

# XR31233, XR31234, XR31235

±36V Fault Tolerant, Single 3.3V

CAN Bus Transceivers

#### **General Description**

The XR31233, XR31234 and XR31235 are controller area network (CAN) transceivers that conform to the ISO 11898 standard. Each provides transmit and receive signaling rates up to 1Mbps between a differential CAN bus and a CAN controller.

These devices are designed with cross-wire protection, overvoltage protection up to  $\pm 36V$ , loss of ground protection, thermal shutdown protection and common-mode transient protection of  $\pm 100V$  making them ideal for harsh environments used in industrial, automotive, transportation and building automation applications.

The low power consumption of the 3.3V supply makes these CAN transceivers desirable and are fully interoperable with 5V supplied transceivers on the same bus. They also offer high speed, slope control and low-power standby modes of operation.

#### FEATURES

- Single 3.3V operation
- ±36V fault tolerance on analog bus pins
  Extended -25V to +25V common mode
- operation
- Robust ESD protection:
   ±16kV HBM (bus pins)
  - $= \pm 8kV$  contact discharge (bus pins)
- □ ±3kV HBM (non-bus pins)
- Up to 1Mbps data rates
- 11898-2 ISO compatible
- GIFT/ICT compliant
- 5V tolerant LVTTL I/O's
- 200µA low current standby mode
- XR31233: Loopback mode
- XR31234: Ultra low current sleep mode
   50nA typical
- XR31235: Autobaud loopback mode

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Industrial control systems
- Motor and robotic control
- Building and climate control (HVAC)
- Automotive and transportation

#### Ordering Information - Back Page



Figure 1: Typical CAN Bus

## Typical Application

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses beyond the limits listed below may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition may affect device reliability and lifetime.

V <sub>CC</sub>	0.3V to 7V
Voltage at any bus terminal (CANH or CAN	L)36V to 36V
Voltage input, transient pulse, CANH and C through $100\Omega$ (Figure 9)	ANL, 100V to 100V
Input voltage (D, RS, EN, LBK, AB)	0.5V to 7V
Output voltage	0.5V to 7V
Receiver output current	-10mA to 10mA
Continuous total power dissipation	540mW
Operating junction temperature	150°C
Storage temperature	-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature (soldering 10 seconds)	300°C

## **Operating Conditions**

V <sub>CC</sub> supply range	3.0V to 3.6V
Operating temperature range	-40°C to 125°C
Package power dissipation, 8-pin NSOIC O	<sub>JA</sub> 128.4°C/W

#### **ESD** Ratings

Human Body Model (HBM), bus pins	±16kV
Human Body Model (HBM), non-bus pins	±3kV
IEC61000-4-2 (Contact Discharge), bus pins	±8kV

## **Electrical Characteristics**

Unless otherwise noted:  $V_{CC}$  = 3.0V to 3.6V,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ . Typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3V,  $T_A$  = 25°C

