



8-bit Microcontroller with 16/32K bytes of ISP Flash and USB Controller

DATASHEET SUMMARY

Features

- High Performance, Low Power AVR® 8-Bit Microcontroller
- Advanced RISC Architecture
 - 135 Powerful Instructions Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
 - 32 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers
 - Fully Static Operation
 - Up to 16 MIPS Throughput at 16MHz
 - On-Chip 2-cycle Multiplier
- Non-volatile Program and Data Memories
 - 16/32KB of In-System Self-Programmable Flash
 - 1.25/2.5KB Internal SRAM
 - 512Bytes/1KB Internal EEPROM
 - Write/Erase Cycles: 10,000 Flash/100,000 EEPROM
 - Data retention: 20 years at 85°C/ 100 years at 25°C(1)
 - Optional Boot Code Section with Independent Lock Bits

In-System Programming by On-chip Boot Program

True Read-While-Write Operation

Parts using external XTAL clock are pre-programed with a default USB bootloader

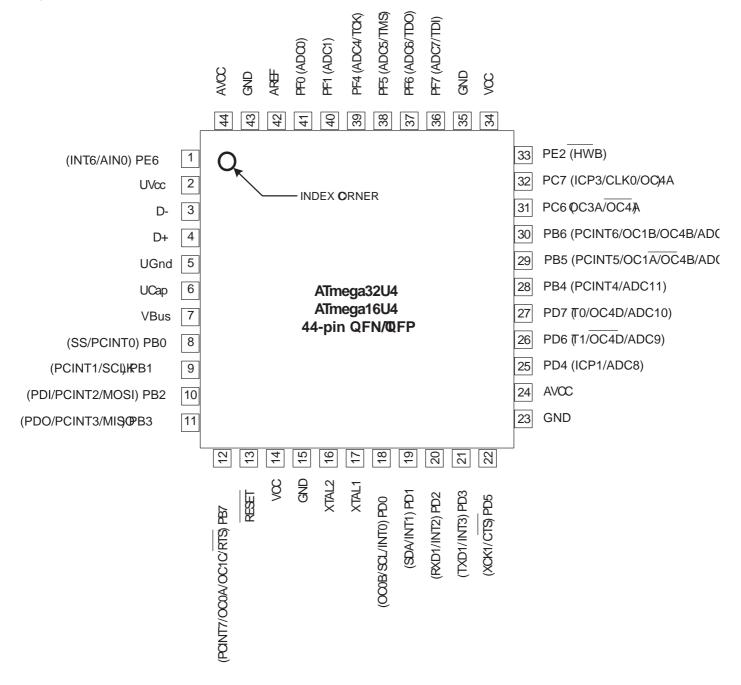
- Programming Lock for Software Security
- JTAG (IEEE[®] std. 1149.1 compliant) Interface
 - Boundary-scan Capabilities According to the JTAG Standard
 - Extensive On-chip Debug Support
 - Programming of Flash, EEPROM, Fuses, and Lock Bits through the JTAG Interface
- USB 2.0 Full-speed/Low Speed Device Module with Interrupt on Transfer Completion
 - Complies fully with Universal Serial Bus Specification Rev 2.0
 - Supports data transfer rates up to 12Mbit/s and 1.5Mbit/s
 - Endpoint 0 for Control Transfers: up to 64-bytes
 - Six Programmable Endpoints with IN or Out Directions and with Bulk, Interrupt or Isochronous Transfers
 - Configurable Endpoints size up to 256 bytes in double bank mode
 - Fully independent 832 bytes USB DPRAM for endpoint memory allocation
 - Suspend/Resume Interrupts
 - CPU Reset possible on USB Bus Reset detection
 - 48MHz from PLL for Full-speed Bus Operation
 - USB Bus Connection/Disconnection on Microcontroller Request
 - Crystal-less operation for Low Speed mode
- Peripheral Features
 - On-chip PLL for USB and High Speed Timer: 32 up to 96MHz operation
 - One 8-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler and Compare Mode

- Two 16-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler, Compare- and Capture Mode
- One 10-bit High-Speed Timer/Counter with PLL (64MHz) and Compare Mode
- Four 8-bit PWM Channels
- Four PWM Channels with Programmable Resolution from 2 to 16 Bits
- Six PWM Channels for High Speed Operation, with Programmable Resolution from 2 to 11 Bits
- Output Compare Modulator
- 12-channels, 10-bit ADC (features Differential Channels with Programmable Gain)
- Programmable Serial USART with Hardware Flow Control
- Master/Slave SPI Serial Interface
- Byte Oriented 2-wire Serial Interface
- Programmable Watchdog Timer with Separate On-chip Oscillator
- On-chip Analog Comparator
- Interrupt and Wake-up on Pin Change
- On-chip Temperature Sensor
- Special Microcontroller Features
 - Power-on Reset and Programmable Brown-out Detection
 - Internal 8MHz Calibrated Oscillator
 - Internal clock prescaler and On-the-fly Clock Switching (Int RC / Ext Osc)
 - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
 - Six Sleep Modes: Idle, ADC Noise Reduction, Power-save, Power-down, Standby, and Extended Standby
- I/O and Packages
 - All I/O combine CMOS outputs and LVTTL inputs
 - 26 Programmable I/O Lines
 - 44-lead TQFP Package, 10x10mm
 - 44-lead QFN Package, 7x7mm
- · Operating Voltages
 - 2.7 5.5V
- Operating temperature
 - Industrial (-40°C to +85°C)
- Maximum Frequency
 - 8MHz at 2.7V Industrial range
 - 16MHz at 4.5V Industrial range

Note: 1. See "Data Retention" on page 8 for details.

1. Pin Configurations

Figure 1-1. Pinout



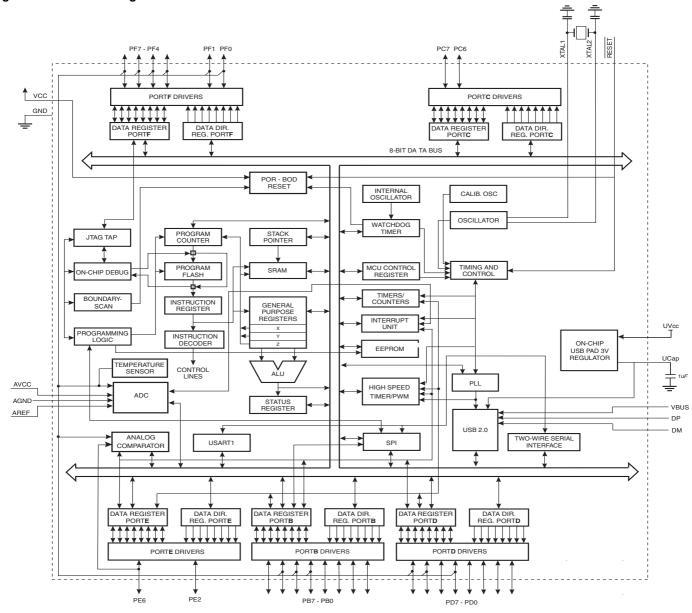
2. Overview

The ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the device achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.



2.1 Block Diagram

Figure 2-1. Block Diagram



The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The device provides the following features: 16/32K bytes of In-System Programmable Flash with Read-While-Write capabilities, 512Bytes/1K bytes EEPROM, 1.25/2.5K bytes SRAM, 26 general purpose I/O lines (CMOS outputs and LVTTL inputs), 32 general purpose working registers, four flexible Timer/Counters with compare modes and PWM, one more high-speed Timer/Counter with compare modes and PLL adjustable source, one USART (including CTS/RTS flow control signals), a byte oriented 2-wire Serial Interface, a 12-channels 10-bit ADC with optional differential input stage with programmable gain, an on-chip calibrated temperature sensor, a programmable Watchdog Timer with Internal Oscillator, an SPI serial port, IEEE std. 1149.1 compliant JTAG test interface, also used for accessing the On-chip Debug system and programming and six software selectable

power saving modes. The Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counters, SPI port, and interrupt system to continue functioning. The Power-down mode saves the register contents but freezes the Oscillator, disabling all other chip functions until the next interrupt or Hardware Reset. The ADC Noise Reduction mode stops the CPU and all I/O modules except ADC, to minimize switching noise during ADC conversions. In Standby mode, the Crystal/Resonator Oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping. This allows very fast start-up combined with low power consumption.

