

### **General Description**

The MAX821/MAX822 microprocessor (µP) supervisory circuits monitor power supplies in µP and digital systems. They provide excellent circuit reliability and low cost by eliminating external components and adjustments when used with 5V-powered or 3V-powered circuits. The MAX821/MAX822 also provide a power-on reset timeout delay that is pin selectable to 1ms (max), 20ms (min), or 100ms (min).

These devices perform a single function: they assert a reset signal whenever the VCC supply voltage falls below a preset threshold, and they keep reset asserted for the pin-selected reset timeout delay after VCC has risen above the reset threshold. The only difference between the two devices is that the MAX821 has an active-low RESET output (which is guaranteed to be in the correct state for VCC down to 1V), while the MAX822 has an active-high RESET output. The reset comparator is designed to ignore fast transients on VCC. Reset thresholds suitable for operation with a variety of supply voltages are available.

Low supply current makes the MAX821/MAX822 ideal for use in portable equipment. These devices come in a 4-pin SOT143 package.

### **Applications**

Bar-Code Scanners

Computers

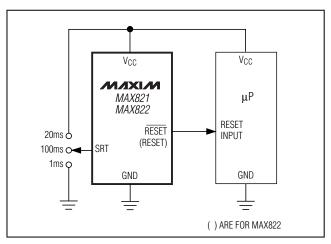
Controllers

Intelligent Instruments

Critical µP and µC Power Monitoring

Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment

## **Typical Operating Circuit**



#### **Features**

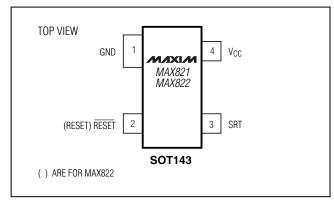
- ♦ Pin-Selectable, Precision Power-On Reset Delay: 1ms (max), 20ms (min), or 100ms (min)
- ♦ Precision Monitoring of +3V to +5V Power-Supply Voltages
- ♦ 2.5µA Supply Current
- ♦ Guaranteed Over Temperature (-40°C to +125°C)
- ♦ Guaranteed RESET Valid to V<sub>CC</sub> = 1V (MAX821)
- **♦ Power-Supply Transient Immunity**
- **♦ No External Components**
- ♦ SOT143 Package

### **Ordering Information**

PART	NOMINAL V <sub>TH</sub> (V)	TOP MARK*
MAX821LUS-T	4.63	AZ
MAX821MUS-T	4.38	BA
MAX821PUS-T	4.00	BM
MAX821TUS-T	3.08	BB
MAX821SUS-T	2.93	BC
MAX821UUS-T	2.78	BL
MAX821RUS-T	2.63	BD
MAX822LUS-T	4.63	BF
MAX822MUS-T	4.38	BG
MAX822TUS-T	3.08	BH
MAX822SUS-T	2.93	BJ
MAX822RUS-T	2.63	BK

<sup>\*</sup> The first two letters in the package top mark identify the part. while the remaining two letters are the lot-tracking code. Devices are available in both leaded and lead-free packaging. Specify lead-free by replacing "-T" with "+T" when ordering.

# **Pin Configuration**



MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)	
V <sub>CC</sub>	0.3V to 6.0V
All Other Inputs	
Input Current, VCC, SRT	20mA
Output Current, RESET or RESET	20mA

