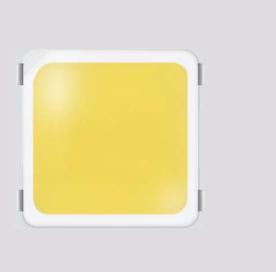
Middle Power LED Series 3030

LM302C CRI70









Features & Benefits

- Superior mid power LED with wide over-drive range up to 0.6W
- Mold resin for high reliability
- Standard form factor for design flexibility (3.0 × 3.0 mm)

SAMSUNG

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1. Characteristics

a) Absolute Maximum Rating

ltem	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Condition
Ambient / Operating Temperature	Ta	-40 ~ +85	°C	-
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 ~ +100	°C	-
LED Junction Temperature	T_i	110	°C	-
Forward Current	I _F	150	mA	-
Assembly Process Temperature	-	260 <10	°C s	-
ESD (HBM)	-	5	kV	-

b) Electro-optical Characteristics (I_F = 65 mA, T_s = 25 °C)

ltem	Unit	Rank	Bin	Min.	Тур.	Max.
			AY	5.4	-	5.6
			AZ	5.6	-	5.8
Forward Voltage (V _F)	V	YB	A1	5.8	-	6.0
			A2	6.0	-	6.2
			A3	6.2	-	6.4
Reverse Voltage (@ 5 mA)	V			0.7	-	1.2
Color Rendering Index (Ra)	-			70	-	-
Thermal Resistance (junction to solder point)	°C/W			-	8	-
Beam Angle	o			-	115	-

Note:

Samsung maintains measurement tolerance of: forward voltage = ± 0.1 V, CRI = ± 3

c) Electro-optical Characteristics (T_s = 25 °C)

		Nominal CCT (K)	5	SF	S	iG	S	БН		SJ	Current
Item	CRI		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Current
			62	66	66	70	70	74	74	78	65mA
	70 -	3000									
Luminous		3500									
Flux (Φ_v)		4000	_								
		5000									

Note:

Samsung maintains measurement tolerance of: forward voltage = ± 0.1 V, luminous flux = ± 5 %, CRI = ± 3

2. Product Code Information

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
S	Р	М	W	н	т	3	2	В	M	D	3	V	R	R	0	S	0

Digit	PKG Information	Code			Specification
Digit	PNG IIIIOIIIIduoii	Code			эреспісаціон
1 2 3	Samsung Package Middle Power	SPM			
6	Product Version	Т			
7 8 9	Form Factor	32B	3.0 x 3.0 x	0.7 mm;	2 pads; 1chip;
10	Sorting Current (mA)	М	65 mA		
11	Chromaticity Coordinates	D	ANSI Stand	dard	
12	CRI	3	Min. 70		
	Forward Voltage (V)				AY: 5.4 ~ 5.6V
		YB	5.4~6.4V		AZ: 5.6 ~ 5.8V
13 14				Code:	A1:5.8 ~ 6.0V
					A2:6.0~6.2V
					A3:6.2~6.4V
		V	3000K		VA, VB, VC, VD, VE, VF, VG, VH, VJ, VK, VL, VM
		U	3500K	Bin	UA, UB, UC, UD, UE, UF, UG, UH, UJ, UK, UL, UM
15 16	CCT (K)	T●	4000K	Code:	TA, TB, TC, TD, TE, TF, TG, TH, TJ, TK, TL, TM
		R●	5000K		RA, RB, RC, RD, RE, RF, RG, RH, RJ, RK, RL, RM
		•:	"0" (Whole bin) or "K	" (K Kitting) or "S" (S Kitting)
17 18	Luminous Flux	S0		Bin Code:	SF, SG, SH, SJ

a) Luminous Flux Bins ($I_F = 65 \text{ mA}, T_s = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

CRI (R _a) Min.	Nominal CCT (K)	Product Code	Flux Bin	Flux Range (Φ _v , lm)
			SF	62 ~ 66
	3000	SPMWHT32BMD3YBV●S0	SG	66 ~ 70
			SH	70 ~ 74
			SF	62 ~ 66
	3500	SPMWHT32BMD3YBU●S0	SG	66 ~ 70
70			SH	70 ~ 74
70			SG	66 ~ 70
	4000	SPMWHT32BMD3YBT●S0	SH	70 ~ 74
			SJ	74 ~ 78
			SG	66 ~ 70
	5000	SPMWHT32BMD3YBR●S0	SH	70 ~ 74
			SJ	74 ~ 78