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Driver DC Characteristics							
Bus output voltage	CANH	D at 0V, RS at 0V.			V <sub>CC</sub>		
V <sub>O(D)</sub>	V <sub>O(D)</sub> (Dominant)	CANL	see Figure 3 and Figure 4	0.5		1.25	V
N	Bus output voltage	CANH	D at 3V, RS at 0V,		2.3		N/
VO	(Recessive)	CANL	see Figure 3 and Figure 4		2.3		v
Varia	Differential output voltage (I	) Dominant)	D at 0V, RS at 0V, see Figure 3 and Figure 4	1.5	2	3	V
VOD(D)		Johnnant)	D at 0V, RS at 0V, see Figure 4 and Figure 5	1.2	2	3	v
Vop Differential output voltage (Recessive)		essive)	D at 3V, RS at 0V, see Figure 3 and Figure 4	-120		12	mV
	D at 3V, RS at 0V, No Load	D at 3V, RS at 0V, No Load	-0.5		0.05	V	
V <sub>OC(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak common-mode output voltage		See Figure 12		1		V
IIH	High-level input current	D, EN, LBK, AB	D = 2V or EN = 2V or LBK = 2V or AB = 2V -30			30	μA
IIL	Low-level input current	D, EN, LBK, AB	D = 0.8V or EN = 0.8V or LBK = 0.8V or AB = 0.8V	-30		30	μA
		•	VCANH = -25V, CANL Open, see Figure 17	-250			
	Short circuit output current		VCANH = 25V, CANL Open, see <u>Figure 17</u>			3	
IOS	Short-circuit output current		VCANH = -25V, CANH Open, see <u>Figure 17</u>	-3			ma
			VCANH = 25V, CANH Open, see <u>Figure 17</u>			250	
Co	Output capacitance		See receiver input capacitance				
I <sub>IRS(S)</sub>	RS input current for standby	1	RS at 0.75 Vcc	-10			μA
		Sleep	EN at 0V, D at V <sub>CC</sub> , RS at 0V or VCC		0.05	2	
	Supply ourront	Standby	RS at V <sub>CC</sub> , D at V <sub>CC</sub> , AB at 0V, LBK at 0V, EN at V <sub>CC</sub>		200	600	μΑ
'CC	Dominant		D at 0V, No Load, AB at 0V, LBK at 0V			6	mA
		Recessive	D at V <sub>CC</sub> , No Load, AB at 0V, LBK at 0V, RS at 0V, EN at V <sub>CC</sub>			6	ШA

## **Electrical Characteristics, (Continued)**

Unless otherwise noted:  $V_{CC}$  = 3.0V to 3.6V,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ . Typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units		
Receiver	Receiver DC Characteristics								
V <sub>IT+</sub>	Positive-going input thre	shold voltage			750	900			
V <sub>IT-</sub>	Negative-going input three	eshold voltage	AB at 0V, LBK at 0V, EN at VCC. see Table 1	500	650		mV		
V <sub>HYS</sub>	Hysteresis voltage (VIT+	- to VIT–)			100				
		$V_{CC}$ < 3.3V, $I_{O}$ = -4mA, see Figure 8	2.0						
VOH	V <sub>OH</sub> High-level output voltage		$V_{CC} \ge 3.0V, I_O = -4mA,$ see Figure 8	2.4			V		
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage		I <sub>O</sub> = 4mA, see <u>Figure 8</u>			0.4			
	CANH or CANL at 25	CANH or CANL at 25V	Other bus pin at 0V, D at 3 V, AB at 0V, LBK at 0V, RS at 0V, EN at V <sub>CC</sub>	400		1250			
II	Bus input current	CANH or CANL at –25V		-1400		-500	μΑ		
CI	Input capacitance (CANH or CANL)		$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Pin-to-ground,} \\ \mbox{VI} = 0.4 \mbox{ sin } (4E6\pi t) + 0.5V, \\ \mbox{D at } 3V, \mbox{ AB at } 0V, \mbox{ LBK at } 0V, \\ \mbox{EN at } V_{CC} \end{array}$		40		pF		
C <sub>ID</sub>	Differential input capacitance		Pin-to-pin, VI = 0.4 sin (4E6 $\pi$ t) + 0.5V, D at 3V, AB at 0V, LBK at 0V, EN at V <sub>CC</sub>		20		pF		
R <sub>ID</sub>	Differential input resistance		D at 3V, AB at 0V, LBK at 0V,	40		100	kΩ		
R <sub>IN</sub>	Input resistance (CANH or	CANL) to ground	EN at V <sub>CC</sub>	20		50	kΩ		

