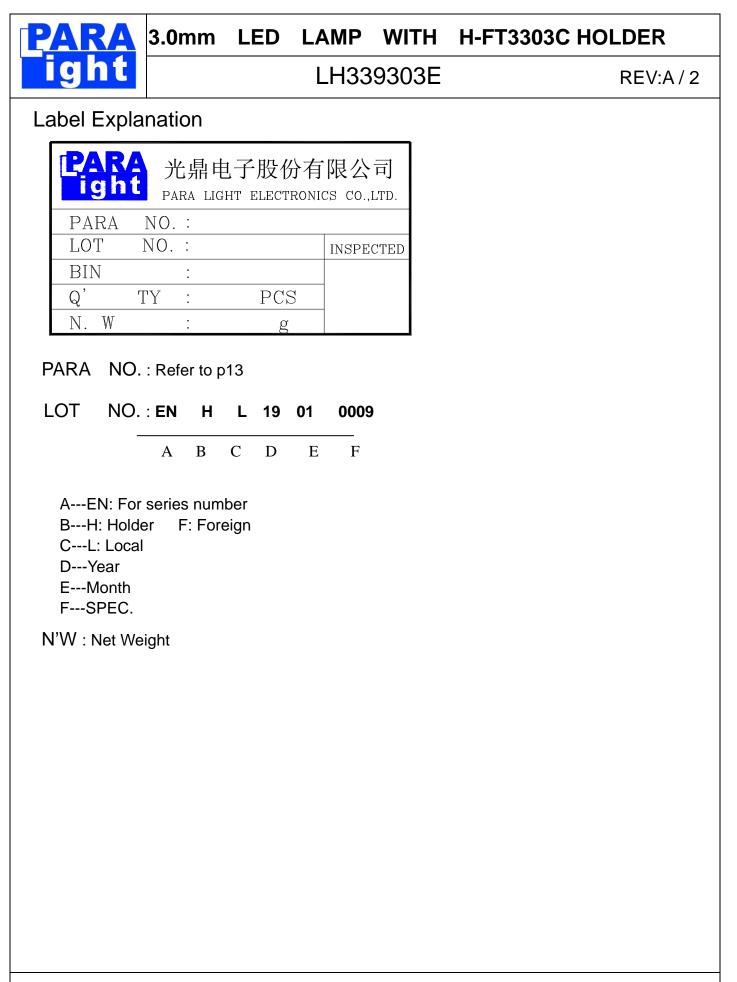
DRAWING NO. : DS-60-15-0163

DATE :2019-02-14

Page: 7

REV:A/2

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DRAWING NO. : DS-60-15-0163

DATE :2019-02-14

Page:8



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PARA 3.0mm LED LAMP WITH H-FT3303C HOLDER

LH339303E

REV:A/2

•SOLDERING

METHOD	SOLDERING CONDITIONS	REMARK		
DIP SOLDERING	Bath temperature: 260° C Immersion time: with 5 sec ,1time	 Solder no closer than 3mm from the base of the package Using soldering flux," RESIN FLUX" is recommended. Attached data of temperatuare cure for your reference 		
SOLDERING IRONSoldering iron: 30W or smaller Temperature at tip of iron: 260°C or lower Soldering time: within 3 sec.• During soldering, take care not to 				
	ng the lead of LED in a condition that the t to stress the leads with iron tip.	package is fixed with a panel (See Fig.1),		
Panel (Fig. 1)				
2) When solderi	ng wire to the lead, work with a Fig (See	Fig.2) to avoid stressing the package.		
Leave a slight clearance (Fig. 2)				
Regarding solution in the tinning oven for product-tinning, compound sub-solution made of tin & copper and sliver is proposed with the temperature of Celsius 260. The proportion of the alloyed solution is tin 95.5: copper 3.5: silver 0.5 by percentage. The time of tinning is constantly 3 seconds.				

DRAWING NO. : DS-60-15-0163

DATE :2019-02-14

Page :9

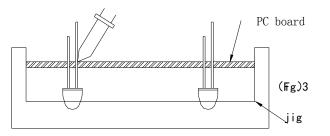




LH339303E

REV:A/2

 Similarly, when a jig is used to solder the LED to PC board, take care as much as possible to avoid steering the leads (See Fig.3).



- 4) Repositioning after soldering should be avoided as much as possible. If inevitable, be sure to preserve the soldering conditions with irons stated above: select a best-suited method that assures the least stress to the LED.
- 5) Lead cutting after soldering should be performed only after the LED temperature has returned to normal temperature.

• STORAGE

1) The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 70% RH or less after being shipped from PARA

and the storage life limits are 1 year .