Note:

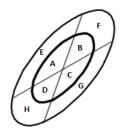
 $[&]quot; \bullet "$ can be "0" (Whole bin), "K" (K Kitting) or "S" (S Kitting) of the color binning

b) Kitting Rule

1) S Kitting Bin Concept

- 1. Under agreement between customer and SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS, SAMSUNG can supply kitting bin (VF, Color, Im).
- 2. A forward voltage (VF) of kitting bin is combined by a pair of same VF rank such as (AY+AY), (AZ+AZ), (A1+A1), (A2+A2) or (A3+A3)
- 3. A Chromaticity Coordinates of kitting bin is mixed by kitting procedure.(below kitting simulation)
- 4. A luminous flux(lm) of kitting bin is combined by a pair of IV rank such as (SF+SF), (SF+SG), (SG+SG), (SG+SH), (SH+SH), (SH+SJ) or (SJ+SJ)

[Kitting example]



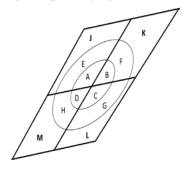
[Binning Information]

ltem	Bin #1	Bin #2
	AY	AY
	AZ	AZ
VF	A1	A1
	A2	A2
	А3	A3
	А	G
	С	E
	D	F
CIE	В	Н
	E	G
	F	Н
	MacA. 3step(A, B, C, D)	MacA. 3step(A, B, C, D)
	SF	SF
	SF	SG
	SG	SG
IV	SG	SH
	SH	SH
	SH	SJ
	SJ	SJ

2) K Kitting Bin Concept

- 1. Under agreement between customer and SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS, SAMSUNG can supply kitting bin (VF, Color, Im).
- 5. A forward voltage (VF) of kitting bin is combined by a pair of same VF rank such as (AY+AY), (AZ+AZ), (A1+A1), (A2+A2) or (A3+A3)
- 2. A Chromaticity Coordinates of kitting bin is mixed by kitting procedure.(below kitting simulation)
- 3. A luminous flux(lm) of kitting bin is combined by a pair of IV rank such as (SF+SF), (SF+SG), (SG+SG), (SG+SH), (SH+SH), (SH+SJ) or (SJ+SJ)

[Kitting example]



[Binning Information]

Item	Bin #1	Bin #2
	AY	AY
	AZ	AZ
VF	A1	A1
	A2	A2
	А3	A3
	Н	K
	F	M
	E	L
CIE	G	J
	E	G
	F	Н
	MacA. 3step(A, B, C, D)	MacA. 3step(A, B, C, D)
	SF	SF
	SF	SG
	SG	SG
IV	SG	SH
	SH	SH
	SH	SJ
	SJ	SJ

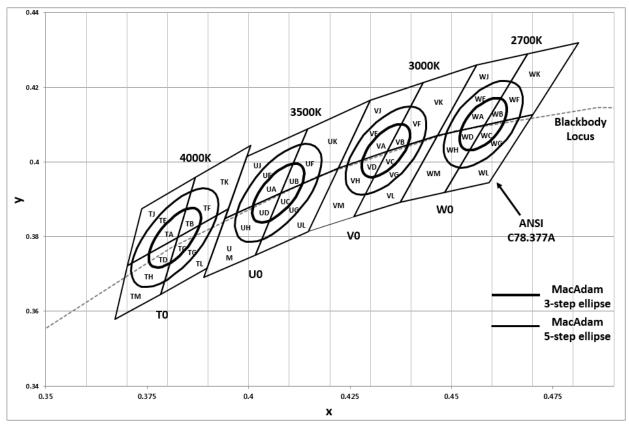
c) Color Bins ($I_F = 65$ mA, $T_s = 25$ °C)

