

5.9 GHz to 8.5 GHz, Low Noise Amplifier

Data Sheet ADL5721

FEATURES

Frequency range: 5.9 GHz to 8.5 GHz Typical gain of 25 dB Low noise input

Noise figure: <1.7 dB typical from 5.9 GHz to 8.5 GHz High linearity input

>4.0 dBm typical input third-order intercept (IIP3)

>-10.6 dBm typical input 1 dB compression point (P1dB)

Matched 50 Ω single-ended input Matched 100 Ω differential outputs

8-lead, 2.00 mm × 2.00 mm LFCSP microwave packaging

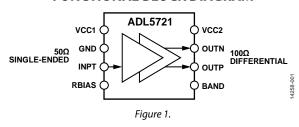
APPLICATIONS

Point to point microwave radios Instrumentation Satellite communications (SATCOM) Phased arrays

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADL5721 is a narrow-band, high performance, low noise amplifier targeting microwave radio link receiver designs. The monolithic silicon germanium (SiGe) design is optimized for microwave radio link bands ranging from 5.9 GHz to 8.5 GHz. The unique design offers a single-ended 50 Ω input impedance and provides a 100 Ω balanced differential output that is ideal for driving Analog Devices, Inc., differential downconverters and radio frequency (RF) sampling analog-to-digital converters (ADCs). This low noise amplifier (LNA) provides noise figure

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



performance that, in the past, required more expensive three-five (III-V) compounds process technology to achieve. This LNA uses a band switch feature to allow the input P1dB and noise figure to trade off for optimum system performance.

The ADL5721 and ADL5723 to ADL5726 family of narrow-band LNAs are each packaged in a tiny, thermally enhanced, 2.00 mm \times 2.00 mm LFCSP package. The ADL5721 and ADL5723 to ADL5726 family operates over the temperature range of -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| Features | I |
|---|---|
| Applications | 1 |
| Functional Block Diagram | 1 |
| General Description | 1 |
| Revision History | 2 |
| Specifications | 3 |
| AC Specifications | 3 |
| DC Specifications | 3 |
| Absolute Maximum Ratings | 4 |
| Thermal Resistance | 4 |
| ESD Caution | 4 |
| Pin Configuration and Function Descriptions | 5 |
| Typical Performance Characteristics | 6 |

| Low Band (BAND = 0 V) |
|--|
| High Band (BAND = 1.8 V) |
| Theory of Operation |
| Applications Information |
| Layout |
| Differential vs. Single-Ended Output 1 |
| Evaluation Board |
| Initial Setup1 |
| Results1 |
| Basic Connections for Operation 1 |
| Outline Dimensions |
| Ordering Guide |

REVISION HISTORY

4/16—Revision 0: Initial Version

SPECIFICATIONS

AC SPECIFICATIONS

 $T_{A}=25^{\circ}\text{C},\ VCC1=1.8\ V,\ VCC2=3.3\ V,\ Z_{SOURCE}=50\ \Omega,\ Z_{LOAD}=100\ \Omega\ differential,\ unless\ otherwise\ noted.$

Table 1.

| Parameter | Test Conditions/Comments | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----|-------|-----|------|
| FREQUENCY RANGE | | | | | |
| Low Band, BAND = 0 V | | 5.9 | | 7.2 | GHz |
| High Band, BAND = 1.8 V | | 7.1 | | 8.5 | GHz |
| FREQUENCY = 5.9 GHz | Low band, BAND = 0 V | | | | |
| Gain (S21) | | | 25.0 | | dB |
| Noise Figure | | | 1.7 | | dB |
| Input Third-Order Intercept (IIP3) | $\Delta f = 1$ MHz, input power (P_{IN}) = -30 dBm per tone | | 4.3 | | dBm |
| Input 1 dB Compression Point (P1dB) | | | -10.6 | | dBm |
| Input Return Loss (S11) | | | 10 | | dB |
| Output Return Loss (S22) | | | 9 | | dB |
| FREQUENCY = 7.2 GHz | Low band, BAND = 0 V | | | | |
| Gain (S21) | | | 25.9 | | dB |
| Noise Figure | | | 1.6 | | dB |
| Input Third-Order Intercept (IIP3) | $\Delta f = 1$ MHz, $P_{IN} = -30$ dBm per tone | | 4.0 | | dBm |
| Input 1 dB Compression Point (P1dB) | | | -9.3 | | dBm |
| Input Return Loss (S11) | | | 10 | | dB |
| Output Return Loss (S22) | | | 10 | | dB |
| FREQUENCY = 8.5 GHz | High band, BAND = 1.8 V | | | | |
| Gain (S21) | | | 24.6 | | dB |
| Noise Figure | | | 1.5 | | dB |
| Input Third-Order Intercept (IIP3) | $\Delta f = 1$ MHz, $P_{IN} = -30$ dBm per tone | | 5.7 | | dBm |
| Input 1 dB Compression Point (P1dB) | | | -8.6 | | dBm |
| Input Return Loss (S11) | | | 10 | | dB |
| Output Return Loss (S22) | | | 10 | | dB |

