

TXS0104E 4-Bit Bidirectional Voltage-Level Translator for Open-Drain and Push-Pull Applications

1 Features

- No Direction-Control Signal Needed
- Max Data Rates
 - 24 Mbps (Push Pull)
 - 2 Mbps (Open Drain)
- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoFree[™] Package
- 1.65 V to 3.6 V on A port and 2.3 V to 5.5 V on B port ($V_{CCA} \le V_{CCB}$)
- No Power-Supply Sequencing Required V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} Can Be Ramped First
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
 - A Port
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
 - B Port
 - 15-kV Human-Body Model (A114-B)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- IEC 61000-4-2 ESD (B Port)
 - ±8-kV Contact Discharge
 - ±10-kV Air-Gap Discharge

2 Applications

- Handset
- Smartphone
- Tablet
- Desktop PC

3 Description

This 4-bit non-inverting translator uses two separate configurable power-supply rails. The A port is designed to track V_{CCA} . V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 3.6 V. V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB} . The B port is designed to track V_{CCB} . V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 2.3 V to 5.5 V. This allows for low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5-V voltage nodes.

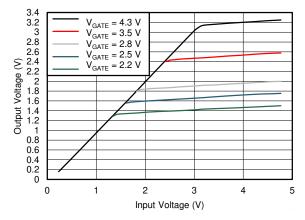
When the output-enable (OE) input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state.

The TXS0104E is designed so that the OE input circuit is supplied by $V_{\text{CCA}}.$

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, OE should be tied to GND through a pulldown resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

Device Information ⁽¹⁾							
PART NUMBER PACKAGE BODY SIZE (NOM)							
TXS0104ED	SOIC (14)	8.65 mm × 3.91 mm					
TXS0104EPW	TSSOP (14)	5.00 mm × 4.40 mm					
TXS0104EZXU	BGA (12)	2.00 mm × 2.50 mm					
TXS0104ERGY	VQFN (14)	3.50 mm × 3.50 mm					
TXS0104EYZT	DSBGA (12)	1.87 mm × 1.37 mm					
TXS0104ENMN	nFBGA (12)	2.00 mm × 2.50 mm					

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



Transfer Characteristics of an N-Channel Transistor



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4 Revision History NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

from Revision H (May 2018) to Revision I (October 2020)	Page
ed the numbering format for tables, figures, and cross-references throughout the docu	ment1
NMN Package 12-Pin nFBGA	4
from Revision G (September 2017) to Revision H (May 2018)	Page
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ed Device Information table	1
d GXU references throughout	4
Junction temperature in the Absolute Maximum Ratings	7
Basics of Voltage Translation to Related Documentation	24
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onal Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendation , Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Order ,	s section, <i>Layout</i> able Information 1 o the Thermal
	from Revision H (May 2018) to Revision I (October 2020) ad the numbering format for tables, figures, and cross-references throughout the docu NMN Package 12-Pin nFBGA



•	Changed the last 2 rows of MIN MAX (24 MAX and 2 MAX) to the MIN columns, in the first switching	
	characteristics table	11

Changes from Revision	0 (May 2008) to Revision E (August 2013)	Page

Deleted the ordering table



5 Pin Configuration and Functions

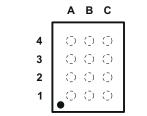


Figure 5-1. ZXU Package 12-Pin MICROSTAR JUNIOR Top View

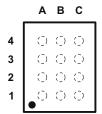


Figure 5-2. NMN Package 12-Pin nFBGA Top View

Pin Functions: ZXU/ NMN

Р	PIN TYPE		DESCRIPTION		
NAME NO.		ITPE			
A1	A1	I/O	Input/output A1. Referenced to V _{CCA} .		
A2	A2	I/O	Input/output A2. Referenced to V _{CCA} .		
A3	A3	I/O	Input/output A3. Referenced to V _{CCA} .		
A4	A4	I/O	Input/output A4. Referenced to V _{CCA} .		
B1	C1	I/O	Input/output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB} .		
B2	C2	I/O	Input/output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB} .		
B3	C3	I/O	Input/output B3. Referenced to V _{CCB} .		
B4	C4	I/O	Input/output B4. Referenced to V _{CCB} .		
GND	B4	—	Ground		
OE	B3	B3 I 3-state output-mode enable. Pull OE low to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referent to V _{CCA} .			
V _{CCA}	B2	—	A-port supply voltage. 1.65 V \leq V _{CCA} \leq 3.6 V and V _{CCA} \leq V _{CCB} .		
V _{CCB}	B1	—	B-port supply voltage. 2.3 V \leq V _{CCB} \leq 5.5 V.		

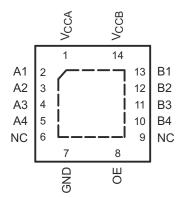




Figure 5-3. YZT Package 12-Pin DSBGA Top View

Pin Functions: DSBGA

PIN NAME NO.		ТҮРЕ	DESCRIPTION		
A1	A3	I/O	Input/output A1. Referenced to V _{CCA} .		
A2	B3	I/O	Input/output A2. Referenced to V _{CCA} .		
A3	C3	I/O	Input/output A3. Referenced to V _{CCA} .		
A4	D3	I/O	Input/output A4. Referenced to V _{CCA} .		
B1	A1	I/O	Input/output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB} .		
B2	B1	I/O	Input/output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB} .		
B3	C1	I/O	Input/output B3. Referenced to V _{CCB} .		
B4	D1	I/O	Input/output B4. Referenced to V _{CCB} .		
GND	D2	—	Ground		
OE	C2	I	3-state output-mode enable. Pull OE low to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to $V_{\text{CCA}}.$		
V _{CCA}	B2	—	A-port supply voltage. 1.65 V \leq V _{CCA} \leq 3.6 V and V _{CCA} \leq V _{CCB} .		
V _{CCB}	A2	—	B-port supply voltage. 2.3 V \leq V _{CCB} \leq 5.5 V.		