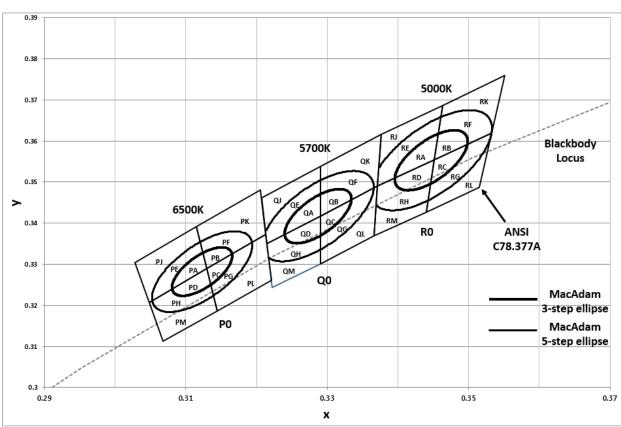
CRI (R _a) Min.	Nominal CCT (K)	Product Code	Color Rank	Chromaticity Bins
		SPMWHT32BMD3YBV0S0	V0 (Whole bin)	VA, VB, VC, VD, VE, VF, VG, VH, VJ, VK, VL, VM
	3000	SPMWHT32BMD3YBVSS0	VS (S kitting bin)	VA, VB, VC, VD, VE, VF, VG, VH,
		SPMWHT32BMD3YBVKS0	VK (K kittina bin)	VA, VB, VC, VD, VE, VF, VG, VH, VJ, VK. VL, VM
	3500	SPMWHT32BMD3YBU0S0	U0 (Whole bin)	UA, UB, UC, UD, UE, UF, UG, UH, UJ, UK, UL, UM
		SPMWHT32BMD3YBUSS0	US (S kitting bin)	UA, UB, UC, UD, UE, UF, UG, UH,
70		SPMWHT32BMD3YBUKS0	UK (K kitting bin)	UA, UB, UC, UD, UE, UF, UG, UH, UJ. UK. UL. UM
70		SPMWHT32BMD3YBT0S0	T0 (Whole bin)	TA, TB, TC, TD, TE, TF, TG, TH, TJ, TK, TL, TM
	4000	SPMWHT32BMD3YBTSS0	TS (S kitting bin)	TA, TB, TC, TD, TE, TF, TG, TH,
		SPMWHT32BMD3YBTKS0	TK (K kittina bin)	TA, TB, TC, TD, TE, TF, TG, TH, TJ, TK, TL, TM
		SPMWHT32BMD3YBR0S0	R0 (Whole bin)	RA, RB, RC, RD, RE, RF, RG, RH RJ, RK. RL, RM
	5000	SPMWHT32BMD3YBRSS0	RS (S kitting bin)	RA, RB, RC, RD, RE, RF, RG, RH,
	****	SPMWHT32BMD3YBRKS0	RK (K kitting bin)	RA, RB, RC, RD, RE, RF, RG, RH RJ,RK,RL,RM

d) Voltage Bins ($I_F = 65 \text{ mA}$, $T_s = 25 \text{ °C}$)

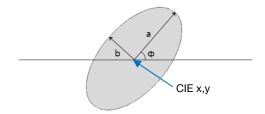
CRI (R _a) Min.	Nominal CCT (K)	Product Code	Voltage Rank	Voltage Bin	Voltage Range (V)
				AY	5.4 ~ 5.6
				AZ	5.6 ~ 5.8
-	-	-	YB	A1	5.8 ~ 6.0
				A2	6.0 ~ 6.2
			·	А3	6.2 ~ 6.4

e) Chromaticity Region & Coordinates ($I_F = 65$ mA, $T_s = 25$ °C)





f) Chromaticity Region & Coordinates (I $_{\rm F}$ = 65 mA, T $_{\rm s}$ = 25 °C)



MacAdam Ellipse (V3, V5)									
Step	CIE x	CIE y			b				
3-step	0.4338	0.4030	53.22	0.0083	0.0041				
5-step	0.4338	0.4030	53.22	0.01390	0.00680				

MacAdam Ellipse (U3, U5)							
Step	CIE x	CIE y			b		
3-step	0.4073	0.3917	54.00	0.00927	0.00414		
5-step	0.4073	0.3917	54.00	0.01545	0.00690		

MacAdam Ellipse (T3, T5)							
Step	CIE x	CIE y			b		
3-step	0.3818	0.3797	53.72	0.00939	0.00402		
5-step	0.3818	0.3797	53.72	0.01565	0.00670		