DC SPECIFICATIONS

Table 2.

| Parameter | Test Conditions/Comments | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| POWER INTERFACE | | | | | |
| VCC1 Voltage | | 1.65 | 1.8 | 1.95 | V |
| VCC2 Voltage | | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 | V |
| Quiescent Current vs. Temperature | | | | | |
| VCC1 | T _A = 25°C | | 11.6 | | mA |
| | $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{A} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 12.1 | | mA |
| VCC2 | T _A = 25°C | | 74.1 | | mA |
| | $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_{A} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ | | 74.4 | | mA |

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 3.

| Parameter | Rating |
|---|-----------------|
| Supply Voltages | |
| VCC1 | 2.25 V |
| VCC2 | 4.1 V |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | 150°C |
| Operating Temperature Range | −40°C to +85°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | −55°C to +125°C |
| Lead Temperature Range (Soldering 60 sec) | −65°C to +150°C |

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

 θ_{JA} is thermal resistance, junction to ambient (°C/W), θ_{JB} is thermal resistance, junction to board (°C/W), and θ_{JC} is thermal resistance, junction to case (°C/W).

Table 4. Thermal Resistance

| Package Type | θ_{JA}^{1} | θ_{JB}^{1} | θ_{JC}^{1} | Unit |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| 8-Lead LFCSP | 39.90 | 23.88 | 3.71 | °C/W |

 $^{^1}$ See JEDEC standard JESD51-2 for additional information on optimizing the thermal impedance for a printed circuit board (PCB) with 3 \times 4 vias.

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device.

Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS



- NOTES

 1. THE EXPOSED PAD MUST BE
 SOLDERED TO A LOW IMPEDANCE
 GROUND PLANE.

 2. THE DEVICE NUMBER ON THE FIGURE
 DOES NOT INDICATE THE LABEL ON
 THE PACKAGE. REFER TO THE PIN 1
 INDICATOR FOR THE PIN LOCATIONS.

Figure 2. Pin Configuration

Table 5. Pin Function Descriptions

| Pin No. | Mnemonic | Description |
|---------|------------|--|
| 1 | VCC1 | 1.8 V Power Supply. It is recommended to place the decoupling capacitors as close to this pin as possible. |
| 2 | GND | Ground. |
| 3 | INPT | RF Input. This pin is a 50 Ω single-ended input. |
| 4 | RBIAS | Resistor Bias. For typical operation, connect a 442 Ω resistor from RBIAS to GND. It is recommended to place the RBIAS resistor as close to the pin as possible. |
| 5 | BAND | Band Select Control. Select a logic low of 0 V for the lower frequency range from 5.9 GHz to 7.2 GHz. Select a logic high of 1.8 V for the higher frequency range from 7.1 GHz to 8.5 GHz. |
| 6, 7 | OUTP, OUTN | RF Outputs. These pins are 100 Ω differential outputs. |
| 8 | VCC2 | 3.3 V Power Supply. It is recommended to place the decoupling capacitors as close to this pin as possible. |
| | EPAD (EP) | Exposed Pad. The exposed pad must be soldered to a low impedance ground plane. |

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, VCC1 = 1.8 V, VCC2 = 3.3 V, $Z_{\text{SOURCE}} = 50 \Omega$, $Z_{\text{LOAD}} = 100 \Omega$ differential, unless otherwise noted.

