

# BFU580G

NPN wideband silicon RF transistor

Rev. 1 — 28 April 2014

Product data sheet

## 1. Product profile

### 1.1 General description

NPN silicon microwave transistor for high speed, medium power applications in a plastic, 4-pin SOT223 package.

The BFU580G is part of the BFU5 family of transistors, suitable for small signal to medium power applications up to 2 GHz.

### 1.2 Features and benefits

- Low noise, high linearity, high breakdown RF transistor
- AEC-Q101 qualified
- Minimum noise figure ( $NF_{min}$ ) = 0.75 dB at 900 MHz
- Maximum stable gain 15.5 dB at 900 MHz
- 11 GHz  $f_T$  silicon technology

### 1.3 Applications

- Applications requiring high supply voltages and high breakdown voltages
- Broadband amplifiers up to 2 GHz
- Low noise, high linearity amplifiers for ISM applications
- Automotive applications (e.g., antenna amplifiers)

### 1.4 Quick reference data

Table 1. Quick reference data

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$  unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CB}$	collector-base voltage	open emitter	-	-	24	V
$V_{CE}$	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	12	V
		shorted base	-	-	24	V
$V_{EB}$	emitter-base voltage	open collector	-	-	2	V
$I_C$	collector current		-	30	60	mA
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_{sp} \leq 120\text{ °C}$ [1]	-	-	1000	mW
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$	60	95	130	
$C_c$	collector capacitance	$V_{CB} = 8\text{ V}$ ; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	-	1.1	-	pF
$f_T$	transition frequency	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ ; $f = 900\text{ MHz}$	-	11	-	GHz



**Table 1. Quick reference data ...continued**

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$G_{p(max)}$	maximum power gain	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ ; $f = 900\text{ MHz}$ [2]	-	15.5	-	dB
$NF_{min}$	minimum noise figure	$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ ; $f = 900\text{ MHz}$ ; $\Gamma_S = \Gamma_{opt}$	-	0.75	-	dB
$P_{L(1dB)}$	output power at 1 dB gain compression	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ ; $Z_S = Z_L = 50\text{ }\Omega$ ; $f = 900\text{ MHz}$	-	13	-	dBm

[1]  $T_{sp}$  is the temperature at the solder point of the collector lead.

[2] If  $K > 1$  then  $G_{p(max)}$  is the maximum power gain. If  $K < 1$  then  $G_{p(max)} = MSG$ .

## 2. Pinning information

**Table 2. Discrete pinning**

Pin	Description	Simplified outline	Graphic symbol
1	emitter		<p style="text-align: center;"><i>mbb159</i></p>
2	base		
3	emitter		
4	collector		

## 3. Ordering information

**Table 3. Ordering information**

Type number	Package		Version
	Name	Description	
BFU580G	-	plastic surface-mounted package with increased heatsink; 4 leads	SOT223
OM7966	-	Customer evaluation kit for BFU580G and BFU590G [1]	-

[1] The customer evaluation kit contains the following:

- a) Unpopulated RF amplifier Printed-Circuit Board (PCB)
- b) Unpopulated RF amplifier Printed-Circuit Board (PCB) with emitter degeneration
- c) Four SMA connectors for fitting unpopulated Printed-Circuit Board (PCB)
- d) BFU580G and BFU590G samples
- e) USB stick with data sheets, application notes, models, S-parameter and noise files

## 4. Marking

**Table 4. Marking**

Type number	Marking
BFU580G	BFU580

## 5. Design support

**Table 5. Available design support**

Download from the BFU580G product information page on <http://www.nxp.com>.

Support item	Available	Remarks
Device models for Agilent EEsof EDA ADS	yes	Based on Mextram device model.
SPICE model	yes	Based on Gummel-Poon device model.
S-parameters	yes	
Noise parameters	yes	
Customer evaluation kit	yes	See <a href="#">Section 3</a> and <a href="#">Section 10</a> .
Solder pattern	yes	
Application notes	yes	See <a href="#">Section 10.1</a>

## 6. Limiting values

**Table 6. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CB</sub>	collector-base voltage	open emitter	-	30	V
V <sub>CE</sub>	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	16	V
		shorted base	-	30	V
V <sub>EB</sub>	emitter-base voltage	open collector	-	3	V
I <sub>C</sub>	collector current		-	100	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
V <sub>ESD</sub>	electrostatic discharge voltage	Human Body Model (HBM) According to JEDEC standard 22-A114E	-	±150	V
		Charged Device Model (CDM) According to JEDEC standard 22-C101B	-	±2	kV

## 7. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 7. Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>CB</sub>	collector-base voltage	open emitter	-	-	24	V
V <sub>CE</sub>	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	12	V
		shorted base	-	-	24	V
V <sub>EB</sub>	emitter-base voltage	open collector	-	-	2	V
I <sub>C</sub>	collector current		-	-	60	mA
P <sub>i</sub>	input power	Z <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω	-	-	10	dBm
T <sub>j</sub>	junction temperature		-40	-	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>sp</sub> ≤ 120 °C <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	-	1000	mW

[1] T<sub>sp</sub> is the temperature at the solder point of the collector lead.

## 8. Thermal characteristics

**Table 8. Thermal characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Unit
$R_{th(j-sp)}$	thermal resistance from junction to solder point		[1] 30	K/W