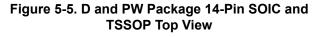
V_{CCA} 1 14 V_{CCB} A1 2 13 B1 A2 3 12 B2 A3 4 11 B3 A4 5 10 B4 NC 6 9 NC GND 7 8 OE

EXAS

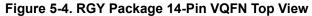
INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

NC - No internal connection



NC - No internal connection



Pin Functions: D, PW, or RGY

PIN		ТҮРЕ	DESCRIPTION		
NAME	NO.	ITPE	DESCRIPTION		
A1	2	I/O	Input/output A1. Referenced to V _{CCA} .		
A2	3	I/O	Input/output A2. Referenced to V _{CCA} .		
A3	4	I/O	Input/output A3. Referenced to V _{CCA} .		
A4	5	I/O	Input/output A4. Referenced to V _{CCA} .		
B1	13	I/O	Input/output B1. Referenced to V _{CCB} .		
B2	12	I/O	Input/output B2. Referenced to V _{CCB} .		
B3	11	I/O	Input/output B3. Referenced to V _{CCB} .		
B4	10	I/O	Input/output B4. Referenced to V _{CCB} .		
GND	7	—	Ground		
OE 8 I		I	3-state output-mode enable. Pull OE low to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to V_{CCA}		
V _{CCA}	1	—	A-port supply voltage. 1.65 V \leq V _{CCA} \leq 3.6 V and V _{CCA} \leq V _{CCB} .		
V _{CCB}	14	-	B-port supply voltage. 2.3 V \leq V _{CCB} \leq 5.5 V.		
Thermal Pad	_	_	For the RGY package, the exposed center thermal pad must be connected to ground		



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V _{CCA}	-0.5	4.6	V	
Supply voltage, V _{CCB}		-0.5	6.5	V
A port		-0.5	4.6	V
Input voltage, V _I ⁽²⁾	B port	-0.5	6.5	v
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state, V_{O} ⁽²⁾	A port	-0.5	4.6	V
voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance of power-on state, $v_0 \leftrightarrow c_0$	B port	-0.5	6.5	v
Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state, V_0 ^{(2) (3)}	A port	-0.5	V _{CCA} + 0.5	V
	B port	-0.5	V _{CCB} + 0.5	v
Input clamp current, I _{IK}	V ₁ < 0		-50	mA
Output clamp current, I _{OK}	V _O < 0		-50	mA
Continuous output current, I _O	-50	50	mA	
Continuous current through each V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} , or GND	-100	100	mA	
Operating junction temperature, T _J		150	°C	
Storage temperature, T _{STG}		-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

(3) The value of V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are provided in the recommended operating conditions table.

6.2 ESD Ratings

				VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD) Electrostatic disc			A Port	±2000	V
			B Port	±15	kV
	Electrostatio dischanne	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins ⁽²⁾	A Port	±1000	V
	Electrostatic discharge		B Port	±1000	v
			A Port	±200	V
		Machine model (MM)	B Port	±200	v

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)^{(1) (2)}

			V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCA}	Supply voltage ⁽³⁾				1.65	3.6	V
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage ⁽³⁾				2.3	5.5	V
		A part 1/0a	1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCI} – 0.2	V _{CCI}	
V	Lligh lovel input veltage	A-port I/Os	2.3 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCI} - 0.4	V _{CCI}	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	B-port I/Os	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCI} - 0.4	V _{CCI}	v
		OE input	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCA} × 0.65	5.5	
VIL	Low-level input voltage	A-port I/Os	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	0	0.15	
		B-port I/Os	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	0	0.15	V
		OE input	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	0	V _{CCA} × 0.35	
· //t//// ·		A-port I/Os push-pull driving	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V		10	
	Input transition rise or fall rate	B-port I/Os push-pull driving	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V		10	ns/V
		Control input	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V		10	
T _A	Operating free-air temperature				-40	85	°C

(1) V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

(2) V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

(3) V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to $V_{CCB},$ and V_{CCA} must not exceed 3.6 V.

6.4 Thermal Information: ZXU, YZT, and NMN

		ТХ			
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	ZXU (BGA MICROSTAR JUNIOR) ⁽²⁾	YZT (DSBGA)	NMN (NFGBA)	UNIT
		12 PINS	12 PINS	12 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	132.0	89.2	134.3	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	98.4	0.9	90.7	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	68.7	14.4	88.4	°C/W
TLΨ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	3.1	3.0	4.3	°C/W
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	68.2	14.4	89.3	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.



6.5 Thermal Information: D, PW, and RGY

			TXS0104E		
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	D (SOIC) ⁽¹⁾	PW (TSSOP) ⁽²⁾	RGY (VQFN) ⁽³⁾	UNIT
		14 PINS	14 PINS	14 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	90.4	120.1	56.1	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	50.1	49.4	68.8	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	45.0	61.8	32.1	°C/W
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	14.4	6.2	3.1	°C/W
Ψјв	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	44.7	61.2	32.3	°C/W
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	_	_	12.8	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

(2) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

(3) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-5.