LOW BAND (BAND = 0 V)

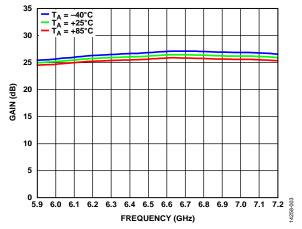


Figure 3. Gain vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

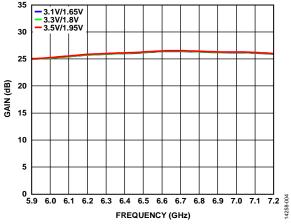


Figure 4. Gain vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

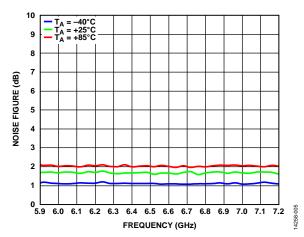


Figure 5. Nosie Figure vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

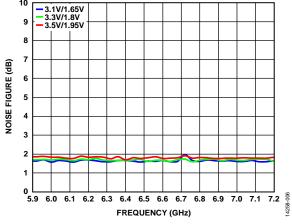


Figure 6. Noise Figure vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

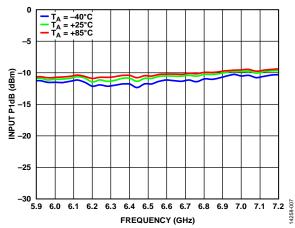


Figure 7. Input P1dB vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

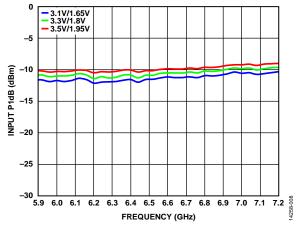


Figure 8. Input P1dB vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

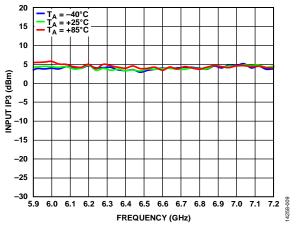


Figure 9. Input IP3 vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

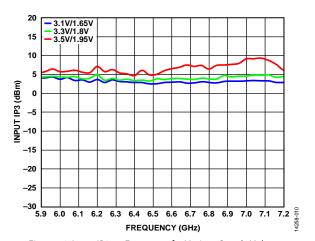


Figure 10. Input IP3 vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

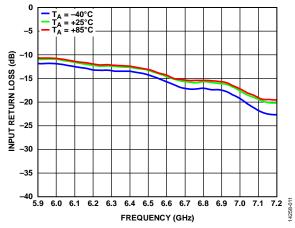


Figure 11. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

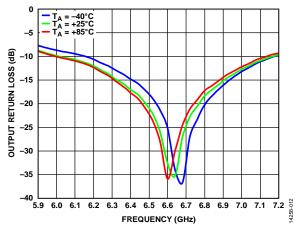


Figure 12. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

HIGH BAND (BAND = 1.8 V)

