Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

General Description

The MAX17561/MAX17562/MAX17563 adjustable overvoltage and overcurrent-protection devices are ideal to protect systems against positive and negative input voltage faults up to \pm 40V and feature low 100m Ω (typ) RON FETs.

The adjustable overvoltage protection range is between 6V and 36V, while the adjustable undervoltage protection range is between 4.5V and 24V. The overvoltage-lockout (OVLO) and undervoltage-lockout (UVLO) thresholds are set using optional external resistors. The factory-preset internal OVLO threshold is 33V (typ) and the preset internal UVLO threshold is 19.2V (typ).

The ICs also feature programmable current-limit protection up to 4.2A. Once current reaches the threshold, the MAX17561 turns off after the 20.7ms (typ) blanking time and stays off during the retry period. The MAX17562 latches off after the blanking time, and the MAX17563 limits the current continuously. In addition, these devices feature reverse current and thermal-shutdown protection.

The ICs are available in a small 14-pin TSSOP (5mm x 6.5mm) package and are specified over the extended -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C temperature range.

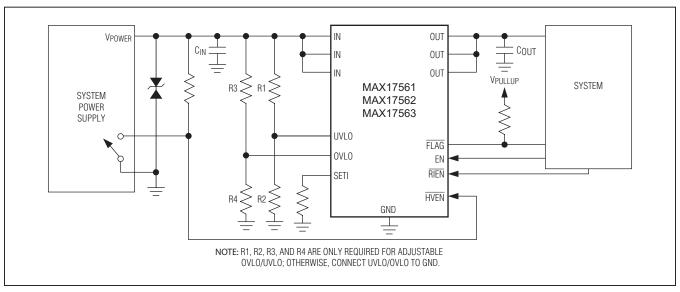
Benefits and Features

- Industrial Power Protection Increases Robustness
 - Wide Input Supply Range: +4.5V to +36V
 - Negative Input Tolerance to -36V
 - Low Ron 100mΩ (typ)
 - Reverse Current Flow Control Input
 - Thermal Overload Protection
 - Extended -40°C to +125°C Temperature Range
- Flexible Design Options Eases Designs
 - Adjustable OVLO and UVLO Thresholds
 - Programmable Forward-Current Limit: 0.7A to 4.2A with ±15% Accuracy
 - Dual Enable Inputs: EN and High Voltage HVEN
 - Saves Space
 - 14-Pin, 5mm x 6.5mm, TSSOP Package

Applications

- Industrial Equipment
- Consumer Electronics
- Marine Equipment
- Battery-Powered Applications

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.





Typical Operating Circuit

Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

Absolute Maximum Ratings

(All voltages referenced to GNE	D.)
IN, <u>HVEN</u>	40V to +40V
IN to OUT	40V to +40V
OUT	0.3V to +40V
OVLO, UVLO, FLAG, EN, RIEN.	0.3V to +6.0V
Current into IN (DC Operating)	(Note 1)4.2A
SETI	-0.3V to Min (VIN, 1.22V) + 0.3V

Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)
TSSOP (derate 25.6mW/°C above +70°C)2051.3mW
Operating Temperature Range (Note 2)40°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature+150°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow)+260°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note 1: DC current is also limited by the thermal design of the system. **Note 2:** Junction temperature greater than +125°C degrades operating lifetimes.

Package Information

PACKAGE TYPE: 14 TSSOP			
Package Code	U14E+3		
Outline Number	<u>21-0108</u>		
Land Pattern Number	<u>90-0119</u>		
THERMAL RESISTANCE, FOUR-LAYER BOARD			
Junction to Ambient (θ_{JA})	+39°C/W		
Junction to Case (θ_{JC})	+3°C/W		

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed informa¬tion on package thermal considerations, refer to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial</u>.

Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

Electrical Characteristics

$(V_{IN} = 4.5V \text{ to } 36V, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$	Typical values are at $V_{IN} = 24V$, $R_{SETI} = 12k\Omega$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 3)
	·) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
IN Voltage Range	VIN		4.5		36	V	
Shutdown Input Current	ISHDN	$V_{EN} = 0V, V_{\overline{HVEN}} = 5V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		9		μA	
Shutdown Output Current	IOFF	V _{OUT} = 0V			4	μA	
Reverse Input Current	IIN_RVS	V _{IN} = -40V, V _{OUT} = V _{GND} = 0V	-10			μA	
Supply Current	lın	V _{IN} = 15V, R _{SETI} = 12kΩ		490	700	μA	
		V _{IN} rising	32	33	34	- V	
Internal Overvoltage Trip Level	Vovlo	V _{IN} falling		32			
		V _{IN} falling	17.5	18.5	19.5	- V	
Internal Undervoltage Trip Level	Vuvlo	V _{IN} rising	18.2	19.2	20.2		
Overvoltage-Lockout Hysteresis		% of typical OVLO		3		%	
External OVLO Adjustment Range		(Note 4)	6		36	V	
External OVLO Select Voltage	Vovlosel		0.3		0.50	V	
External OVLO Leakage Current	IOVLO_LEAK	V _{OVLO} < 1.2V	-100		+100	nA	
External UVLO Adjustment Range		(Note 4)	4.5		24	V	
External UVLO Select Voltage	VOVLOSEL		0.3		0.50	V	
External UVLO Leakage Current	IUVLO_LEAK	V _{UVLO} < 1.2V	-100		+100	nA	
BG Reference Voltage	Vbg		1.186	1.210	1.234	V	
Minimum SETI Voltage	VSETI			1		V	
INTERNAL FETs							
Internal FET On-Resistance	Ron	I_{LOAD} = 100mA, $V_{IN} \ge 8V$		100	190	mΩ	
Current-Limit Adjustment Range	ILIM	(Note 5)	0.7		4.2	A	
Current-Limit Accuracy			-15		+15	%	
FLAG Assertion Drop Voltage Threshold	VFA	Increase (V _{IN} - V _{OUT}) drop until \overline{FLAG} asserts, V _{IN} = 24V		560		mV	
Reverse Current-Blocking Threshold	V _{RIB}	Vout - Vin	30	55	70	mV	
Reverse Current-Blocking Response Time (Note 6)	t _{RIB}			0.9	2.0	μs	
Reverse Blocking Leakage Current	I _{RBL}	V _{OUT} - V _{IN} > 160mV, current into OUT		0.8	2.0	mA	
FLAG OUTPUT							
FLAG Output Logic-Low Voltage		ISINK = 1mA			0.4	V	
FLAG Output Leakage Current		VIN = VFLAG = 5V, FLAG deasserted			2	μA	

Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{IN} = 4.5V \text{ to } 36V, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } + 125^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } V_{IN} = 24V, R_{SETI} = 12k\Omega, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}.)$ (Note 3)

VHVEN_TH		1	2	3.5	V
			2		%
IHVEN_LEAK	VHVEN = 36V		26	40	μA
IHVEN_RLEAK	V _{IN} = V _{HVEN} = -36V	-45	-27		μ A
VIH		1.4			V
VIL				0.4	V
ILEAK	V _{EN} = V _{RIEN} = 5.0V	-1		+1	μ A
TJC_MAX			150		°C
TJC_HYST			30		°C
te 6)					
ton	From OFF to ON, see Table 1. R _{LOAD} = 240Ω , C _{OUT} = 470μ F		25		ms
tOFF	$R_{LOAD} = 47\Omega$		3		μs
toff_ovp	$V_{IN} > V_{OVLO}$ to V_{OUT} = 80% of V_{OVLO} , RLOAD = 47 Ω , RSETI = 10k Ω		3		μs
tOFF_OCP	I _{IN} > I _{LIM} , after t _{BLANK} , I _{LIM} = 1A		3		μs
tDEB	V _{IN} changes from 0V to greater than V _{UVLO} to V _{OUT} = 10% of V _{IN}	15.0	16.7	18.4	ms
t BLANK		18.6	20.7	22.8	ms
^t RETRY	After blanking time from $I_{OUT} > I_{LIM}$ to \overline{FLAG} clear (deassertion) (Note 7)	540	600	660	ms
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Human Body Model, IN bypassed to GND with a 1μ F low-ESR ceramic capacitor		±15		kV
	IHVEN_LEAK IHVEN_RLEAK IHVEN_RLEAK VIH VIL ILEAK TJC_MAX TJC_HYST te 6) ton toff toff_ovp toff_ovp toff_ocp tdeb tblank	IHVEN_LEAKVHVEN = $36V$ IHVEN_RLEAKVIN = VHVEN = $-36V$ VIHVILILEAKVEN = VRIEN = $5.0V$ TJC_MAXTJC_HYSTTJC_HYSTTONte 6)From OFF to ON, see Table 1. RLOAD = 240Ω , COUT = 470μ FtOFFRLOAD = 47Ω tOFF_OVPVIN > VOVLO to VOUT = 80% of VOVLO, RLOAD = 47Ω , RSETI = $10k\Omega$ tOFF_OCPIIN > ILIM, after tBLANK, ILIM = $1A$ tDEBVIN changes from 0V to greater than VUVLO to VOUT = 10% of VINtBLANKAfter blanking time from IOUT > ILIM to FLAG clear (deassertion) (Note 7)Human Body Model, IN bypassed to GND	INVESTION INVESTION INVESTION IHVEN_LEAK VHVEN = 36V -45 VIH 1.4 1.4 VIL ILEAK VEN = VRIEN = 5.0V -1 ILEAK VEN = VRIEN = 5.0V -1 TJC_HYST -1 tte 6) From OFF to ON, see Table 1. RLOAD = 240Ω, COUT = 470µF tOFF RLOAD = 47Ω tOFF_OVP VIN > VOVLO to VOUT = 80% of VOVLO, RLOAD = 47Ω, RSETI = 10kΩ tOFF_OCP IN > ILIM, after tBLANK, ILIM = 1A tDEB VIN changes from 0V to greater than VUVLO to VOUT = 10% of VIN tBLANK 18.6 tRETRY After blanking time from IOUT > ILIM to FLAG clear (deassertion) (Note 7) Human Body Model, IN bypassed to GND Human Body Model, IN bypassed to GND	INVELUM2INVELUM2INVEN_LEAKVHVEN = 36VINVEN_RLEAKVIN = VHVEN = -36V-45-27VIH1.4VIL1.4VIL1.4VIL1.4ILEAKVEN = VRIEN = 5.0VILEAKVEN = VRIEN = 5.0V-1-1TJC_MAX150TJC_HYST30te 6)5torFrom OFF to ON, see Table 1. RLOAD = 240Ω, COUT = 470µFtorVIN > VOVLO to VOUT = 80% of VOVLO, RLOAD = 47Ω, RSETI = 10kΩtorVIN > VOVLO to VOUT = 80% of VOVLO, RLOAD = 47Ω, RSETI = 10kΩtorVIN > LIIM, after tBLANK, ILIM = 1Ator3torVIN changes from 0V to greater than VUVLO to VOUT = 10% of VINtBLANK18.6tBLANK18.6tBLANKFLAG clear (deassertion) (Note 7)Human Body Model, IN bypassed to GND+15	Interact2INTER_LEAKVHVEN = 36V2640IHVEN_RLEAKVIN = VHVEN = -36V-45-27VIH1.40.4VIL0.4ILEAKVEN = VRIEN = 5.0V-1+1TJC_MAX150TJC_HYST30to NFrom OFF to ON, see Table 1. RLOAD = 240Ω, COUT = 470µFto FFRLOAD = 47Ω3to FFRLOAD = 47Ω3to FF_OVPVIN > VOVLO to VOUT = 80% of VOVLO, RLOAD = 47Ω, RSETI = 10kΩ3to FF_OCPIN > ILIM, after tBLANK, ILIM = 1A3to EBVIN changes from 0V to greater than VUVLO to VOUT = 10% of VIN15.016.7tBLANK18.620.722.8tRETRYAfter blanking time from IOUT > ILIM to FLAG clear (deassertion) (Note 7)540600Human Body Model, IN bypassed to GND+15