6.6 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1) (2) (3)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
V _{OHA}	Port A output high voltage	$\begin{split} I_{OH} &= -20 \ \mu\text{A}, \\ V_{IB} &\geq V_{CCB} \ -0.4 \ V \\ T_{A} &= -40^{\circ}\text{C to} \ 85^{\circ}\text{C} \end{split}$	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCA} × 0.8		v
V _{OLA}	Port A output low voltage	$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA},$ $V_{IB} \le 0.15 \text{ V}$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V		0.4	V
V _{OHB}	Port B output high voltage	$\begin{split} I_{OH} &= -20 \ \mu\text{A}, \\ V_{IA} &\geq V_{CCA} \ -0.2 \ V \\ T_{A} &= -40^{\circ}\text{C to } 85^{\circ}\text{C} \end{split}$	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCB} × 0.8		V
V _{OLB}	Port B output low voltage	$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA},$ $V_{IA} \le 0.15 \text{ V}$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V		0.4	V
I _I	Input leakage current	OE: V _I = V _{CCI} or GND T _A = 25°C	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	-1	1	μA
	current	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85°C	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	-2	2	
1	High-impedance state	A or B port: OE = V_{IL} T _A = 25°C	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	-1	1	μA
I _{OZ}	output current	A or B port: OE = V_{IL} T _A = -40°C to 85°C	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	-2	2	μΑ
		V _I = V _O = Open,	1.65 V to V _{CCB}	2.3 V to 5.5 V		2.4	
CCA	V _{CCA} supply current	$I_0 = 0$	3.6 V	0		2.2	μA
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	0	5.5 V		-1	
		V _I = V _O = Open,	1.65 V to V _{CCB}	2.3 V to 5.5 V		12	
ССВ	V _{CCB} supply current	$I_{0} = 0$	3.6 V	0		-1	μA
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	0	5.5 V		1	
I _{CCA} + I _{CCB}	Combined supply current	$V_I = V_O = Open,$ $I_O = 0$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$	1.65 V to V_{CCB}	2.3 V to 5.5 V		14.4	μA
Cı		OE: T _A = 25°C	3.3 V	3.3 V		2.5	pF
	Input capacitance $T_A = 200$ OE: $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to 85°C		3.3 V	3.3 V		3.5	μr



6.6 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (1) (2) (3)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN TYP M	AX UNIT
C _{io} Input-to-output internal capacitance	A port:	3.3 V	3.3 V	5		
	Input-to-output	T _A = 25°C	3.3 V	3.3 V		6.5 pF
	B port:	3.3 V	3.3 V	12	pi	
		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	3.3 V	3.3 V	1	6.5

(1) V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

(2) V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

(3) V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to $V_{CCB},$ and V_{CCA} must not exceed 3.6 V.

6.7 Timing Requirements: V_{CCA} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V (unless otherwise noted)

					MIN	MAX	UNIT
	Data rate	Push-pull driving		$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ $V_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	$V_{\rm CCB} = 3.3 \text{V} \pm 0.3 \text{V}$ 24		Mbps
		Open-drain driving		$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ $V_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	2		моръ
+	t _w Pulse duration	Push-pull driving	Data inputs	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ $V_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	41		ns
w		Open-drain driving	Data inputs	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V V_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	500		113

6.8 Timing Requirements: V_{CCA} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

					MIN	MAX	UNIT
	Data rate	Push-pull driving		$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$ $CCB = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ $CCB = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$		24	
		Open-drain driving		$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$ $_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ $_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	2		Mbps
+	t _w Pulse duration	Push-pull driving	Data inputs	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$ $_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ $_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	41		ns
'w		Open-drain driving	Data inputs	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$ $_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ $_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	500		115

6.9 Timing Requirements: V_{CCA} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

					MIN	MAX	UNIT
Data rata	Push-pull driving		V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		24	Mbps	
Data rate				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	2		Mbps
+	Pulse duration	Push-pull driving	Data inputs	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	41		ns
t _w		Open-drain driving	Data inputs	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	500		115



6.10 Switching Characteristics: V_{CCA} = 1.8 V \pm 0.15 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CON	DITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		4.6		
			Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		4.7]	
	Propagation			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		5.8		
PHL	delay time (high-to-low output)			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	2.9	8.8		
			Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.9	9.6		
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	3	10		
		— A-to-B		V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		6.8	ns	
			Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		6.8		
	Propagation			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		7		
PLH	delay time (low-to-high output)			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	45	260		
	(C , ,		Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	36	208		
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	27	198		
				$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$		4.4		
			Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		4.5		
	Propagation			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		4.7	_	
t _{PHL}	delay time (high-to-low output)			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.9	5.3		
		Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1.1	4.4			
			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	1.2	4	_		
	B-to-A		V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		5.3	– ns		
			Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		4.5	-	
	Propagation			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		0.5		
PLH	delay time (low-to-high output)			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	45	175		
	(0 1 /		Open-drain driving	Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	36	140	
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	27	102		
			1	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		200		
en	Enable time	OE-to-A d	or B	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		200	ns	
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		200		
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		50		
dis	Disable time	OE-to-A d	or B	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		40	ns	
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		35		
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	3.2	9.5		
			Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.3	9.3		
		A-port		V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	2	7.6		
rA	Input rise time	rise time		V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	38	165	– ns	
			Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	30	132		
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	22	95	1	
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	4	10.8		
			Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.7	9.1	1	
		B-port		$V_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	2.7	7.6	1	
rВ	Input rise time	rise time		V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	34	145	— ns	
			Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	23	106	1	
				$V_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	10	58	-	



over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MAX	UNIT
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	2	5.9	
			Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1.9	6]
+	Input fall time	A-port		V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	1.7	13.3	ns
t _{fA}		fall time		$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	4.4	6.9	115
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$	4.3	6.4]
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	4.2	6.1]
			V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	2.9	7.6		
		Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.8	7.5	1	
	Input fall time	all time B-port fall time		V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	2.8	8.8	
t _{fB}			Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	6.9	13.8	– ns
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	7.5	16.2	1
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	7	16.2]
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		1	
t _{SK(O)}	Skew (time), output	Channel-	to-channel skew	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		1	ns
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		1	
				$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	24		
			Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	24]
	Maximum data rate			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	24		Mbps
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	2		
			Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2		1
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	2		1