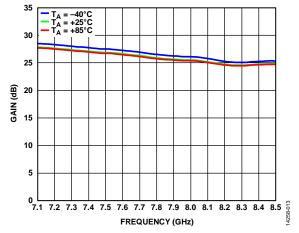


Figure 13. Gain vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

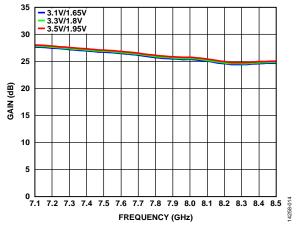


Figure 14. Gain vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

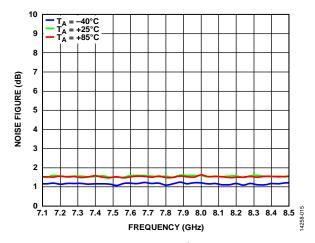


Figure 15. Nosie Figure vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

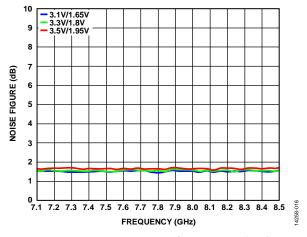


Figure 16. Noise Figure vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

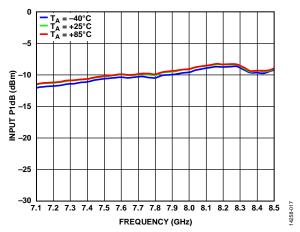


Figure 17. Input P1dB vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

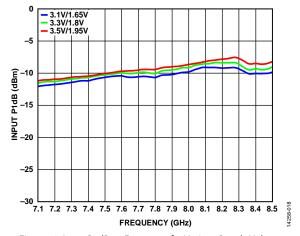


Figure 18. Input P1dB vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

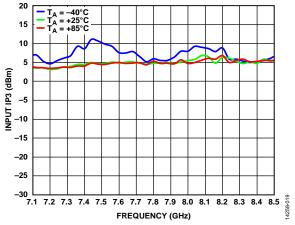


Figure 19. Input IP3 vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

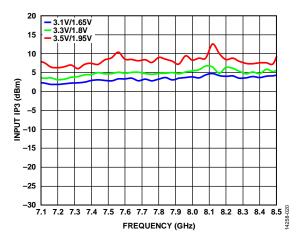


Figure 20. Input IP3 vs. Frequency for Various Supply Voltages

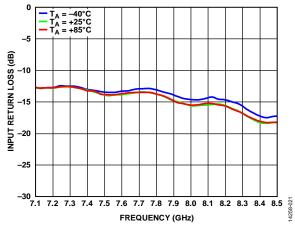


Figure 21. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

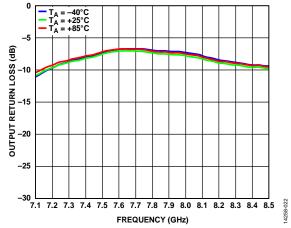


Figure 22. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

THEORY OF OPERATION

The ADL5721 is a narrow-band, high performance, low noise amplifier targeting microwave radio link receiver designs. The monolithic SiGe design is optimized for microwave radio link bands ranging from 5.9 GHz to 8.5 GHz.

The unique design of the ADL5721 offers a single-ended 50 Ω input impedance and provides a 100 Ω balanced differential output. This LNA is ideal for driving Analog Devices differential downconverters and RF sampling ADCs.

The ADL5721 provides cost-effective noise figure performance without requiring more expensive III-V compounds process technology.

This LNA uses a band switch feature to allow the input P1dB and noise figure to trade off for optimum system performance. The BAND pin allows the user to select between two frequency ranges. A logic low of 0 V on the BAND pin selects the lower frequency range from 5.9 GHz to 7.2 GHz, whereas a logic high of 1.8 V selects the higher frequency range from 7.1 GHz to 8.5 GHz.

The ADL5721 is available in an 8-lead, 2.00 mm \times 2.00 mm LFCSP package, and operates over the temperature range of -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION LAYOUT

Solder the exposed pad on the underside of the ADL5721 to a low thermal and electrical impedance ground plane. This pad is typically soldered to an exposed opening in the solder mask on the evaluation board. Connect these ground vias to all other ground layers on the evaluation board to maximize heat dissipation from the device package.

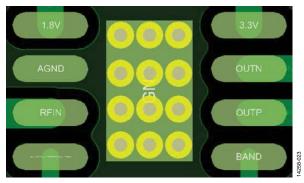


Figure 23. Evaluation Board Layout for the ADL5721 Package

DIFFERENTIAL vs. SINGLE-ENDED OUTPUT

This section provides the test results that compare the ADL5721 using a differential vs. a single-ended output. When using the device as a single-ended output, use the RFOP output of the evaluation board and terminate RFON to 50 Ω . Note that the converse can be done as well; however, doing so produces slightly different results from the plots shown in this section, caused by some amplitude imbalance between the two differential ports, RFOP and RFON. The output trace and connector loss were not deembedded for these measurements.

Note that this performance is typical and not guaranteed.

