

## **Product Specification**

### PE42820

#### **Product Description**

The PE42820 is a HaRP<sup>™</sup> technology-enhanced high power reflective SPDT RF switch designed for use in mobile radio, relay replacement and other high performance wireless applications.

This switch is a pin-compatible upgraded version of the PE42510A with a wider frequency and power supply range, and external negative supply option. It maintains exceptional linearity and power handling from 30 MHz through 2.7 GHz. PE42820 also features low insertion loss, high power handling, and is offered in a 32-lead 5 × 5 mm QFN package. In addition, no external blocking capacitors are required if 0 VDC is present on the RF ports.

The PE42820 is manufactured on PSemi's UltraCMOS<sup>®</sup> process, a patented variation of silicon-on-insulator (SOI) technology on a sapphire substrate.

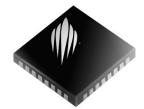
PSemi's HaRP technology enhancements deliver high linearity and excellent harmonics performance. It is an innovative feature of the UltraCMOS process, offering the performance of GaAs with the economy and integration of conventional CMOS.

## UltraCMOS<sup>®</sup> SPDT RF Switch 30–2700 MHz

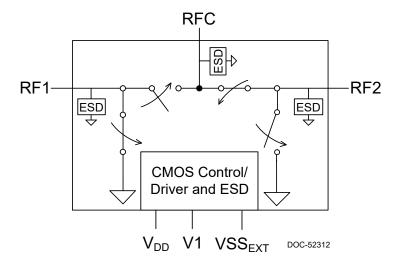
#### Features

- High power handling
  - 45 dBm @ 850 MHz, 32W
  - 44 dBm @ 2 GHz, 25W
- Exceptional linearity
  - 85 dBm IIP3 @ 850 MHz
  - 81 dBm IIP3 @ 2.7 GHz
- Low insertion loss
  - 0.25 dB @ 850 MHz
  - 0.40 dB @ 2 GHz
- Wide supply range of 2.3–5.5V
- +1.8V control logic compatible
- ESD performance
  - 1.5 kV HBM on all pins
- External negative supply option

#### Figure 2. Package Type 32-lead 5 × 5 mm QFN



#### Figure 1. Functional Diagram





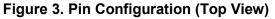
# Table 1. Electrical Specifications @ +25 °C ( $Z_s = Z_L = 50\Omega$ ), unless otherwise noted Normal mode<sup>1</sup>: $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ , $V_{SS\_EXT} = 0V$ or Bypass mode<sup>2</sup>: $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ , $V_{SS\_EXT} = -3.3V$

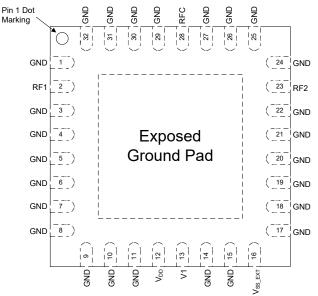
		_				
Parameter	Path	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
		30 MHz–1 GHz		0.30	0.45	dB
Insertion loss <sup>3</sup>	RFC-RFX	1–2 GHz		0.40	0.60	dB
		2–2.7 GHz		0.70	0.95	dB
		30 MHz–1 GHz	34	35		dB
Isolation	RFX-RFX	1–2 GHz	27	28		dB
		2–2.7 GHz	23	24		dB
Unbiased isolation	RFC-RFX	V <sub>DD</sub> , V1 = 0V, +27 dBm		6		dB
		30 MHz–1 GHz		22		dB
Return loss <sup>3</sup>	RFX	1–2 GHz		20		dB
		2–2.7 GHz		14		dB
Harmonics	RFC-RFX	2fo: +45 dBm pulsed @ 1GHz, 50Ω		-94	-90	dBc
namonics		3fo: +45 dBm pulsed $@$ 1GHz, 50Ω		-84	-80	dBc
Input IP3	RFC-RFX	850 MHz		85		dBm
		2700 MHz		81		dBm
Input 0.1dB compression point <sup>4</sup>	RFC-RFX	30 MHz–2 GHz 2–2.7 GHz		45.5 44.5		dBm dBm
Switching time		50% CTRL to 90% or 10% RF		15	25	μs
Settling time		50% CTRL to harmonics within specifications <sup>5</sup>		30	45	μs

Notes: 1. Normal mode: single external positive supply used.
2. Bypass mode: both external positive supply and external negative supply used.
3. Performance specified with external matching. Refer to *Evaluation Kit* section for additional information.
4. The input 0.1dB compression point is a linearity figure of merit. Refer to *Table 3* for the operating RF input power (50Ω).