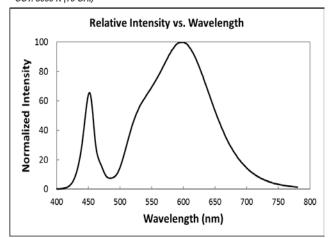
MacAdam Ellipse (R3, R5)							
Step	CIE x	CIE y			b		
3-step	0.3447	0.3553	59.62	0.0082	0.0035		
5-step	0.3447	0.3553	59.62	0.01370	0.00590		

Note: Samsung maintains measurement tolerance of: Cx, $Cy = \pm 0.005$

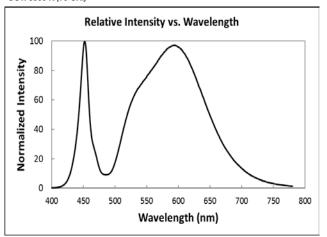
3. Typical Characteristics Graphs

a) Spectrum Distribution ($I_F = 65 \text{ mA}$, $T_s = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$)

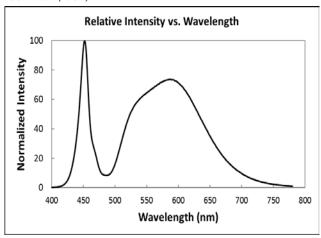
CCT: 3000 K (70 CRI)



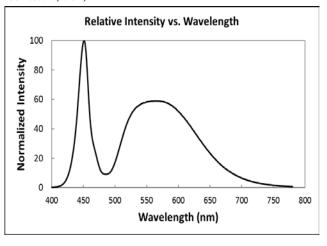
CCT: 3500 K (70 CRI)



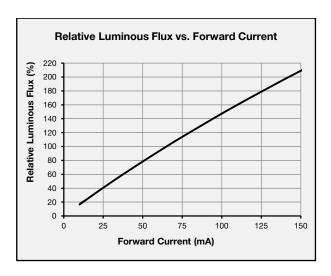
CCT: 4000 K (70 CRI)

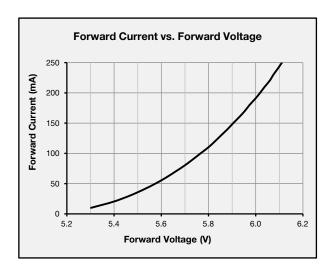


CCT: 5000 K (70 CRI)

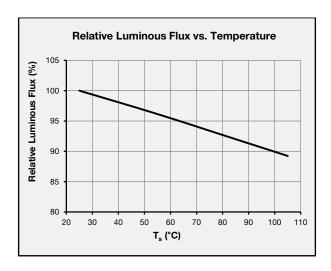


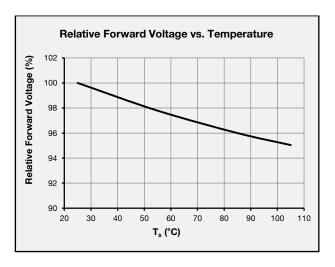
b) Forward Current Characteristics (T_s = 25 °C)



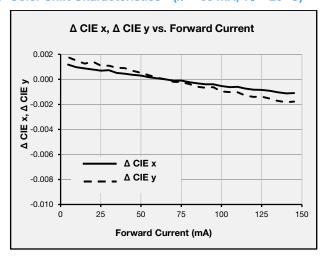


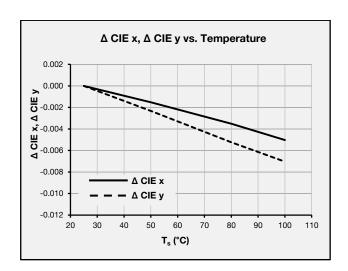
c) Temperature Characteristics (I_F = 65 mA)



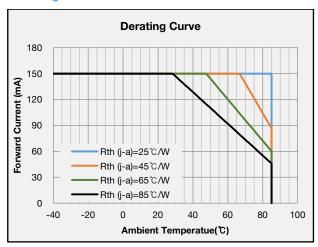


d) Color Shift Characteristics (I_F = 65 mA, T_s = 25 °C)