The device is manufactured using the Atmel[®] high-density nonvolatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed in-system through an SPI serial interface, by a conventional nonvolatile memory programmer, or by an On-chip Boot program running on the AVR core. The boot program can use any interface to download the application program in the application Flash memory. Software in the Boot Flash section will continue to run while the Application Flash section is updated, providing true Read-While-Write operation. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-Programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the device is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 AVR is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C compilers, macro assemblers, program debugger/simulators, in-circuit emulators, and evaluation kits.

2.2 Pin Descriptions

2.2.1 VCC

Digital supply voltage.

2.2.2 GND

Ground.

2.2.3 Port B (PB7..PB0)

Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tristated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port B has better driving capabilities than the other ports.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the device as listed on page 74.

2.2.4 Port C (PC7,PC6)

Port C is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port C output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port C pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port C pins are tristated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Only bits 6 and 7 are present on the product pinout.

Port C also serves the functions of special features of the device as listed on page 77.

2.2.5 Port D (PD7..PD0)

Port D is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port D output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tristated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.



Port D also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 as listed on page 78.

2.2.6 Port E (PE6,PE2)

Port E is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port E output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port E pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port E pins are tristated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Only bits 2 and 6 are present on the product pinout.

Port E also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 as listed on page 81.

2.2.7 Port F (PF7..PF4, PF1,PF0)

Port F serves as analog inputs to the A/D Converter.

Port F also serves as an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port, if the A/D Converter channels are not used. Port pins can provide internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port F output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port F pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port F pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Bits 2 and 3 are not present on the product pinout.

Port F also serves the functions of the JTAG interface. If the JTAG interface is enabled, the pull-up resistors on pins PF7(TDI), PF5(TMS), and PF4(TCK) will be activated even if a reset occurs.

2.2.8 D-

USB Full speed / Low Speed Negative Data Upstream Port. Should be connected to the USB D- connector pin with a serial 22Ω resistor.

2.2.9 D+

USB Full speed / Low Speed Positive Data Upstream Port. Should be connected to the USB D+ connector pin with a serial 22Ω resistor.

2.2.10 UGND

USB Pads Ground.

2.2.11 UVCC

USB Pads Internal Regulator Input supply voltage.

2.2.12 UCAP

USB Pads Internal Regulator Output supply voltage. Should be connected to an external capacitor (1µF).

2.2.13 VBUS

USB VBUS monitor input.



2.2.14 **RESET**

Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running. The minimum pulse length is given in Table 8-2 on page 53. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

2.2.15 XTAL1

Input to the inverting Oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit.

2.2.16 XTAL2

Output from the inverting Oscillator amplifier.

2.2.17 AVCC

AVCC is the supply voltage pin (input) for all the A/D Converter channels. If the ADC is not used, it should be externally connected to V_{CC} . If the ADC is used, it should be connected to V_{CC} through a low-pass filter.

2.2.18 AREF

This is the analog reference pin (input) for the A/D Converter.



3. About

3.1 Disclaimer

Typical values contained in this datasheet are based on simulations and characterization of other AVR microcontrollers manufactured on the same process technology. Min. and Max. values will be available after the device is characterized.

3.2 Resources

A comprehensive set of development tools, application notes and datasheets are available for download on http://www.atmel.com/avr.

3.3 Code Examples

This documentation contains simple code examples that briefly show how to use various parts of the device. Be aware that not all C compiler vendors include bit definitions in the header files and interrupt handling in C is compiler dependent. Confirm with the C compiler documentation for more details.

These code examples assume that the part specific header file is included before compilation. For I/O registers located in extended I/O map, "IN", "OUT", "SBIS", "SBIC", "CBI", and "SBI" instructions must be replaced with instructions that allow access to extended I/O. Typically "LDS" and "STS" combined with "SBRS", "SBRC", "SBR", and "CBR".

3.4 Data Retention

Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1PPM over 20 years at 85°C or 100 years at 25°C.



4. Register Summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0xFF)	Reserved		-	-		-	-		-	· 3 -
(0xFE)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFD)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFC)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFB)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xFA)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF9)	Reserved		-	-				-	-	
(0xF8)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF7)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF6)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF5)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xF4)	UEINT	-			T	EPINT6:0	1	DVOTAGO		
(0xF3)	UEBCHX UEBCLX	-	-	-	- DV	- CT7:0		BYCT10:8		
(0xF2)	UEDATX					\T7:0				
(0xF1) (0xF0)	UEIENX	FLERRE	NAKINE	-	NAKOUTE	RXSTPE	RXOUTE	STALLEDE	TXINE	
(0xF0)	UESTA1X	FLERRE	INAKINE	-	NAKOUTE	- KASIPE	CTRLDIR		RBK1:0	
(0xEE)	UESTA0X	CFGOK	OVERFI	UNDERFI	-		EQ1:0		SYBK1:0	
(0xED)	UECFG1X	CIGOR	OVERT	EPSIZE2:0			K1:0	ALLOC	-	
(0xEC)	UECFG0X	FPTY	PE1:0	- -	-	-	-	-	EPDIR	
(0xEB)	UECONX		-	STALLRQ	STALLRQC	RSTDT	-	_	EPEN	
(0xEA)	UERST	-		J., LLING	J LLINGO	EPRST6:0	1	<u> </u>	2. 2.1	
(0xE9)	UENUM	-	-	-	-	-		EPNUM2:0		
(0xE8)	UEINTX	FIFOCON	NAKINI	RWAL	NAKOUTI	RXSTPI	RXOUTI	STALLEDI	TXINI	
(0xE7)	Reserved			-	-	-	-	_		
(0xE6)	UDMFN	-	-	-	FNCERR	-	-	-	-	
(0xE5)	UDFNUMH	-	-	-	-	-		FNUM10:8		
(0xE4)	UDFNUML				FNU	JM7:0				
(0xE3)	UDADDR	ADDEN				UADD6:0				
(0xE2)	UDIEN	-	UPRSME	EORSME	WAKEUPE	EORSTE	SOFE	MSOFE	SUSPE	
(0xE1)	UDINT	-	UPRSMI	EORSMI	WAKEUPI	EORSTI	SOFI	MSOFI	SUSPI	
(0xE0)	UDCON	-	-	-	-	RSTCPU	LSM	RMWKUP	DETACH	
(0xDF)	Reserved									
(0xDE)	Reserved									
(0xDD)	Reserved									
(0xDC)	Reserved									
(0xDB)	Reserved									
(0xDA)	USBINT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	VBUSTI	
(0xD9)	USBSTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	ID	VBUS	
(0xD8)	USBCON	USBE	-	FRZCLK	OTGPADE	-	-	-	VBUSTE	
(0xD7)	UHWCON	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	UVREGE	
(0xD6)	Reserved Reserved									
(0xD5) (0xD4)	DT4	DT4H3	DT4H2	DT4H1	DT4H0	DT4L3	DT4L2	DT4L1	DT4L0	
(0xD4)	Reserved	D14H3	D14H2	DIANI	D14H0	D14L3	D14L2	DIALI	D14L0	
(0xD3) (0xD2)	OCR4D			Time	er/Counter4 - Out	L put Compare Rec	l nister D		1	
(0xD1)	OCR4C				er/Counter4 - Out		•			
(0xD1)	OCR4B				er/Counter4 - Out					
(0xCF)	OCR4A				er/Counter4 - Out					
(0xCE)	UDR1					Data Register	-			
(0xCD)	UBRR1H	-	-	-	-		ISART1 Baud Ra	te Register High E	Byte	
(0xCC)	UBRR1L				JSART1 Baud Ra					
(0xCB)	UCSR1D	-	-	-	-	-	-	CTSEN	RTSEN	
(0xCA)	UCSR1C	UMSEL11	UMSEL10	UPM11	UPM10	USBS1	UCSZ11	UCSZ10	UCPOL1	
(0xC9)	UCSR1B	RXCIE1	TXCIE1	UDRIE1	RXEN1	TXEN1	UCSZ12	RXB81	TXB81	
(0xC8)	UCSR1A	RXC1	TXC1	UDRE1	FE1	DOR1	PE1	U2X1	MPCM1	
(0xC7)	CLKSTA	-	-	-	-	-	-	RCON	EXTON	
(0xC6)	CLKSEL1	RCCKSEL3	RCCKSEL2	RCCKSEL1	RCCKSEL0	EXCKSEL3	EXCKSEL2	EXCKSEL1	EXCKSEL0	
(0xC5)	CLKSEL0	RCSUT1	RCSUT0	EXSUT1	EXSUT0	RCE	EXTE	-	CLKS	
(0xC4)	TCCR4E	TLOCK4	ENHC4	OC4OE5	OC4OE4	OC4OE3	OC4OE2	OC4OE1	OC4OE0	
(0xC3)	TCCR4D	FPIE4	FPEN4	FPNC4	FPES4	FPAC4	FPF4	WGM41	WGM40	
(0xC2)	TCCR4C	COM4A1S	COM4A0S	COM4B1S	COM4B0S	COM4D1S	COM4D0S	FOC4D	PWM4D	
(0xC1)	TCCR4B	PWM4X	PSR4	DTPS41	DTPS40	CS43	CS42	CS41	CS40	
(0xC0)	TCCR4A	COM4A1	COM4A0	COM4B1	COM4B0	FOC4A	FOC4B	PWM4A	PWM4B	
(0xBF)	TC4H	-	-	-	-	-	Tim	ner/Counter4 High	i Byte	