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	
SOT143-4 (derate 4mW/°C above +70°C)	320mW
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range	
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{CC} = \text{full range}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to} + 125^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted}. Typical values are at T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}.)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
V <sub>CC</sub> Range		$T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C		1.0		5.5	V		
VCC hange		$T_A = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C		1.2		5.5			
Supply Current		MAX82_L/M/P,	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		2.5	7.0	μΑ		
	Icc	$V_{CC} = 5.5V$ , $I_{OUT} = 0$	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$			12			
		MAX82_R/S/T/U, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		1.8	5.5			
			$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$			9			
		MAX82_L	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	4.56	4.63	4.70			
		W// V(OZ_L	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	4.50		4.75			
		MAX82 M	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	4.31	4.38	4.45			
		IVIAXOZ_IVI	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	4.25		4.50			
		MAX82 P	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	3.97	4.00	4.04			
		IVIANOZ_F	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	3.91		4.09			
Reset Threshold (Note 1)	V <sub>TH</sub>	MAX82_T	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	3.04	3.08	3.11	V		
Tieset Tilleshold (Note 1)	VIH	IVIANOZ_I	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	3.00		3.15			
		MAX82_S	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	2.89	2.93	2.96			
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	2.85		3.00			
		MAX82_U	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	2.74	2.78	2.81			
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } + 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	2.70		2.85			
		MAX82_R	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	2.59	2.63	2.66			
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +125^{\circ}C$	2.55		2.70			
Reset Threshold Tempco					30		ppm/°C		
V <sub>CC</sub> to Reset Delay (Note 1)		V <sub>CC</sub> falling at 1mV/μs			50		μs		
	t <sub>RP</sub>	SRT = GND		0.5	0.8	1	ms		
Reset Active Timeout Period		SRT = V <sub>CC</sub>		20	32	40			
		SRT = unconnected		100	160	200			
SRT Input Current (Note 2)		DECET Jour for MAY001	SRT = GND	-100			μΑ		
		$\overline{RESET}$ = low for MAX821, RESET = high for MAX822	SRT = V <sub>CC</sub>			100			
			SRT = unconnected	-1		1			
	VIL	RESET = low for MAX821, RESET = high for MAX822				0.07V <sub>CC</sub>			
SRT Input Threshold	VIH			0.9V <sub>CC</sub>			V		
	VOPEN		TOT THE WOLL		0.5V <sub>CC</sub>				

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{CC} = full range, T_A = -40$ °C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25$ °C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
SRT Input Capacitance (Note 3) (see Setting the Reset Timeout Delay section)		Internal				20	pF
RESET Output Voltage (MAX821)		MAX821L/M/P only, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 3.2mA, VCC = V <sub>TH</sub> (MIN)				0.4	-
	VoL	MAX821R/S/T/U only, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 1.2mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>TH</sub> (MIN)				0.3	
		ISINK = 50µA	$T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C, $V_{CC} \ge 1$ V			0.3	V
			$T_A = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C, $V_{CC} \ge 1.2$ V			0.3	
		MAX821L/M/P only, I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 800μA, V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ V <sub>TH</sub> (MAX)		V <sub>CC</sub> -1.5			
		MAX821R/S/T/U only, I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 500μA, V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ V <sub>TH(MAX)</sub>		0.8V <sub>CC</sub>			
RESET Output Voltage (MAX822)	V <sub>OL</sub>	MAX822L/M only, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 3.2mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = VTH(MAX)				0.4	
		MAX822R/S/T only, I <sub>SINK</sub> = 1.2mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>TH(MAX)</sub>				0.3	V
	V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 150μA, 1.4V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ V <sub>TH(MIN)</sub>		0.8V <sub>CC</sub>			

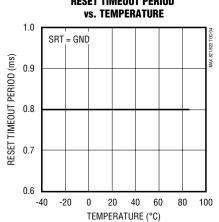
Note 1: RESET output for MAX821; RESET output for MAX822.

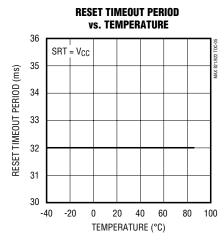
Note 2: During reset active timeout period only.

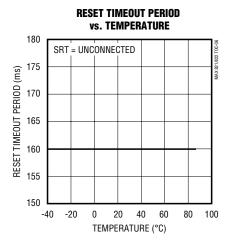
Note 3: Guaranteed by design.

