

# Grove - Mini Track Ball

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Grove - Mini Track ball will give an easy access to prototyping a practical motion-tracking function module for your applications. It has implanted 360° detection and click detection with high accuracy and quick response. With chips **STM32F103C8T6** and **AN48841B** inside, you can turn plenty of your ideas into tangible things. It is also standardized with Grove interface which will save you a lot of work in the prototyping process.

### Features

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- 360° and quick detection.
- Translucent click Button.
- Standardized with Grove interface.
- Powerful MCU for you to enrich your applications.

**Tip** More details about Grove modules please refer to Grove System

### Application ideas

- Tracking module for a gamepad.
- Tracking module for a haptic controller.
- Tracking module for toys.

## Specifications

Parameter	Value
Operating voltage	3.3V~5.5V (typical at 5V)
Operating current	28 mA (maximum operating current: 40 mA)
Operating temperature range	-25 ~ 75 ℃
MCU frequency	64 MHz
Operating frequency	105±5kHz
Hall effect filed strength range	(0.5) ~ (8) mT
I2C Address	0x4A

Hardware Overview



• Grove interface

Connect main control board such as Seeeduino board with Grove - Mini Track Ball.

#### • MCU (STM32F103C8T6)

Microcontroller.

#### • Track ball

Interface to control motions.

### Getting started

#### Play with Arduino

#### Hardware

• Step 1. Prepare the below stuffs:



- Step 2. Connect Grove-Mini\_Track\_Ball to I2C port of Seeeduino.
- Step 3. Connect Seeeduino to PC via a USB cable.



#### Software

**Step 1.** Download the demo from Github.

Step 2. Open the file Grove - Mini Track ball test.ino



```
6 #define ReadMode 0
7 #define WriteMode 1
8 #define DeAddr 0X4A
9 #define ConfigValid 0x3a6fb67c
```

39	* define the LED word mode
40	*/
41	enum LED_MODE
42	{
43	$LED_FLASH_1 = 0X00,$
44	LED_FLASH_2,
45	LED_FLASH_TOGGLE,
46	LED_FLASH_ALL,
47	LED_ALWAYS_ON_1,
48	LED_ALWAYS_ON_2,
49	LED_ALWAYS_ON_ALL,
50	LED_ALWAYS_OFF,
51	LED_BREATHING_1,
52	LED_BREATHING_2,
53	LED_BREATHING_ALL,
54	LED_MOVE_FLASH,
55	LED_MODE_NUM
56	};
57	
58	
59	
60	/*
61	* Write one byte into register
62	*/
63	<pre>void WriteByte(uint8_t Reg, uint8_t Value) .</pre>
64	
65	Wire.beginTransmission(DeAddr);
66	Wire.write(WriteMode);
6/	Wire.write(Reg);
68	Wire.write(Value);
69 70	wire.endTransmission();
70	}
/ ⊥ 7 0	/+
12 72	/ Munita N huta inta magiatan

```
void WriteNByte(uint8 t Reg , uint8 t * Value , uint8 t len)
         for(int i = 0;i<len;i++)</pre>
     void WriteOneWord(uint8 t Reg, uint32 t Value)
104 void WriteHalfWord(uint8 t Reg, uint16 t Value)
```

109	<pre>WriteNByte(Reg,tmp,2);</pre>
110	
111	
112	
113	
114	
115	<pre>uint8_t ReadByte(uint8_t Reg)</pre>
116	
117	Wire.beginTransmission(DeAddr);
118	<pre>Wire.write(ReadMode);</pre>
119	Wire.write(Reg);
120	Wire.write(1);
121	Wire.endTransmission();
122	Wire.requestFrom(DeAddr, 1);
123	<pre>return Wire.read();</pre>
124	
125	
126	
127	
128	<pre>uint16_t ReadHalfWord(uint8_t Reg)</pre>
129	
130	<pre>uint16_t tmp;</pre>
131	<pre>tmp = ReadByte(Reg);</pre>
132	<pre>tmp  = ((uint16_t)ReadByte(Reg+1))&lt;&lt;8;</pre>
133	return tmp;
134	
135	
136	
137	
138	<pre>uint32_t ReadOneWord(uint8_t Reg)</pre>
139	
140	<pre>uint32_t tmp;</pre>
141	<pre>tmp = ReadByte(Reg);</pre>
142	<pre>tmp  = ((uint32_t)ReadByte(Reg+1))&lt;&lt;8;</pre>
143	<pre>tmp  = ((uint32_t)ReadByte(Reg+2))&lt;&lt;16;</pre>