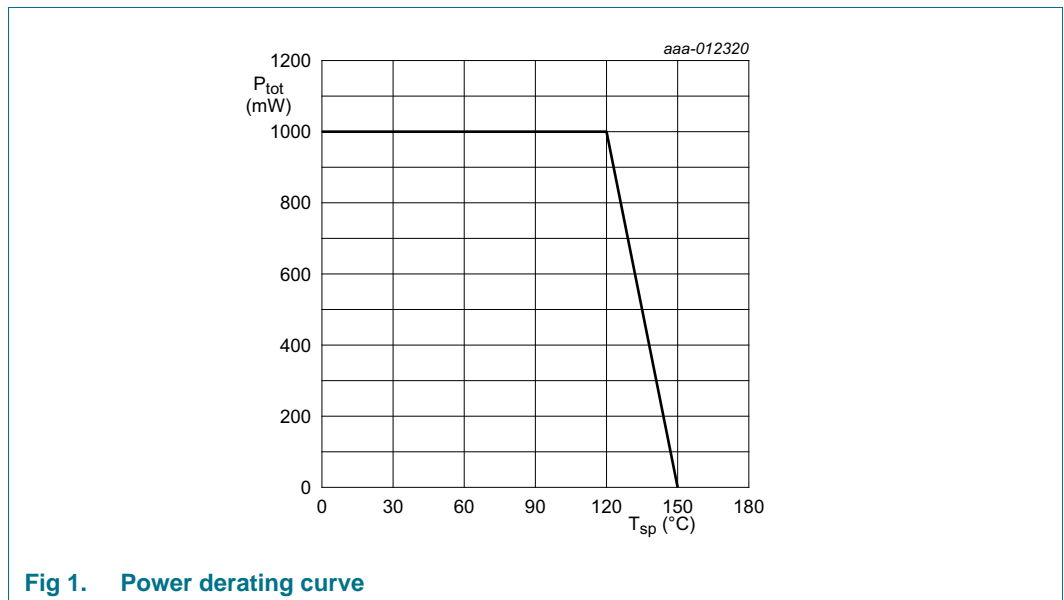
[1]  $T_{sp}$  is the temperature at the solder point of the collector lead.

$T_{sp}$  has the following relation to the ambient temperature  $T_{amb}$ :

$$T_{sp} = T_{amb} + P \times R_{th(sp-a)}$$

With P being the power dissipation and  $R_{th(sp-a)}$  being the thermal resistance between the solder point and ambient.  $R_{th(sp-a)}$  is determined by the heat transfer properties in the application.

The heat transfer properties are set by the application board materials, the board layout and the environment e.g. housing.



**Fig 1. Power derating curve**

## 9. Characteristics

**Table 9. Characteristics**

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	collector-base breakdown voltage	$I_C = 100\text{ nA}; I_E = 0\text{ mA}$	24	-	-	V
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$I_C = 150\text{ nA}; I_B = 0\text{ mA}$	12	-	-	V
$I_C$	collector current		-	30	60	mA
$I_{CBO}$	collector-base cut-off current	$I_E = 0\text{ mA}; V_{CB} = 8\text{ V}$	-	<1	-	nA
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$	60	95	130	
$C_e$	emitter capacitance	$V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	-	1.5	-	pF
$C_{re}$	feedback capacitance	$V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	-	0.54	-	pF
$C_c$	collector capacitance	$V_{CB} = 8\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	-	1.1	-	pF
$f_T$	transition frequency	$I_C = 30\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; f = 900\text{ MHz}$	-	11	-	GHz

**Table 9. Characteristics ...continued**  
 $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

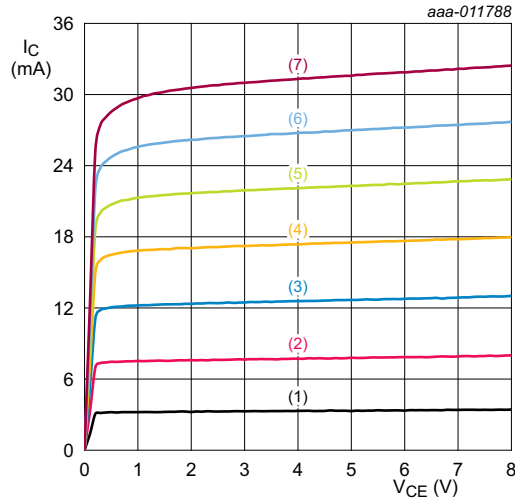
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$G_{p(max)}$	maximum power gain	$f = 433\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ [1]				
		$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	-	20	-	dB
		$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$	-	22	-	dB
		$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	-	22.5	-	dB
		$f = 900\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ [1]				
		$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	-	16	-	dB
		$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$	-	15.5	-	dB
		$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	-	15.5	-	dB
		$f = 1800\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ [1]				
		$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	-	9.5	-	dB
		$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$	-	10	-	dB
		$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	-	10.5	-	dB
$ S_{21} ^2$	insertion power gain	$f = 433\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$				
		$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	-	18	-	dB
		$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$	-	20	-	dB
		$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	-	20.5	-	dB
		$f = 900\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$				
		$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	-	12.5	-	dB
		$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$	-	14	-	dB
		$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	-	14.5	-	dB
		$f = 1800\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$				
		$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	-	7.5	-	dB
		$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$	-	8.5	-	dB
		$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	-	8.5	-	dB
$NF_{min}$	minimum noise figure	$f = 433\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; \Gamma_S = \Gamma_{opt}$				
		$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	-	0.65	-	dB
		$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$	-	1.05	-	dB
		$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	-	1.25	-	dB
		$f = 900\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; \Gamma_S = \Gamma_{opt}$				
		$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	-	0.75	-	dB
		$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$	-	1.1	-	dB
		$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	-	1.3	-	dB
		$f = 1800\text{ MHz}; V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; \Gamma_S = \Gamma_{opt}$				
		$I_C = 5\text{ mA}$	-	0.9	-	dB
		$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$	-	1.2	-	dB
		$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$	-	1.4	-	dB

