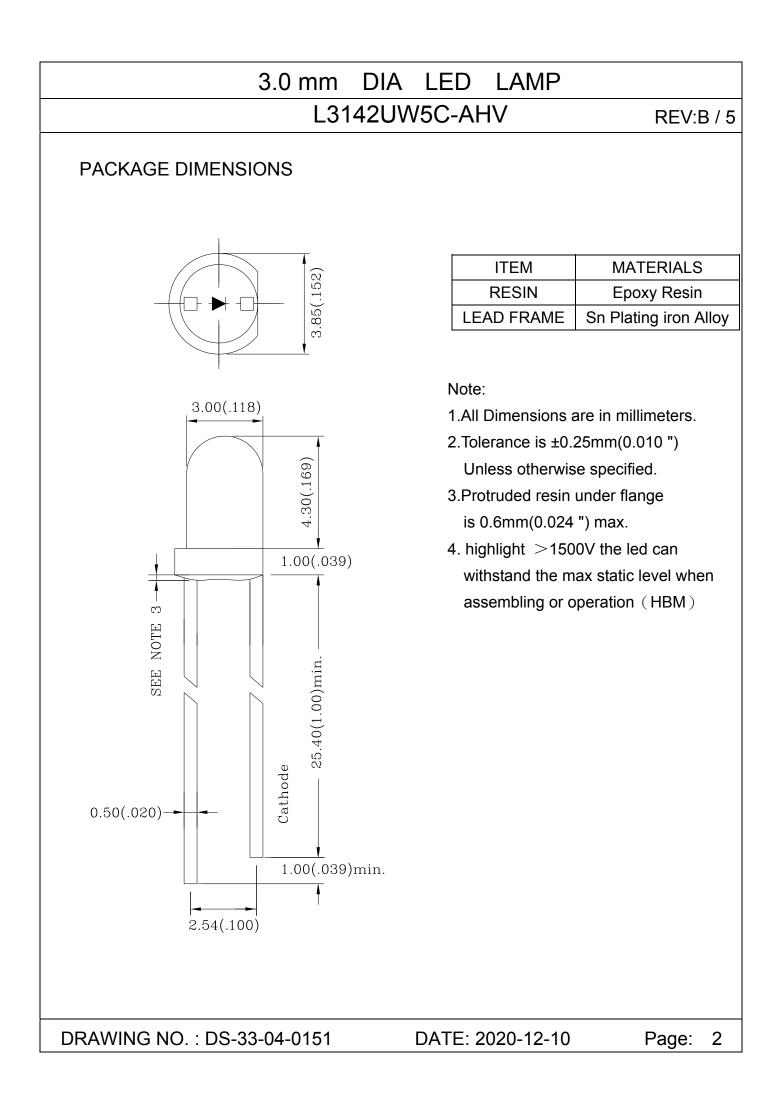


## PARA LIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

11F., No. 8, Jiankang Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 235, TaiwanTel: 886-2-2225-3733Fax: 886-2-2225-4800E-mail: para@para.com.twhttp://www.paralighttaiwan.com

# DATA SHEET PART NO.: L3142UW5C-AHV REV: B / 5 DCC: CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL: DATE: 2020-12-10 DRAWING NO. : DS-33-04-0151 1 Page:



## L3142UW5C-AHV

REV:B / 5

#### FEATURES

- \* High-brightness
- \* High reliability
- \* Low-voltage characteristics
- \* Narrow view angle
- \* Pb FREE Products
- \* RoHS Compliant
- \* Halogen Free
- \* HIGHLIGHT<-2000V THE LED CAN WITHSTAND THE MAX STATIC LEVEL WHEN ASSEMBLING OR OPERATION

#### CHIP MATERIALS

- \* Dice Material : GalnN/GaN
- \* Light Color : ULTRA WHITE
- \* Lens Color : WATER CLEAR