144	<pre>tmp  = ((uint32_t)ReadByte(Reg+3))&lt;&lt;24;</pre>
145	return tmp;
146	
147	
148	
149	
150	
151	<pre>void SetLedMode(uint8_t LED_MODE)</pre>
152	
153	WriteByte(CONFIG_REG_LED_MODE,LED_MODE);
154	
155	
156	
157	
158	
159	void test_SetLedMode(void)
160	
161	<pre>unsigned char tmp[8]={0};</pre>
162	<pre>for(int i=0;i<led mode="" num;i++)<="" pre=""></led></pre>
163	
164	
165	tmp[0] = i;
166	WriteNByte(CONFIG REG LED MODE ,tmp , 1);
167	delay(5000);
168	
169	
170	
171	
172	
173	
174	void test_PrintTrackData(void)
175	
176	<pre>for(int i=0;i&lt;500;i++)</pre>
177	
178	Serial.print(ReadByte(MOTION_REG_UP));

```
184
194 void test WriteReg(void)
      unsigned char tmp[8]={0};
```

214	tmp[1] = 0x14;
215	<pre>WriteByte(CONFIG_REG_DATA_CLEAR_TIME ,tmp[0]);</pre>
216	WriteByte(CONFIG_REG_DATA_CLEAR_TIME+1 ,tmp[1]);
217	delay(100);
218	tmp[0] = 0X22;
219	tmp[1] = 0X05;
220	<pre>WriteByte(CONFIG_REG_DATA_READ_TIME ,tmp[0]);</pre>
221	WriteByte(CONFIG_REG_DATA_READ_TIME+1 ,tmp[1]);
222	delay(1000);
223	Serial.println("Setted Value are over here");
224	<pre>Serial.print("valid:0x");Serial.print(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_VALID+3),E</pre>
225	Serial.print("I2C_ADDR:0x");Serial.println(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_I2C_A
226	<pre>Serial.print("I2C_SPEED:0x");Serial.print(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_I2C_SF</pre>
227	Serial.print("LED_MODE:0x");Serial.println(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_LED_M
228	Serial.print("LED_FLASH_TIME:0x");Serial.print(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_I
229	<pre>Serial.print("DATA_CLEAR_TIME:0x");Serial.print(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_</pre>
230	<pre>Serial.print("DATA_READ_TIME:0x");Serial.print(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_D</pre>
231	<pre>Serial.println();Serial.println();Serial.println();</pre>
232	delay(3000);
233	
234	
235	
236	
237	
238	
239	
240	void test_SetDefault(void)
241	
242	<pre>unsigned char Zero[]={0,0,0,0};</pre>
243	<pre>Serial.println("Setting Default Value");</pre>
244	WriteNByte(CONFIG_REG_VALID , Zero , 4);
245	delay(100);
246	Serial.println("Default Value are over here");
247	<pre>Serial.print("valid:0x");Serial.print(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_VALID+3),H</pre>
248	Serial.print("I2C_ADDR:0x");Serial.println(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_I2C_A

249	Serial.print("I2C_SPEED:0x");Serial.print(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_I2C_SPI
250	Serial.print("LED_MODE:0x");Serial.println(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_LED_M(
251	Serial.print("LED_FLASH_TIME:0x");Serial.print(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_LI
252	Serial.print("DATA_CLEAR_TIME:0x");Serial.print(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_I
253	<pre>Serial.print("DATA_READ_TIME:0x");Serial.print(ReadByte(CONFIG_REG_D)</pre>
254	<pre>Serial.println();Serial.println();Serial.println();</pre>
255	delay(3000);
256	}
257	
258	void setup() {
259	
260	Wire.begin();
261	<pre>Serial.begin(115200);</pre>
262	}
263	
264	void loop() {
265	
266	<pre>test_SetLedMode();</pre>
267	
268	<pre>test_PrintTrackData();</pre>
269	
270	<pre>test_WriteReg();</pre>
271	
272	<pre>test_SetDefault();</pre>
273	
274	delay(3000);
275	}

**Step 3.** Upload your code into Seeeduino board. If uploading process is done, to open Serial Monitor window, Click **Serial Monitor** under menu **Tool**.

**Step 4.** LED indicator under tracking ball will light on in different mode which will last around 50 seconds

**Step 5.** After that you can rotate or "click" the track ball to get information of its trace.

### Resources

• [Eagle] Grove-Mini Track ball v1.0 schematic

- [PDF] Grove-Mini Track ball v1.0 schematic
- [Datasheet] STM32F103C8T6 Datasheet
- [Datasheet] AN48841B Datasheet
- [Library] Library file in Github

## Tech Support

Please submit any technical issue into our forum.