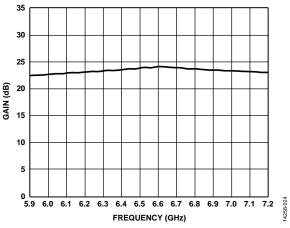


Figure 24. Gain vs. Frequency, BAND = 0 V

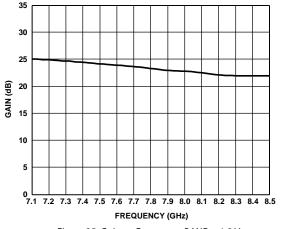


Figure 25. Gain vs. Frequency, BAND = 1.8 V

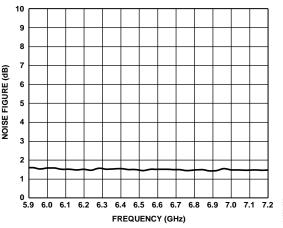


Figure 26. Noise Figure vs. Frequency, BAND = 0 V

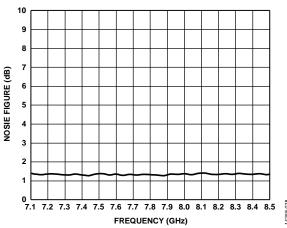


Figure 27. Noise Figure vs. Frequency, BAND = 1.8 V

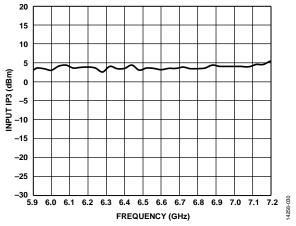


Figure 28. Input IP3 vs. Frequency, BAND = 0 V

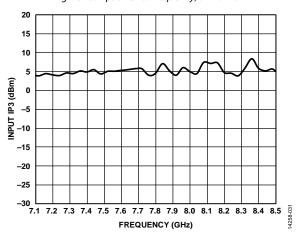


Figure 29. Input IP3 vs. Frequency, BAND = 1.8 V

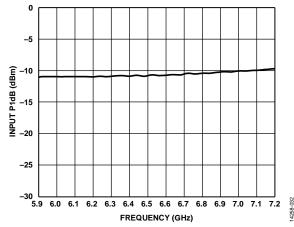


Figure 30. Input P1dB vs. Frequency, BAND = 0 V

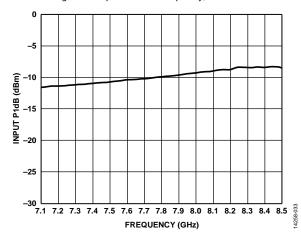


Figure 31. Input P1dB vs. Frequency, BAND = 1.8 V

EVALUATION BOARD

The ADL5721-EVALZ comes with an ADL5721 chip. It supports a single 5 V supply for ease of use. For 5 V operation, the 3.3 V and 1.8 V test loops are for evaluation purposes only. When the 3.3 V and 1.8 V supply is used, remove the R1 and R2 resistors from the evaluation board. Figure 34 shows a picture of the ADL5721-EVALZ lab bench setup.

The band switch feature allows the input P1dB and noise figure to trade off for optimum system performance. For the lower frequency band (BAND = 0 V), short Pin 1 and Pin 2 of the P1 connector. For the higher frequency band (BAND = 1.8 V), open Pin 1 and Pin 2 of the P1 connector to obtain better system performance.

INITIAL SETUP

To set up the ADL5721-EVALZ, take the following steps:

- 1. Power up the ADL5721-EVALZ with a 5 V dc supply. The supply current of the evaluation board is approximately 88 mA, which is a combination of the VCC1 (1.8 V) and the VCC2 (3.3 V) currents.
- Connect the signal generator to the input of the ADL5721-EVALZ.
- 3. Connect RFOP and RFON to a 180° hybrid that can work within the 5.9 GHz to 8.5 GHz frequency range.
- 4. Connect the difference output of the hybrid to the spectrum analyzer. Terminate the sum port of the hybrid to 50Ω .

See Figure 34 for the ADL5721-EVALZ lab bench setup.

RESULTS

Figure 32 and Figure 33 show the expected results when testing the ADL5721-EVALZ using the Rev. A version of the evaluation board and its software. Note that future iterations of the software may produce different results. See the ADL5721 product page for the most recent software version.

Figure 32 shows the results of the differential output for an input of 7.2 GHz at -15 dBm with a BAND = 0 V, with Pin 1 and Pin 2 of the P1 connector shorted. The hybrid and board loss were not deembedded.

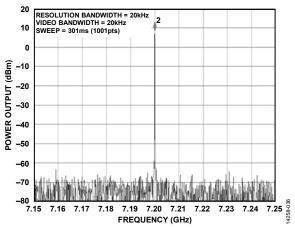


Figure 32. Results of the ADL5721 with an Input of 7.2 GHz at -15 dBm, BAND = 0 V

Figure 33 shows the results of the differential output for an input of $8.5~\mathrm{GHz}$ at $-15~\mathrm{dBm}$ with a BAND = $1.8~\mathrm{V}$, with Pin 1 and Pin 2 of the P1 connector open. The hybrid and board loss were not deembedded.

