

DEMO MANUAL DC1984A

LTC5510 1MHz to 6GHz Wideband High Linearity Active Mixer

DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 1984A showcases the LTC[®]5510. wideband high linearity active mixer for VHF/UHF upmixer applications, where a 70MHz input signal is upconverted to the 100MHz to 1GHz output range. Its input port is optimized for 30MHz to 2.6GHz, and its output port is optimized for 10MHz to 1.3GHz. The LO input can be either high side or low side.

Another demonstration circuit, the DC1983A, utilizing a multilayer chip hybrid balun, is designed for evaluating the LTC5510 for wideband up/downmixer applications with 30MHz to 3GHz input and 1.2GHz to 2.1GHz output.

DEMO BOARD	INPUT RANGE	LO RANGE	OUTPUT RANGE
DC1983A	30MHz to 3GHz	5MHz to 6GHz	1.2GHz to 2.1GHz
DC1984A	30MHz to 2.6GHz	5MHz to 6GHz	10MHz to 1.3GHz

The LTC5510 is a high linearity active mixer optimized for applications requiring very wide input bandwidth, low distortion and low LO leakage. The IC includes a double-balanced active mixer with an input buffer and a high speed LO amplifier. The mixer can be used for both up- and down-conversion and requires only 0dBm of LO power to achieve excellent distortion and noise performance. The LTC5510 is optimized for 5V, but can also be used with a 3.3V supply with reduced performance. The shutdown function allows the part to be disabled for further power saving.

Design files for this circuit board are available at http://www.linear.com/demo/DC1984A

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY Specifications are at $T_c = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = 5V$, EN = High, $P_{LO} = OdBm$,

P_{IN} = -10dBm (-10dBm/tone for two-tone tests), unless otherwise noted. (Note 1)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNITS
Input Frequency Range		30 to 2600	MHz
Output Frequency Range		10 to 1300	MHz
LO Input Frequency Range		5 to 6000	MHz
LO Input Power Range		-6 to 6	dBm
Supply Voltage Range	5V Supply, R1 = Open (Default Configuration) 3.3V Supply, R1 = $2k\Omega$	4.5 to 5.3 3.1 to 3.5	V V
Supply Current	5V Supply, R1 = Open (Default Configuration) 3.3V Supply, R1 = $2k\Omega$	98 90	mA mA
Total Supply Current During Shutdown	EN = Low	1.3	mA
EN Input High Voltage (On)		>1.8	V
EN Input Low Voltage (Off)		<0.5	V
EN Input Current	-0.3V to V _{CC} + 0.3V	-20 to 200	μA
Turn-On Time	EN: Low to High	0.6	μs
Turn-Off Time	EN: High to Low	0.6	μs
Temperature Monitor Pin (TEMP) DC Voltage at T _J = 25°C	I _{IN} = 10μΑ I _{IN} = 80μΑ	697 755	mV mV
Temperature Monitor Pin (TEMP) Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I _{IN} = 10μΑ I _{IN} = 80μΑ	-1.80 -1.61	mV/°C mV/°C



PERFORMANCE SUMMARY Specifications are at $T_c = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{cc} = 5V$, EN = High, $P_{L0} = 0dBm$,

 $P_{IN} = -10 dBm (-10 dBm/tone for two-tone tests)$, unless otherwise noted. (Note 1)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNITS
5V VHF/UHF Upmixer Application: f_{IN} = 70MHz, f_{OUT} = 100MHz to 1000MHz, f_{LO} = f_{IN} + f_{OUT}			
Conversion Gain	f _{OUT} = 456MHz	1.1	dB
Two-Tone Output 3rd Order Intercept ($\Delta f = 2MHz$)	f _{OUT} = 456MHz	29.0	dBm
SSB Noise Figure	f _{OUT} = 456MHz	11.3	dB
SSB Noise Floor at P _{IN} = 5dBm	f _{IN} = 44MHz, f _{LO} = 532MHz, f _{OUT} = 462MHz	-152	dBm/Hz
LO-IN Leakage	f _{L0} = 100MHz to 1500MHz	< -62	dBm
LO-OUT Leakage	f _{LO} = 100MHz to 1500MHz	< -39	dBm
IN-OUT Isolation	f _{IN} = 50MHz to 400MHz	>43	dB
IN-LO Isolation	f _{IN} = 50MHz to 400MHz	>70	dB
Input 1dB Compression	f _{OUT} = 456MHz	11.0	dBm