Note 3: All units are 100% production tested at $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization; not production tested.

Note 4: Not production tested, user settable. See overvoltage/undervoltage lockout instructions.

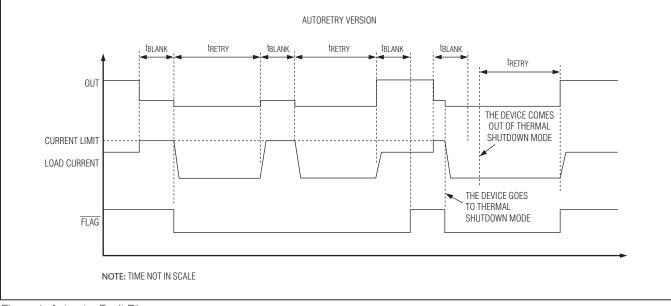
Note 5: The current limit can be set below 700mA with a decreased accuracy.

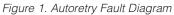
Note 6: All timing is measured using 20% and 80% levels.

Note 7: The ratio between the autoretry time and blanking time is fixed and equal to 30.

Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

Timing Diagrams





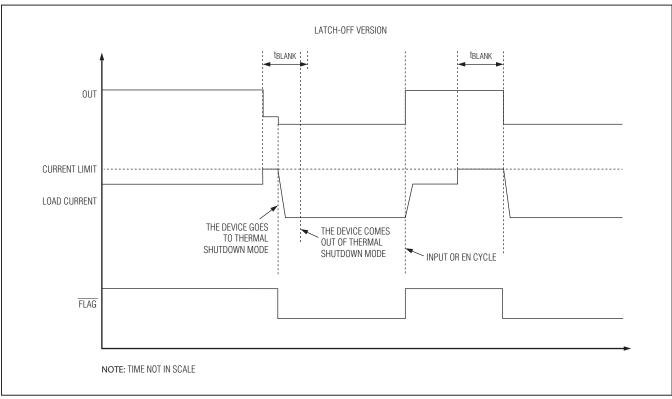


Figure 2. Latch-Off Fault Diagram

Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

Timing Diagrams (continued)