## **Typical Operating Characteristics**



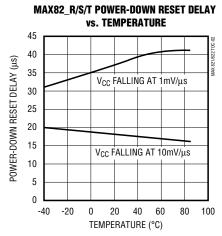


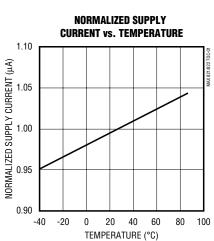


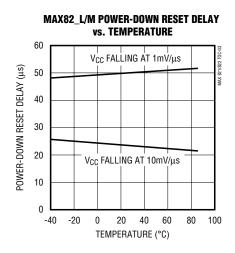


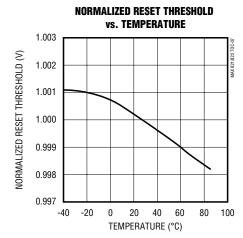
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 









## Pin Description

Р	IN	NAME	FUNCTION		
MAX821	MAX822	INAIVIE	FUNCTION		
1	1	GND	Ground		
2	_	RESET	Active-Low Reset Output. RESET is low while V <sub>CC</sub> is below the reset threshold. It remains low for the reset timeout period after the reset condition is terminated. The reset timeout period is determined by the SRT input.		
_	2	RESET	Active-High Reset Output. RESET is high while V <sub>CC</sub> is below the reset threshold. It remains high for the reset timeout period after the reset condition is terminated. The reset timeout period is determined by the SRT input.		
3	3	SRT	Set Reset Timeout Input. Connect to GND for 1ms (max) delay; connect to V <sub>CC</sub> for 20ms (min) delay; leave unconnected for 100ms (min) delay.		
4	4	Vcc	Supply Voltage		

### **Detailed Description**

#### **Reset Output**

A microprocessor's (µP's) reset input starts the µP in a known state. These µP supervisory circuits assert reset to prevent code-execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions. They also provide a reset timeout delay that is pin programmable to 1ms (max), 20ms (min), or 100ms (min). This feature allows flexibility in designing bar-code scanners, hand-held devices, and other applications that require quick or nonstandard power-up times.

The MAX821's  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output is guaranteed to be a logic low for V<sub>CC</sub> > 1V. Once V<sub>CC</sub> exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer keeps  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  low for the reset timeout period, as determined by the Set Reset Timeout (SRT) input. See the Setting the Reset Timeout Delay section.

If a brownout condition occurs (VCC dips below the reset threshold),  $\overline{RESET}$  goes low. Any time VCC goes below the reset threshold, the internal timer resets to zero, and  $\overline{RESET}$  goes low. The internal timer begins counting after VCC returns above the reset threshold, and  $\overline{RESET}$  remains low for the reset timeout period.

The MAX822 has an active-high RESET output that is the inverse of the MAX821's RESET output.

#### **Setting the Reset Timeout Delay**

Use the three-level Set Reset Timeout (SRT) input to set the reset timeout delay. Connect SRT to GND for a 1ms (max) delay; connect it to V<sub>CC</sub> for a 20ms (min) delay; or leave it unconnected for a 100ms (min) delay.

If you choose to drive the SRT pin with an external signal, make sure the signal source can charge/discharge the capacitance on SRT quickly enough (<500µs) to avert an unintended reset timeout delay.

To ensure proper operation when selecting the 100ms timeout (SRT = unconnected), minimize capacitive loading on the SRT pin (< 200pF). Excessive capacitive loading can select an unintended faster timeout mode.

#### **Reset Threshold Accuracy**

The MAX821/MAX822 are designed to meet their worst-case specifications over their entire operating temperature range. Choose a reset threshold guaranteed to assert at a voltage below the power supply's regulation range and above the minimum specified operating voltage range for the system's ICs.

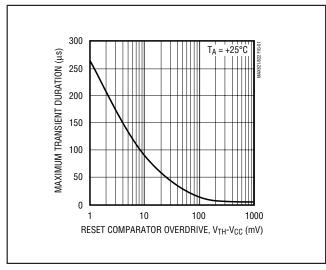


Figure 1. Maximum Transient Duration Without Causing a Reset Pulse vs. Comparator Overdrive

### **Applications Information**

### **Negative-Going Vcc Transients**

While designed to issue a reset to the microprocessor  $(\mu P)$  during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions, the MAX821/MAX822 are relatively immune to short-duration, negative-going VCC transients (glitches).