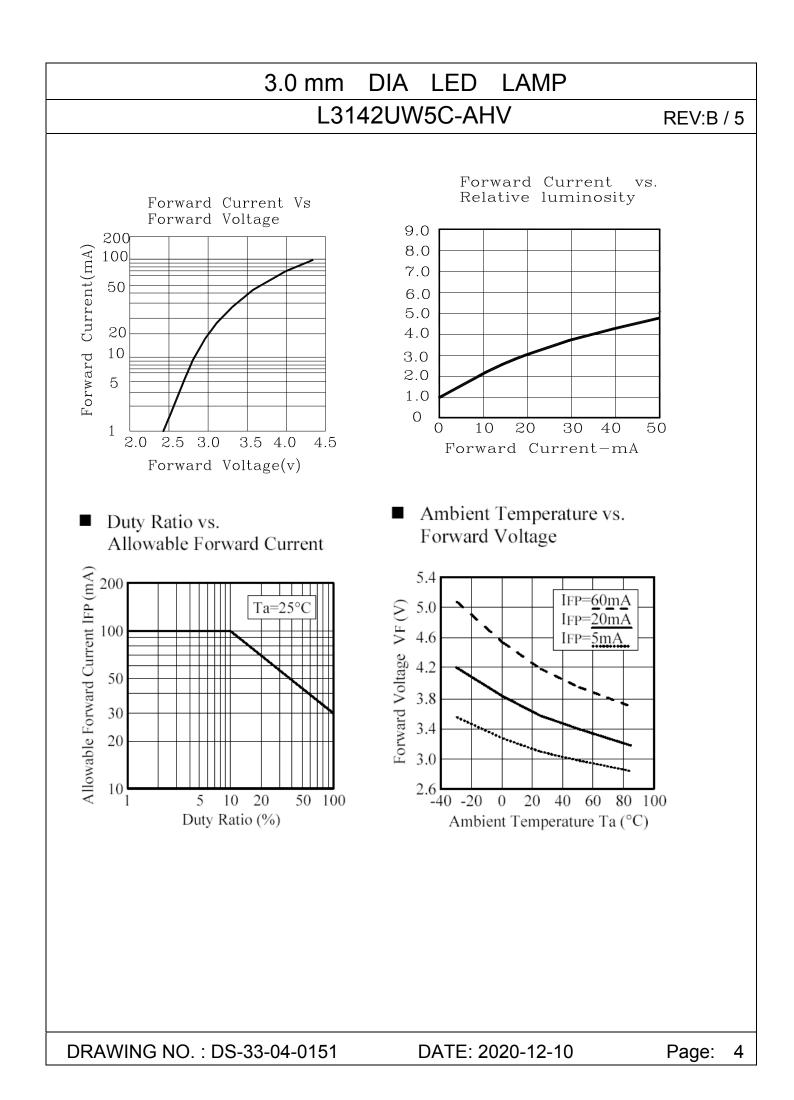
#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING:(Ta=25°C)