6.11 Switching Characteristics: V_{CCA} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CON	IDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.2	
			Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		3.3	
+	Propagation delay time	A-to-B		V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		3.4	
t _{PHL}	(high-to-low output)	A-10-D		$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	1.7	6.3	
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	2	6	
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	2.1	5.8	
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.5	ns
		Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		4.1		
	Propagation	A-to-B		V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		4.4	
t _{PLH}	delay time (low-to-high output)		Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	43	250	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	36	206	
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	27	190	
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3	
			Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		3.6	
	Propagation t _{PHL} delay time B-to-A (high-to-low output)	D to A		V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		4.3	
PHL		D-IU-A		V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.8	4.7	ns
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.6	4.2	
			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	1.2	4		



over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CON	IDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT
				$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$		2.5	
			Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		1.6	
	Propagation			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		0.7	
PLH	delay time (low-to-high output)	B-to-A		V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	44	170	
	(Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	37	140	-
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	27	103	-
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		200	
en	Enable time	OE-to-A	or B	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		200	ns
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		200	-
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		50	
t _{dis}	Disable time	OE-to-A	or B	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		40	ns
015				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		35	-
				$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	2.8	7.4	
			Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	2.6	6.6	-
		A-port	,	$V_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	1.8	5.6	-
t _{rA} Input rise time	rise time	e Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	34	149	ns	
			$V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	28	121	-	
			opon aran annig	$V_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	24	89	-
				$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	3.2	8.3	
		t rise time B-port rise time	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	2.9	7.2	-
			t	$V_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	2.4	6.1	-
rВ	Input rise time			$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	35	151	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 2.3 V \pm 0.2 V$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	24	112	-
				$V_{CCB} = 5.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ $V_{CCB} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	12	64	-
				$V_{CCB} = 3.5 V \pm 0.3 V$ $V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	1.9	5.7	
			Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 2.3 V \pm 0.2 V$ $V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	1.9	5.7	-
							-
fA	Input fall time	A-port fall time		$V_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	1.8	5.3	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	4.4	6.9	_
			Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	4.3	6.2	-
				$V_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	4.2	5.8	
				$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	2.2	7.8	-
			Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	2.4	6.7	_
r _B Input fall time	Input fall time	B-port fall time		$V_{CCB} = 5 V \pm 0.5 V$	2.6	6.6	ns
				$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	5.1	8.8	-
		Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	5.4	9.4	_	
			V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	5.4	10.4		
				V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		1	
SK(O)	_{K(O)} Skew (time), output	Channel-	to-channel skew	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		1	ns
				V_{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		1	

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CON	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
Maximum data rate		$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	24		
	Push-pull driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	24		
		V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	24		- Mbps
		$V_{CCB} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$	2		
	Open-drain driving	$V_{CCB} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	2		
		V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	2		

6.12 Switching Characteristics: V_{CCA} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_{CCA} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted)

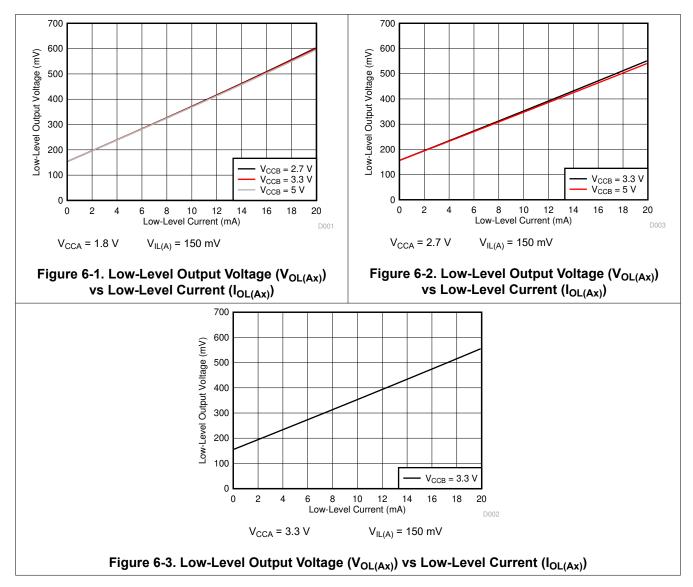
	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			N MAX		
			Duch mult deixing	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		2.4		
	Propagation		Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		3.1	1	
PHL	delay time (high-to-low output)		Open drein driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1.3	4.2	1	
	()		Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	1.4	4.6	1	
		A-to-B		V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		4.2	– ns	
	Propagation		Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		4.4	1	
PLH	delay time (low-to-high output)		Open drein driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	36	204	1	
	(, ,		Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	28	165	1	
			Duch mult deixing	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		2.5		
	Propagation		Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		3.3	1	
t _{PHL}	delay time (high-to-low output)		On an sharin shiring	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1	124	1	
	()		Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	1	97	1	
Propagation			B-to-A	Duch mult debring	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		2.5	– ns
		Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		2.6			
PLH	delay time (low-to-high output)		On an sharin shiring	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	3	139	1	
(IOW-IO-IIIgh Output)		Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	3	105	1		
	En abla tima			V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		200		
en	Enable time	OE-to-A c	DL R	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		200	– ns	
	Disable time		- D	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		40	n	
dis	Disable time	OE-to-A c	DL R	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		35	– ns	
				V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.3	5.6	+	
	lunuut vie e time e	A-port	Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	1.9	4.8	1	
rA	Input rise time	rise time	On an sharin shiring	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	25	116	– ns	
			Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	19	85	1	
			Duch mult deixing	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.5	6.4		
	lunuut vie e time e	B-port	Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	2.1	7.4	1	
_{rB} Input rise time	input rise time	rise time	On an sharin shiring	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	26	116	ns	
			Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	26	116	1	
			Duch null debuiers	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2	5.4		
	In most fall the -	A-port	Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	1.9	5	1	
fA	Input fall time	fall time	V	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	4.3	6.1	– ns	
			Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	4.2	5.7	-	



