

Dual Input Synchronous MOSFET Driver

Features:

- Ideally suited to drive low Figure-of-Merit (FOM) MOSFETs such as Microchip's MCP87000 MOSFET family
- Independent PWM Input Control for High-Side and Low-Side Gate Drive
- Input Logic Level Threshold 3.0V TTL Compatible
- Dual Output MOSFET Drive for Synchronous Applications
- High Peak Output Current: 2A (typical)
- · Internal Bootstrap Blocking Device
- · +36V BOOT Pin Maximum Rating
- Low Supply Current: 45 μA (typical)
- High Capacitive Load Drive Capability:
 - 3300 pF in 10.0 ns (typical)
- · Input Voltage Undervoltage Lockout Protection
- · Overtemperature Protection
- · Space Saving Packages:
 - 8-Lead SOIC
 - 8-Lead 3x3 DFN

Applications:

- · 3-Phase BLDC Motor Control
- High Efficient Synchronous DC/DC Buck Converters
- High-Current Low Output Voltage Synchronous DC/DC Buck Converters
- High Input Voltage Synchronous DC/DC Buck Converters
- · Core Voltage Supplies for Microprocessors

General Description:

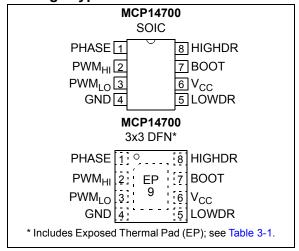
The MCP14700 is a high-speed synchronous MOSFET driver designed to optimally drive a high-side and low-side N-Channel MOSFET. It is particularly well suited for driving low-FOM MOSFETs, including Microchip's MCP87000 family of high-speed MOSFETs. The MCP14700 has two PWM inputs to allow independent control of the external N-Channel MOSFETs. Since there is no internal cross conduction protection circuitry the external MOSFET dead time can be tightly controlled allowing for more efficient systems or unique motor control algorithms.

The transition thresholds for the PWM inputs are typically 1.6V on a rising PWM input signal and typically 1.2V on a falling PWM input signal. This makes the MCP14700 ideally suited for controllers that utilize 3.0V TTL/CMOS logic. The PWM inputs are internally pulled low ensuring the output drive signals are low if the inputs are floating.

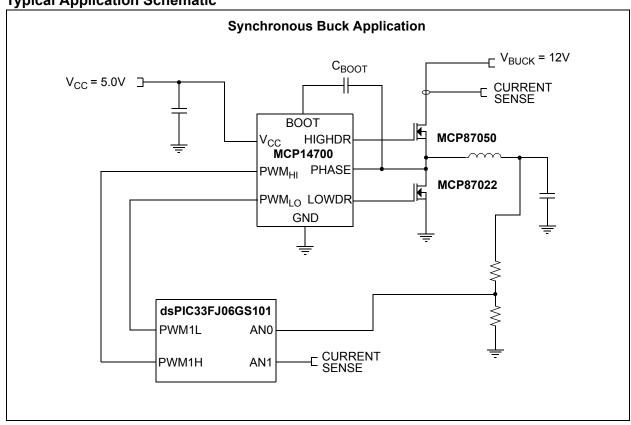
The HIGHDR and LOWDR peak source current capability of the MCP14700 device is typically 2A. While the HIGHDR can sink 2A peak typically, the LOWDR can sink 3.5A peak typically. The low resistance pull-up and pull-down drive allow the MCP14700 to quickly transition a 3300 pF load in typically 10 ns. Bootstrapping for the high-side drive is internally implemented which allows for a reduced system cost and design complexity.

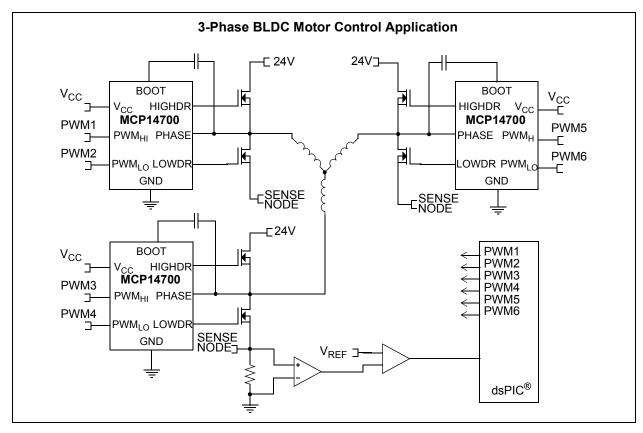
The MCP14700 features undervoltage lockout (UVLO) with a typical hysteresis of 500 mV. Overtemperature protection with hysteresis is also featured on the device.