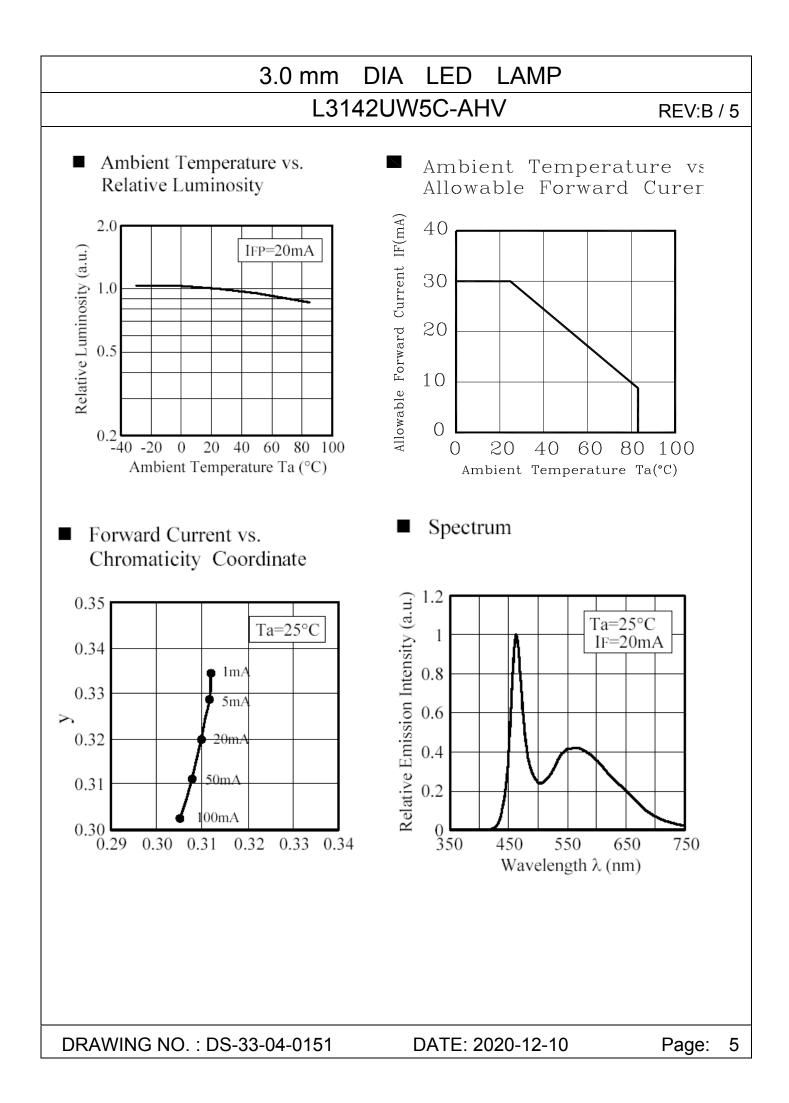
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	ULTRA WHITE	UNIT	
PD	Power Dissipation Per Chip	120	mW	
VR	Reverse Voltage Per Chip	5	V	
lF	Average Forward Current Per Chip	70	mA	
IFP	Pulse Forward Current	100	mA	
-	Derating Linear From 25°C Per Chip 0.4		mA/°C	
Topr	Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to 85°C		
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to 85°C		

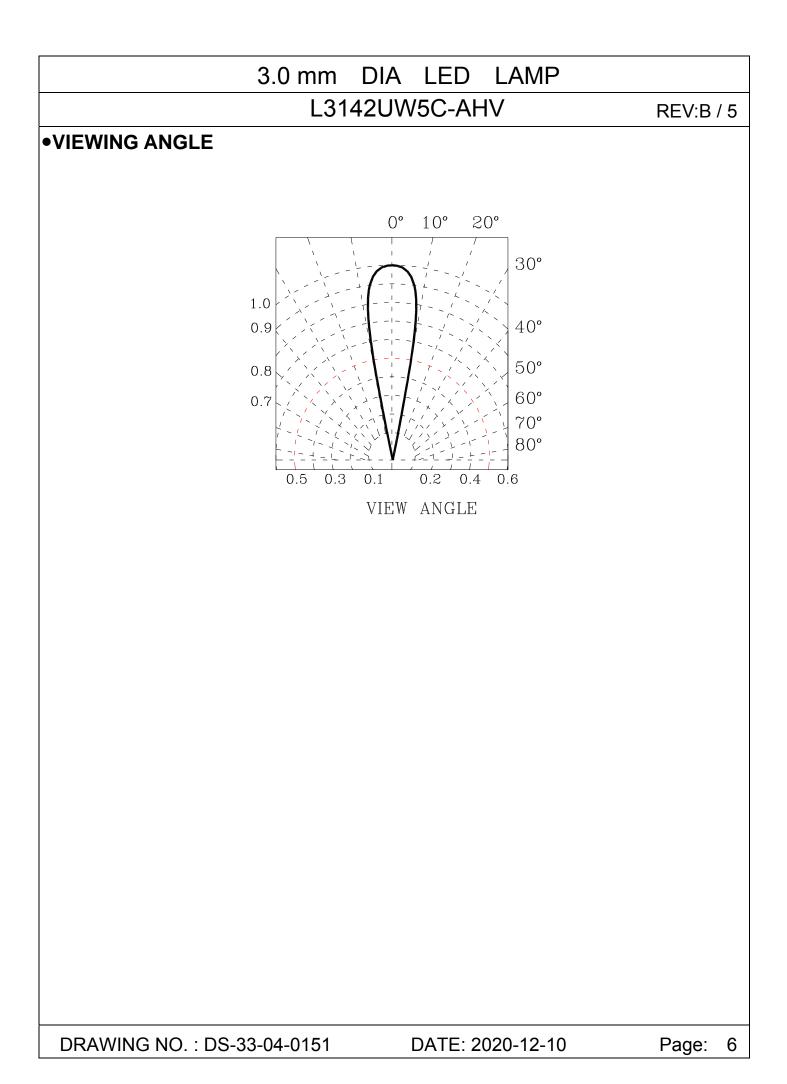
IFP Conditions : Pulse Width≤10msec. And Duty≤1/10

#### ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS:(Ta=25°C)

	DESCRIPTION	TEST		T)(D	MAX.	UNIT
SYMBOL		CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.		
VF	Forward Voltage	IF = 20mA		3.0	4.0	V
lr	Reverse Current	VR = 5V			100	μA
201/2	Half Intensity Angle	IF = 20mA		20		deg
lv	Luminous Intensity	IF = 20mA		4000		mcd
Х	Chromaticity	IF = 20mA		0.29		
Y	Coordinates	IF = 20mA		0.30		
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#### Label Explanation

PART	NO.	•		
LOT	NO.	•		INSPECTED
BIN		•		
Q'	ΤY	•	PCS	
N. W		•	g	

#### PARA NO. : L3142UW5C-AHV Refer to page 15

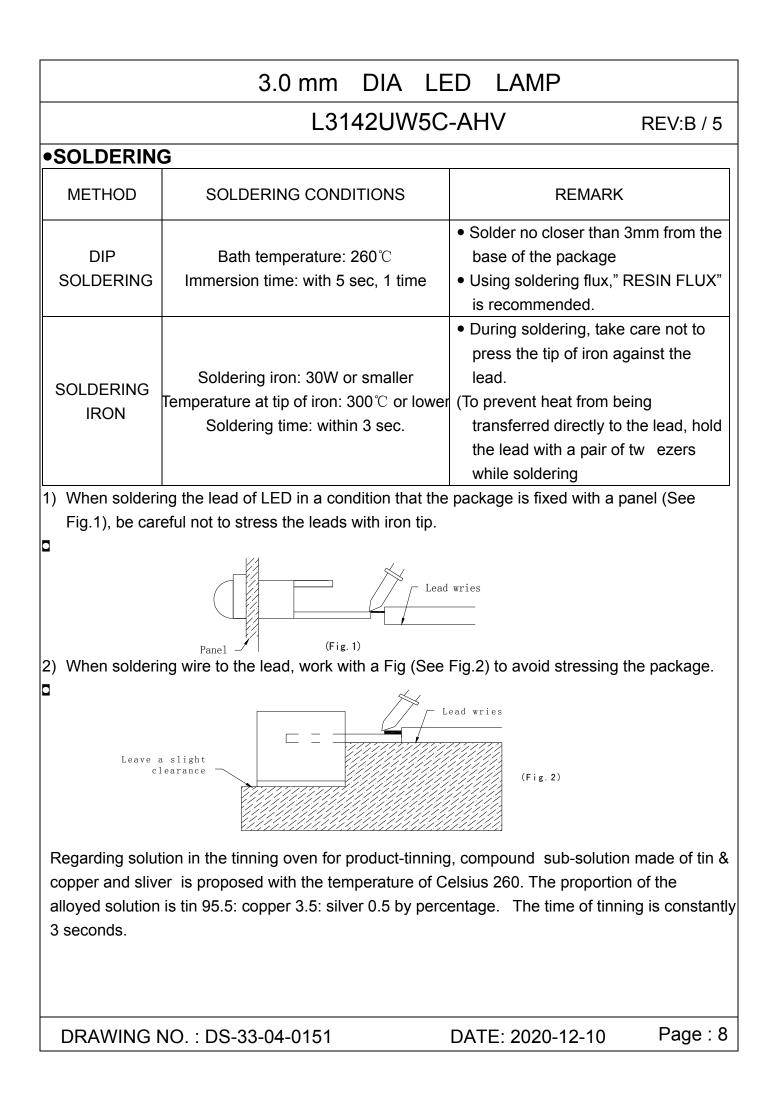
LOT NO. : E LL 4 7 0009 Е F А В С D A----E: For series number F: Foreign B---L: Local C---L: LAMP D---Year