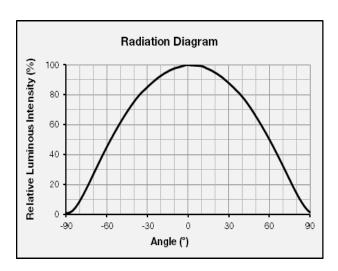




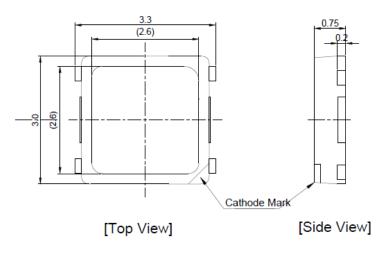
e) Derating Curve

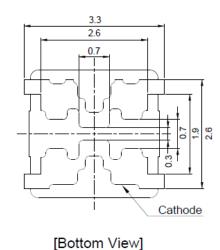


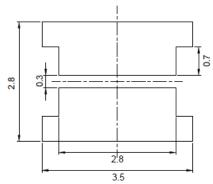
f) Beam Angle Characteristics (I_F = 65 mA, T_s = 25 °C)



4. Outline Drawing & Dimension







[RECOMMENDED PCB SOLDER PAD]

Measurement unit : mm Tolerance : ± 0.1 mm

Notes:

- 1) This LED has built-in ESD protection device(s) connected in parallel to LED chip(s).
- 2) T_s point and measurement method:
 - ① Measure one point at the cathode pad, if necessary remove PSR of PCB to reach Ts point.
 - ② All pads must be soldered to the PCB to dissipate heat properly, otherwise the LED can be damaged.

Precautions:

- 1) Pressure on the LEDs will influence to the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid strong pressure on the LEDs. Do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 2) Re-soldering should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. If re-soldering is unavoidable, LED's characteristics should be carefully checked before and after such repair.
- 3) Do not stack assembled PCBs together. Since materials of LEDs is soft, abrasion between two PCB assembled with LED might cause catastrophic failure of the LEDs.

5. Reliability Test Items & Conditions

a) Test Items

Test Item	Test Condition	Test Hour / Cycle	Sample No.
Room Temperature Life Test	25 °C, DC 150 mA	1000 h	22
High Temperature Life Test	85 °C, DC 150 mA	1000 h	22
High Temperature Humidity Life Test	85 °C, 85 % RH, DC 150 mA	1000 h	22
Low Temperature Life Test	-40 °C, DC 150 mA	1000 h	22
Powered Temperature Cycle Test	-45 °C ~ 85 °C, each 20 min, on/off 5 min Temp. Change time 100min, DC 150 mA	100 cycles	22
Temperature Cycling	-45 °C / 15 min ↔ 125 °C / 15 min → Hot plate 180 °C	500 cycles	100
High Temperature Storage	120 °C	1000 h	11
Low Temperature Storage	-40 °C	1000 h	11
ESD (HBM)	R ₁ : 10 MΩ R ₂ : 1.5 kΩ C: 100 pF V: ±5 kV	5 times	30
ESD (MM)	R ₁ : 10 MΩ R ₂ : 0 C: 200 pF V: ±0.5 kV	5 times	30
Vibration Test	20~2000~20 Hz, 200 m/s², sweep 4 min X, Y, Z 3 direction, each 1 cycle	4 cycles	11
Mechanical Shock Test	1500 g, 0.5 ms 3 shocks each X-Y-Z axis	5 cycles	11

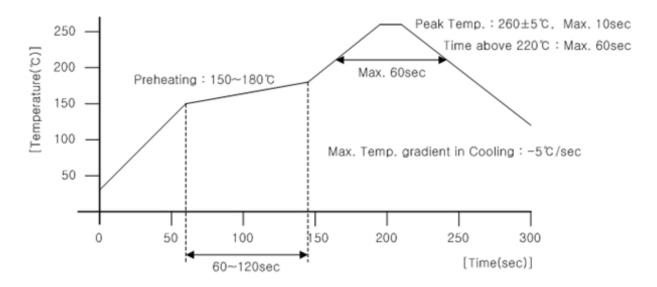
b) Criteria for Judging the Damage

	Combal	Test Condition	Lim	nit
item	Item Symbol	(T _s = 25 °C)	Min	Max
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	$I_F = 150 \text{ mA}$	Init. Value * 0.9	Init. Value * 1.1
Luminous Flux	Ф	I _F = 150 mA	Init. Value * 0.7	Init. Value * 1.1

6. Soldering Conditions

a) Reflow Conditions (Pb free)

Reflow frequency: 2 times max.