## **Electrical Characteristics (Continued)**

Unless otherwise noted:  $V_{CC}$  = 3.0V to 3.6V,  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ . Typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Driver AC	Characteristics						
			RS at 0V, see Figure 6		35	85	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-l	evel output	RS with $10k\Omega$ to ground, see Figure 6		70	125	ns
			RS with 100k $\Omega$ to ground, see Figure 6		500	870	
			RS at 0V, see Figure 6		70	120	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-l	evel output	RS with $10k\Omega$ to ground, see Figure 6		130	180	ns
			RS with 100k $\Omega$ to ground, see Figure 6		870	1200	
			RS at 0V, see Figure 6		35		
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	t <sub>sk(p)</sub> Pulse skew ( It <sub>PHL</sub> – t <sub>PLH</sub> I )		RS with $10k\Omega$ to ground, see Figure 6		60		ns
			RS with 100k $\Omega$ to ground, see Figure 6		370		
t <sub>r</sub>	Differential output signal rise time			5		70	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Differential output signal fall time		no al ov, see <u>rigule o</u>	5		70	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Differential output signal rise time		RS with $10k\Omega$ to ground,	30		135	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Differential output signal fall time		see <u>Figure 6</u>	30		135	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Differential output signal rise time		RS with 100kΩ to ground.	350		1400	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Differential output signal fall time		see <u>Figure 6</u>	350		1400	ns
t <sub>en(s)</sub>	Enable time from standby to dominar	nt	See Figure 10		0.6	1.5	μs
t <sub>en(z)</sub>	Enable time from sleep to dominant	XR31234	See Figure 11		1	5	μs
Receiver A	C Characteristics						
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output				35	60	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output				35	60	ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew ( It <sub>PHL</sub> – t <sub>PLH</sub> I )		See <u>Figure 8</u>		7		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Output signal rise time <sup>(1)</sup>					5	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Output signal fall time <sup>(1)</sup>					5	ns

NOTE:

1. This spec is guaranteed by design and bench characterization.



## **Electrical Characteristics, (Continued)**

Unless otherwise noted:  $V_{CC}$  = 3.0V to 3.6V,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ . Typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Device AC	Device AC Characteristics						
t <sub>(LBK)</sub>	Loopback delay, driver input to receiver output	XR31233	See Figure 14		7.5	12	ns
t <sub>(AB1)</sub>	Loopback delay, driver input to receiver output	VD01005	See Figure 15		10	20	ns
t <sub>(AB2)</sub>	Loopback delay, bus input to receiver output	- XH31235	See Figure 16		35	60	ns
			RS at 0V, see Figure 13		70	135	
t <sub>(loop1)</sub>	Total loop delay, driver input to receiver output, recessive to dominant		RS with $10k\Omega$ to ground, see Figure 13		105	190	ns
			RS with $100k\Omega$ to ground, see Figure 13		535	1000	
			RS at 0V, See Figure 13		70	135	
t <sub>(loop2)</sub>	Total loop delay, driver input to receiver output, dominant to recessive		RS with $10k\Omega$ to ground, see Figure 13		105	190	ns
			RS with 100kΩ to ground, see Figure 13		535	1000	

## **Pin Configuration**



#### **Pin Functions**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Туре	Description	Description				
1	D	Input	CAN transm	nit data input (LOW for	dominant and	HIGH for recessive bus states), also called TXD, driver input.		
2	GND	Power	Ground.					
3	VCC	Power	3.3V power	supply input, bypass to	o ground with	0.1µF capacitor.		
4	R	Output	CAN receive output.	e data output (LOW for	r dominant an	d HIGH for recessive bus states), also called RXD, receiver		
	LBK	Input	XR31233	Loopback mode input.	LBK = 1	Loopback mode. D input loops back to R output. D input does not drive or affect the activity of the CAN bus. Useful for checking connectivity and running diagnostics without disturbing the CAN bus.		
					LBK = 0	Normal mode. D input drives CAN bus. If $D = 0$ , the CAN bus is dominant. If $D = 1$ the CAN bus is recessive. See Figure 4		
5	EN I	Input	XR31234	Enable input.	EN = 1	Normal mode. D input drives CAN bus. If $D = 0$ , the CAN bus is dominant. If $D = 1$ the CAN bus is recessive. See Figure 4.		
					EN = 0	Sleep mode, low power.		
	AB	Input	out XR31235	Autobaud loopback mode input.	AB = 1	Autobaud loopback mode. Similar to loopback mode as the D input loops back to R output, except that the R output is a NOR function of the D input and the CAN bus activity. Useful for checking connectivity, running diagnostics and monitoring CAN bus activity, which allows local mode to detect and sync the baud rate up on the CAN bus.		
					AB = 0	Normal mode. D input drives CAN bus. If D = 0, the CAN bus is dominant. If D = 1 the CAN bus is recessive. See Figure 4		
6	CANL	I/O	Low level CAN bus line.					
7	CANH	I/O	High level C	AN bus line.				
8	RS	Input	Mode select 100kΩ pulld	Mode select pin: strong pulldown to GND = high speed mode, strong pullup to $V_{CC}$ = low power mode, 10k $\Omega$ to 100k $\Omega$ pulldown to GND = slope control mode.				