**Table 9. Characteristics ...continued**  
 $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
G <sub>ass</sub>	associated gain	f = 433 MHz; V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V; $\Gamma_S = \Gamma_{opt}$				
		I <sub>C</sub> = 5 mA	-	19.5	-	dB
		I <sub>C</sub> = 20 mA	-	20.5	-	dB
		I <sub>C</sub> = 30 mA	-	20.5	-	dB
		f = 900 MHz; V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V; $\Gamma_S = \Gamma_{opt}$				
		I <sub>C</sub> = 5 mA	-	13.5	-	dB
		I <sub>C</sub> = 20 mA	-	14.5	-	dB
		I <sub>C</sub> = 30 mA	-	14.5	-	dB
		f = 1800 MHz; V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V; $\Gamma_S = \Gamma_{opt}$				
		I <sub>C</sub> = 5 mA	-	8.5	-	dB
		I <sub>C</sub> = 20 mA	-	9	-	dB
		I <sub>C</sub> = 30 mA	-	9	-	dB
P <sub>L(1dB)</sub>	output power at 1 dB gain compression	f = 433 MHz; V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V; Z <sub>S</sub> = Z <sub>L</sub> = 50 $\Omega$				
		I <sub>C</sub> = 20 mA	-	12.5	-	dBm
		I <sub>C</sub> = 30 mA	-	15.5	-	dBm
		f = 900 MHz; V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V; Z <sub>S</sub> = Z <sub>L</sub> = 50 $\Omega$				
		I <sub>C</sub> = 20 mA	-	12.5	-	dBm
		I <sub>C</sub> = 30 mA	-	14.5	-	dBm
		f = 1800 MHz; V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V; Z <sub>S</sub> = Z <sub>L</sub> = 50 $\Omega$				
		I <sub>C</sub> = 20 mA	-	12	-	dBm
		I <sub>C</sub> = 30 mA	-	14	-	dBm
IP <sub>3o</sub>	output third-order intercept point	f <sub>1</sub> = 433 MHz; f <sub>2</sub> = 434 MHz; V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V; Z <sub>S</sub> = Z <sub>L</sub> = 50 $\Omega$				
		I <sub>C</sub> = 20 mA	-	22	-	dBm
		I <sub>C</sub> = 30 mA	-	25	-	dBm
		f <sub>1</sub> = 900 MHz; f <sub>2</sub> = 901 MHz; V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V; Z <sub>S</sub> = Z <sub>L</sub> = 50 $\Omega$				
		I <sub>C</sub> = 20 mA	-	22	-	dBm
		I <sub>C</sub> = 30 mA	-	24	-	dBm
		f <sub>1</sub> = 1800 MHz; f <sub>2</sub> = 1801 MHz; V <sub>CE</sub> = 8 V; Z <sub>S</sub> = Z <sub>L</sub> = 50 $\Omega$				
		I <sub>C</sub> = 20 mA	-	21.5	-	dBm
		I <sub>C</sub> = 30 mA	-	23.5	-	dBm

[1] If  $K > 1$  then G<sub>p(max)</sub> is the maximum power gain. If  $K < 1$  then G<sub>p(max)</sub> = MSG.

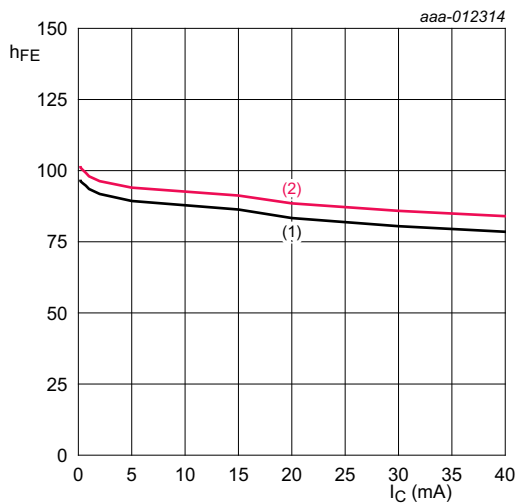
9.1 Graphs



$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}.$

- (1)  $I_B = 25\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
- (2)  $I_B = 75\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
- (3)  $I_B = 125\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
- (4)  $I_B = 175\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
- (5)  $I_B = 225\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
- (6)  $I_B = 275\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
- (7)  $I_B = 325\text{ }\mu\text{A}$

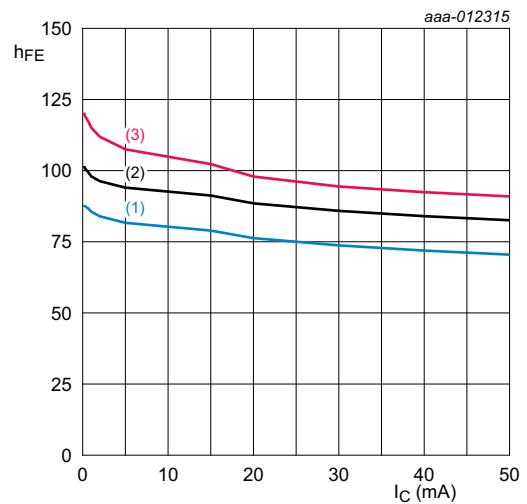
**Fig 2. Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values**



$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}.$

- (1)  $V_{CE} = 3.0\text{ V}$
- (2)  $V_{CE} = 8.0\text{ V}$

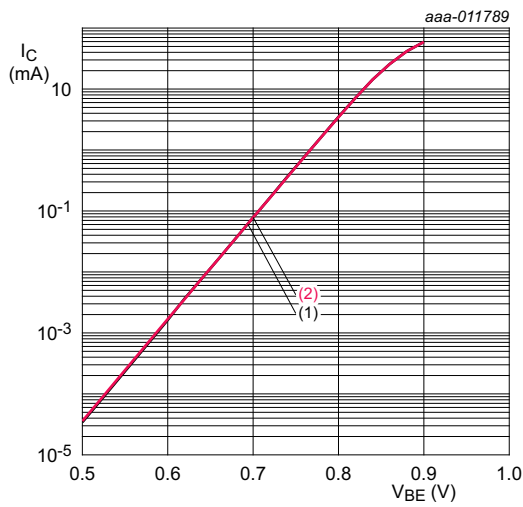
**Fig 3. DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values**



$V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}.$

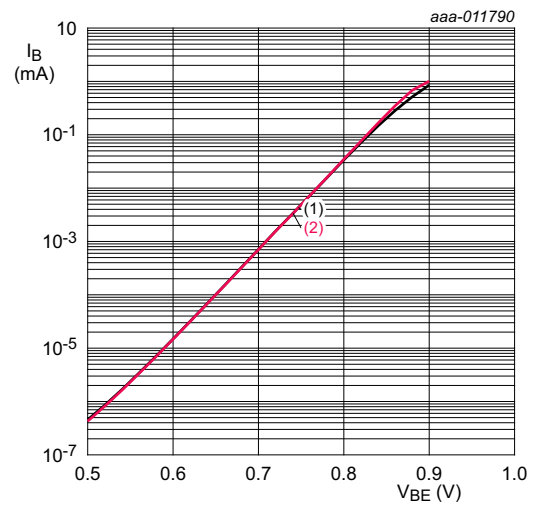
- (1)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = +25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = +125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**Fig 4. DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values**