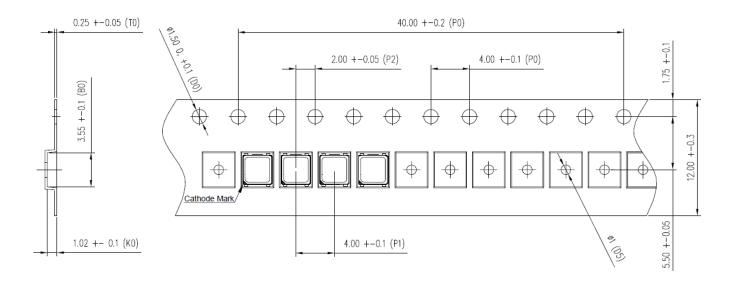
b) Manual Soldering Conditions

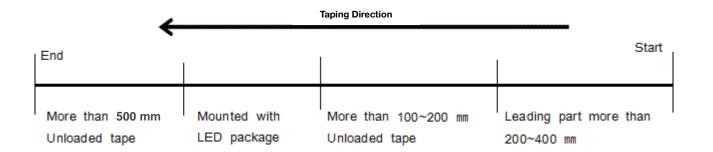
Not more than 5 seconds @ max. 300 °C, under soldering iron.

7. Tape & Reel

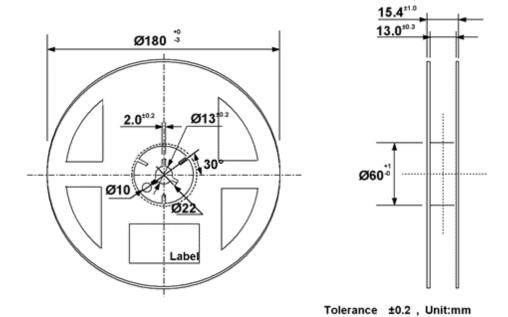
a) Taping Dimension

(unit: mm)





b) Reel Dimension



Notes:

- 1) Quantity: The quantity/reel is 4,000 pcs
- 2) Cumulative tolerance: Cumulative tolerance / 10 pitches is ± 0.2 mm
- 3) Adhesion strength of cover tape: Adhesion strength is 0.1-0.7 N when the cover tape is turned off from the carrier tape at 10° angle to the carrier tape
- 4) Packaging: P/N, Manufacturing data code no. and quantity are indicated on the aluminum packing bag

8. Label Structure

a) Label Structure

2**72**0s

abcdef A2R4SE

SPMWHT32BMD3YBR0S0 A2R4SE 01

GLAZC4001 / 1001 / 4,000 pcs

SAMSUNG

Note: Denoted bin code and product code above is only an example

Bin Code:

(a) (refer to page 10)

©d: Chromaticity bin (refer to page 13~15)

(e) f): Luminous Flux bin (refer to page 7)

b) Lot Number



A2R4SE

SAMSUNG

The lot number is composed of the following characters:

123456789/1abc /4,000 pcs

1 : Production site (S: Giheung, Korea, G: Tianjin, China)

(2) : L (LED)

3 : Product state (A: Normal, B: Bulk, C: First Production, R: Reproduction, S: Sample)

(Z: 2015, A: 2016, B:2017 ...)

(5) : Month (1~9, A, B, C)(6) : Day (1~9, A, B~V)