#### **Device Functional Modes**

#### Driver (XR31233 or XR31235)

	Inputs		Outputs			
D	LBK/AB	RS	CANH	CANL	Bus State	
X	Х	> 0.75 V <sub>CC</sub>	Z	Z	Recessive	
L	L or open	< 0.22 V	Н	L	Dominant	
H or open	Х	≤ 0.33 V <sub>CC</sub>	Z	Z	Recessive	
Х	Н	≤ 0.33 V <sub>CC</sub>	Z	Z	Recessive	

#### Receiver (XR31233)

	Output			
Bus State	$V_{ID} = V_{CANH} - V_{CANL}$	LBK	D	R
Dominant	$V_{\text{ID}} \ge 0.9 \text{V}$	L or open	Х	L
Recessive	$V_{ID} \le 0.5V$ or open	L or open	H or open	Н
?	0.5V < V <sub>ID</sub> < 0.9V	L or open	H or open	?
Х	Х		L	L
X	Х		Н	Н

#### Receiver (XR31235)

	Output			
Bus State	$V_{ID} = V_{CANH} - V_{CANL}$	AB	D	R
Dominant	$V_{\text{ID}} \ge 0.9 \text{V}$	L or open	Х	L
Recessive	$V_{ID} \le 0.5V$ or open	L or open	H or open	Н
?	0.5V < V <sub>ID</sub> < 0.9V	L or open	H or open	?
Dominant	$V_{ID} \ge 0.9V$	Н	Х	L
Recessive	V <sub>ID</sub> ≤ 0.5V or open	Н	Н	Н
Recessive	$V_{ID} \le 0.5V$ or open	н	L	L
?	0.5V < V <sub>ID</sub> < 0.9V	Н	L	L

#### Driver (XR31234)

	Inputs		Outputs			
D	EN	RS	CANH	CANL	Bus State	
L	Н	$\leq 0.33 \text{ V}_{\text{CC}}$	Н	L	Dominant	
Н	Х	$\leq 0.33 \text{ V}_{\text{CC}}$	Z	Z	Recessive	
Open	Х	Х	Z	Z	Recessive	
Х	Х	> 0.75 V <sub>CC</sub>	Z	Z	Recessive	
X	L or open	Х	Z	Z	Recessive	



## **Device Functional Modes (Continued)**

#### Receiver (XR31234)

	Output		
Bus State	V <sub>ID</sub> = V <sub>CANH</sub> –V <sub>CANL</sub> EN		R
Dominant	$V_{\text{ID}} \ge 0.9 \text{V}$	н	L
Recessive	V <sub>ID</sub> ≤ 0.5V or open	н	Н
?	0.5V < V <sub>ID</sub> <0.9V	н	?
X	Х	L or open	Н

H = high level; L = low level; Z = high impedance; X = irrelevant; ? = indeterminate



## **Applications Information**



Figure 2: Functional Diagram



Figure 3: Driver Voltage, Current and Test Definition



Figure 4: Bus Logic State Voltage Definitions



NOTES:

A. Pulse input:  $\leq$ 125kHz, 50% duty cycle, t<sub>r</sub>  $\leq$  6ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  6ns, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50 $\Omega$ B. C<sub>L</sub> includes fixture and instrumentation capacitance

Figure 6: Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



Figure 7: Receiver Voltage and Current Definitions





NOTES:

A. Pulse input:  $\leq$ 125kHz, 50% duty cycle, t<sub>r</sub>  $\leq$  6ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  6ns, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50 $\Omega$ B. C<sub>L</sub> includes fixture and instrumentation capacitance

Figure 8: Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



This test is conducted to test survivability only. Data stability at the R output is not specified.