2) PARA LED lead frames are comprised of a stannum plated iron alloy. The silver surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive gases and so on. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LEDs to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the LEDs be used as soon as possible.

Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially, in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.



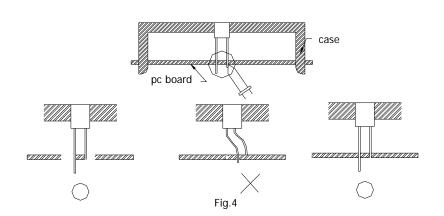


LH339303E

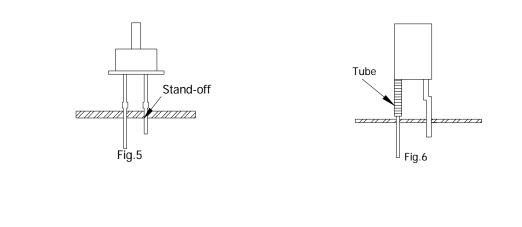
REV:A/2

•LED MOUNTING METHOD

3) When mounting the LED by using a case, as shown Fig.4, ensure that the mounting holds on the PC board match the pitch of the leads correctly-tolerance of dimensions of the respective components including the LED should be taken into account especially when designing the case, PC board, etc. to prevent pitch misalignment between the leads and board holes, the diameter of the board holes should be slightly larger than the size of the lead. Alternatively, the shape of the holes should be made oval. (See Fig.4)



4) Use LEDs with stand-off (Fig.5) or the tube or spacer made of resin (Fig.6) to position the LEDs.





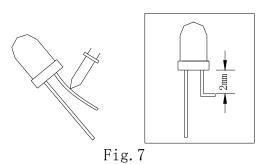


LH339303E

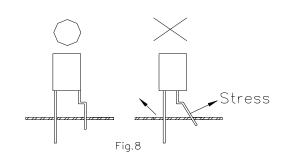
REV:A/2

•FORMED LEAD

1) The lead should be bent at a point located at least 2mm away from the package. Bending should be performed with base fixed means of a jig or pliers (Fig.7)

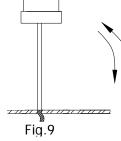


- 2) Forming lead should be carried our prior to soldering and never during or after soldering.
- Form the lead to ensure alignment between the leads and the hole on board, so that stress against the LED is prevented. (Fig.8)



•LEAD STRENGTH

1) Bend strength
 Do not bend the lead more than twice. (Fig.9)



DRAWING NO. : DS-60-15-0163





LH339303E

REV:A/2

Tensile strength (@Room Temperature)
 If the force is 1kg or less, there will be no problem. (Fig.10)



• HEAT GENERATION

1) Thermal design of the end product is of paramount importance. Please consider the heat generation of the LED when making the system design. The coefficient of temperature increase per input electric power is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of LED placement on the board, as well as other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in this specification.

The operating current should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of LEDs.

•CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

- 1) Avoid exposure to chemicals as it may attack the LED surface and cause discoloration.
- 2) When washing is required, refer to the following table for the proper chemical to be sued. (Immersion time: within 3 minutes at room temperature.)

SOLVENT	ADAPTABILITY
Freon TE	\odot
Chlorothene	X
Isopropyl Alcohol	\odot
Thinner	\times
Acetone	\times
Trichloroethylene	\times
	-

 \odot --Usable \times --Do not use.

NOTE: Influences of ultrasonic cleaning of the LED resin body differ depending on such factors as the oscillator output, size of the PC board

and the way in which the LED is mounted. Therefore, ultrasonic cleaning should only be performed after confirming there is no problem by conducting a test under practical.