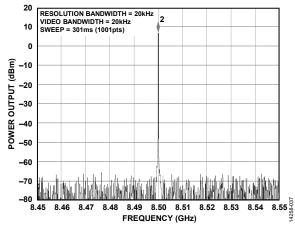


Figure 33. Results of the ADL5721 with an Input of 8.5 GHz at -15 dBm, RAND = 1.8 V

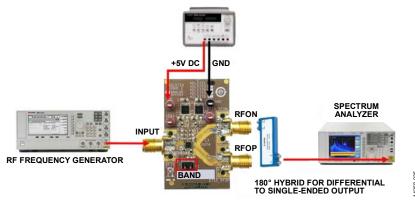


Figure 34. ADL5721-EVALZ Lab Bench Setup

BASIC CONNECTIONS FOR OPERATION

Figure 35 shows the basic connections for operating the ADL5721 as it is implemented on the evaluation board of the device.

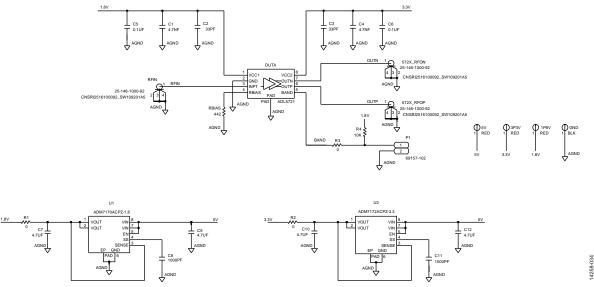


Figure 35. Evaluation Board Schematic

Table 6. Evaluation Board Configuration Options

| Component | Function | Default Condition |
|----------------------------------|--|---|
| 3P3V, 1P8V, GND, 5V | Power supplies and ground. | Not applicable |
| RFIN, 572X_RFOP, 572x_RFON, BAND | Input, output, and data. | Not applicable |
| RBIAS | 442Ω for RBIAS. | RBIAS = $442 \Omega (0402)$ |
| R1, R2 | 1.8 V and 3.3 V regulator connections. | R1, R2 = $0 \Omega (0402)$ |
| R3 | Band select. | $R3 = 0 \Omega (0603)$ |
| R4 | Pull-up or pull-down resistor. | $R4 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega (0402)$ |
| C1 to C12 | The capacitors provide the required decoupling of the supply related pins. | C1, C4 = 4.7 nF (0402), C2, C3 = 33 pF (0402), C5, C6 = 0.1 µF (0402), C7, C9, C10, C12 = 4.7 µF (0603), C8, C11 = 1000 pF (0603) |
| P1 | Jumper to change bands, 2-pin jumper. | Not applicable |
| U1 | ADM7170ACPZ-1.8 1.8 V regulator. | Not applicable |
| U2 | ADM7172ACPZ-3.3 3.3 V regulator. | Not applicable |
| DUTA | ADL5721 device under test (DUT). | Not applicable |

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

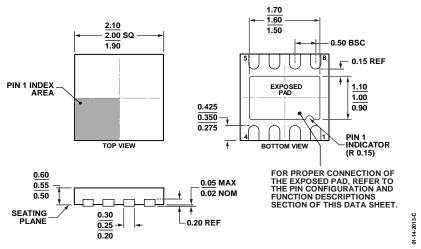


Figure 36. 8-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP] 2.00 mm × 2.00 mm Body and 0.55 mm Package Height (CP-8-10) Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

| Model ¹ | Temperature Range | Package Description | Package Option | |
|--------------------|-------------------|--|----------------|--|
| ADL5721ACPZN | −40°C to +85°C | 8-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP] | CP-8-10 | |
| ADL5721ACPZN-R7 | −40°C to +85°C | 8-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP] | CP-8-10 | |
| ADL5721-EVALZ | | Evaluation Board | | |

 $^{^{1}}$ Z = RoHS-Compliant Part.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Analog Devices Inc.:

ADL5721ACPZN-R7 ADL5721-EVALZ