Note 1: Subject to change without notice. Refer to the latest LTC5510 data sheet for the most up-to-date specifications.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

NOTE. Stresses beyond Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	6.0V
Enable Voltage (EN)	-0.3V to V _{CC} + 0.3V
LO Input Power (1MHz to 6GHz)	+10dBm
IN Input Power (1MHz to 6GHz)	+18dBm
Temp Monitor Input Current (TEMP).	10mA
Operating Temperature Range (T _C)	40°C to 105°C

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Supply Voltage Ramping

Fast ramping of the supply voltage can cause a current glitch in the internal ESD protection circuits. Depending on the supply inductance, this could result in a supply voltage transient that exceeds the maximum rating. A supply voltage ramp time of greater than 1ms is recommended.

Do not clip powered test leads directly onto the demonstration circuit's V_{CC} and EN turrets. Instead, make all necessary connections with power supplies turned off, then increase to operating voltage.

Supply Voltage

The LTC5510 automatically detects the supply voltage and configures internal components for 5V or 3.3V operation. The auto-detect circuit switches at approximately 4.1V. To avoid undesired operation, the mixer should only be operated in the 4.5V to 5.3V or 3.1V to 3.6V supply range.

For best overall temperature performance, the external bias adjustment resistor, R1, should be left open for 5V supply and set to $2k\Omega$ for 3.3V supply. By default, demonstration circuit 1984A is configured for 5V supply, and R1 is not installed.

dc1984af



DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Enable Function

The LTC5510 features Enable/Shutdown control. When the applied Enable (EN) voltage is logic high (>1.8V), the mixer is enabled. When the Enable (EN) voltage is logic low (<0.5V), the mixer is shutdown reducing current consumption to approximately 1.3mA. The Enable voltage should never fall below -0.3V, or exceed the power supply voltage by more than 0.3V.

Temperature Monitor (TEMP)

The LTC5510's junction temperature can be estimated by forcing a current into the on-chip diode and measuring the resulting voltage:

10µA forced current:

$$T_{\rm J} = \frac{V_{\rm D} - 742.4}{-1.796}$$

80µA forced current:

$$T_{\rm J} = \frac{V_{\rm D} - 795.6}{-1.609}$$

Where T_J is the junction temperature in °C, and V_D is the TEMP pin voltage in mV.

IN Port

Demonstration Circuit 1984A's IN port is broadband matched to 50Ω from 30MHz to 2.6GHz.



Figure 1. IN Port Return Loss

LO Port

Demonstration Circuit 1984A's LO input port is broadband matched to 50Ω from 5MHz to 6GHz, with better than 10dB return loss. The impedance match is maintained whether the part is enabled or disabled.



Figure 2. LO Port Return Loss

OUT Port

Demonstration Circuit 1984A utilizes a wideband transmission line type transformer at the output port. The output port is well matched to 50Ω from 10MHz to 1.3GHz.



Figure 3. OUT Port Return Loss

LINEAR TECHNOLOGY

MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT AND SETUP

The LTC5510 is a wideband active mixer IC with very high linearity. Accuracy of its performance measurement is highly dependent on equipment setup and measurement technique. The recommended measurement setups are presented in Figure 4, Figure 5 and Figure 6. The following precautions should be observed:

- Use high performance signal generators with low harmonic output and low phase noise, such as the Rohde & Schwarz SME06. Filters at the signal generators' outputs may also be used to suppress higher order harmonics.
- 2. A high quality RF power combiner which provides broadband 50Ω termination on all ports and has good port-to-port isolation should be used, such as the Mini-Circuits ZFSC-2-372-S+.

- 3. Use high performance amplifiers with high IP3 and high reverse isolation, such as the Mini-Circuits ZHL-1042J, on the outputs of the RF signal generators to improve source isolation to prevent the sources from modulating each other and generating intermodulation products.
- Use attenuator pads with good V_{SWR} on the demonstration circuit's input and output ports to improve source and load match to reduce reflections, which may degrade measurement accuracy.
- 5. A high dynamic range spectrum analyzer, such as the Rohde & Schwarz FSEM30, should be used for linearity measurement.