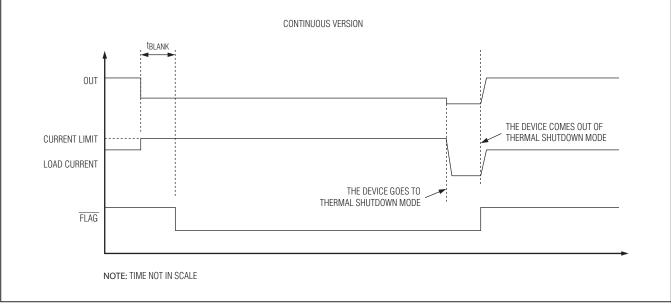


Figure 3. Continuous Fault Diagram

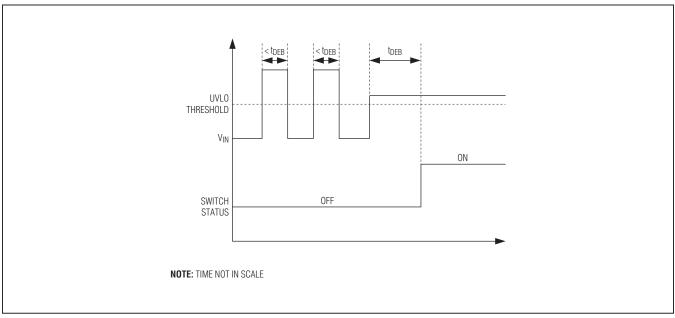
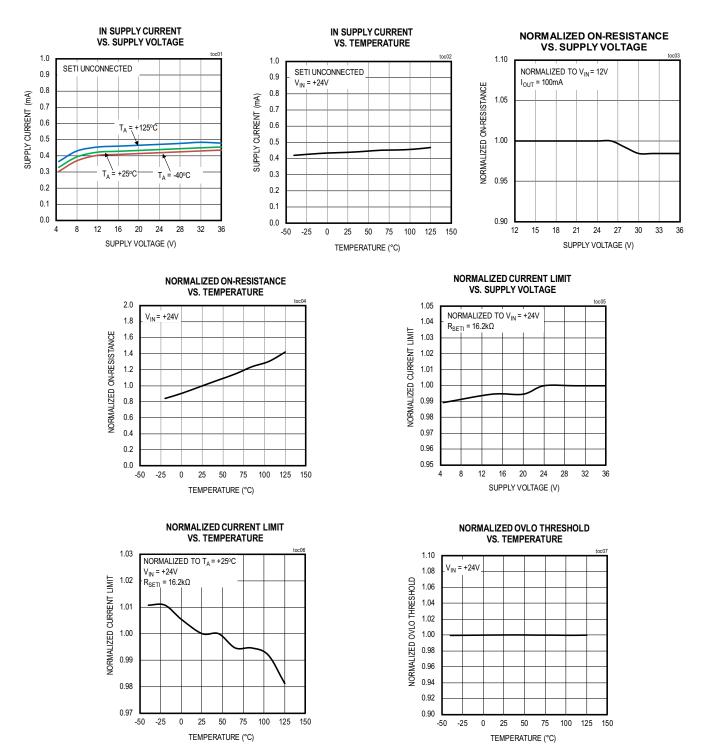


Figure 4. Debounce Timing

Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

Typical Operating Characteristics

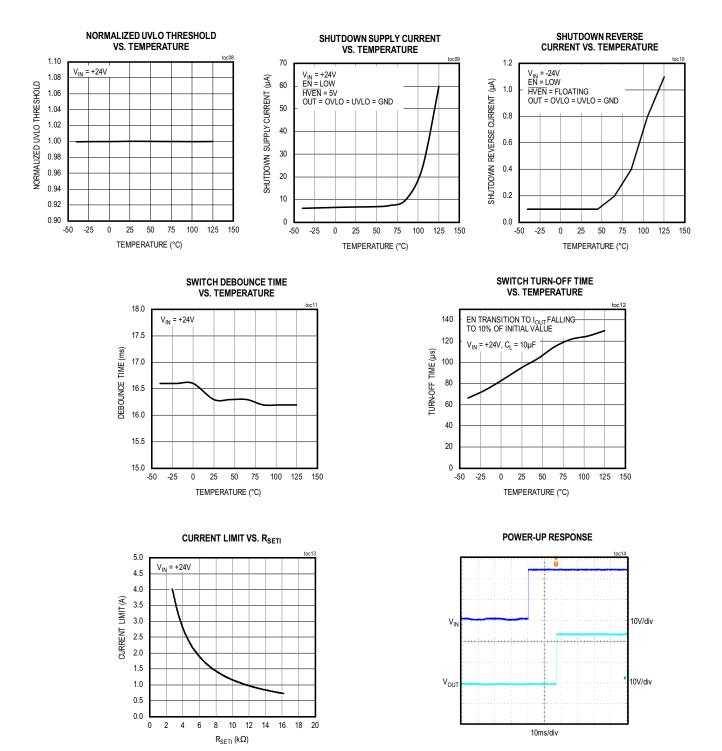
(CIN = 0.47 μ F, C_{OUT} = 4.7 μ F, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

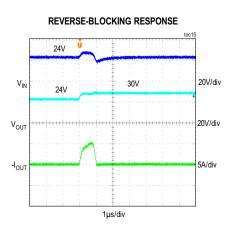
(C_{IN} = 0.47 μ F, C_{OUT} = 4.7 μ F, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