5. See harmonics specs above.







#### **Table 2. Pin Descriptions**

Pin #	Pin Name	Description
1, 3–11, 14, 15, 17–22, 24–27, 29–32	GND	Ground
2	RF1 <sup>1</sup>	RF port
12	V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply voltage (nominal 3.3V)
13	V1	Digital control logic input 1
16	$V_{SS\_EXT}^2$	External $V_{SS}$ negative voltage control
23	RF2 <sup>1</sup>	RF port
28	RFC <sup>1</sup>	RF common
Pad	GND	Exposed pad: ground for proper operation

Notes: 1. RF pins 2, 23 and 28 must be at 0 VDC. The RF pins do not require DC blocking capacitors for proper operation if the 0 VDC requirement

is met. 2. Use  $V_{SS\_EXT}$  (pin 16,  $V_{SS\_EXT} = -V_{DD}$ ) to bypass and disable internal negative voltage generator. Connect  $V_{SS\_EXT}$  (pin 16,  $V_{SS\_EXT} = GND$ ) to enable internal negative voltage generator.

#### **Table 3. Operating Ranges**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	
Normal mode <sup>1</sup>						
Supply voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	2.3		5.5	V	
Supply current	I <sub>DD</sub>		130	200	μA	
Bypass mode <sup>2</sup>						
Supply voltage	$V_{DD}$		3.3	5.5	V	
Supply current	I <sub>DD</sub>		50	80	μA	
Negative supply voltage	$V_{SS\_EXT}$	-3.6		-3.2	V	
Negative supply current	I <sub>SS</sub>	-40	-16		μA	
Normal or Bypass mode	Normal or Bypass mode					
Digital input high (V1)	V <sub>IH</sub>	1.17		3.6 <sup>3</sup>	V	
Digital input low (V1)	VIL	-0.3		0.6	V	
RF input power, CW 30 MHz–2 GHz >2–2.7 GHz	P <sub>MAX,CW</sub>			43 42	dBm dBm	
RF input power, pulsed <sup>4</sup> 30 MHz–2 GHz >2–2.7 GHz	P <sub>MAX,PULSED</sub>			45 44	dBm dBm	
RF input power, unbiased	P <sub>MAX,UNB</sub>			27	dBm	
Operating temperature range (Case)	T <sub>OP</sub>	-40		+85	°C	
Operating junction temperature	TJ			+140	°C	

Notes: 1. Normal mode: connect pin 16 to GND to enable internal negative voltage generator.

2. Bypass mode: apply a negative voltage to V<sub>SS\_EXT</sub> (pin 16) to bypass

and disable internal negative voltage generator. 3. Maximum V<sub>IH</sub> voltage is limited to V<sub>DD</sub> and cannot exceed 3.6V.

4. Pulsed, 10% duty cycle of 4620  $\mu$ s period, 50 $\Omega$ .



#### **Table 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter/Condition	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit
Supply voltage	$V_{DD}$	-0.3	5.5	V
Digital input voltage (V1)	V <sub>CTRL</sub>	-0.3	3.6	V
Maximum input power 30 MHz–2 GHz >2–2.7 GHz	P <sub>MAX,ABS</sub>		45.5 44.5	dBm dBm
Storage temperature range	T <sub>ST</sub>	-65	+150	°C
Maximum case temperature	T <sub>CASE</sub>		+85	°C
Peak maximum junction temperature (10 seconds max)	$T_{\rm J}$		+200	°C
ESD voltage HBM <sup>1</sup> , all pins	V <sub>ESD</sub>		1500	V
ESD Voltage MM <sup>2</sup> , all pins	$V_{\text{ESD}}$		200	V

Notes: 1. Human Body Model (MIL-STD 883 Method 3015). 2. Machine Model (JEDEC JESD22-A115).

Exceeding absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage. Operation should be restricted to the limits in the Operating Ranges table. Operation between operating range maximum and absolute maximum for extended periods may reduce reliability.

#### **Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Precautions**

When handling this UltraCMOS device, observe the same precautions that you would use with other ESD-sensitive devices. Although this device contains circuitry to protect it from damage due to ESD, precautions should be taken to avoid exceeding the rating specified.

#### Latch-Up Avoidance

Unlike conventional CMOS devices, UltraCMOS devices are immune to latch-up.

#### **Moisture Sensitivity Level**

The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating for the 32lead 5  $\times$  5 mm QFN package is MSL3.