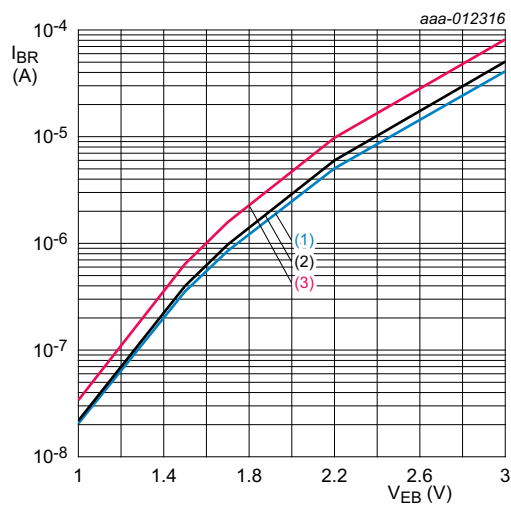
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$   
 (1)  $V_{CE} = 3.0\text{ V}$   
 (2)  $V_{CE} = 8.0\text{ V}$

**Fig 5. Collector current as a function of base-emitter voltage; typical values**



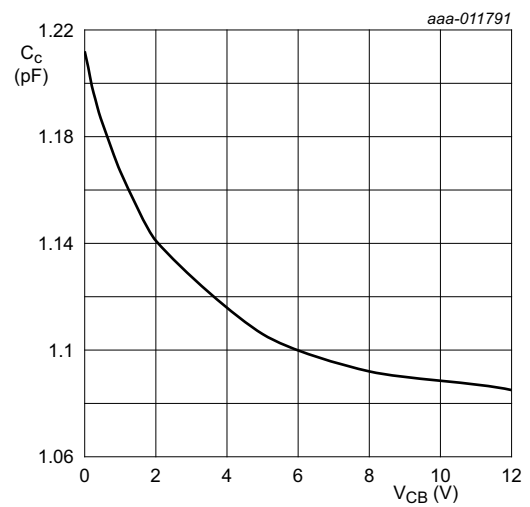
$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$   
 (1)  $V_{CE} = 3.0\text{ V}$   
 (2)  $V_{CE} = 8.0\text{ V}$

**Fig 6. Base current as a function of base-emitter voltage; typical values**



$V_{CE} = 3\text{ V}.$   
 (1)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 (2)  $T_{amb} = +25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 (3)  $T_{amb} = +125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

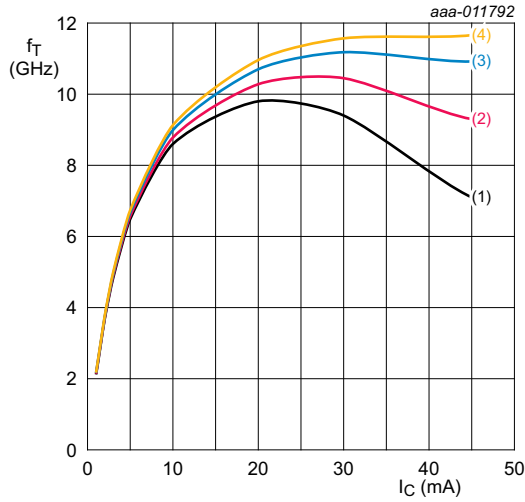
**Fig 7. Reverse base current as a function of emitter-base voltage; typical values**



$I_C = 0\text{ mA}; f = 1\text{ MHz}; T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$

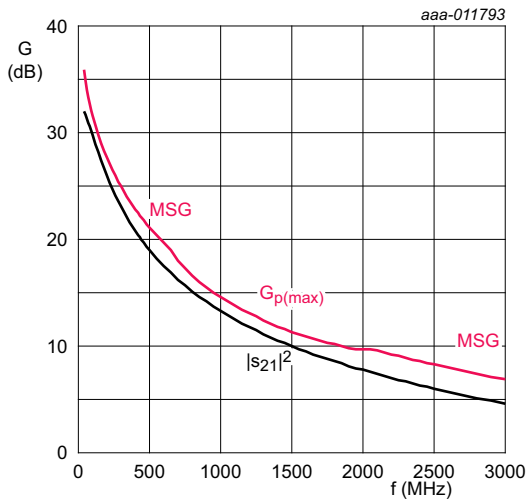
**Fig 8. Collector capacitance as a function of collector-base voltage; typical values**





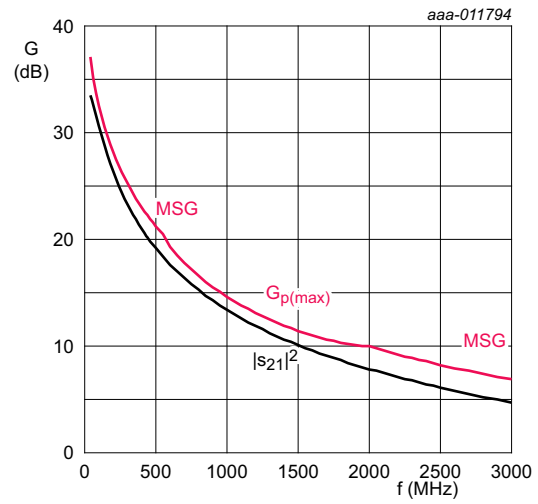
- $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .
- (1)  $V_{CE} = 3.3\text{ V}$
  - (2)  $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$
  - (3)  $V_{CE} = 8.0\text{ V}$
  - (4)  $V_{CE} = 12.0\text{ V}$

**Fig 9. Transition frequency as a function of collector current; typical values**



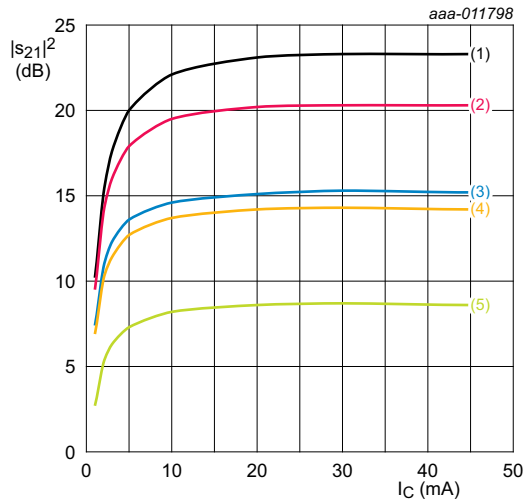
$I_C = 20\text{ mA}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