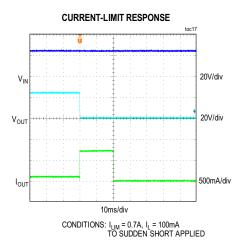


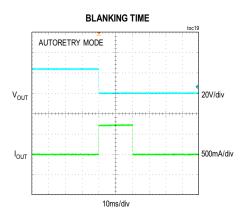
Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

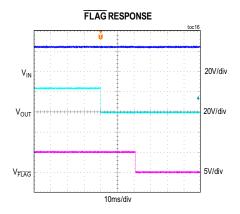
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

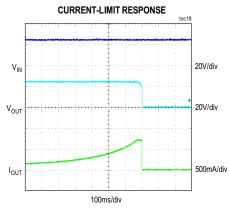
(C_{IN} = 0.47 μ F, C_{OUT} = 4.7 μ F, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)





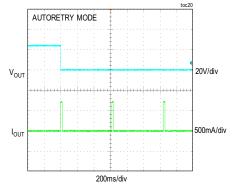






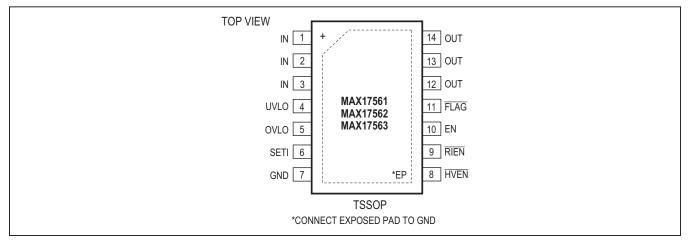
CONDITIONS: I_{LIM} = 0.7A, I_L = 100mA TO SHORT ON OUT WITH 1A/s

AUTORETRY TIME



Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

Pin Configuration

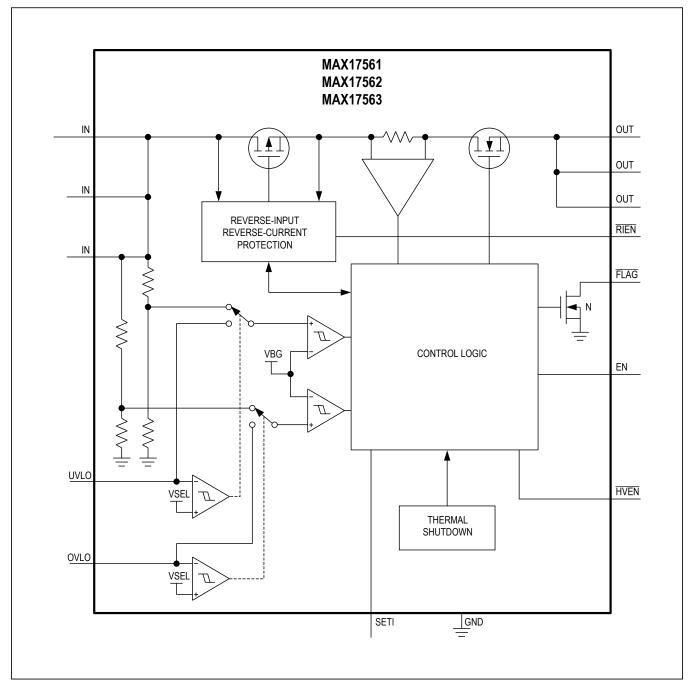


Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1–3	IN	Overvoltage-Protection Input. Bypass IN to GND with a 0.47μ F ceramic capacitor placed as close as possible to the device. Use a 0.47μ F, low-ESR ceramic capacitor to enable ±15kV (HBM) ESD protection on IN. For hot-plug applications, see the <i>Applications Information</i> section.
4	UVLO	Externally Programmable Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold. Connect UVLO to GND to use the default internal UVLO threshold. Connect UVLO to an external resistor-divider to define a threshold externally and override the preset internal UVLO threshold.
5	OVLO	Externally Programmable Overvoltage-Lockout Threshold. Connect OVLO to GND to use the default internal OVLO threshold. Connect OVLO to an external resistor-divider to define a threshold externally and override the preset internal OVLO threshold.
6	SETI	Overload Current-Limit Adjust. Connect a resistor from SETI to GND to program the overcurrent limit. If SETI is unconnected, the current limit is set to 0A. If SETI is less than 1V (typ), the FETs turn off and FLAG is asserted. Do not connect more than 10pF to SETI.
7	GND	Ground
8	HVEN	36V Capable Active-Low Enable Input. See Table 1.
9	RIEN	Reverse-Current Enable Input. Connect RIEN to GND to enable the reverse-current flow protection. Connect RIEN to logic-high to disable the reverse-current flow protection.
10	EN	Active-High Enable Input. See Table 1.
11	FLAG	Open-Drain, Fault Indicator Output. FLAG goes low when the fault duration exceeds the blanking time, reverse current is detected, thermal-shutdown mode is active, OVLO threshold is reached, or SETI is connected to GND.
12, 13, 14	OUT	Output Voltage. Output of internal FETs. Bypass OUT to GND with a 1µF ceramic capacitor placed as close as possible to the device. For a long output cable or inductive lead, see the <i>Applications Information</i> section.
_	EP	Exposed Pad. Always connect EP to the GND pin of the IC. Also, connect EP to a large GND plane with several thermal vias for best Thermal performance. Refer to the MAX17561 EV kit data sheet for an example of the correct method for EP connection and thermal vias.

Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

Functional Diagram



Detailed Description

The MAX17561/MAX17562/MAX17563 are adjustable overvoltage- and overcurrent-protection devices designed to protect systems against positive and negative input voltage faults up to \pm 40V, and feature low 100m Ω (typ) on-resistance FETs. If the input voltage exceeds the OVLO threshold or falls below the UVLO, the internal FETs are turned off to prevent damage to the protected components. If the OVLO or the UVLO pin is set below the external OVLO or UVLO select thresholds (VOVLOSEL and VUVLOSEL), the device automatically selects the internal \pm 3% (typ) accurate trip thresholds. The internal OVLO threshold is preset to 33V (typ), and the internal UVLO threshold is preset to 19.2V (typ).

The ICs feature programmable current-limit protection up to 4.2A. Once current reaches the threshold, the MAX17561 turns off after 20.7ms (typ) blanking time and stays off during the retry period. The MAX17562 latches off after the blanking time, and the MAX17563 limits the current continuously.

Programmable Current Limit/Threshold

A resistor from SETI to GND sets the current limit/threshold for the switch (see the *Setting the Current Limit/Threshold* section). If the output current is limited at the current threshold value for a time equal to or longer than tBLANK, the output \overline{FLAG} asserts and the MAX17561 enters the autoretry mode, the MAX17562 latches off the switch, and the MAX17563 enters the continuous current-limit mode.

Autoretry Current Limit (MAX17561)

When the current threshold is reached, the tBLANK timer begins counting. The FLAG asserts if the overcurrent condition is present for tBLANK. The timer resets if the overcurrent condition disappears before tBLANK has elapsed. A retry time delay, tRETRY, is started immediately after tBLANK has elapsed and during tRETRY time, the FETs are off. At the end of tRETRY, the FETs are turned on again. If the fault still exists, the cycle is repeated and the FLAG stays low. When the fault is removed, the FETs stay on. If the die temperature exceeds +150°C (typ) due to self-heating, the MAX17561 enables thermal shutdown until the die temperature drops by approximately 30°C (Figure 1).

The autoretry feature reduces the system power in case of overcurrent or short-circuit conditions. During t_{BLANK} time, when the switch is on, the supply current is held at the cur-

Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

rent limit. During tRETRY time, when the switch is off, there is no current through the switch. Thus, the output current is much less than the programmed current limit. Calculate the average output current using the following equation:

$$I_{LOAD} = I_{LIM} \left[\frac{t_{BLANK}}{t_{BLANK} + t_{RETRY}} \right]$$

With a 20.7ms (typ) tBLANK and 600ms (typ) tRETRY, the duty cycle is 3.3%, resulting in a 96.7% power savings.

Latch-Off Current Limit (MAX17562)

When the current threshold is reached, the tBLANK timer begins counting. The FLAG asserts if the overcurrent condition is present for tBLANK. The timer resets when the overcurrent condition disappears before tBLANK has elapsed. The switch turns off and stays off if the overcurrent condition continues beyond the blanking time. To reset the switch, either toggle the control logic EN or HVEN or cycle the input voltage. If the die temperature exceeds +150°C (typ) due to self-heating, the MAX17562 latches off (Figure 2).

Continuous Current Limit (MAX17563)

When the current threshold is reached, the MAX17563 limits the output current to the programmed current limit. The FLAG asserts if the overcurrent condition is present for t_{BLANK} and deasserts when the overload condition is removed. If the die temperature exceeds +150°C (typ) due to self-heating, the MAX17563 enables thermal shutdown until the die temperature drops by approximately 30°C (Figure 3).

Reverse-Current Block Enable (RIEN)

This feature enables the reverse-current protection and disables reverse-current flow from OUT to IN. The reverse-current block enable feature is useful in applications with inductive loads.

Fault Flag Output

FLAG is an open-drain fault indicator output and requires an external pullup resistor to a DC supply. FLAG goes low when any of the following conditions occur:

- The blanking time has elapsed.
- The reverse-current protection has tripped.
- The die temperature exceeds +150°C.
- When SETI is less than 1V (typ).
- OVLO threshold is reached.