over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CON	DITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
	Input fall time		Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.3	7.4		
t _{fB}		B-port		V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	2.4	7.6	ns	
		fall time	Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	5	7.6		
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	4.8	8.3		
+	Skew (time), output	Channel	to-channel skew	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		1	20	
t _{SK(O)}		Channel-	lo-channel skew	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V		1	ns	
	Maximum data rate		Push-pull driving	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	24			
				V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	24		Mbps	
			On an duain duivin a	V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V 2				
			Open-drain driving	V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V	2			

6.13 Typical Characteristics





7 Parameter Measurement Information

7.1 Load Circuits

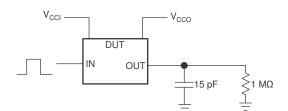
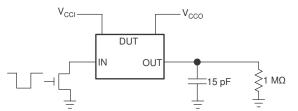


Figure 7-1. Data Rate, Pulse Duration, Propagation Figure 7-2. Data Rate, Pulse Duration, Propagation **Delay, Output Rise-Time and Fall-Time** Measurement Using a Push-Pull Driver



Delay, Output Rise-Time and Fall-Time Measurement Using an Open-Drain Driver

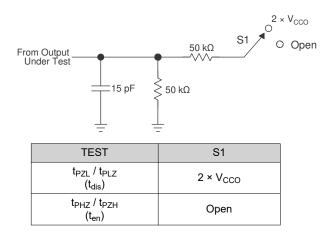


Figure 7-3. Load Circuit for Enable-Time and Disable-Time Measurement

- 1. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .
- 2. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
- 3. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
- 4. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.



7.2 Voltage Waveforms

The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement. All input pulses are supplied by generators that have the following characteristics:

- PRR ≤ 10 MHz
- Z_O = 50 Ω
- dv/dt ≥ 1 V/ns

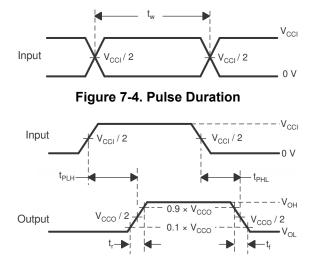
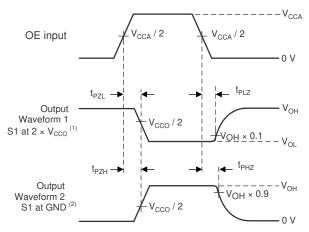


Figure 7-5. Propagation Delay Times



- A. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal such that the output is high, except when OE is high (see Figure 7-3).
- B. Waveform 2 is for an output with conditions such that the output is low, except when OE is high.

Figure 7-6. Enable and Disable Times

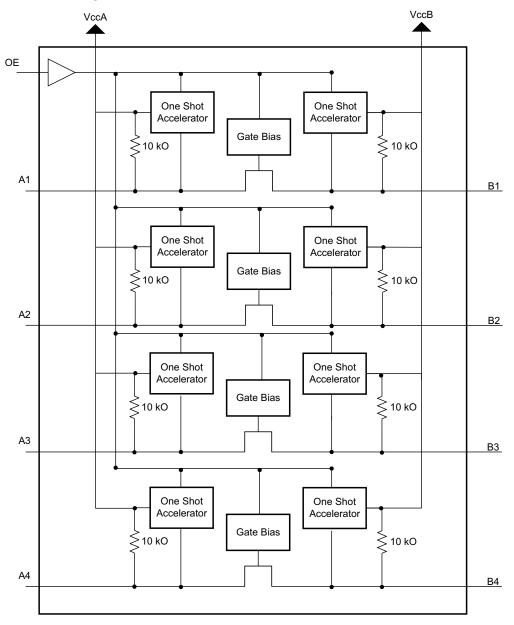


8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TXS0104E device is a directionless voltage-level translator specifically designed for translating logic voltage levels. The A port is able to accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.65 V to 3.6 V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 2.3 V to 5.5 V. The device is a pass gate architecture with edge rate accelerators (one shots) to improve the overall data rate. $10-k\Omega$ pullup resistors, commonly used in open drain applications, have been conveniently integrated so that an external resistor is not needed. While this device is designed for open drain applications, the device can also translate push-pull CMOS logic outputs.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram





8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Architecture

The TXS0104E architecture (see Figure 8-1) does not require a direction-control signal in order to control the direction of data flow from A to B or from B to A.