**Fig 10. Gain as a function of frequency; typical values**



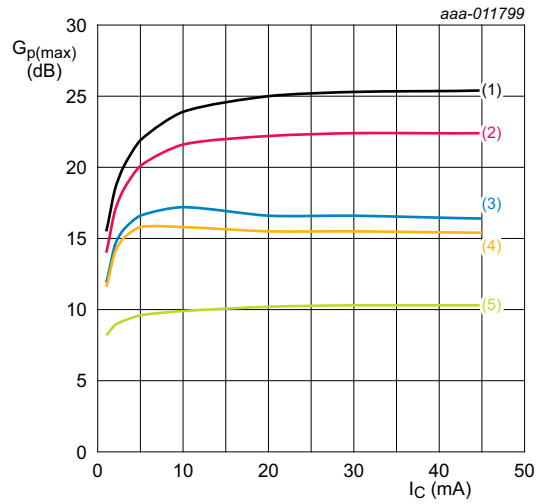
$I_C = 30\text{ mA}$ ;  $V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

**Fig 11. Gain as a function of frequency; typical values**



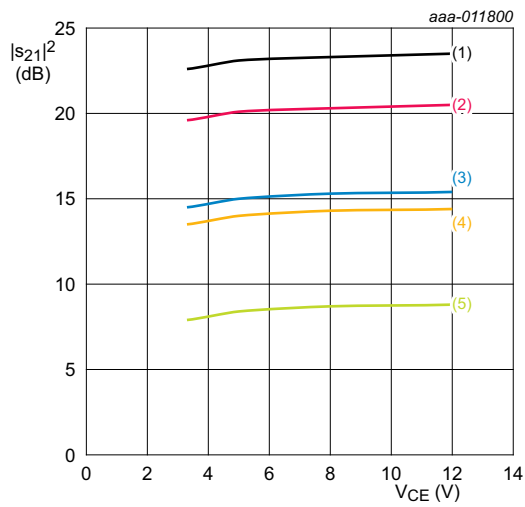
$V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$   
 (1)  $f = 300\text{ MHz}$   
 (2)  $f = 433\text{ MHz}$   
 (3)  $f = 800\text{ MHz}$   
 (4)  $f = 900\text{ MHz}$   
 (5)  $f = 1800\text{ MHz}$

**Fig 12. Insertion power gain as a function of collector current; typical values**



$V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$   
 If  $K > 1$  then  $G_{p(max)}$  = maximum power gain. If  $K < 1$  then  $G_{p(max)}$  = MSG.  
 (1)  $f = 300\text{ MHz}$   
 (2)  $f = 433\text{ MHz}$   
 (3)  $f = 800\text{ MHz}$   
 (4)  $f = 900\text{ MHz}$   
 (5)  $f = 1800\text{ MHz}$

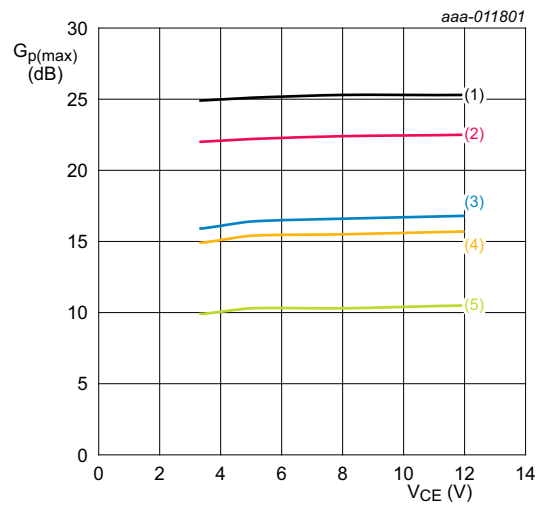
**Fig 13. Maximum power gain as a function of collector current; typical values**



$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

- (1)  $f = 300 \text{ MHz}$
- (2)  $f = 433 \text{ MHz}$
- (3)  $f = 800 \text{ MHz}$
- (4)  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$
- (5)  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$

**Fig 14. Insertion power gain as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values**

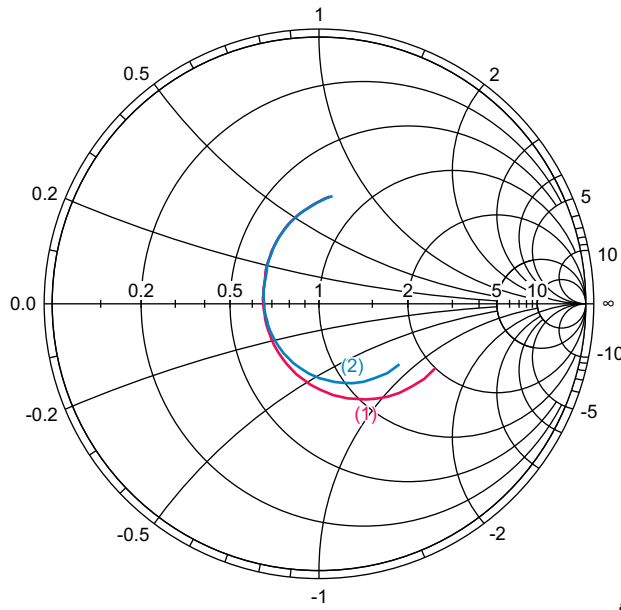


$I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .

If  $K > 1$  then  $G_{p(max)}$  = maximum power gain. If  $K < 1$  then  $G_{p(max)}$  = MSG.