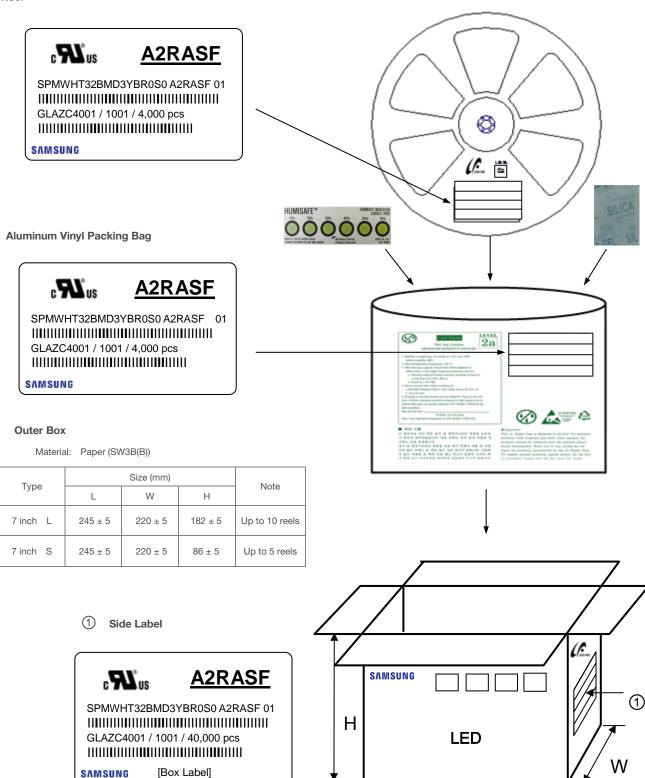
(001 ~ 999) : Product serial number

(a)(b)(c) : Reel number (001 ~ 999)

9. Packing Structure

a) Packing Process

Reel



L

b) Packing Process for kitting (The quantity of PKG on the Reel to be Max 4,000pcs)

Reel

Kitting 'A'

© AY ★ DSG SPMWHT32BMD3YB★SS0 AY ★ DSG 01

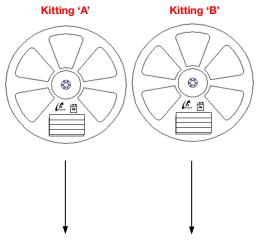
GLAW94001 / 1001 / 4,000 pcs

SAMSUNG

.....

Kitting 'B'





Aluminum Vinyl Packing Bag

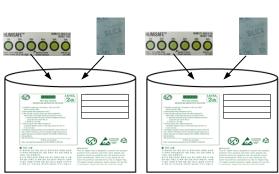
Kitting 'A'

£**SL**US AY★DSG

SAMSUNG

Kitting 'B'





Outer Box

Kitting 'A'

AY DSG

SPMWHT32BMD3YB SS0 AY DSG 01

GLAW94001 / 1001 / 40,000 pcs

SAMSUNG [BOX Label]

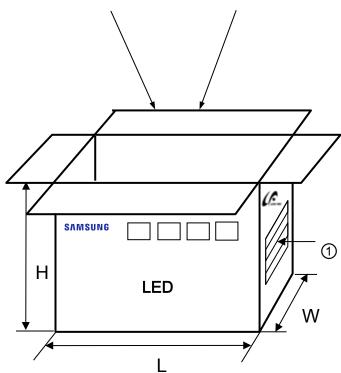
Kitting 'B'





Material: Paper (SW3B(B))

Tymo		Size (mm)		Note
Туре	L	w	Н	Note
7 inch L	245 ± 5	220 ± 5	182 ± 5	Up to 10 reels



c) Aluminum Vinyl Packing Bag



CAUTION

2a

This bag contains MOISTURE SENSITIVE DEVICES

- Shelf life in sealed bag: 12 months at <40°C and <90% relative humidity (RH)
- 2. Peak package body temperature: 240 °C
- After this bag is opened, devices that will be subjected to reflow solder or other high temperature processes must be:
 - a. Mounted within 672 hours at factory conditions of equal to or less than 30°C /60% RH, or
 - b. Stored at < 10% RH
- Devices require bake, before mounting, ifa. Humidity Indicator Card is >/60% when read at 23±5°C, or b. 2a is not met.
- 5. If baking is required, devices must be baked for 10 ~24 hours at 60±5°C Note: if device containers cannot be subjected to high temperature or shorter bake times are desired, reference IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033 for bake procedure,

Bag seal due date:

(If blank, see code label)

Note: Level and body temperature by IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020