DRAWING NO. : DS-60-15-0163



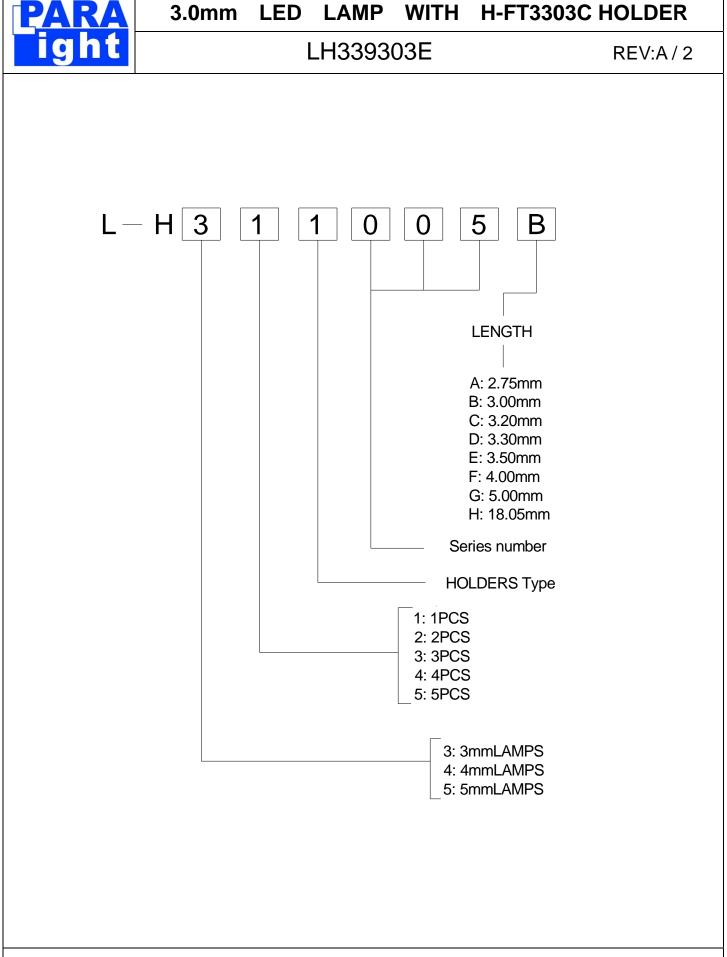
LH339303E

REV:A/2

•OTHERS

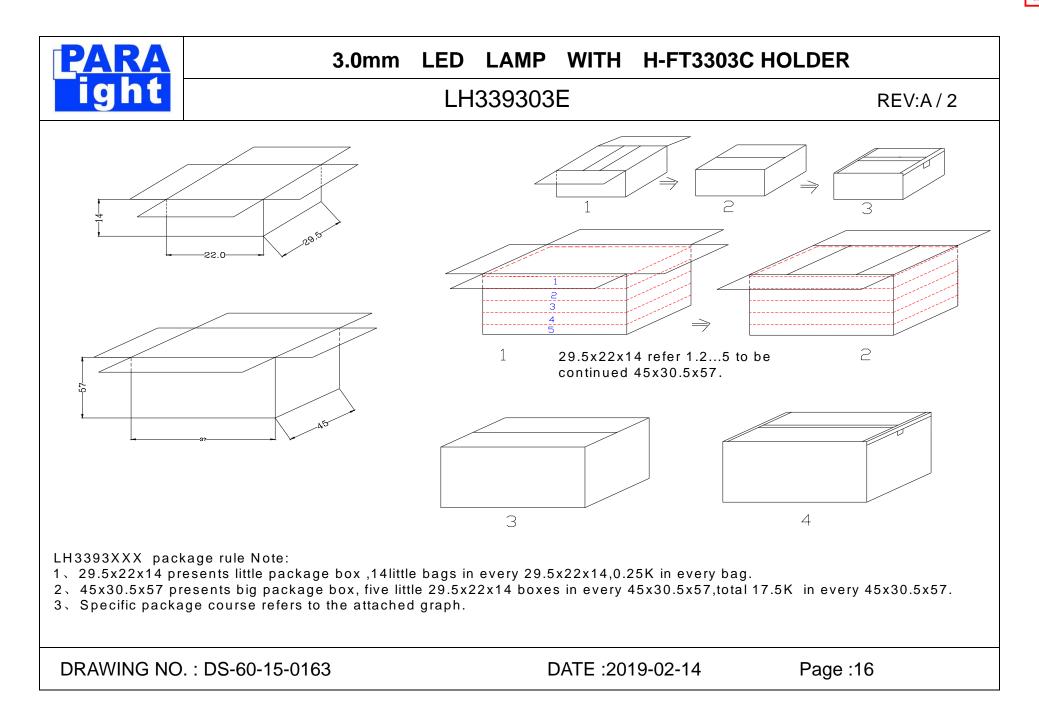
- 1) Care must be taken to ensure that the reverse voltage will not exceed the absolute maximum rating when using the LEDs with matrix drive.
- Flashing lights have been known to cause discomfort in people; you can prevent this by taking precautions during use. Also, people should be cautious when using equipment that has had LEDs incorporated into it.
- 3) The LEDs described in this brochure are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measurement instruments and household appliances). Consult PARA's sales staff in advance for information on the applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, aerospace, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support systems and safety devices).
- 4) User shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without having prior written consent from PARA. When defective LEDs are found, the User shall inform PARA directly before disassembling or analysis.
- The formal specifications must be exchanged and signed by both parties before large volume purchase begins.
- 6) The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.





DATE :2019-02-14

Page :15



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