Thermal-Shutdown Protection

The devices have a thermal-shutdown feature to protect them from overheating. The devices turn off and the \overline{FLAG} asserts when the junction temperature exceeds +150°C (typ). The devices exit thermal shutdown and resume normal operation after the junction temperature cools by 30°C (typ), except for the MAX17562, which remains latched off.

The thermal limit behaves similarly to the current limit. For the MAX17561 (autoretry), the thermal limit works with the autoretry timer. When the device comes out of the thermal limit, it starts after the retry time. For the MAX17562 (latch off), the device latches off until power or EN cycle. For the MAX17563 (continuous), the device only disables while the temperature is over the limit. There is no blanking time for thermal protection.

Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO)

The devices have a 19.2V (typ) preset UVLO threshold when the voltage at UVLO is set below the external UVLO select voltage (VUVLOSEL). Connect UVLO to GND to activate the preset UVLO threshold. Connect the external resistors to the UVLO pin as shown in the *Typical Operating Circuit* to externally adjust the UVLO threshold. Use the following equation to adjust the UVLO threshold. The recommended value for R1 is $2.2M\Omega$:

$$V_{UVLO} = V_{BG} \times \left[1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right]$$

Overvoltage Lockout (OVLO)

The devices have a 33V (typ) preset OVLO threshold when the voltage at OVLO is set below the external OVLO select voltage (V_{OVLOSEL}). Connect OVLO to GND to activate the preset OVLO threshold. Connect the external resistors to the OVLO pin as shown in the *Typical Operating Circuit* to externally adjust the OVLO threshold. Use the following equation to adjust the OVLO threshold. The recommended value for R3 is 2.2MΩ:

$$V_{OVLO} = V_{BG} \times \left[1 + \frac{R3}{R4}\right]$$

Switch Control

There are two independent enable inputs (\overline{HVEN} and EN) for the devices. \overline{HVEN} is a high-voltage-capable input. Toggle \overline{HVEN} or EN to reset the fault condition once a short circuit is detected and the devices shut down (Table 1).

Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

Input Debounce Protection

The ICs feature input debounce protection. When the input voltage is higher than the UVLO threshold voltage for a period greater than the debounce time (t_{DEB}), the internal FETs are turned on. This feature is intended for applications where the EN or HVEN signal is present when the power supply ramps up (Figure 4).

Applications Information

Setting the Current Limit/Threshold

A resistor from SETI to ground programs the current limit/ threshold value for the devices. Leaving SETI unconnected selects a 0A current limit/threshold. Connecting SETI to ground asserts FLAG. (The FLAG is asserted if SETI voltage is less than 1V (typ).) Use the following formula to calculate the current limit:

$$R_{SETI}(k\Omega) = \frac{11500}{I_{LIM}(mA)}$$

IN Bypass Capacitor

Connect a minimum of 0.47μ F capacitor from IN to GND to limit the input voltage drop during momentary output short-circuit conditions. Larger capacitor values further reduce the voltage undershoot at the input.

Hot-Plug IN

In many system powering applications, an input-filtering capacitor is required to lower the radiated emission, enhance the ESD capability, etc. In hot-plug applications, parasitic cable inductance, along with the input capacitor, cause overshoot and ringing when a live power cable is connected to the input terminal.

This effect causes the protection device to see almost twice the applied voltage. A transient voltage suppressor (TVS) is often used for industrial applications to protect the system from these conditions. We recommend using a TVS that is capable of limiting surge to maximum 40V placed close to the input terminal.

Table 1. Switch Control

HVEN	EN	SWITCH STATUS
0	0	On
1	0	Off
0	1	On
1	1	On

Input Hard Short to Ground

In many system applications, an input short circuit protection is required. The devices detect reverse current entering at OUT pin and flowing out of IN pin and turn off the internal FETs. However, parasitic inductance in the input line circuit along with the input capacitance defines the amount of reverse current. Large reverse current of 20A or more can damage the devices. It is recommended to use an additional inductance in series with the input to limit the large reverse current during an input short circuit event.

OUT Bypass Capacitor

For stable operation over the full temperature range and over the entire programmable current-limit range, connect a 1 μ F ceramic capacitor from OUT to ground. Excessive output capacitance can cause a false overcurrent condition due to decreased dV/dt across the capacitor. Calculate the maximum capacitive load (C_{MAX}) value that can be connected to OUT by using the following formula:

 $C_{MAX}(\mu F) = \frac{I_{LIM}(mA) \times t_{BLANK(MIN)} (ms)}{V_{IN}(V)}$

For example, for V_{IN} = 24V, t_{BLANK} = 20.7ms, and I_{LIM} = 4.2A, C_{MAX} equals 3622.5 $\mu F.$

Hot Plug IN at OUT terminal

In some applications, there might be a possibility of application of an external voltage at the OUT terminal of the IC with or without the presence of input voltage. During these conditions, the devices detect any reverse current entering at OUT pin and flowing out of IN pin and

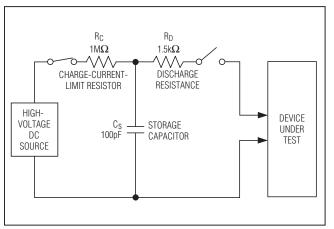


Figure 5a. Human Body ESD Test Model

Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

turn off the internal FETs. Due to parasitic cable inductance along with input and output capacitors cause overshoot and ringing when an external voltage is applied at the OUT terminal. This causes the protection device to see up to twice the applied voltage which can damage the devices. It is recommended to maintain the overvoltages such that the voltages at the pins do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings.