E---Month

F--- Serial number

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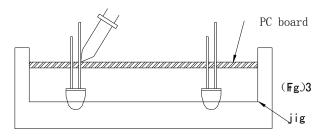
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3) Similarly, when a jig is used to solder the LED to PC board, take care as much as possible to avoid steering the leads (See Fig.3).



- 4) Repositioning after soldering should be avoided as much as possible. If inevitable, be sure to preserve the soldering conditions with irons stated above: select a best-suited method that assures the least stress to the LED.
- Lead cutting after soldering should be performed only after the LED temperature has returned to normal temperature.

#### • STORAGE

- 1) The LEDs should be stored at 30  $^\circ$ C or less and 70% RH or less after being shipped from PARA and the storage life limit is 1 year .
- 2) PARA LED lead frames are comprised of a stannum plated iron alloy. The silver surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive gases and so on. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LEDs to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the LEDs be used as soon as possible.
- Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially, in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

### L3142UW5C-AHV

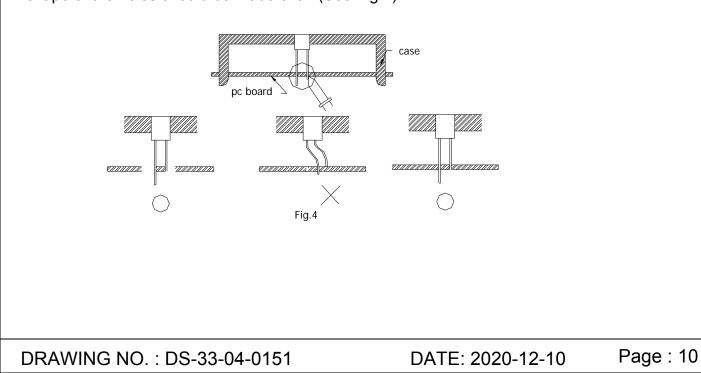
REV:B / 5

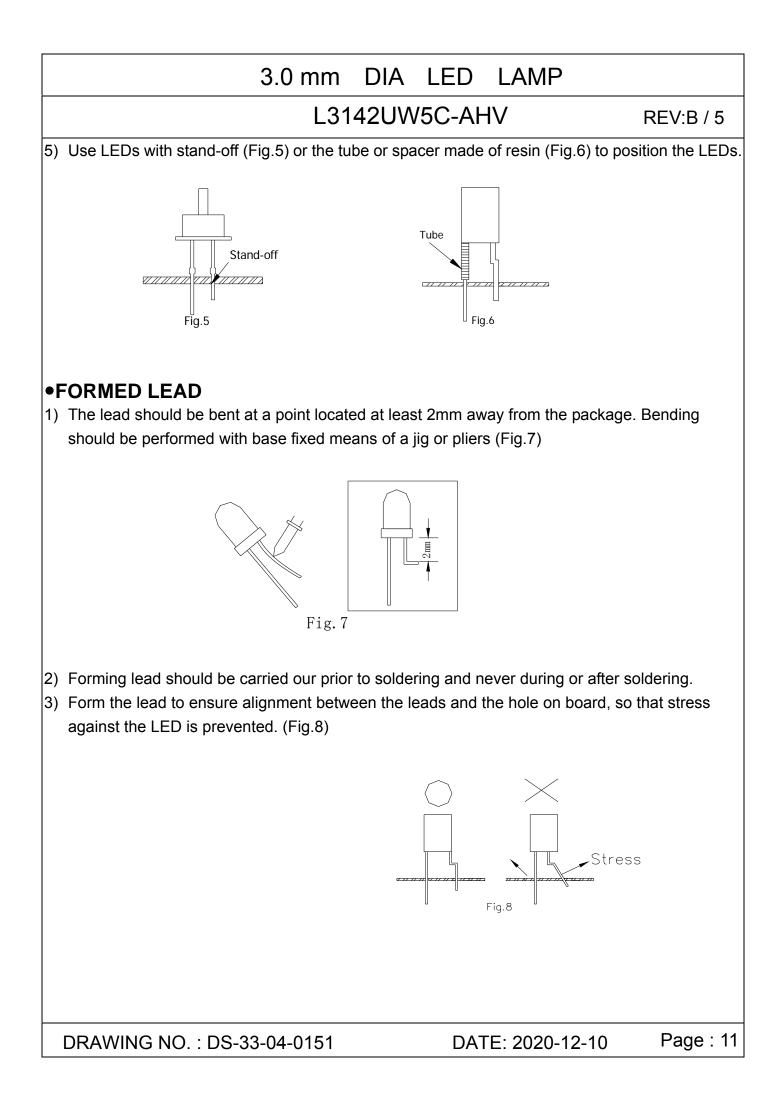
#### • STATIC ELECTRICITY

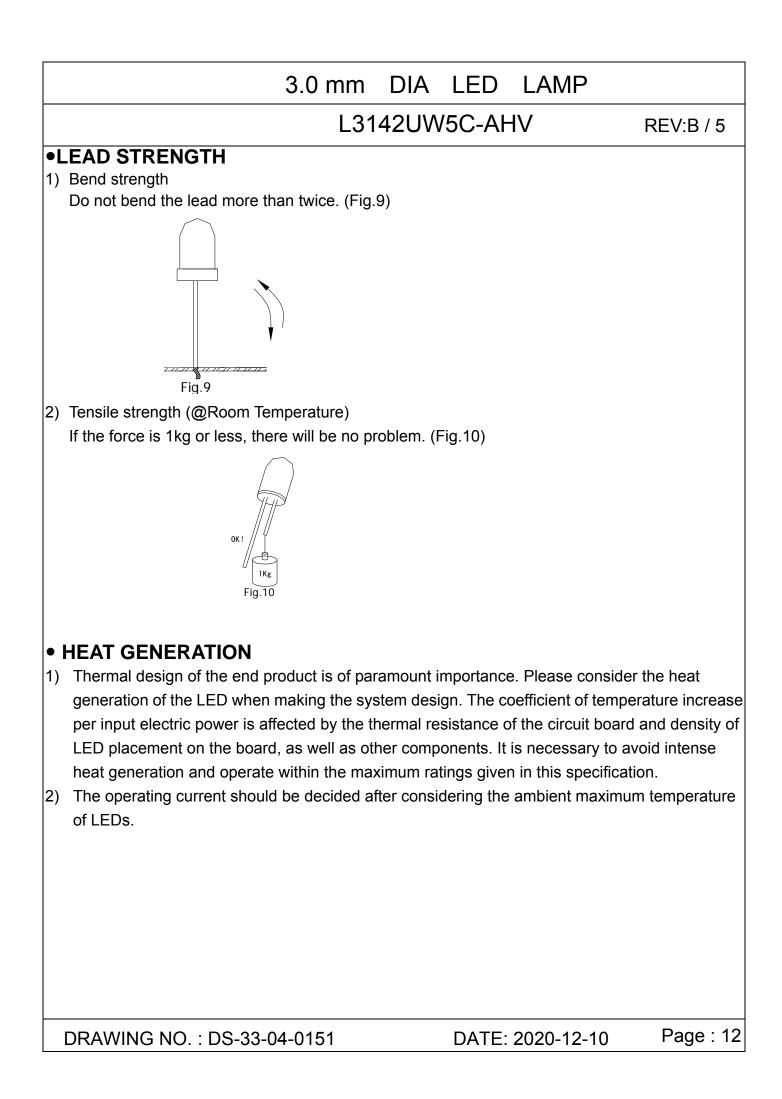
- Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs.
  It is recommended that a wrist band or an anti-electrostatic glove be used when handling the LEDs.
- 2) All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. It is recommended that measures be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.
- 3) When inspecting the final products in which LEDs were assembled, it is recommended to check whether the assembled LEDs are damaged by static electricity or not. It is easy to find static-damaged LEDs by a light-on test or a VF test at a lower current (below 1mA is recommended).
- 4) Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristics such as the leak current remarkably increases, the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current . Criteria : (VF>2.0V at IF=0.5mA)