Path	CTRL
RFC-RF1	Н
RFC-RF2	L

#### Optional External V<sub>SS</sub> Control (V<sub>SS\_EXT</sub>)

For applications that require a faster switching rate or spur-free performance, this part can be operated in bypass mode. Bypass mode requires an external negative voltage in addition to an external  $V_{\text{DD}}$  supply voltage.

As specified in *Table 3*, the external negative voltage ( $V_{SS\_EXT}$ ) when applied to pin 16 will disable and bypass the internal negative voltage generator.

#### **Switching Frequency**

The PE42820 has a maximum 25 kHz switching rate in normal mode (pin 16 = GND). A faster switching rate is available in bypass mode (pin 16 =  $V_{SS\_EXT}$ ). The rate at which the PE42820 can be switched is then limited to the switching time as specified in *Table 1*.

Switching frequency describes the time duration between switching events. Switching time is the time duration between the point the control signal reaches 50% of the final value and the point the output signal reaches within 10% or 90% of its target value.

#### **Spurious Performance**

The typical low-frequency spurious performance of the PE42820 in normal mode is -137 dBm (pin 16 = GND). If spur-free performance is desired, the internal negative voltage generator can be disabled by applying a negative voltage to Vss<sub>EXT</sub> (pin 16).

#### **Hot Switching Capability**

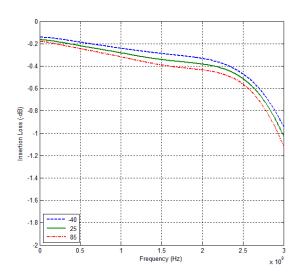
The typical hot switching capability of the PE42820 is +30 dBm. Hot switching occurs when RF power is applied while switching between RF ports.



#### Typical Performance Data @ +25 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V, V<sub>SS\_EXT</sub> = 0V, unless otherwise noted

Figure 4. Insertion Loss vs. Temp (RFC-RFX)





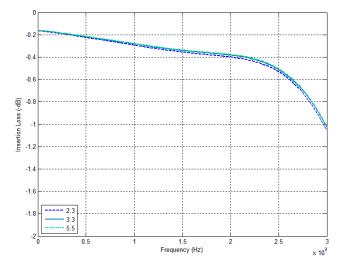


Figure 6. RFC Port Return Loss vs. Temp (RF1 Active)

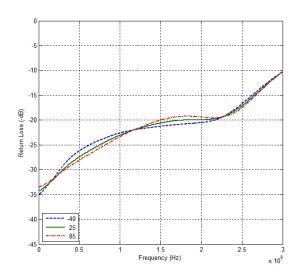
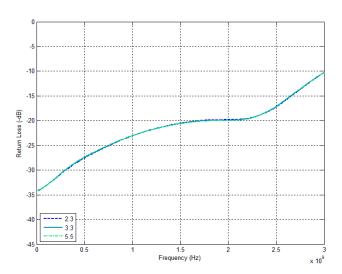


Figure 7. RFC Port Return Loss vs. V<sub>DD</sub> (RF1 Active)







#### Typical Performance Data @ +25 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V, V<sub>SS\_EXT</sub> = 0V, unless otherwise noted

Figure 8. Active Port Return Loss vs. Temp (RF1 Active)

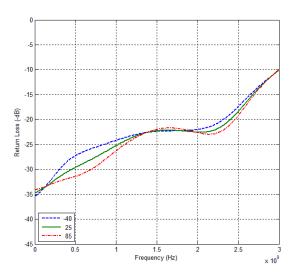


Figure 9. Active Port Return Loss vs. V<sub>DD</sub> (RF1 Active)

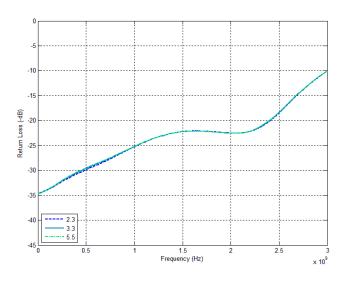


Figure 10. Isolation vs. Temp (RFC–RFX, RFX Active)

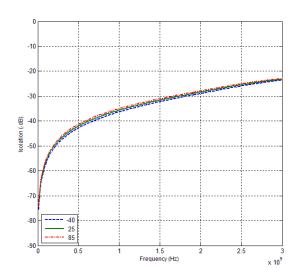


Figure 11. Isolation vs. V<sub>DD</sub> (RFC–RFX, RFX Active)