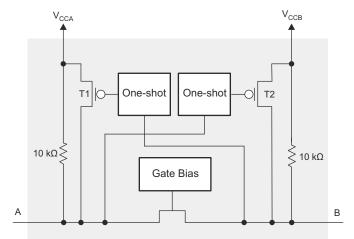


Figure 8-1. Architecture of a TXS01xx Cell

Each A-port I/O has an internal 10-k Ω pullup resistor to V_{CCA}, and each B-port I/O has an internal 10-k Ω pullup resistor to V_{CCB}. The output one-shots detect rising edges on the A or B ports. During a rising edge, the one-shot turns on the PMOS transistors (T1, T2) for a short duration which speeds up the low-to-high transition.

8.3.2 Input Driver Requirements

The fall time (t_{fA} , t_{fB}) of a signal depends on the output impedance of the external device driving the data I/Os of the TXS0104E device. Similarly, the t_{PHL} and maximum data rates also depend on the output impedance of the external driver. The values for t_{fA} , t_{fB} , t_{PHL} , and maximum data rates in the data sheet assume that the output impedance of the external driver is less than 50 Ω .

8.3.3 Power Up

During operation, ensure that $V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB}$ at all times. During power-up sequencing, $V_{CCA} \geq V_{CCB}$ does not damage the device, so any power supply can be ramped up first.

8.3.4 Enable and Disable

The TXS0104E device has an OE input that disables the device by setting OE low, which places all I/Os in the high-impedance state. The disable time (t_{dis}) indicates the delay between the time when the OE pin goes low and when the outputs actually enter the high-impedance state. The enable time (t_{en}) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for the one-shot circuitry to become operational after the OE pin is taken high.

8.3.5 Pullup and Pulldown Resistors on I/O Lines

Each A-port I/O has an internal 10-k Ω pullup resistor to V_{CCA}, and each B-port I/O has an internal 10-k Ω pullup resistor to V_{CCB}. If a smaller value of pullup resistor is required, an external resistor must be added from the I/O to V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} (in parallel with the internal 10-k Ω resistors).

8.4 Device Functional Modes

The TXS0104E device has two functional modes, enabled and disabled. To disable the device set the OE input low, which places all I/Os in a high impedance state. Setting the OE input high will enable the device.



9 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TXS0104E device can be used in level-translation applications for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. The TXS0104E device is ideal for use in applications where an open-drain driver is connected to the data I/Os. The TXS0104E device can also be used in applications where a push-pull driver is connected to the data I/Os, but the TXB0104 device might be a better option for such push-pull applications.

9.2 Typical Application

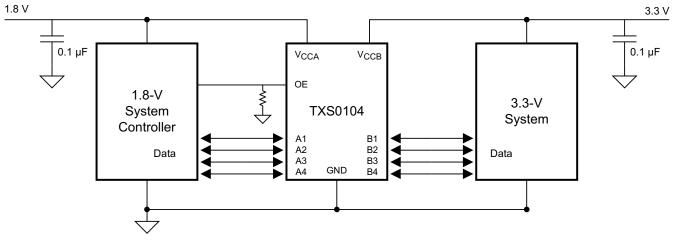


Figure 9-1. Application Schematic

9.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 9-1.

Table 9-1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE				
Input voltage range	1.65 to 3.6 V				
Output voltage range	2.3 to 5.5 V				



9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the TXS0104E device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high the value must exceed the V_{IH} of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the V_{IL} of the input port.
- Output voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that the TXS0104E device is driving to determine the output voltage range.
 - The TXS0104E device has 10-kΩ internal pullup resistors. External pullup resistors can be added to reduce the total RC of a signal trace if necessary.
- An external pull down resistor decreases the output V_{OH} and V_{OL}. Use Equation 1 to calculate the V_{OH} as a result of an external pull down resistor.

$$V_{OH} = V_{CCx} \times R_{PD} / (R_{PD} + 10 \text{ k}\Omega)$$

(1)

where

 V_{CCx} is the supply voltage on either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} R_{PD} is the value of the external pull down resistor

9.2.3 Application Curve

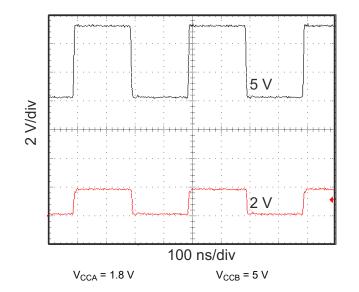


Figure 9-2. Level-Translation of a 2.5-MHz Signal



10 Power Supply Recommendations

The TXS0104E device uses two separate configurable power-supply rails, V_{CCA} and V_{CCB}. V_{CCB} accepts any supply voltage from 2.3 V to 5.5 V and V_{CCA} accepts any supply voltage from 1.65 V to 3.6 V as long as Vs is less than or equal to V_{CCB}. The A port and B port are designed to track V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} respectively allowing for low-voltage bidirectional translation between any of the 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5-V voltage nodes.

The TXS0104E device does not require power sequencing between V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} during power-up so the power-supply rails can be ramped in any order. A V_{CCA} value greater than or equal to V_{CCB} (V_{CCA} \geq V_{CCB}) does not damage the device, but during operation, V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB} (V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB}) at all times.

The output-enable (OE) input circuit is designed so that it is supplied by V_{CCA} and when the (OE) input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To ensure the high-impedance state of the outputs during power up or power down, the OE input pin must be tied to GND through a pulldown resistor and must not be enabled until V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are fully ramped and stable. The minimum value of the pulldown resistor to ground is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.