- (1)  $f = 300 \text{ MHz}$
- (2)  $f = 433 \text{ MHz}$
- (3)  $f = 800 \text{ MHz}$
- (4)  $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$
- (5)  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$

**Fig 15. Maximum power gain as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values**

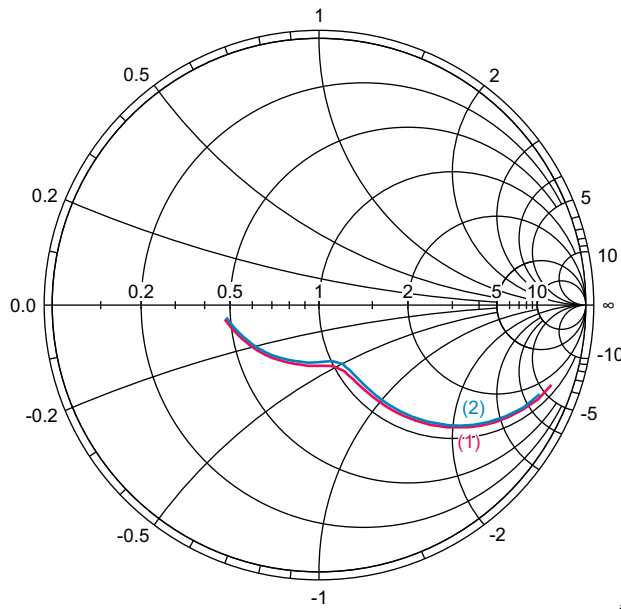


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$V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; 40\text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3\text{ GHz}.$

- (1)  $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$
- (2)  $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$

**Fig 16. Input reflection coefficient ( $s_{11}$ ); typical values**

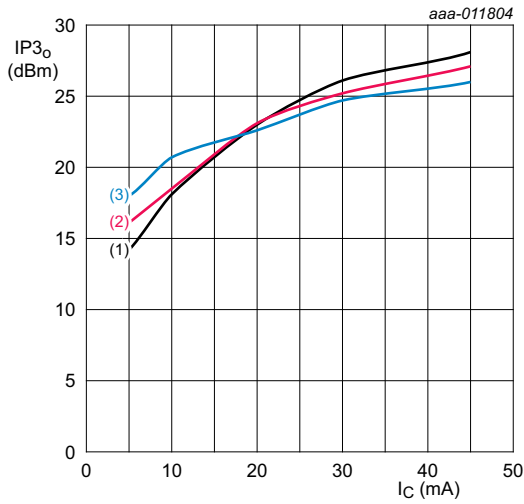


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$V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; 40\text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 3\text{ GHz}.$

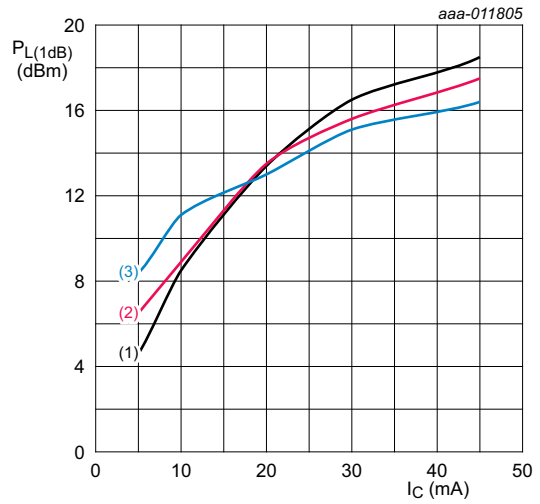
- (1)  $I_C = 20\text{ mA}$
- (2)  $I_C = 30\text{ mA}$

**Fig 17. Output reflection coefficient ( $s_{22}$ ); typical values**



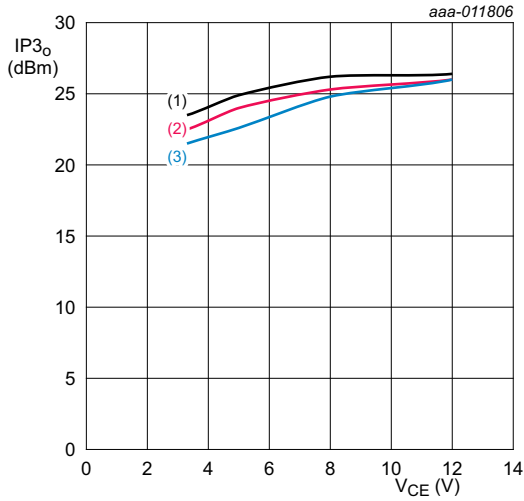
$V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$   
 (1)  $f_1 = 433\text{ MHz}; f_2 = 434\text{ MHz}$   
 (2)  $f_1 = 900\text{ MHz}; f_2 = 901\text{ MHz}$   
 (3)  $f_1 = 1800\text{ MHz}; f_2 = 1801\text{ MHz}$

**Fig 18. Output third-order intercept point as a function of collector current; typical values**



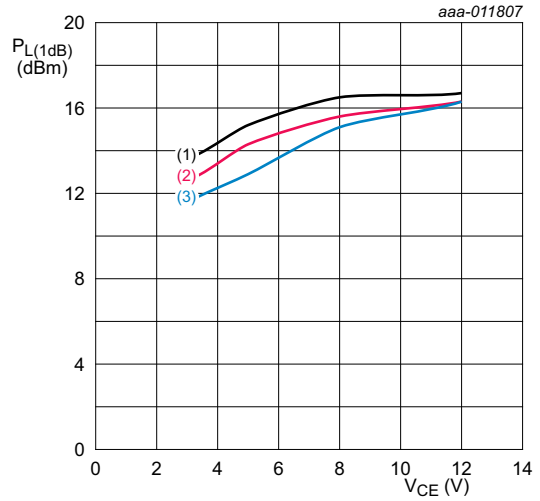
$V_{CE} = 8\text{ V}; T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$   
 (1)  $f = 433\text{ MHz}$   
 (2)  $f = 900\text{ MHz}$   
 (3)  $f = 1800\text{ MHz}$

**Fig 19. Output power at 1 dB gain compression as a function of collector current; typical values**



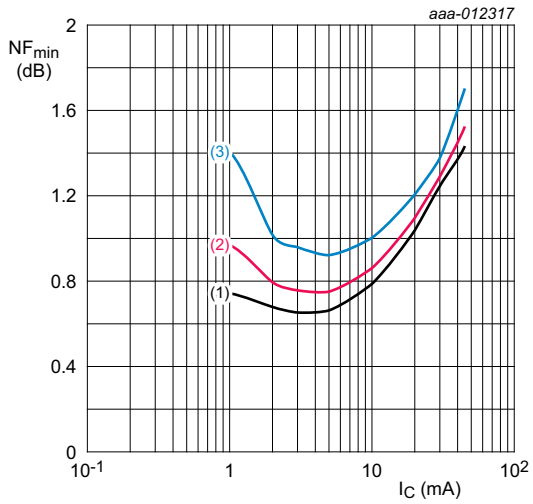
$I_C = 30\text{ mA}; T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$   
 (1)  $f_1 = 433\text{ MHz}; f_2 = 434\text{ MHz}$   
 (2)  $f_1 = 900\text{ MHz}; f_2 = 901\text{ MHz}$   
 (3)  $f_1 = 1800\text{ MHz}; f_2 = 1801\text{ MHz}$