Figure 4. Proper Equipment Setup for Return Loss Measurements



dc1984at

MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT AND SETUP

- Use narrow resolution bandwidth (RBW) and engage video averaging on the spectrum analyzer to lower the displayed average noise level (DANL) in order to improve sensitivity and to increase dynamic range. However, the trade-off is increased sweep time.
- 7. Spectrum analyzers can produce significant internal distortion products if they are overdriven. Generally, spectrum analyzers are designed to operate at their best with about –30dBm at their input filter or preselector. Sufficient spectrum analyzer input attenuation should be used to avoid saturating the instrument, but too much attenuation reduces sensitivity and dynamic range.
- 8. Before taking measurements, the system performance should be evaluated to ensure that:
 - a. Clean input signals can be produced. The two-tone signals' OIP3 should be at least 15dB better than the DUT's IIP3.
 - b. The spectrum analyzer's internal distortion is minimized.
 - c. The spectrum analyzer has enough dynamic range and sensitivity. The measurement system's IIP3 should be at least 15dB better than the DUT's OIP3.
 - d. The system is accurately calibrated for power and frequency.



Figure 5. Proper Equipment Setup for RF Performance Measurements



MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT AND SETUP



Figure 6. Proper Equipment Setup for Noise Figure Measurement

QUICK START PROCEDURE

Demonstration circuit 1984A is easy to set up to evaluate the performance of the LTC5510. Refer to Figure 4, Figure 5 and Figure 6 for proper equipment connections.

NOTE. Care should be taken to never exceed absolute maximum input ratings. Make all connections with RF and DC power off.

Return Loss Measurements

- 1. Configure the Network Analyzer for return loss measurement, set appropriate frequency range, and set the test signal to 0dBm.
- 2. Calibrate the Network Analyzer.

- 3. Connect all test equipment as shown in Figure 4 with the DC power supply turned off.
- 4. Increase the DC power supply voltage to 5V, and verify that the total current consumption is close to the figure listed in the Performance Summary. The supply voltage should be confirmed at the demo board V_{CC} and GND terminals to account for test lead ohmic losses.
- 5. Terminate unused demo board ports in 50 Ω . Measure return losses of the IN, LO and OUT ports.



dc1984a1

QUICK START PROCEDURE

RF Performance Measurements

- 1. Connect all test equipment as shown in Figure 5, with the signal generators and the DC power supply turned off.
- 2. Increase the DC power supply voltage to 5V, and verify that the total current consumption is close to the figure listed in the Performance Summary. The supply voltage should be confirmed at the demo board V_{CC} and GND terminals to account for test lead ohmic losses.
- Set the LO source (signal generator 1) to provide a OdBm CW signal at appropriate LO frequency to the demo board LO input port.
- 4. Set the RF sources (signal generators 2 and 3) to provide two -10dBm CW signals, 2MHz apart, at the appropriate frequencies to the demo board IN port.
- 5. Measure the resulting output on the Spectrum Analyzer:
- 6. Calculate output 3rd order intercept:

$$OIP3 = \frac{\Delta IM3}{2} + P_{OUT}$$

Where $\Delta IM3 = P_{OUT} - P_{IM3}$. P_{OUT} is the lowest fundamental output signal power. P_{IM3} is the highest 3rd order intermodulation product power.

7. Turn off one of the RF signal generators, and measure conversion gain, IN-OUT isolation, LO-OUT leakage, and input 1dB compression point.

Noise Figure Measurement

- 1. Configure and calibrate the noise figure meter for mixer measurements.
- 2. Connect all test equipment as shown in Figure 6, with the signal generator and the DC power supply turned off.
- 3. Increase the DC power supply voltage to 5V, and verify that the total current consumption is close to the figure listed in the Performance Summary. The supply voltage should be confirmed at the demo board V_{CC} and GND terminals to account for test lead ohmic losses.
- 4. Measure the single-sideband noise figure.