Figure 1 shows the maximum transient duration vs. reset comparator overdrive for which the MAX821/MAX822 typically do not generate a reset pulse. This graph was generated using a negative-going pulse applied to VCC, starting above the actual reset threshold and ending below it by the magnitude indicated (reset comparator overdrive). The graph indicates the typical maximum pulse width a negative-going VCC transient may have without causing a reset pulse to be issued. As the magnitude of the transient increases (goes farther below the reset threshold), the maximum allowable pulse width decreases. Typically, for the MAX821/MAX822, a VCC transient that goes 100mV below the reset threshold and lasts 12µs or less will not cause a reset pulse to be issued. A 0.1µF capacitor mounted as close as possible to VCC can provide additional transient immunity, if desired.

# Ensuring a Valid $\overline{RESET}$ Output Down to VCC = 0V

When VCC falls below 1V, the MAX821  $\overline{RESET}$  output no longer sinks current—it becomes an open circuit. Therefore, high-impedance CMOS logic inputs connected to the RESET output can drift to undetermined voltages. This presents no problem in most applications, since most  $\mu P$  and other circuitry is inoperative with VCC below 1V. However, in applications where the RESET output must be valid down to 0V, adding a pull-down resistor to the RESET pin will cause any stray leakage currents to flow to ground, holding RESET low (Figure 2a). R1's value is not critical; 100k $\Omega$  is large enough not to load RESET, and small enough to pull RESET to ground.

A 100k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor to V<sub>CC</sub> is also recommended for the MAX822 if RESET is required to remain valid for V<sub>CC</sub> < 1V (Figure 2b).

# Interfacing to µPs with Bidirectional Reset Pins

μPs with bidirectional reset pins (such as the Motorola 68HC11 series) can contend with the MAX821 reset output. For example, if the MAX821  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output is asserted high and the μP wants to pull it low, indeterminate logic levels may result. To correct such cases, connect a 4.7k $\Omega$  resistor between the MAX821  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output and the μP reset I/O (Figure 3). Buffer the reset output to other system components.

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 492

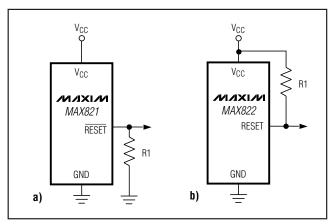


Figure 2.  $\overline{RESET}/RESET$  Valid to  $V_{CC}$  = Ground Circuit

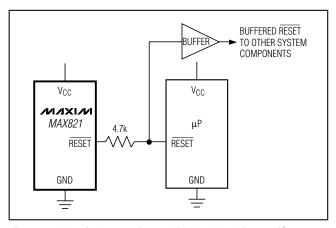
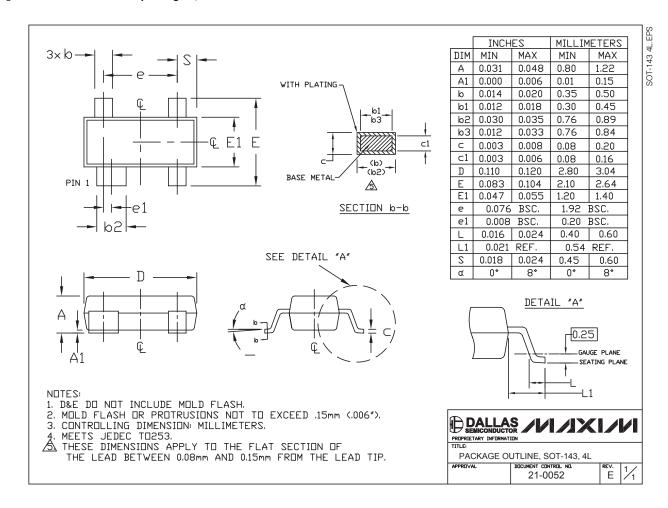


Figure 3. Interfacing to μPs with Bidirectional Reset I/O

### Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)



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MAX821MUS-T