

Stretch click



PID: MIKROE-2064

RS Product Code: [136-0787](#)

Stretch click is a mikroBUS™ add-on board with circuitry for measuring stretch forces with conductive rubber cords. The click has screw terminals for connecting 2mm-diameter conductive rubber cord. The resistance of the cord increases when stretched, impacting the voltage available on the AN pin. Stretch click is designed to use either a 3.3V or 5V power supply.

In a 'relaxed' state, the resistance is about 130 ohms per centimetre. As you pull on it, the resistance increases (the particles get further apart). As you stretch it out, the resistance increases. So let's say you have a 15cm piece - that's about 2.1 Kohms.

Stretch it to 25cm long and now it is $26/15 * 2.1K = 3.5$ Kohms. You can stretch the rubber about 50-70% longer than the resting length, so a 15cm piece shouldn't be stretched more than 25cm. Once the force is released, the rubber will shrink back, although it's not very "fast" and it takes a minute or two to revert to its original length. It's not a true linear sensor, and the resistance may vary from batch to batch, so we consider it a way to measure stretching motion but isn't really precise.

One meter of conductive rubber cord and two alligator clips are included in the package.

Specification

Product Type	Miscellaneous
Applications	Stretch force measurement
On-board modules	Circuitry for measuring stretch forces with conductive rubber cords
Key Features	Rubber cord with 140-160 ohms per centimetre resistance included (2mm diameter, 1m long)
Key Benefits	Stretch force measurement with rubber cord
Power Supply	3.3V or 5V
Compatibility	mikroBUS
Click board size	S (28.6 x 25.4 mm)
Weight	25g

Programming

The following code snippet demonstrates the use of Stretch click.

```
1 static uint16_t read_sensor()
2 {
3     uint16_t adc_rd;
4     adc_rd = ADC1_Get_Sample(8); // Get ADC value from channel
5     Delay_ms(10);                // Pause 10ms
6     return adc_rd;
7 }
8
9 static void init_adc()
10 {
11     AD1PCFGL = 0xFFEF;           // Set RA8 as input
12     AD1PCFGH = 0xFFFF;         // ALL other pins are digital
13     ADC1_Init();                // Initialize ADC
14     Delay_ms(100);
15 }
16
17 void main()
18 {
19     char txt[30];
20     uint16_t adc_reading;
21     init_adc();
22
23     while(1)
24     {
25         adc_reading = read_sensor();
26         TFT_Set_Font( &TFT_defaultFont, CL_WHITE, FO_HORIZONTAL );
27         WordToStr( adc_reading, &txt );
28         TFT_Write_Text( txt, 140, 100 );
29         Delay_ms( 500 );
30     }
31 }
```

Code examples that demonstrate the usage of Stretch click with MikroElektronika hardware, written for mikroC, mikroBasic and mikroPascal for AVR, dsPIC, FT90x, PIC and PIC32 are available on Libstock.

Downloads

[Stretch click Examples](#)

[Stretch click Schematic](#)