SAMSUNG





AZRASG

SPMWHT32BMD3YBR0S0 AZRASG 01

GLAYC4001 / 1001 / 4,000 pcs



■ 주의 사항

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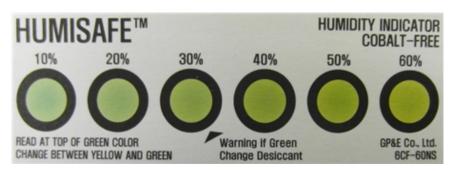
습기 및 정전기로부터 제품을 보호 하기 위해서 개봉 후 사용 하지 않는 자재는 본 팩에 넣어 보관 하시기 바랍니다. 사용하 지 않는 자재를 본 팩에 넣을 때는 반드시 동봉된 드라이 팩 과 함께 넣고 지퍼부분을 완전하게 밀봉하여 주시기 바랍니다.

■ Important

This Al Zipper bag is designed to protect the enclosed products from moisture and ESD. Once opened, the products should be soldered onto the printed circuit board immediately. When not in use, please do not leave the products unprotected by the Al Zipper Bag. To repack unused products., please ensure the zip-lock is completely sealed with the dry pack left inside.

c) Silica Gel & Humidity Indicator Card inside Aluminum Vinyl Bag





10. Precautions in Handling & Use

- For over-current protection, users are recommended to apply resistors connected in series with the LEDs to mitigate sudden change of the forward current caused by shift of forward voltage.
- 2) This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent, etc. When cleaning is required, IPA is recommended as the cleaning agent. Some solvent-based cleaning agent may damage the silicone resins used in the device.
- 3) When the device is in operation, the forward current should be carefully determined considering the maximum ambient temperature and corresponding junction temperature.
- 4) LEDs must be stored in a clean environment. If the LEDs are to be stored for three months or more after being shipped from Samsung, they should be packed with a nitrogen-filled container (shelf life of sealed bags is 12 months at temperature 0~40 °C, 0~90 % RH).
- 5) After storage bag is opened, device subjected to soldering, solder reflow, or other high temperature processes must be:
 - a. Mounted within 672 hours (28 days) at an assembly line with a condition of no more than 30 °C / 60 % RH*Note 1, or
 - b. Mounted within 24 hours (1 day) at an assembly line with a condition of more than 30 °C / 70 % RH*Note 2, or
 - c. Stored at <10 % RH.

*Note 1, 2: IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033A, Recommended Equivalent Total Floor Life Table

Package Type and Body Thickness	Moisture Sensitivity	Maximum Percent Relative Humidity						Temperature
	Level	40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	remperature
Body Thickness <2.1mm		œ	œ	28	1	1	1	30℃
	Level 2a	∞	00	o o	2	1	1	25℃
		®	o o	o o	2	2	1	20°C

- 6) Repack unused devices with anti-moisture packing, fold to close any opening and then store in a dry place.
- 7) Devices require baking before mounting, if humidity card reading is >60 % at 23 \pm 5 °C.
- 8) It is recommended to be baked for 12 hour at 60 ± 5 °C, if baking is required.
- 9) The LEDs are sensitive to the static electricity and surge current. It is recommended to use a wrist band or antielectrostatic glove when handling the LEDs. If voltage exceeding the absolute maximum rating is applied to LEDs, it may cause damage or even destruction to LED devices. Damaged LEDs may show some unusual characteristics such as increase in leakage current, lowered turn-on voltage, or abnormal lighting of LEDs at low current.
- 10) VOCs (Volatile Organic Compounds) can be generated from adhesives, flux, hardener or organic additives used in luminaires (fixtures). Transparent LED silicone encapsulant is permeable to those chemicals and they may lead to a discoloration of encapsulant when they exposed to heat or light. This phenomenon can cause a significant loss of light emitted (output) from the luminaires. In order to prevent these problems, we recommend users to know the physical properties of materials used in luminaires and they must be carefully selected.
- 11) Risk of sulfurization (or tarnishing)

The LED from Samsung uses a silver-plated lead frame and its surface color may change to black (or dark colored) when it is exposed to sulfur (S), chlorine (Cl) or other halogen compound. Sulfurization of lead frame may cause intensity degradation, change of chromaticity coordinates and, in extreme cases, open circuit. It requires caution. Due to possible sulfurization of lead frame, LED should not be used and stored together with oxidizing substances made of materials such as rubber, plain paper, lead solder cream, etc.

Legal and additional information.

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