11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines is recommended.

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.
- PCB signal trace-lengths must be kept short enough so that the round-trip delay of any reflection is less than the one shot duration, approximately 30 ns, ensuring that any reflection encounters low impedance at the source driver.
- Placing pads on the signal paths for loading capacitors or pullup resistors to help adjust rise and fall times of signals depending on the system requirements

11.2 Layout Example

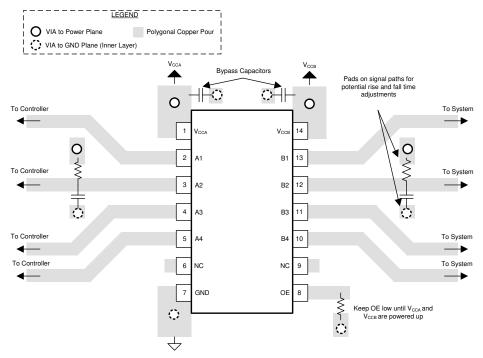


Figure 11-1. TXS0104E Layout Example



12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Documentation Support

12.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- Texas Instruments, *Effects of External Pullup and Pulldown Resistors on TXS and TXB Devices* application report
- Texas Instruments, Basics of Voltage Translation application report
- Texas Instruments, A Guide to Voltage Translation With TXS-Type Translators application report

12.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.3 Community Resources

12.4 Trademarks

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To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

14 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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15 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

16 Glossary

TI Glossary This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

17 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty		Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
TXS0104ED	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TXS0104E	Samples
TXS0104EDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TXS0104E	Samples
TXS0104EDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	TXS0104E	Samples
TXS0104ENMNR	ACTIVE	NFBGA	NMN	12	2500	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	29XW	Samples
TXS0104EPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YF04E	Samples
TXS0104EPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	YF04E	Samples
TXS0104ERGYR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	YF04E	Samples
TXS0104ERGYRG4	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	YF04E	Samples
TXS0104EYZTR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(2HN, 2N)	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.



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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TXS0104E :

Automotive : TXS0104E-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

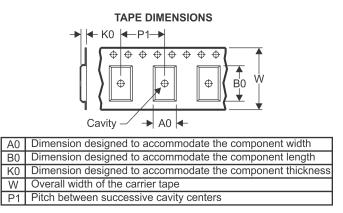
PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



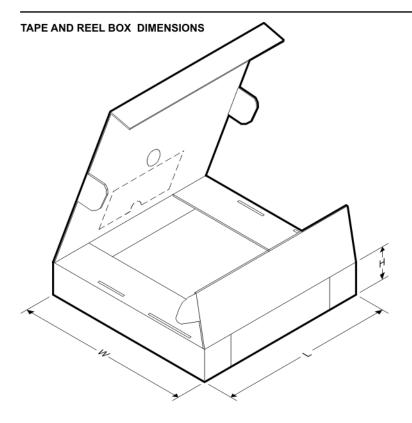
*All dimensions are nominal						1						
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TXS0104EDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
TXS0104ENMNR	NFBGA	NMN	12	2500	180.0	8.4	2.3	2.8	1.15	4.0	8.0	Q2
TXS0104EPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
TXS0104ERGYR	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	330.0	12.4	3.75	3.75	1.15	8.0	12.0	Q1
TXS0104EYZTR	DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	180.0	8.4	1.49	1.99	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q2
TXS0104EYZTR	DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	178.0	9.2	1.49	1.99	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1



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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

8-Jun-2021



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TXS0104EDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	853.0	449.0	35.0
TXS0104ENMNR	NFBGA	NMN	12	2500	210.0	185.0	35.0
TXS0104EPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	853.0	449.0	35.0
TXS0104ERGYR	VQFN	RGY	14	3000	853.0	449.0	35.0
TXS0104EYZTR	DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TXS0104EYZTR	DSBGA	YZT	12	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0

MECHANICAL DATA



- D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
- earrow Pin 1 identifiers are located on both top and bottom of the package and within the zone indicated.
- The Pin 1 identifiers are either a molded, marked, or metal feature.
- G. Package complies to JEDEC MO-241 variation BA.



RGY (S-PVQFN-N14)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.

D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com.

- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.



D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



A. An integration of the information o

Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.

Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.