**Fig 20. Output third-order intercept point as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values**



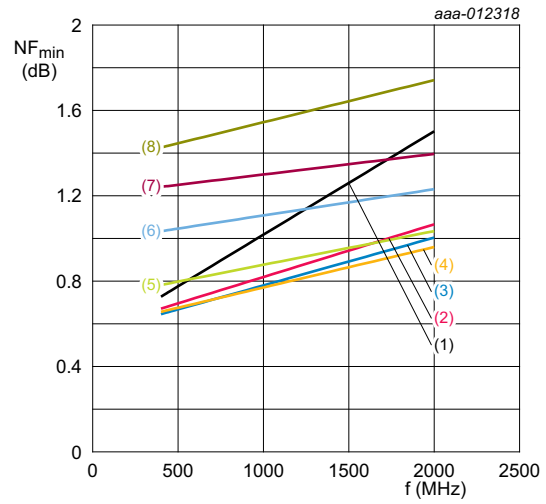
$I_C = 30\text{ mA}; T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.$   
 (1)  $f = 433\text{ MHz}$   
 (2)  $f = 900\text{ MHz}$   
 (3)  $f = 1800\text{ MHz}$

**Fig 21. Output power at 1 dB gain compression as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values**



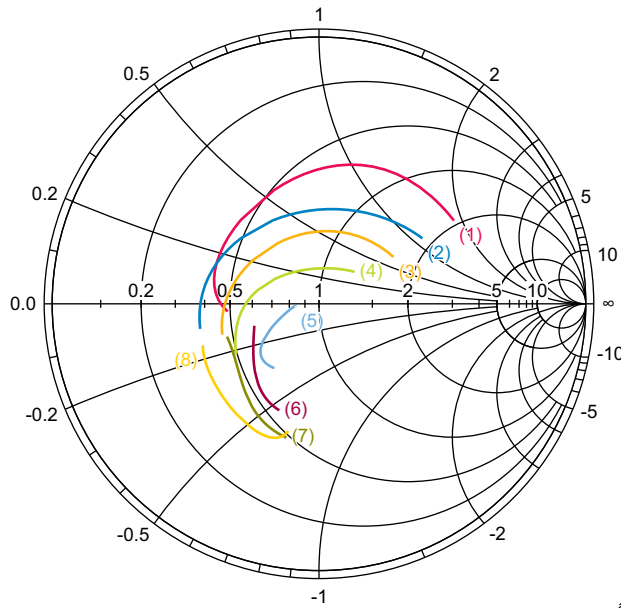
V<sub>CE</sub> = 8 V; T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C; Γ<sub>S</sub> = Γ<sub>opt</sub>.  
 (1) f = 433 MHz  
 (2) f = 900 MHz  
 (3) f = 1800 MHz

**Fig 22. Minimum noise figure as a function of collector current; typical values**



V<sub>CE</sub> = 8 V; T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C; Γ<sub>S</sub> = Γ<sub>opt</sub>.  
 (1) I<sub>C</sub> = 1 mA  
 (2) I<sub>C</sub> = 2 mA  
 (3) I<sub>C</sub> = 3 mA  
 (4) I<sub>C</sub> = 5 mA  
 (5) I<sub>C</sub> = 8 mA  
 (6) I<sub>C</sub> = 10 mA  
 (7) I<sub>C</sub> = 15 mA  
 (8) I<sub>C</sub> = 20 mA

**Fig 23. Minimum noise figure as a function of frequency; typical values**



aaa-012319

$V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}; 400 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 2 \text{ GHz}.$

- (1)  $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$
- (2)  $I_C = 2 \text{ mA}$
- (3)  $I_C = 3 \text{ mA}$
- (4)  $I_C = 5 \text{ mA}$
- (5)  $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$
- (6)  $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}$
- (7)  $I_C = 30 \text{ mA}$
- (8)  $I_C = 45 \text{ mA}$

**Fig 24. Optimum reflection coefficient ( $\Gamma_{opt}$ ); typical values**

## 10. Application information

More information about the following application example can be found in the application notes. See [Section 5 “Design support”](#).

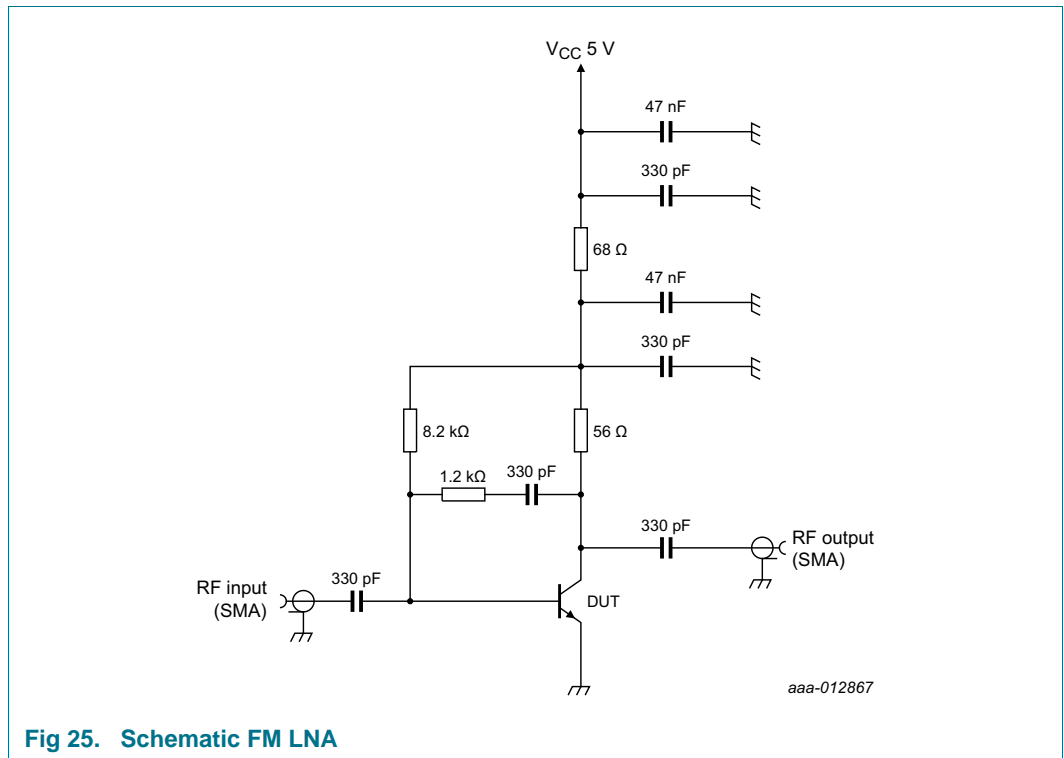
The following application example can be implemented using the evaluation kit. See [Section 3 “Ordering information”](#) for the order type number.