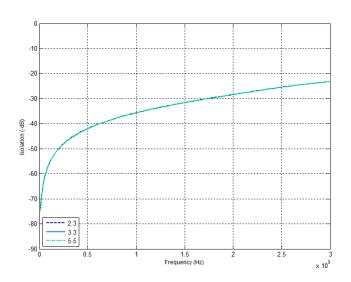
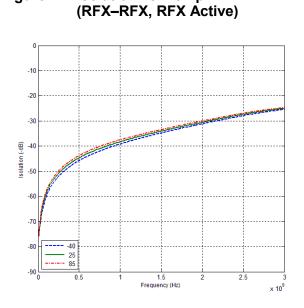


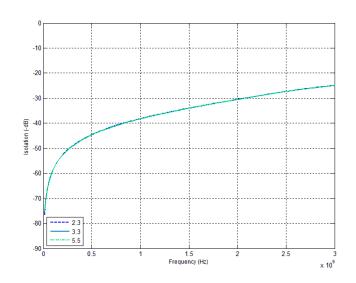
Figure 12. Isolation vs. Temp



### Typical Performance Data @ +25 °C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V, V<sub>SS\_EXT</sub> = 0V, unless otherwise noted



#### Figure 13. Isolation vs. V<sub>DD</sub> (RFX–RFX, RFX Active)





#### Thermal Data

Though the insertion loss for this part is very low, when handling high power RF signals, the junction temperature rises significantly.

VSWR conditions that present short circuit loads to the part can cause significantly more power dissipation than with proper matching.

Special consideration needs to be made in the design of the PCB to properly dissipate the heat away from the part and maintain the 85°C maximum case temperature. It is recommended to use best design practices for high power QFN packages: multi-layer PCBs with thermal vias in a thermal pad soldered to the slug of the package. Special care also needs to be made to alleviate solder voiding under the part.

#### Table 6. Theta JC

Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Theta JC (+85 °C)		20		°C/W



#### **Evaluation Kit**

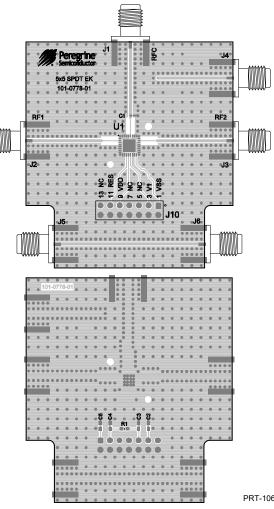
The PE42820 evaluation kit board was designed to ease customer evaluation of the PE42820 RF switch.

The evaluation board in Figure 14 was designed to test the part. DC power is supplied through J10, with  $V_{DD}$  on pin 9, and GND on the entire lower row of even numbered pins. To evaluate a switch path, add or remove jumpers on V1 (pin 3) using Table 5.

The ANT port is connected through a  $50\Omega$ transmission line via the top SMA connector, J1. RF1 and RF2 paths are also connected through  $50\Omega$  transmission lines via SMA connectors as J2 and J3. A 50 $\Omega$  through transmission line is available via SMA connectors J5 and J6. This transmission line can be used to estimate the loss of the PCB over the environmental conditions being evaluated. An open-ended  $50\Omega$ transmission line is also provided at J4 for calibration if needed.

Narrow trace widths are used near each part to improve impedance matching. The shunt C1 on RFC port is to provide for high frequency impedance matching.