(0xBD) TWAMR TWAM6 TWAM5 TWAM4 TWAM3 (0xBC) TWCR TWINT TWEA TWSTA TWSTO (0xBB) TWDR 2-wire Serial 1 (0xBA) TWAR TWA6 TWA5 TWA5 (0xB9) TWSR TWS7 TWS6 TWS5 TWS4 (0xB8) TWBR 2-wire Serial In 2-wire Serial In 1 <td< th=""><th>Bit 3</th><th>Bit 3</th><th>Bit 2</th><th>Bit 1</th><th>Bit 0</th><th>Page</th></td<>	Bit 3	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0x8B) TWOR	- Counter Register	er Register Lov	w Byte		•	
(0x8B)	3 TWAM2	TWAM2	TWAM1	TWAM0	-	
(0xBa)	O TWWC	TWWC	TWEN	-	TWIE	
(0x89) TWSR TWS7 TWS6 TWS5 TWS4 (0x88) TWS4 TWS7 Reserved	al Interface Data Re	ce Data Regis	ter	•	•	
(0x88) TWBR 2-wire Serial In (0x87) Reserved - - - -	TWA2	TWA2	TWA1	TWA0	TWGCE	
(0x86) Reserved	TWS3	TWS3	-	TWPS1	TWPS0	
(0x86) Reserved	Interface Bit Rate R	e Bit Rate Regi	ister	•	•	
(0x85) Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x84) Reserved						
(0x83) Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xB2) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xB0) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAF) Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAE) Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAE) Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAD) Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAC) Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAB) Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xAA) Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA9) Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA8) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA7) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA6) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA5) Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA4) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA3) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA3) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA2) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA1) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0xA0) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9F) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9E) Reserved - <	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9D) OCR3CH Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x9C) OCR3CL Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x9B) OCR3BH Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x9A) OCR3BL Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x99) OCR3AH Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x98) OCR3AL Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x97) ICR3H Timer/Counter3 - Ingut (0x96) ICR3L Timer/Counter3 - Ingut (0x95) TCNT3H Timer/Counter3 - Ingut (0x95) TCNT3H Timer/Counter3 - Ingut (0x94) TCNT3L Timer/Counter3 - Ingut (0x93) Reserved - - - (0x92) TCCR3C FOC3A - - - (0x91) TCCR3B ICNC3 ICES3 - WGM33 (0x90) TCCR3A COM3A1 COM3A0 COM3B1 COM3B0 (0x8F) Reserved - - - - - (0x8B) OCR1CH Timer/Counter1 - Output <t< td=""><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td></t<>	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9C) OCR3CL Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x9B) OCR3BH Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x9A) OCR3BL Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x99) OCR3AH Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x98) OCR3AL Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x97) ICR3H Timer/Counter3 - Input (0x96) ICR3L Timer/Counter3 - Input (0x95) TCNT3H Timer/Counter3 - Input (0x94) TCNT3L Timer/Counter3 - Input (0x93) Reserved - - - - (0x92) TCCR3C FOC3A - - - - (0x91) TCCR3B ICNC3 ICES3 - WGM33 (0x90) TCCR3A COM3A1 COM3A0 COM3B1 COM3B0 (0x8F) Reserved - - - - - (0x8B) OCR1CH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8C) OCR1CH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8B) OCR1BL Timer/Counter1 - Output <	Timer/Counter3 - Output Compare Register C High Byte					
(0x9B) OCR3BH Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x9A) OCR3BL Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x99) OCR3AH Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x98) OCR3AL Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x97) ICR3H Timer/Counter3 - Input (0x96) ICR3L Timer/Counter3 - Input (0x95) TCNT3H Timer/Counter3 - Input (0x94) TCNT3L Timer/Counter3 - Input (0x93) Reserved - - - (0x92) TCCR3C FOC3A - - - (0x91) TCCR3B ICNC3 ICES3 - WGM33 (0x90) TCCR3A COM3A1 COM3A0 COM3B1 COM3B0 (0x8F) Reserved - - - - - (0x8B) OCR1CH Timer/Counter1 - Output Output <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
(0x9A) OCR3BL Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x99) OCR3AH Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x98) OCR3AL Timer/Counter3 - Output (0x97) ICR3H Timer/Counter3 - Input (0x96) ICR3L Timer/Counter3 - Input (0x95) TCNT3H Timer/Counter3 - Input (0x94) TCNT3L Timer/Counter3 - Input (0x93) Reserved - - - - (0x92) TCCR3C FOC3A - - - - (0x91) TCCR3B ICNC3 ICES3 - WGM33 (0x90) TCCR3A COM3A1 COM3A0 COM3B1 COM3B0 (0x8F) Reserved - - - - - (0x8E) Reserved -						
(0x99) OCR3AH Timer/Counter3 - Outp (0x98) OCR3AL Timer/Counter3 - Outp (0x97) ICR3H Timer/Counter3 - Inp (0x96) ICR3L Timer/Counter3 - Inp (0x95) TCNT3H Timer/Counter3 - Inper/Counter3 - Inper/Counter4 - Inper/Co						
(0x98) OCR3AL Timer/Counter3 - Outp (0x97) ICR3H Timer/Counter3 - Inp (0x96) ICR3L Timer/Counter3 - Inp (0x95) TCNT3H Timer/Counter3 - Inp (0x94) TCNT3L Timer/Counter3 - Inp (0x93) Reserved - - - (0x92) TCCR3C FOC3A - - - (0x91) TCCR3B ICNC3 ICES3 - WGM33 (0x90) TCCR3A COM3A1 COM3A0 COM3B1 COM3B0 (0x8F) Reserved - - - - - (0x8E) Reserved - - - - - - (0x8D) OCR1CH Timer/Counter1 - Outp (0x8C) OCR1CL Timer/Counter1 - Outp (0x8B) OCR1BL Timer/Counter1 - Outp (0x8B) OCR1BL Timer/Counter1 - Outp (0x8B) OCR1AL Timer/Counter1 - Outp (0x8B) OCR1AL Timer/Counter1 - Outp (0x8B) Timer/Counter1						
(0x97) ICR3H Timer/Counter3 - Inp						
(0x96) ICR3L Timer/Counter3 - Ing (0x95) TCNT3H Timer/Counter3 - Ing (0x94) TCNT3L Timer/Counter3 - Ing (0x93) Reserved - - - (0x92) TCCR3C FOC3A - - - (0x91) TCCR3B ICNC3 ICES3 - WGM33 (0x90) TCCR3A COM3A1 COM3A0 COM3B1 COM3B0 (0x8F) Reserved - - - - (0x8E) Reserved - - - - - (0x8D) OCR1CH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8B) OCR1BH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8B) OCR1BH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8B) OCR1AL Timer/Counter1 - Ingut (0x8B) <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			•			
(0x95) TCNT3H Timer/Counter3 - (0x94) TCNT3L Timer/Counter3 - (0x93) Reserved - - - (0x92) TCCR3C FOC3A - - - (0x91) TCCR3B ICNC3 ICES3 - WGM33 (0x90) TCCR3A COM3A1 COM3A0 COM3B1 COM3B0 (0x8F) Reserved - - - - - (0x8E) Reserved -			• •			
(0x94) TCNT3L Timer/Counter3 - (0x93) Reserved - - - (0x92) TCCR3C FOC3A - - - (0x91) TCCR3B ICNC3 ICES3 - WGM33 (0x90) TCCR3A COM3A1 COM3A0 COM3B1 COM3B0 (0x8F) Reserved - - - - - (0x8E) Reserved -	- Counter Register I					
(0x93) Reserved - <						
(0x92) TCCR3C FOC3A - - - (0x91) TCCR3B ICNC3 ICES3 - WGM33 (0x90) TCCR3A COM3A1 COM3A0 COM3B1 COM3B0 (0x8F) Reserved - - - - - (0x8E) Reserved -	-		-	-	-	
(0x91) TCCR3B ICNC3 ICES3 - WGM33 (0x90) TCCR3A COM3A1 COM3A0 COM3B1 COM3B0 (0x8F) Reserved - - - - - - (0x8E) Reserved - - - - - (0x8D) (0x8C) OCR1CH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8C) OCR1CL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8B) OCR1BL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8A) OCR1BL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8B) OCR1AH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8B) OCR1AL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8B) OCR1AL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8B) ICR1H Timer/Counter1 - Input (0x8B) ICR1L Timer/Counter1 - Imput (0x8B) ICR1L Timer/Counter1 - Input (0x8B) ICR1L Timer/Counter1 - Imput (0x8B) ICR1L ICR	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x90) TCCR3A COM3A1 COM3A0 COM3B1 COM3B0 (0x8F) Reserved - - - - - (0x8E) Reserved -	3 WGM32	WGM32	CS32	CS31	CS30	
(0x8F) Reserved - <			COM3C0	WGM31	WGM30	
(0x8E) Reserved - <	-		-	-	-	
(0x8D) OCR1CH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8C) OCR1CL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8B) OCR1BH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8A) OCR1BL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x89) OCR1AH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x88) OCR1AL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x87) ICR1H Timer/Counter1 - Ingur/Counter1 - Ingur/Counter1 - Ingur/Counter1 - Ingur/Counter1 - Ingur/Counter1 - Timer/Counter1 - Timer/Counter1 - Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x85) TCNT1H Timer/Counter1 - Timer/Counter1 - Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x84) TCNT1L Timer/Counter1 - Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x83) Reserved - - - - (0x82) TCCR1C FOC1A FOC1B FOC1C - (0x81) TCCR1B ICNC1 ICES1 - WGM13 (0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0	-		-	-	-	
(0x8C) OCR1CL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8B) OCR1BH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8A) OCR1BL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x89) OCR1AH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x88) OCR1AL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x87) ICR1H Timer/Counter1 - Input (0x86) ICR1L Timer/Counter1 - Input (0x85) TCNT1H Timer/Counter1 - Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x84) TCNT1L Timer/Counter1 - Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x83) Reserved - - - (0x82) TCCR1C FOC1A FOC1B FOC1C - (0x81) TCCR1B ICNC1 ICES1 - WGM13 (0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - - -					1	
(0x8B) OCR1BH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x8A) OCR1BL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x89) OCR1AH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x88) OCR1AL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x87) ICR1H Timer/Counter1 - Input (0x86) ICR1L Timer/Counter1 - Input (0x85) TCNT1H Timer/Counter1 - Timer/Counter1 - Input (0x84) TCNT1L Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x83) Reserved - - - (0x82) TCCR1C FOC1A FOC1B FOC1C - (0x81) TCCR1B ICNC1 ICES1 - WGM13 (0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - - -						
(0x8A) OCR1BL Timer/Counter1 - Outp (0x89) OCR1AH Timer/Counter1 - Outp (0x88) OCR1AL Timer/Counter1 - Outp (0x87) ICR1H Timer/Counter1 - Inp (0x86) ICR1L Timer/Counter1 - Inp (0x85) TCNT1H Timer/Counter1 - Timer/Counter1 - Outp (0x84) TCNT1L Timer/Counter1 - Outp (0x83) Reserved - - - (0x82) TCCR1C FOC1A FOC1B FOC1C - (0x81) TCCR1B ICNC1 ICES1 - WGM13 (0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - - -						
(0x89) OCR1AH Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x88) OCR1AL Timer/Counter1 - Output (0x87) ICR1H Timer/Counter1 - Input (0x86) ICR1L Timer/Counter1 - Input (0x85) TCNT1H Timer/Counter1 - Input (0x84) TCNT1L Timer/Counter1 - Input (0x83) Reserved - - - - (0x82) TCCR1C FOC1A FOC1B FOC1C - (0x81) TCCR1B ICNC1 ICES1 - WGM13 (0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - - -						
(0x88) OCR1AL Timer/Counter1 - Outp (0x87) ICR1H Timer/Counter1 - Inp (0x86) ICR1L Timer/Counter1 - Inp (0x85) TCNT1H Timer/Counter1 - Inp (0x84) TCNT1L Timer/Counter1 - Inp (0x83) Reserved - - - (0x82) TCCR1C FOC1A FOC1B FOC1C - (0x81) TCCR1B ICNC1 ICES1 - WGM13 (0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - - -						
(0x87) ICR1H Timer/Counter1 - Inp (0x86) ICR1L Timer/Counter1 - Inp (0x85) TCNT1H Timer/Counter1 - Inp (0x84) TCNT1L Timer/Counter1 - Inper/Counter1 - Inper/Counter			0 ,			
(0x86) ICR1L Timer/Counter1 - Ing (0x85) TCNT1H Timer/Counter1 - Ing (0x84) TCNT1L Timer/Counter1 - (0x84) TCNT1L Timer/Counter1 - (0x83) Reserved - - - - - - - (0x82) TCCR1C FOC1A FOC1B FOC1C - (0x81) TCCR1B ICNC1 ICES1 - WGM13 (0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - - - - COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - - - - COM1B0						
(0x85) TCNT1H Timer/Counter1 - (0x84) TCNT1L Timer/Counter1 - (0x83) Reserved - - - - - - (0x82) TCCR1C FOC1A FOC1B FOC1C - (0x81) TCCR1B ICNC1 ICES1 - WGM13 (0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - - - - COM1B0 COM1B0 COM1B1 COM1B0 COM7F) DIDR1 - - - - -			• .			
(0x84) TCNT1L Timer/Counter1 - (0x83) Reserved - - - - (0x82) TCCR1C FOC1A FOC1B FOC1C - (0x81) TCCR1B ICNC1 ICES1 - WGM13 (0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - - -						
(0x83) Reserved - - - - (0x82) TCCR1C FOC1A FOC1B FOC1C - (0x81) TCCR1B ICNC1 ICES1 - WGM13 (0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - - -						
(0x82) TCCR1C FOC1A FOC1B FOC1C - (0x81) TCCR1B ICNC1 ICES1 - WGM13 (0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - - -	- Counter register		-	-	-	
(0x81) TCCR1B ICNC1 ICES1 - WGM13 (0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - -	-		-	-	-	
(0x80) TCCR1A COM1A1 COM1A0 COM1B1 COM1B0 (0x7F) DIDR1 - - - -			CS12	CS11	CS10	
(0x7F) DIDR1			COM1C0	WGM11	WGM10	
` '	- CONTCT		- COMITCO	- VVGIVITI	AIN0D	
(ONTE) DIDING ADCID ADCOD ADC4D			-	ADC1D	ADC0D	
(0x7D) DIDR2 ADC13D ADC12D						
(0.11.2)			ADC10D	ADC9D	ADC8D	
(0x7C) ADMUX REFS1 REFS0 ADLAR MUX4 (0x7B) ADCSRB ADHSM ACME MUX5 -	MUX3 ADTS3		MUX2 ADTS2	MUX1 ADTS1	MUX0 ADTS0	



Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0x7A)	ADCSRA	ADEN	ADSC	ADATE	ADIF	ADIE	ADPS2	ADPS1	ADPS0	
(0x79)	ADCH				ADC Data Re	gister High byte				
(0x78)	ADCL				ADC Data Re	egister Low byte				
(0x77)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x76)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x75)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x74)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x73)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x72)	TIMSK4	OCIE4D	OCIE4A	OCIE4B	-	-	TOIE4	-	-	
(0x71)	TIMSK3	-	-	ICIE3	-	OCIE3C	OCIE3B	OCIE3A	TOIE3	
(0x70)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x6F)	TIMSK1	-	-	ICIE1	-	OCIE1C	OCIE1B	OCIE1A	TOIE1	
(0x6E)	TIMSK0	-	-	-	-	-	OCIE0B	OCIE0A	TOIE0	
(0x6D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x6C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x6B)	PCMSK0	PCINT7	PCINT6	PCINT5	PCINT4	PCINT3	PCINT2	PCINT1	PCINT0	
(0x6A)	EICRB	-	-	ISC61	ISC60	-	-	-	-	
(0x69)	EICRA	ISC31	ISC30	ISC21	ISC20	ISC11	ISC10	ISC01	ISC00	
(0x68)	PCICR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PCIE0	
(0x67)	RCCTRL	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	RCFREQ	
(0x66)	OSCCAL		ļ		RC Oscillator C	L alibration Registe			KOTKEQ	
(0x65)	PRR1	PRUSB	-	-	PRTIM4	PRTIM3	-	-	PRUSART1	
(0x65) (0x64)	PRR1	PRUSB	-	PRTIM0	PRIIIVI4	PRTIM1	PRSPI	-	PROSARTI	
(0x63)	Reserved	-		-		-	-	_	-	
(0x63) (0x62)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
_ , ,	CLKPR		-	-	-			CLKPS1	CLKPS0	
(0x61)		CLKPCE				CLKPS3	CLKPS2			
(0x60)	WDTCSR	WDIF	WDIE	WDP3	WDCE	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	
0x3F (0x5F)	SREG	I ODIE	T	H	S	V	N	Z	C	
0x3E (0x5E)	SPH	SP15	SP14	SP13	SP12	SP11	SP10	SP9	SP8	
0x3D (0x5D)	SPL	SP7	SP6	SP5	SP4	SP3	SP2	SP1	SP0	
0x3C (0x5C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x3B (0x5B)	RAMPZ	-	-	-	-	-	-	RAMPZ1	RAMPZ0	
0x3A (0x5A)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x39 (0x59)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x38 (0x58)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x37 (0x57)	SPMCSR	SPMIE	RWWSB	SIGRD	RWWSRE	BLBSET	PGWRT	PGERS	SPMEN	
0x36 (0x56)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x35 (0x55)	MCUCR	JTD	-	-	PUD	-	-	IVSEL	IVCE	
0x34 (0x54)	MCUSR	-	-	USBRF	JTRF	WDRF	BORF	EXTRF	PORF	
0x33 (0x53)	SMCR	-	-	-	-	SM2	SM1	SM0	SE	
0x32 (0x52)	PLLFRQ	PINMUX	PLLUSB	PLLTM1	PLLTM0	PDIV3	PDIV2	PDIV1	PDIV0	
0,24 (0,54)	OCDR/	OCDR7	OCDR6	OCDR5	OCDR4	OCDR3	OCDR2	OCDR1	OCDR0	
0x31 (0x51)	MONDR				Monitor D	ata Register	•		•	
0x30 (0x50)	ACSR	ACD	ACBG	ACO	ACI	ACIE	ACIC	ACIS1	ACIS0	
0x2F (0x4F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x2E (0x4E)	SPDR		•		SPI Dat	ta Register	•			
0x2D (0x4D)	SPSR	SPIF	WCOL	-	-	-	-	-	SPI2X	
0x2C (0x4C)	SPCR	SPIE	SPE	DORD	MSTR	CPOL	CPHA	SPR1	SPR0	
0x2B (0x4B)	GPIOR2		•		General Purpo	se I/O Register 2			•	
0x2A (0x4A)	GPIOR1					se I/O Register 1				
0x29 (0x49)	PLLCSR	-	-	-	PINDIV	-	-	PLLE	PLOCK	
0x28 (0x48)	OCR0B	1	1		ner/Counter0 Outr	ut Compare Reg	ister B	1	1	
0x27 (0x47)	OCR0A	1				out Compare Reg				
0x26 (0x46)	TCNT0	 				unter0 (8 Bit)				
0x25 (0x45)	TCCR0B	FOC0A	FOC0B	-	-	WGM02	CS02	CS01	CS00	
0x24 (0x44)	TCCR0A	COM0A1	COM0A0	COM0B1	COM0B0	-	-	WGM01	WGM00	
0x23 (0x43)	GTCCR	TSM	-	-	-	-	_	PSRASY	PSRSYNC	
0x23 (0x43) 0x22 (0x42)	EEARH	-	-	-	-		EPROM Addros	s Register High B	1	
0x21 (0x41)	EEARL	 	I -			s Register Low B		a register High B	y to	
0x21 (0x41) 0x20 (0x40)	EEDR	 		<u>'</u>		Data Register	,			
0x20 (0x40) 0x1F (0x3F)	EECR	-	_	EEPM1	EEPROM I	EERIE	EEMPE	EEPE	EERE	
0x1F (0x3F) 0x1E (0x3E)	GPIOR0		<u> </u>	CCLINII		se I/O Register 0	CEIVIPE	CCPE	EERE	
		 	INITO		General Purpo		INITO	INIT4	INTO	
0x1D (0x3D)	EIMSK	-	INT6	-	-	INT3	INT2	INT1	INTO	
0x1C (0x3C)	EIFR PCIFR	-	INTF6	-	-	INTF3	INTF2	INTF1	INTF0	
0x1B (0x3B)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PCIF0	
0.44 (0.04)										
0x1A (0x3A)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	- TOV/4	-	-	
0x1A (0x3A) 0x19 (0x39) 0x18 (0x38)		OCF4D	- OCF4A -	OCF4B	-	- OCF3C	TOV4 OCF3B	- OCF3A	TOV3	



Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
0x17 (0x37)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x16 (0x36)	TIFR1	-	-	ICF1	-	OCF1C	OCF1B	OCF1A	TOV1	
0x15 (0x35)	TIFR0	-	-	-	-	-	OCF0B	OCF0A	TOV0	
0x14 (0x34)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x13 (0x33)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x12 (0x32)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x11 (0x31)	PORTF	PORTF7	PORTF6	PORTF5	PORTF4	-	-	PORTF1	PORTF0	
0x10 (0x30)	DDRF	DDF7	DDF6	DDF5	DDF4	-	-	DDF1	DDF0	
0x0F (0x2F)	PINF	PINF7	PINF6	PINF5	PINF4	-	-	PINF1	PINF0	
0x0E (0x2E)	PORTE	-	PORTE6	-	-	-	PORTE2	-	-	
0x0D (0x2D)	DDRE	-	DDE6	-	-	-	DDE2	-	-	
0x0C (0x2C)	PINE	-	PINE6	-	-	-	PINE2	-	-	
0x0B (0x2B)	PORTD	PORTD7	PORTD6	PORTD5	PORTD4	PORTD3	PORTD2	PORTD1	PORTD0	
0x0A (0x2A)	DDRD	DDD7	DDD6	DDD5	DDD4	DDD3	DDD2	DDD1	DDD0	
0x09 (0x29)	PIND	PIND7	PIND6	PIND5	PIND4	PIND3	PIND2	PIND1	PIND0	
0x08 (0x28)	PORTC	PORTC7	PORTC6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x07 (0x27)	DDRC	DDC7	DDC6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x06 (0x26)	PINC	PINC7	PINC6	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x05 (0x25)	PORTB	PORTB7	PORTB6	PORTB5	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	
0x04 (0x24)	DDRB	DDB7	DDB6	DDB5	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	
0x03 (0x23)	PINB	PINB7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	
0x02 (0x22)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x01 (0x21)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0x00 (0x20)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Note:

- 1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.
- 2. I/O registers within the address range \$00 \$1F are directly bit-accessible using the SBI and CBI instructions. In these registers, the value of single bits can be checked by using the SBIS and SBIC instructions.
- 3. Some of the status flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that the CBI and SBI instructions will operate on all bits in the I/O register, writing a one back into any flag read as set, thus clearing the flag. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.
- 4. When using the I/O specific commands IN and OUT, the I/O addresses \$00 \$3F must be used. When addressing I/O registers as data space using LD and ST instructions, \$20 must be added to these addresses. The ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 is a complex microcontroller with more peripheral units than can be supported within the 64 location reserved in Opcode for the IN and OUT instructions. For the Extended I/O space from \$60 \$1FF in SRAM, only the ST/STS/STD and LD/LDS/LDD instructions can be used.



5. Instruction Set Summary

Mnomonios	Operando	Description	Operation	Flogo	#Clocks
Mnemonics	Operands	Description TO AND LOCIC INSTRUCTIONS	Operation	Flags	#CIUCKS
ADD	Rd, Rr	TIC AND LOGIC INSTRUCTIONS Add two Registers	Rd ← Rd + Rr	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADIW	Rdl,K	Add Immediate to Word	Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl + K	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract two Registers	Rd ← Rd - Rr	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	Rd ← Rd - K	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry two Registers	Rd ← Rd - Rr - C	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	Rd ← Rd - K - C	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBIW	Rdl,K	Subtract Immediate from Word	Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl - K	Z,C,N,V,S	2
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	Rd ← Rd • Rr	Z,N,V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet K$	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	Rd ← Rd v Rr	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	Rd ← 0xFF – Rd	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	Rd ← 0x00 – Rd	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	Rd ← Rd v K	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	Rd ← Rd • (0xFF - K)	Z,N,V	1
INC DEC	Rd Rd	Increment Decrement	Rd ← Rd + 1 Rd ← Rd − 1	Z,N,V Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	Ra ← Ra − 1 Rd ← Rd • Rd	Z,N,V Z,N,V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$ $Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z,N,V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	None	1
MUL	Rd, Rr	Multiply Unsigned	R1:R0 ← Rd x Rr	Z,C	2
MULS	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed	R1:R0 ← Rd x Rr	Z,C	2
MULSU	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed with Unsigned	R1:R0 ← Rd x Rr	Z,C	2
FMUL	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Unsigned	R1:R0 ← (Rd x Rr) << 1	Z,C	2
FMULS	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed	R1:R0 ← (Rd x Rr) << 1	Z,C	2
FMULSU	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \ll 1$	Z,C	2
	В	RANCH INSTRUCTIONS			
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	PC ← PC + k + 1	None	2
IJMP		Indirect Jump to (Z)	PC ← Z	None	2
EIJMP		Extended Indirect Jump to (Z)	PC ←(EIND:Z)	None	2
JMP	k	Direct Jump	PC ← k	None	3
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	PC ← PC + k + 1	None	4
ICALL		Indirect Call to (Z)	$ PC \leftarrow Z $ $ PC \leftarrow (EIND:Z) $	None	4
EICALL		Extended Indirect Call to (Z)	` ,	None	4
CALL	k	Direct Subroutine Call	PC ← k	None	5
RET		Subroutine Return	PC ← STACK	None	5 5
RETI CPSE	Dd Dr	Interrupt Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$ if (Rd = Rr) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd,Rr Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal Compare	Rd − Rr	Z, N,V,C,H	1/2/3
CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	Rd – Rr – C	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPI	Rd,K	Compare Register with Immediate	Rd – K	Z, N,V,C,H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if $(Rr(b)=0) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if (Rr(b)=1) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC←PC+k + 1	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC←PC+k + 1	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if $(Z = 1)$ then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if $(Z = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if (C = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLO	k .	Branch if Lower	if (C = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if $(N = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if (N = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLT	k k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if (N ⊕ V= 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHS BRHC	k k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Set Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	if $(H = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$ if $(H = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTS	к k	Branch if Hair Carry Flag Cleared Branch if T Flag Set	if (H = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 if (T = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T Flag Cleared	if $(T = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if $(V = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
DIVVO	, n	Dianorii Overilow i lag is set	11 (V = 1) UIGH FO ← FO T K T I	140110	1/4



Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
BRVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared	if (V = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
		D BIT-TEST INSTRUCTIONS		1	1
SBI	P,b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 1	None	2
CBI	P,b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 0	None	2
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	$Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), Rd(7) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
ROL ROR	Rd Rd	Rotate Left Through Carry Rotate Right Through Carry	$Rd(0)\leftarrow C,Rd(n+1)\leftarrow Rd(n),C\leftarrow Rd(7)$ $Rd(7)\leftarrow C,Rd(n)\leftarrow Rd(n+1),C\leftarrow Rd(0)$	Z,C,N,V Z,C,N,V	1 1
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), n=06$	Z,C,N,V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	$Rd(30) \leftarrow Rd(74), Rd(74) \leftarrow Rd(30)$	None	1
BSET	s	Flag Set	SREG(s) ← 1	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	s	Flag Clear	SREG(s) ← 0	SREG(s)	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	$T \leftarrow Rr(b)$	Т	1
BLD	Rd, b	Bit load from T to Register	$Rd(b) \leftarrow T$	None	1
SEC		Set Carry	C ← 1	С	1
CLC		Clear Carry	C ← 0	С	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 0	N	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	Z ← 0	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	I ← 1	1	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	1←0	I	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Twos Complement Overflow.	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Twos Complement Overflow Set T in SREG	V ← 0 T ← 1	T	1
SET CLT		Clear T in SREG	T ← 0	T	1
SEH		Set Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 1	H	1
CLH		Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	H	1
	DATA	TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS	-	ı	l
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move Between Registers	Rd ← Rr	None	1
MOVW	Rd, Rr	Copy Register Word	Rd+1:Rd ← Rr+1:Rr	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	Rd ← K	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, X+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (X), X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, - X	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1$, $Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Y), Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, - Y	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1$, $Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LDD	Rd,Y+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Y + q)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Z)	None	2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	2
LD	Rd, -Z	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1$, $Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LDD	Rd, Z+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Z + q)$	None	2
LDS ST	Rd, k	Load Direct from SRAM Store Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (k)$ $(X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	X, Rr X+, Rr	Store Indirect Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(X) \leftarrow Rr$ $(X) \leftarrow Rr, X \leftarrow X + 1$	None None	2
ST	- X, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-inc. Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$(X) \leftarrow RI, X \leftarrow X + I$ $X \leftarrow X - 1, (X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	- x, Ri Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Fre-Dec.	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr, Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
ST	- Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1, (Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Y+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	(Y + q) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect	(Z) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Z) \leftarrow Rr, Z \leftarrow Z + 1$	None	2
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1$, $(Z) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Z+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Z + q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	(k) ← Rr	None	2
LPM		Load Program Memory	R0 ← (Z)	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z	Load Program Memory	Rd ← (Z)	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z+	Load Program Memory and Post-Inc	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	3
ELPM		Extended Load Program Memory	R0 ← (RAMPZ:Z)	None	3
ELPM	Rd, Z	Extended Load Program Memory	Rd ← (Z)	None	3
ELPM	Rd, Z+	Extended Load Program Memory	Rd ← (RAMPZ:Z), RAMPZ:Z ←RAMPZ:Z+1	None	3
SPM	D. D	Store Program Memory	(Z) ← R1:R0	None	-
IN	Rd, P	In Port	$Rd \leftarrow P$	None	1



Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
OUT	P, Rr	Out Port	P ← Rr	None	1
PUSH	Rr	Push Register on Stack	STACK ← Rr	None	2
POP	Rd	Pop Register from Stack	Rd ← STACK	None	2
	MCU	CONTROL INSTRUCTIONS			
NOP		No Operation		None	1
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific description for Sleep function)	None	1
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific description for WDR/timer)	None	1
BREAK		Break	For On-chip Debug Only	None	N/A



Ordering Information 6.

6.1 ATmega16U4

Speed [MHz]	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Default Oscillator	Package	Operation Range
		ATmega16U4-AU	External XTAL	44ML	
16 2		ATmega16U4RC-AU	Internal Calib. RC	44IVIL	Industrial (-40° to +85°C)
	2.7 - 5.5V	ATmega16U4-MU (1)(2)(3)	External XTAL	44PW	
		ATmega16U4RC-MU	Internal Calib. RC	447 VV	

Notes:

- 1. For more information on running the USB from internal RC oscillator consult application note AVR291: 8MHz Internal Oscillator Calibration for USB Low Speed on Atmel ATmega32U4RC.
- USB operation from internal RC oscillator is only guaranteed for 0°C to 40°C.
 These parts are shipped with no USB bootloader pre-programmed.

Package Type						
44ML	ML, 44 - Lead, 10 x 10mm Body Size, 1.0mm Body Thickness 0.8mm Lead Pitch, Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)					
44PW	PW, 44 - Lead 7.0 x 7.0mm Body, 0.50mm Pitch Quad Flat No Lead Package (QFN)					



6.2 ATmega32U4

Speed [MHz]	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Default Oscillator	Package	Operation Range	
		ATmega32U4-AU	External XTAL	44ML		
	2.7 - 5.5V	ATmega32U4RC-AU	Internal Calib. RC			
16		ATmega32U4-MU ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	External XTAL		Industrial (-40° to +85°C)	
		ATmega32U4RC-MU ⁽¹⁾	Internal Calib. RC	44PW		

Notes:

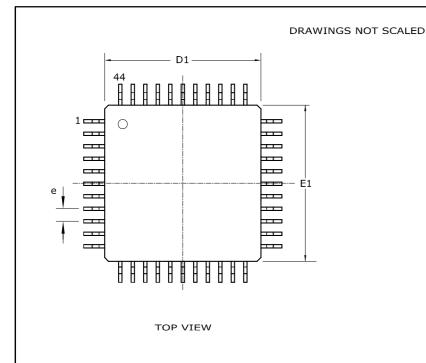
- 1. For more information on running the USB from internal RC oscillator consult application note AVR291: 8MHz Internal Oscillator Calibration for USB Low Speed on Atmel ATmega32U4RC.
- 2. USB operation from internal RC oscillator is only guaranteed for 0°C to 40°C.
- 3. These parts are shipped with no USB bootloader pre-programmed.

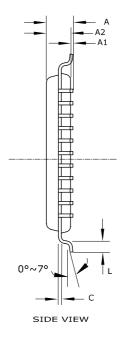
Package Type						
44ML	ML, 44 - Lead, 10 x 10mm Body Size, 1.0mm Body Thickness 0.8mm Lead Pitch, Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)					
44PW	PW, 44 - Lead 7.0 x 7.0mm Body, 0.50mm Pitch Quad Flat No Lead Package (QFN)					

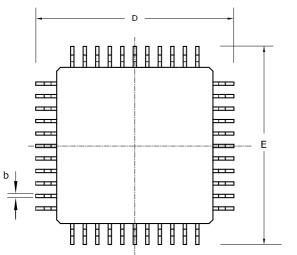


Packaging Information 7.

7.1 TQFP44







COMMON DIMENSIONS (Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
А			1.20	
A1	0.05		0.15	
A2	0.95	1.00	1.05	
D/E	11.75	12.00	12.25	
D1/E1	9.90	10.00	10.10	2
С	0.09	0.17	0.20	
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	
b	0.30	0.37	0.45	
e	0.80 TYP			
n	44			

Notes: 1. This drawing is for general information only. Refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-026, Variation ACB.
2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.25mm per side.

- Dimensions D1 and E1 are maximum plastic body size dimensions including mold mismatch.

3. Lead coplanarity is 0.10mm maximum.

02/06/2014



Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com

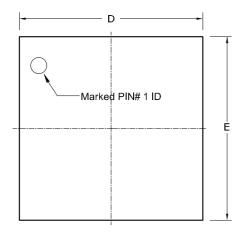
BOTTOM VIEW

	TITLE	GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
1	ML, 44 Lds - 0.80mm Pitch, 10x10x1.00mm Body size Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)	AIX	ML	J

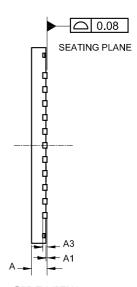


7.2 QFN44

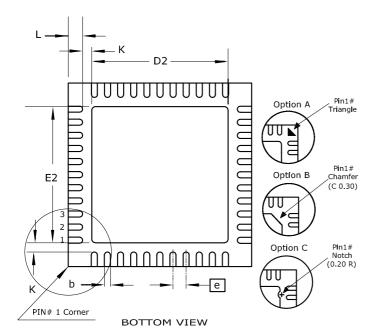
DRAWINGS NOT SCALED







SIDE VIEW



COMMON DIMENSIONS

(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
А	0.80		1.00	
A1		0.02	0.05	
А3		0.20 REI	F	
D/E	6.90	7.00	7.10	
D2/E2	5.00	5.20	5.40	
L	0.45	0.55	0.65	
К		0.35		
b	0.18	0.23	0.30	2
е		0.50 BS		
n		44		

Notes: 1. This drawing is for general information only. Refer to JEDEC Drawing MO-220, Variation VKKD-1 for proper dimensions, tolerances, datums, etc.

2. Dimension b applies to metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.

If the terminal has the optical radius on the other end of the terminal, the dimension should not be measured in that radius area.

02/17/2012







8. Errata

The revision letter in this section refers to the revision of the ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 device.

8.1 ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 Rev E

- . Spike on TWI pins when TWI is enabled
- High current consumption in sleep mode
- MSB of OCR4A/B/D is write only in 11-bits enhanced PWM mode

1. Spike on TWI pins when TWI is enabled

100 ns negative spike occurs on SDA and SCL pins when TWI is enabled.

Problem Fix/work around

Enable ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 TWI before the other nodes of the TWI network.

2. High current consumption in sleep mode

If a pending interrupt cannot wake the part up from the selected mode, the current consumption will increase during sleep when executing the SLEEP instruction directly after a SEI instruction.

Problem Fix/work around

Before entering sleep, interrupts not used to wake up the part from the sleep mode should be disabled.

3. MSB of OCR4A/B/D is write only in 11-bits enhanced PWM mode

In the 11-bits enhanced PWM mode the MSB of OCR4A/B/D is write only. A read of OCR4A/B/D will always return zero in the MSB position.

Problem Fix/work around

None.