#### •LED MOUNTING METHOD

4) When mounting the LED by using a case, as shown Fig.4, ensure that the mounting holds on the PC board match the pitch of the leads correctly-tolerance of dimensions of the respective components including the LED should be taken into account especially when designing the case, PC board, etc. to prevent pitch misalignment between the leads and board holes, the diameter of the board holes should be slightly larger than the size of the lead. Alternatively, the shape of the holes should be made oval. (See Fig.4)







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#### •CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

- 1) Avoid exposure to chemicals as it may attack the LED surface and cause discoloration.
- 2) When washing is required, refer to the following table for the proper chemical to be sued.
- (Immersion time: within 3 minutes at room temperature.)

SOLVENT	ADAPTABILITY			
Freon TE	$\odot$			
Chlorothene	$\times$			
Isopropyl Alcohol	$\odot$			
Thinner	$\times$			
Acetone	$\times$			
Trichloroethylene	$\times$			
$\odot$ Usable $\times$ Do not use.				

NOTE: Influences of ultrasonic cleaning of the LED resin body differ depending on such factors as the oscillator output, size of the PC board and the way in which the LED is mounted. Therefore, ultrasonic cleaning should only be performed after confirming there is no problem by conducting a test under practical.

•OTHERS

- 1) Care must be taken to ensure that the reverse voltage will not exceed the absolute maximum rating when using the LEDs with matrix drive.
- Flashing lights have been known to cause discomfort in people; you can prevent this by taking precautions during use. Also, people should be cautious when using equipment that has had LEDs incorporated into it.
- 3) The LEDs described in this brochure are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measurement instruments and household appliances). Consult PARA's sales staff in advance for information on the applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, aerospace, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support systems and safety devices).
- 4) User shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without having prior written consent from PARA. When defective LEDs are found, the User shall inform PARA directly before disassembling or analysis.
- 5) The formal specifications must be exchanged and signed by both parties before large volume purchase begins.
- 6) The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

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#### Bin Code List:

Luminous Intensity(IV), Unit:mcd@20mA							
Bin Code	Min	Max					
I	1510	2110					
J	2110	2950					
K	2950	4130					
L	4130	5780					
М	5780	8090					
N	8090	11330					

Tolerance of each bin are±15%

Forward Voltage (VF), Unit:v@20mA						
Bin Code	Min	Max				
V0	2.8	3.0				
V1	3.0	3.2				
V2	3.2	3.4				
V3	3.4	3.6				
V4	3.6	3.8				
V5	3.8	4.0				

Tolerance of each bin are±0.1Volt

	WA3					WA4			
Х	0.24	0.24	0.25	0.25	Х	0.25	0.25	0.26	0.26
Y	0.175	0.235	0.25	0.19	Y	0.19	0.25	0.265	0.205
	WA5					a0			
Х	0.26	0.26	0.264	0.280	Х	0.280	0.264	0.283	0.296
Y	0.205	0.265	0.267	0.248	Y	0.248	0.267	0.305	0.276
	b11					bź	21		
Х	0.287	0.283	0.31	0.31	Х	0.296	0.287	0.31	0.31
Y	0.295	0.305	0.335	0.318	Y	0.276	0.295	0.318	0.293

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