The following application example can be simulated using the simulation package. See [Section 5 “Design support”](#).

**10.1 Application example: FM LNA**

FM LNA, optimized for low noise.

More detailed information of the application example can be found in the application note: *AN11500*.



**Fig 25. Schematic FM LNA**

Remark: fine tuning of components maybe required depending on PCB parasitics.

**Table 10. Application performance data at 98 MHz**

$I_{CC} = 25\text{ mA}$ ;  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$

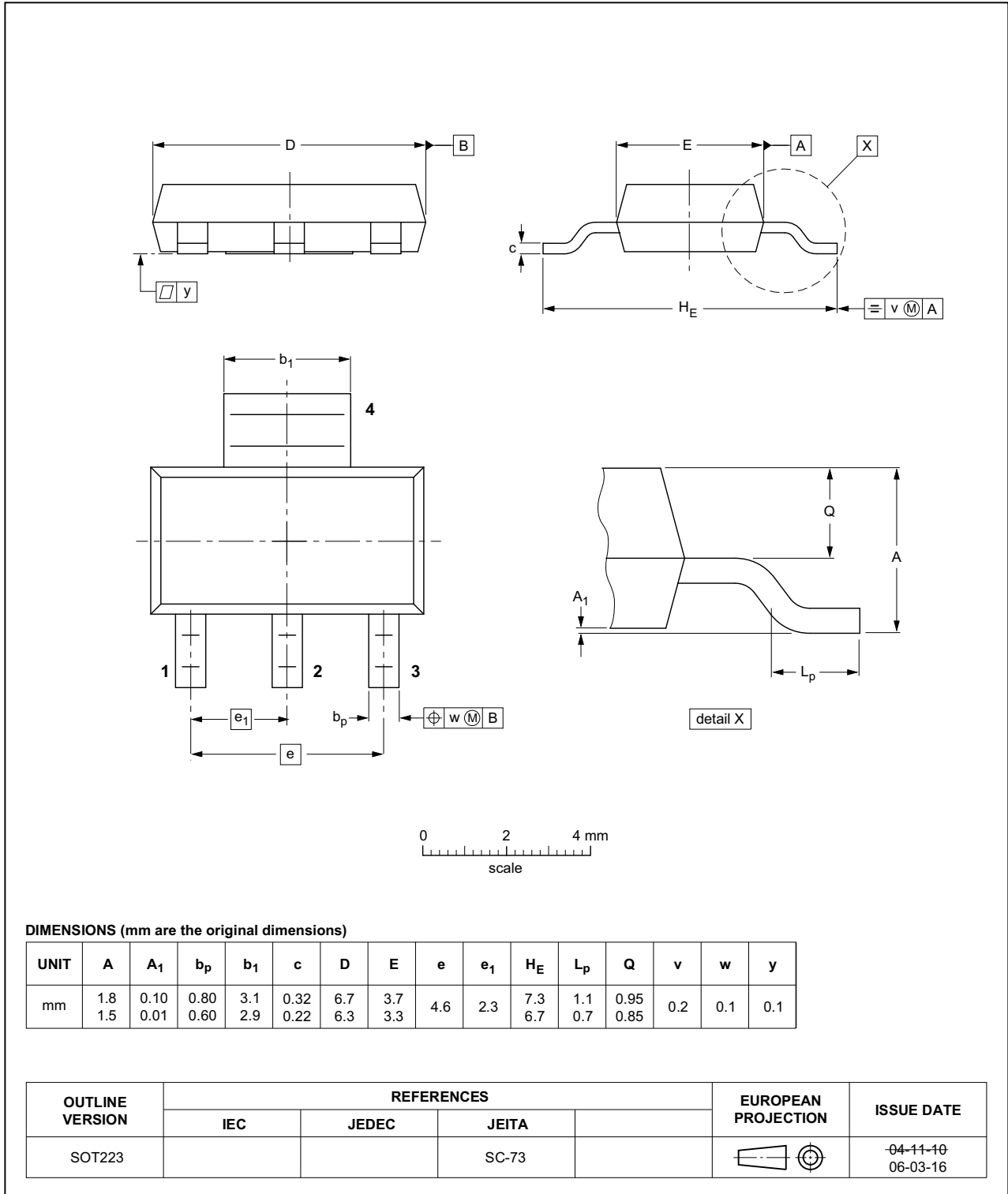
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$ S_{21} ^2$	insertion power gain		-	22	-	dB
NF	noise figure		-	1.6	-	dB
IP3 <sub>o</sub>	output third-order intercept point	f = 88 MHz to 108 MHz; carrier spacing = 100 kHz	-	15	-	dBm



**11. Package outline**

Plastic surface-mounted package with increased heatsink; 4 leads

SOT223



**Fig 26. Package outline SOT223**

## 12. Handling information

### CAUTION



This device is sensitive to ElectroStatic Discharge (ESD). Observe precautions for handling electrostatic sensitive devices.

Such precautions are described in the *ANSI/ESD S20.20*, *IEC/ST 61340-5*, *JESD625-A* or equivalent standards.

## 13. Abbreviations

Table 11. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
AEC	Automotive Electronics Council
FM	Frequency Modulation
ISM	Industrial, Scientific and Medical
LNA	Low-Noise Amplifier
MSG	Maximum Stable Gain
NPN	Negative-Positive-Negative
SMA	SubMiniature version A

## 14. Revision history

Table 12. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
BFU580G v.1	20140428	Product data sheet	-	-

## 15. Legal information

### 15.1 Data sheet status

Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup>	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nxp.com>.

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