8.2 ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 Rev D

- · Spike on TWI pins when TWI is enabled
- High current consumption in sleep mode
- Timer 4 11-bits enhanced PWM mode

1. Spike on TWI pins when TWI is enabled

100 ns negative spike occurs on SDA and SCL pins when TWI is enabled.

Problem Fix/work around

Enable ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 TWI before the other nodes of the TWI network.

2. High current consumption in sleep mode

If a pending interrupt cannot wake the part up from the selected mode, the current consumption will increase during sleep when executing the SLEEP instruction directly after a SEI instruction.

Problem Fix/work around

Before entering sleep, interrupts not used to wake up the part from the sleep mode should be disabled.

3. Timer 4 11-bits enhanced PWM mode

Timer 4 11-bits enhanced mode is not functional.

Problem Fix/work around

None.



8.3 ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 Rev C

Not sampled

8.4 ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 Rev B

- . Spike on TWI pins when TWI is enabled
- · High current consumption in sleep mode
- Incorrect execution of VBUSTI interrupt
- Timer 4 11-bits enhanced PWM mode

1. Spike on TWI pins when TWI is enabled

100 ns negative spike occurs on SDA and SCL pins when TWI is enabled.

Problem Fix/work around

Enable ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 TWI before the other nodes of the TWI network.

2. High current consumption in sleep mode

If a pending interrupt cannot wake the part up from the selected mode, the current consumption will increase during sleep when executing the SLEEP instruction directly after a SEI instruction.

Problem Fix/work around

Before entering sleep, interrupts not used to wake up the part from the sleep mode should be disabled.

3. Incorrect execution of VBUSTI interrupt

The CPU may incorrectly execute the interrupt vector related to the VBUSTI interrupt flag.

Problem fix/work around

Do not enable this interrupt. Firmware must process this USB event by polling VBUSTI.

4. Timer 4 11-bits enhanced PWM mode

Timer 4 11-bits enhanced mode is not functional.

Problem Fix/work around

None.

8.5 ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 Rev A

- . Spike on TWI pins when TWI is enabled
- High current consumption in sleep mode
- Increased power consumption in power-down mode
- · Internal RC oscillator start up may fail
- Internal RC oscillator calibration
- Incorrect execution of VBUSTI interrupt
- Timer 4 enhanced mode issue

1. Spike on TWI pins when TWI is enabled

100 ns negative spike occurs on SDA and SCL pins when TWI is enabled.

Problem Fix/work around

Enable ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4 TWI before the other nodes of the TWI network.

2. High current consumption in sleep mode



If a pending interrupt cannot wake the part up from the selected mode, the current consumption will increase during sleep when executing the SLEEP instruction directly after a SEI instruction.

Problem Fix/work around

Before entering sleep, interrupts not used to wake up the part from the sleep mode should be disabled.

3. Increased power consumption in power-down mode

The typical power consumption is increased by about 30 µA in power-down mode.

Problem Fix/work around

None.

4. Internal RC oscillator start up may fail

When the part is configured to start on internal RC oscillator, the oscillator may not start properly after power-on.

Problem Fix/work around

Do not configure the part to start on internal RC oscillator.

5. Internal RC oscillator calibration

8 MHz frequency can be impossible to reach with internal RC even when using maximal OSCAL value.

Problem Fix/work around

None.

6. Incorrect execution of VBUSTI interrupt

The CPU may incorrectly execute the interrupt vector related to the VBUSTI interrupt flag.

Problem fix/work around

Do not enable this interrupt. Firmware must process this USB event by polling VBUSTI.

7. Timer 4 11-bits enhanced PWM mode

Timer 4 11-bits enhanced mode is not functional.

Problem Fix/work around

None.



9. Datasheet Revision History for ATmega16U4/ATmega32U4

Note that the referring page numbers in this section are referred to this document. The referring revision in this section are referring to the document revision.

9.1 Rev. 7766J - 04/2016

"Memory Programming" on page 353: Updated number of words in a page and number of pages in the Flash and EEPROM for ATmega16U4 and ATmega32U4. Refer to Table 28-11 and Table 28-12 on page 359.

9.2 Rev. 7766I - 07/2015

- 1. Applied Atmel brands throughout the contents and reorganized the contents.
- 2. Updated "Power Management and Sleep Modes" on page 43. Part of contents was missing.

9.3 Rev. 7766H - 06/2014

1.	The first section in "Phase and Frequency Correct PWM Mode" on page 154 has been corrected.
2.	Several corrections are made according to the new template.
3.	Trademarks are added to the last page.
4	Removed preliminary on the front page
5	Updated with new datasheet template from 05-2014
6.	Updated description of parts pre-programed with a default USB bootloader in Features on page 2.
7.	Added three footnotes for the RC part numbers in Section 6., "Ordering Information" on page 16.
8.	Removed footnote on Frequency range inTable 6-3 on page 30 and Table 6-7 on page 32.
9.	Updated values and removed footnote in Table 8-3 on page 55.
10.	Removed column V _{CC} =1.5 - 5.5V in Table 29-2 on page 385.
11.	Changed footnote for Table 29-2 on page 385.
12.	Added max value for Rise/Fall time in Table 29-4 on page 387.



9.4 Rev. 7766G - 02/2014

1.	Updated the "Description" on page 177 of the "Output Compare Modulator (OCM1C0A)". Specified when the logical AND and the logical OR will be performed based on the PORTB7.
2.	Updated "USART Control and Status Register n D- UCSRnD" on page 213. "Bits 7:2 - Reserved" are Read only.
3.	Updated "Crystal-less Operation" on page 259. The temperature range changed to "within the 0°C and +40°C.
4.	MUX bit in "ADC Control and Status Register B – ADCSRB" on page 294 changed to R/W.
5.	Updated Table 24-6 on page 318. Trigger Source: Timer/Counter0 Compare Match updated to Timer/Counter0 Compare Match A.
6.	Updated "DC Characteristics" on page 383. Added Active 16MHz, V_{CC} = 5V, max. 27mA, in "Icc / Power supply current".
7.	Updated "Register Summary" on page 9. Added UCSRnD at the address CBh.
8.	Replaced the "TQFP44" on page 18 and "QFN44" on page 19 by updated package drawings.
9.	Updated the last page according to Atmel new Brand Style Guide (new logo).

9.5 Rev. 7766F - 11/10

1.	Replaced the "QFN44" on page 19 by an updated drawing.
2.	Updated "ADC Control and Status Register B – ADCSRB" on page 294. Defined the ADCSRB register as in "ADC Control and Status Register B – ADCSRB" on page 317.
3.	Updated the last page according to Atmel new Brand Style Guide.

9.6 Rev. 7766E - 04/10

1.	Updated "Features" on page 1.
2.	Updated "Features" on page 256.
3.	Updated Figure 21-9 on page 261.
4.	Updated Section 21.8 on page 263.
5.	Updated "Features" on page 297.
6.	Updated "Boundary-scan Order" on page 332.
7.	Updated "Program And Data Memory Lock Bits" on page 353.
8.	Updated Table 28-5 on page 355.
9.	Updated "Electrical Characteristics" on page 383.
10.	Updated Figure 29-2 on page 386.



- 11. Added "Typical Characteristics" on page 392.
 12. Updated "Ordering Information" on page 16.
 13. Updated "Errata" on page 21.
- 9.7 Rev. 7766D 01/09
 - 1. Updated Memory section in "Features" on page 1.
 - 2. Added section "Resources" on page 8.
 - 3. Added section "Data Retention" on page 8.
 - 4. Updated "Ordering Information" on page 16.

9.8 Rev. 7766C - 11/08

1. Updated Memory section in "Features" on page 1.

9.9 Rev. 7766B - 11/08

- Added ATmega16U4 device.
- 2. Created errata section and added ATmega16U4.
- 3. Updated High Speed Timer, asynchronous description Section 15. on page 139

9.10 Rev. 7766A - 07/08

Initial revision















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