Figure 10: Ten(s) Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms





NOTES:

 $\label{eq:VI} \begin{array}{l} V_{I} \mbox{ Pulse input: $\le$125kHz, 50\% duty cycle, $t_{r} \le 6ns, $t_{f} \le 6ns, $Z_{O} = 50\Omega$} \\ \mbox{ Figure 11: $T_{en(z)}$ Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms} \end{array}$ 



#### NOTES:

VI Pulse input: ≤125kHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r$  ≤ 6ns,  $t_f$  ≤ 6ns,  $Z_O$  = 50 $\Omega$ 

Figure 13: T(loop) Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms





V<sub>1</sub> Pulse input: ≤125kHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r ≤ 6ns$ ,  $t_f ≤ 6ns$ ,  $Z_O = 50Ω$ Figure 12: V<sub>OC(pp)</sub> Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



 $V_I$  Pulse input:  ${\leq}125kHz,\,50\%$  duty cycle,  $t_r {\leq}$  6ns,  $t_f {\leq}$  6ns,  $Z_O = 50\Omega$ 

Figure 14: T<sub>(LBK)</sub> Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



VI Pulse input: <125kHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq$  6ns,  $t_f \leq$  6ns,  $Z_O = 50\Omega$ 

#### Figure 15: T<sub>(AB1)</sub> Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



Figure 17: I<sub>OS</sub> Test Circuit and Waveforms





VI Pulse input:  $\leq$ 125kHz, 50% duty cycle, t<sub>r</sub>  $\leq$  6ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  6ns, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50 $\Omega$ 

Figure 16: T<sub>(AB2)</sub> Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



	500mV	50Ω	280Ω	
	900mV	50Ω	130Ω	
v <sub>1</sub>		$\bigwedge$	$\bigwedge$	12V

Figure 18: Common-Mode Voltage Rejection



## **Mechanical Dimensions**

NSOIC-8

Top View







PACKAGE OUTLINE NSOIC .150" BODY JEDEC MS-012 VARIATION AA						
SYMBOLS	COMMON DIMENSIONS IN MM (Control Unit)			COMMON DIMENSIONS IN INCH (Reference Unit)		
	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	1.35	—	1.75	0.053		0.069
A1	0.10	—	0.25	0.004	_	0.010
A2	1.25	—	1.65	0.049	_	0.065
b	0.31	—	0.51	0.012	_	0.020
с	0.17	—	0.25	0.007	_	0.010
E	6.00 BSC			0.236 BSC		
E1	3.90 BSC			0.154 BSC		
e	1.27 BSC			0.050 BSC		
h	0.25	—	0.50	0.010	—	0.020
L	0.40	—	1.27	0.016		0.050
L1	1.04 REF			0.041 REF		
L2	0.25 BSC			0.010 BSC		
R	0.07	_	_	0.003	_	—
R1	0.07	—	—	0.003	—	-
q	0°	_	8°	0°	_	8°
đ	5*	_	15*	5'	_	15*
q2	0. — —		0.	_	—	
D	4.90 BSC 0.193 BS			SC		
N	8					

Drawing No: POD-00000108 Revision: A



## XR31233, XR31234, XR31235

#### **Ordering Information**<sup>(1)</sup>

Part Number	Operating Temperature Range	Lead-Free	Package	Packaging Method	Feature <sup>(3)</sup>
XR31233ED		Yes <sup>(2)</sup>	NSOIC-8	Tube	Loopback mode
XR31233EDTR	- 40°C to +125°C -			Tape and Reel	
XR31234ED				Tube	Sleep mode
XR31234EDTR				Tape and Reel	
XR31235ED				Tube	Autobaud loopback mode
XR31235EDTR				Tape and Reel	
XR31233EDEVB	XR31233 Evaluation Board				
XR31234EDEVB	XR31234 Evaluation Board				
XR31235EDEVB	XR31235 Evaluation Board				

#### NOTE:

1. Refer to www.exar.com/XR31233, www.exar.com/XR31234, www.exar.com/XR31235 for most up-to-date Ordering Information.

2. Visit <u>www.exar.com</u> for additional information on Environmental Rating.

3. See pin 5 function for selection between XR31233, XR31234 and XR31235.

#### **Revision History**

Revision	Date	Description
1A	August 2017	Initial Release



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