E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

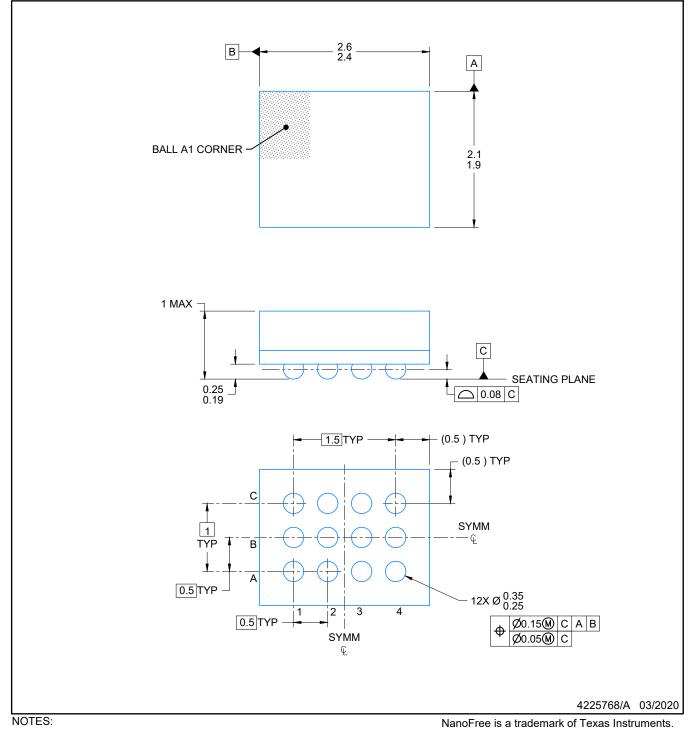


NMN0012A

PACKAGE OUTLINE

NFBGA - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

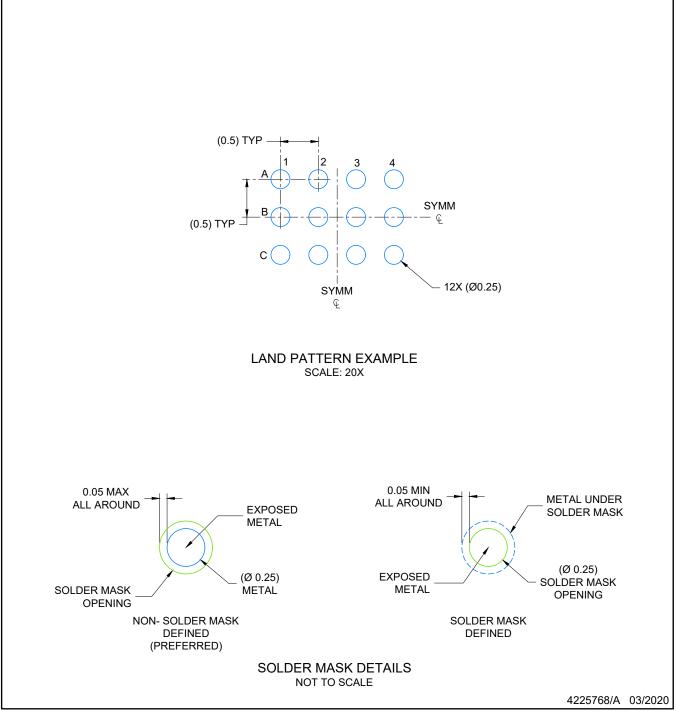


NMN0012A

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

NFBGA - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

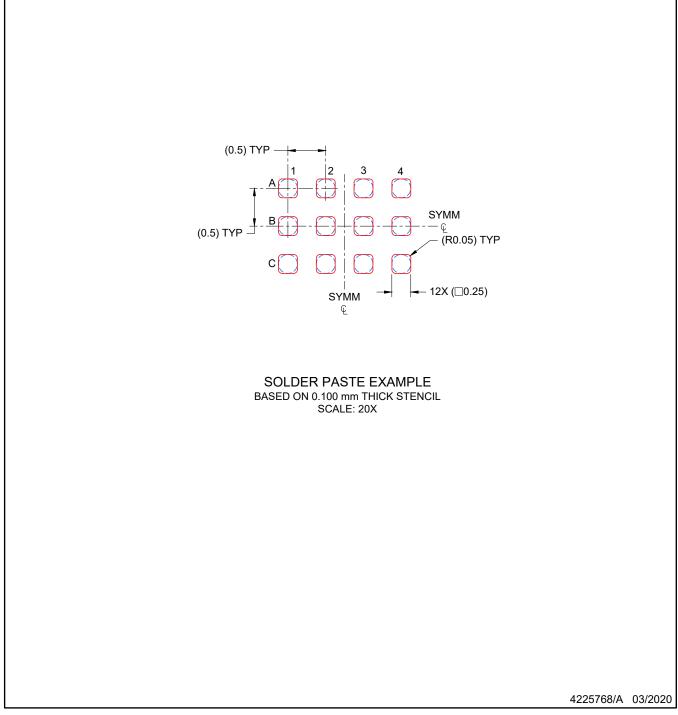
3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. Refer to Texas Instruments Literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).



EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

NFBGA - 1 mm max height

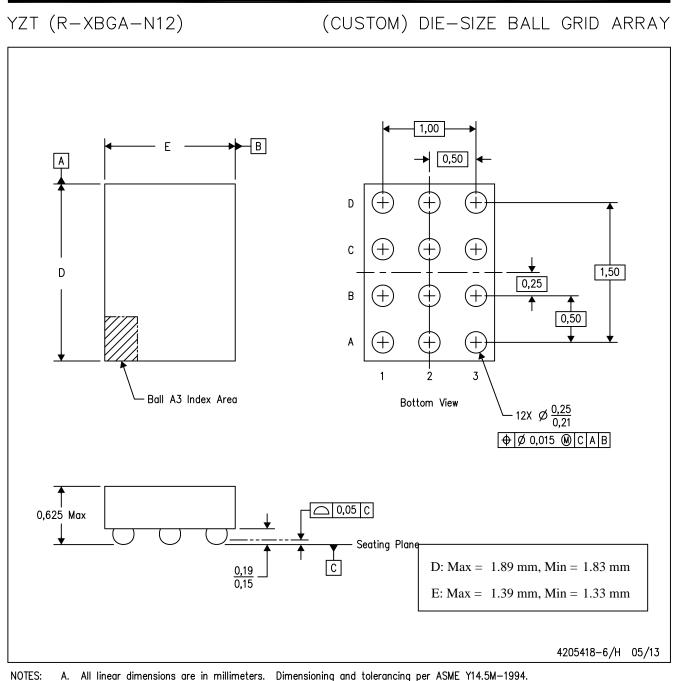
PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.





B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. NanoFree™ package configuration.

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



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