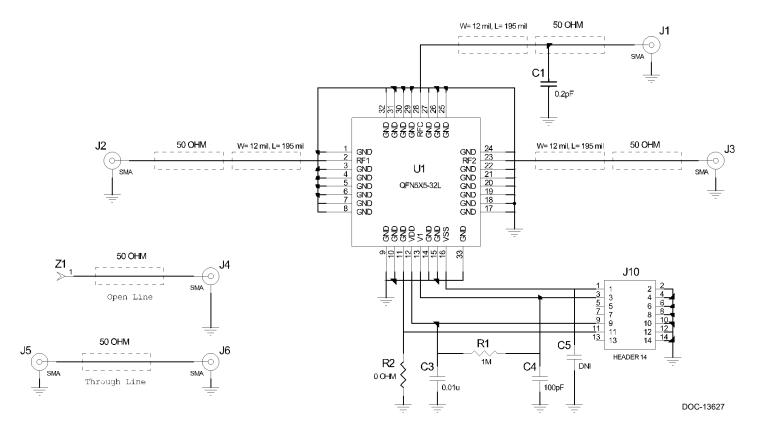
#### Figure 14. Evaluation Board Layout



PRT-10605

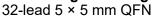


#### Figure 15. Evaluation Board Schematic





#### Figure 16. Package Drawing



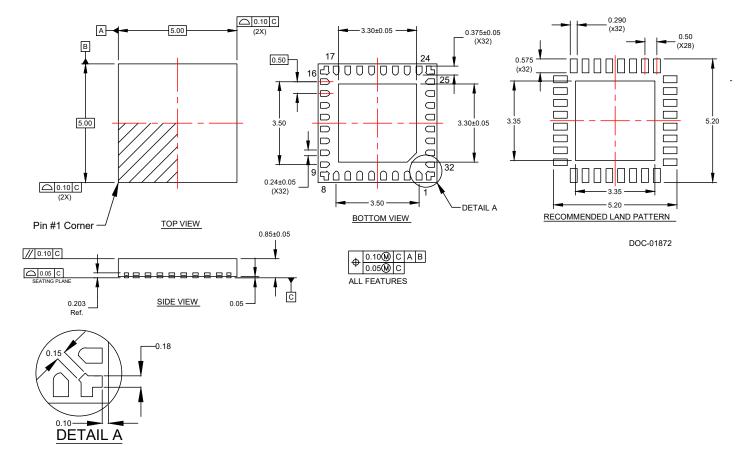
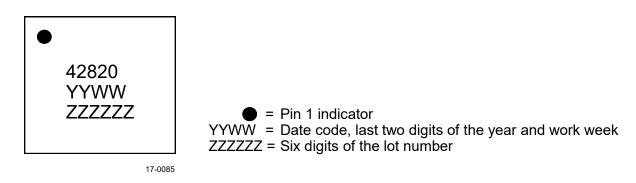
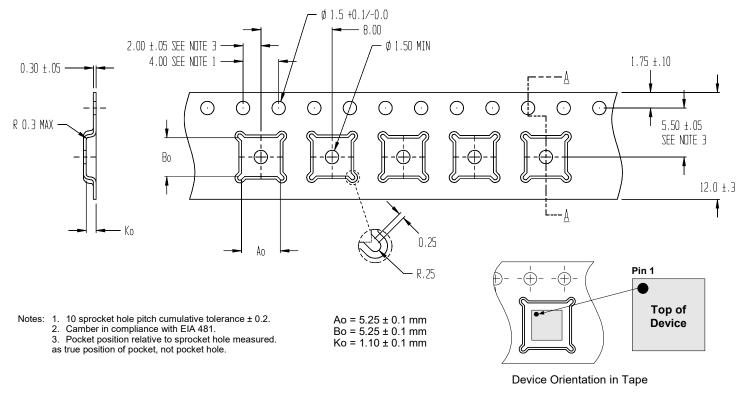


Figure 17. Top Marking Specification





#### Figure 18. Tape and Reel Specs



#### Table 7. Ordering Information

Order Code	Description	Package	Shipping Method	
PE42820B-X	PE42820 SPDT RF switch	Green 32-lead 5 × 5 mm QFN	500 units/T&R	
EK42820-03	PE42820 Evaluation kit	Evaluation kit	1/Box	

#### **Sales Contact and Information**

#### For sales and contact information please visit www.psemi.com.

Advance Information: The product is in a formative or design stage. The datasheet contains design target Advance information: The product is in a formative or design stage. The datasneet contains design target specifications for product development. Specifications and features may change in any manner without notice. <u>Preliminary Specification</u>: The datasheet contains preliminary data. Additional data may be added at a later date. pSemi reserves the right to change specifications at any time without notice in order to supply the best possible product. <u>Product Specification</u>: The datasheet contains final data. In the event pSemi decides to change the specifications, pSemi will notify customers of the intended changes by issuing a CNF (Customer Nutrification of complete the specification of Notification Form). The information in this document is believed to be reliable. However, pSemi assumes no liability for the use of

this information. Use shall be entirely at the user's own risk.

©2019 pSemi Corp. All rights reserved.

No patent rights or licenses to any circuits described in this document are implied or granted to any third party. pSemi's products are not designed or intended for use in devices or systems intended for surgical implant, or in other applications intended to support or sustain life, or in any application in which the failure of the pSemi product could create a situation in which personal injury or death might occur. pSemi assumes no liability for damages, including consequential or incidental damages, arising out of the use of its products in such applications.

The Peregrine Semiconductor name, Peregrine Semiconductor logo and UltraCMOS are registered trademarks and the pSemi name, pSemi logo, HaRP and DuNE are trademarks of pSemi Corporation in the U.S. and other countries

pSemi products are protected under one or more of the following U.S. patents: patents.psemi.com

Document No. DOC-94660-1 | UltraCMOS<sup>®</sup> RFIC Solutions

## **Mouser Electronics**

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

<u>pSemi</u>: <u>PE42820B-X</u>