Output Freewheeling Diode for Inductive Hard Short to Ground

In applications that require protection from a sudden short to ground with an inductive load or long cable, a Schottky diode between the OUT terminal and ground is recommended. This is to prevent a negative spike on OUT due to the inductive kickback during a short-circuit event.

Layout and Thermal Dissipation

To optimize the switch response time to output shortcircuit conditions, it is very important to keep all traces as short as possible to reduce the effect of undesirable parasitic inductance. Place input and output capacitors as close as possible to the device (no more than 5mm). IN and OUT must be connected with wide short traces to the power bus. During normal operation, the power dissipation is small and the package temperature change is minimal. If the output is continuously shorted to ground at the maximum supply voltage, the switches with the autoretry option do not cause thermal-shutdown detection to trip. Power dissipation in the devices can be calculated using the following equation:

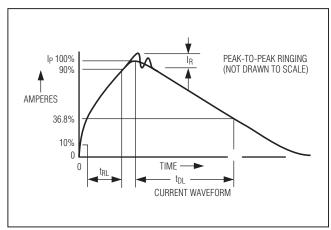


Figure 5b. Human Body Current Waveform

Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

$P_{(MAX)} = \frac{V_{IN(MAX)} \times I_{OUT(MAX)} \times t_{BLANK}}{t_{RETRY} + t_{BLANK}}$

Attention must be given to the MAX17563 continuous current-limit version when the power dissipation during a fault condition can cause the device to reach the thermal-shutdown threshold. Thermal vias from the exposed pad to ground plane are highly recommended to increase the system thermal capacitance while reducing the thermal resistance to the ambient.

ESD Test Conditions

The devices are specified for ± 15 kV (HBM) typical ESD resistance on IN when IN is bypassed to ground with a 0.47µF low-ESR ceramic capacitor. No capacitor is required for ± 2 kV (HBM) typical ESD on IN. All the pins have a ± 2 kV (HBM) typical ESD protection.

HBM ESD Protection

<u>Figure 5a</u> shows the Human Body Model, and <u>Figure 5b</u> shows the current waveform it generates when discharged into a low impedance. This model consists of a 100pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, which is then discharged into the device through a $1.5k\Omega$ resistor.

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	OVERCURRENT PROTECTION
MAX17561AUD+	-40°C to +125°C	14 TSSOP- EP*	Autoretry
MAX17562AUD+	-40°C to +125°C	14 TSSOP- EP*	Latchoff
MAX17563AUD+	-40°C to +125°C	14 TSSOP- EP*	Continuous

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package. T = Tape and reel.

*EP = Exposed pad.

Chip Information

PROCESS: BICMOS

Adjustable Overvoltage and Overcurrent Protectors with High Accuracy

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	6/17	Initial release	—
1	8/17	Updated "Shutdown Output Current" limit (max) and units for "Reverse Blocking Leakage Current" in <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table.	
2	9/17	Corrected typo of part numbers from MAX17651, MAX17652, and MAX17653 to MAX17561, MAX17562, MAX17563. Updated "Thermal Protection" conditions and corrected typo in "Switch Turn-On Time" in "Timing Characteristics" in the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table. Corrected Notes 5 and 6 at end of the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table. Corrected typos in in the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table. Corrected typos in the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table. Corrected typos in the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table. Updated <i>Autoretry (MAX17561)</i> and <i>Latch-Off (MAX17562)</i> section names, and updated <i>Reverse-Current Block Enable (RIEN)</i> section. Moved <i>Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO)</i> section to be before <i>Overvoltage Lockout (OVLO)</i> section, and updated typo in <i>Hot-Plug IN</i> and <i>Output Freewheeling Diode for Inductive Hard Short to Ground</i> sections. Updated <i>OUT Bypass Capactior</i> equation example numbers for t _{BLANK} and C _{MAX} . and <i>Layout and Thermal Dissipation</i> section.	1, 3–6, 10, 12–15

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim Integrated's website at www.maximintegrated.com.

Maxim Integrated cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim Integrated product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim Integrated reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time. The parametric values (min and max limits) shown in the Electrical Characteristics table are guaranteed. Other parametric values quoted in this data sheet are provided for guidance.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Maxim Integrated:

MAX17563AUD+ MAX17561AUD+ MAX17562AUD+ MAX17561AUD+T MAX17562AUD+T MAX17563AUD+T