PCB LAYOUT



Layer 1, Top Layer





PCB LAYOUT



Layer 3, Power Layer



Layer 4, Bottom Layer

PARTS LIST

ITEM	QTY	REFERENCE	PART DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER/PART NUMBER	
Required	Required Circuit Components				
1	4	C1, C2, C4, C5	CAP, 0402, X7R, 16V, 0.1µF, 10%	MURATA, GRM155R71C104KA88D	
2	1	C3	CAP, 0402, COG, 50V, 0.5pF, ±0.1pF	MURATA, GJM1555C1HR50BB01D	
3	1	C6	CAP, 0603, X7R, 16V, 1µF, 10%	MURATA, GRM188R71C105KA12D	
4	4	C7, C8, C9, C10	CAP, 0402, X7R, 16V, 10nF, 10%	MURATA, GRM155R71C103KA01D	
5	4	E1, E2, E3, E4	TESTPOINT, TURRET, 0.094"	MILL-MAX, 2501-2-00-80-00-00-07-0	
6	3	J1, J2, J3	CONN, SMA, 50Ω, EDGE-LAUNCH	E.F. JOHNSON, 142-0701-851	
7	0	J4	CONN, OPTION		
8	0	L1, L2	IND, 0603, OPTION		
9	1	L3	IND, 0603, WIRE-WOUND, 220nH, 2%	COILCRAFT, 0603HP-R22XGLU	
10	2	L4, L5	IND, 0402, WIRE-WOUND, 15nH, 2%	COILCRAFT, 0402HP-15NXGLU	
11	0	R1	RES, 0402, OPTION		
12	1	T1	XFMR, 1:1, 4.5-3000MHz	MINI-CIRCUITS, TC1-1-13M+	
13	1	T2	XFMR, 4:1, 10-1900MHz	MINI-CIRCUITS, TC4-19LN+	
14	1	U1	IC, LTC5510IUF#PBF, QFN 4mm × 4mm	LINEAR TECHNOLOGY, LTC5510IUF#PBF	
15	1		FAB, PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD	DEMO CIRCUIT 1984A	

dc1984af



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



TECHNOLOGY

Information furnished by Linear Technology Corporation is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed for its use. Linear Technology Corporation makes no representation that the interconnection of its circuits as described herein will not infringe on existing patent rights. dc1984af

DEMO MANUAL DC1984A

DEMONSTRATION BOARD IMPORTANT NOTICE

Linear Technology Corporation (LTC) provides the enclosed product(s) under the following AS IS conditions:

This demonstration board (DEMO BOARD) kit being sold or provided by Linear Technology is intended for use for **ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT OR EVALUATION PURPOSES ONLY** and is not provided by LTC for commercial use. As such, the DEMO BOARD herein may not be complete in terms of required design-, marketing-, and/or manufacturing-related protective considerations, including but not limited to product safety measures typically found in finished commercial goods. As a prototype, this product does not fall within the scope of the European Union directive on electromagnetic compatibility and therefore may or may not meet the technical requirements of the directive, or other regulations.

If this evaluation kit does not meet the specifications recited in the DEMO BOARD manual the kit may be returned within 30 days from the date of delivery for a full refund. THE FOREGOING WARRANTY IS THE EXCLUSIVE WARRANTY MADE BY THE SELLER TO BUYER AND IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED, IMPLIED, OR STATUTORY, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT OF THIS INDEMNITY, NEITHER PARTY SHALL BE LIABLE TO THE OTHER FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

The user assumes all responsibility and liability for proper and safe handling of the goods. Further, the user releases LTC from all claims arising from the handling or use of the goods. Due to the open construction of the product, it is the user's responsibility to take any and all appropriate precautions with regard to electrostatic discharge. Also be aware that the products herein may not be regulatory compliant or agency certified (FCC, UL, CE, etc.).

No License is granted under any patent right or other intellectual property whatsoever. LTC assumes no liability for applications assistance, customer product design, software performance, or infringement of patents or any other intellectual property rights of any kind.

LTC currently services a variety of customers for products around the world, and therefore this transaction **is not exclusive**.

Please read the DEMO BOARD manual prior to handling the product. Persons handling this product must have electronics training and observe good laboratory practice standards. **Common sense is encouraged**.

This notice contains important safety information about temperatures and voltages. For further safety concerns, please contact a LTC application engineer.

Mailing Address:

Linear Technology 1630 McCarthy Blvd. Milpitas, CA 95035

Copyright © 2004, Linear Technology Corporation



Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Analog Devices Inc.: DC1984A