Package Types

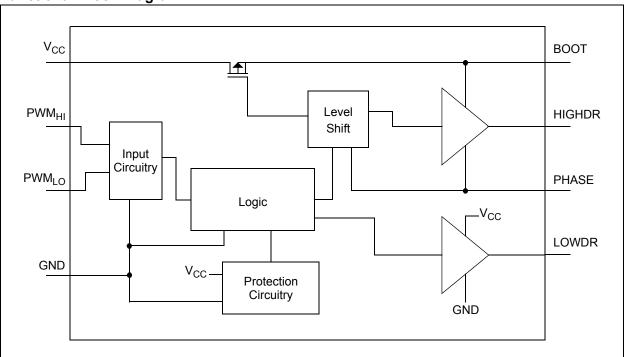


Typical Application Schematic





Functional Block Diagram



NOTES:

1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings †

V _{CC}	0.3V to +7.0V
V _{BOOT}	0.3V to +36.0V
V _{PHASE}	V_{BOOT} - 7V to V_{BOOT} + 0.3V
V _{PWM}	0.3V to V _{CC} + 0.3V
V _{HIGHDR} V _P	$_{\sf HASE}$ - 0.3V to ${\sf V_{BOOT}}$ + 0.3V
V _{LOWDR}	0.3V to V _{CC} + 0.3V
ESD Protection on all Pins	s2 kV (HBM)
	400V (MM)

† Notice: Stresses above those listed under "Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not intended. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise noted, V _{CC} = 5.0V, T _J = -40°C to +125°C							
Parameters	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
V _{CC} Supply Requirements							
V _{CC} Operating Range	V _{CC}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V		
Bias Supply Voltage	I _{VCC}	_	45	_	μA	PWM _{HI} and PWM _{LO} pin floating	
UVLO (Rising V _{CC})	V _{UVLO}	_	3.50	4.00	V		
UVLO Hysteresis	V _{HYS}	_	500	_	mV		
PWM Input Requirements							
PWM Input Current	I _{PWM}	_	7.0	10	μA	V _{PWM} = 3.0V	
PWM Input Current	I _{PWM}	_	1.0	_	nA	V _{PWM} = 0V	
PWM _{LO} and PWM _{HI} Rising Threshold	PWM _{HI_TH}	1.40	1.60	1.80	V	V _{CC} = 5.0V	
PWM _{LO} and PWM _{HI} Falling Threshold	PWM _{LO_TH}	1.10	1.20	1.30	V	V _{CC} = 5.0V	
PWM Input Hysteresis	PWM _{HYS}	_	400	_	mV	V _{CC} = 5.0V	
Output Requirements							
High Output Voltage (HIGHDR and LOWDR)	V _{OH}	V _{CC} - 0.025		_	V	V _{CC} = 5.0V	
Low Output Voltage (HIGHDR and LOWDR)	V _{OL}	_		0.025	V	V _{CC} = 5.0V	
High Drive Source Resistance	R _{HI_SRC}	_	1.0	2.5	Ω	500 mA source current, Note 1	
High Drive Sink Resistance	R _{HI_SINK}	_	1.0	2.5	Ω	500 mA sink current, Note 1	
High Drive Source Current	I _{HI_SRC}	_	2.0	_	Α	Note 1	
High Drive Sink Current	I _{HI_SINK}	_	2.0	_	Α	Note 1	
Low Drive Source Resistance	R _{LO_SRC}	_	1.0	2.5	Ω	500 mA source current, Note 1	
Low Drive Sink Resistance	R _{LO_SINK}	_	0.5	1.0	Ω	500 mA sink current, Note 1	
Low Drive Source Current	I _{LO_SRC}	_	2.0	_	Α	Note 1	
Low Drive Sink Current	I _{LO_SINK}	_	3.5		Α	Note 1	

Note 1: Parameter ensured by characterization, not production tested.

2: See Figure 4-1 and Figure 4-2 for parameter definition.

DC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

Electrical Specifications: Unless otherwise noted, V _{CC} = 5.0V, T _J = -40°C to +125°C								
Parameters	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions		
Switching Times								
HIGHDR Rise Time	t _{RH}	_	10	_	ns	C _L = 3.3 nF, Note 1 , Note 2		
LOWDR Rise Time	t _{RL}		10	_	ns	C _L = 3.3 nF, Note 1 , Note 2		
HIGHDR Fall Time	t _{FH}		10	_	ns	C _L = 3.3 nF, Note 1 , Note 2		
LOWDR Fall Time	t _{FL}	_	6.0	_	ns	C _L = 3.3 nF, Note 1 , Note 2		
HIGHDR Turn-off Propagation Delay	t _{PDLH}	20	27	36	ns	No Load, Note 1, Note 2		
LOWDR Turn-off Propagation Delay	t _{PDLL}	10	17	25	ns	No Load, Note 1, Note 2		
HIGHDR Turn-on Propagation Delay	t _{PDHH}	20	27	36	ns	No Load, Note 1, Note 2		
LOWDR Turn-on Propagation Delay	t _{PDHL}	10	17	25	ns	No Load, Note 1, Note 2		
Protection Requirements	Protection Requirements							
Thermal Shutdown	T _{SHDN}		147	_	°C	Note 1		
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T _{SHDN_HYS}	_	20	_	°C	Note 1		

Note 1: Parameter ensured by characterization, not production tested.

TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise noted, all parameters apply with V _{CC} = 5.0V								
Parameter	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Comments		
Temperature Ranges								
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_J	_	_	+150	°C			
Storage Temperature	T _A	-65	_	+150	°C			
Specified Temperature Range	T _A	-40	_	+125	°C			
Package Thermal Resistances								
Thermal Resistance, 8L-3x3 DFN	θ_{JA}	_	64	_	°C/W	Typical four-layer board with		
	$\theta_{\sf JC}$	_	12	_	°C/W	vias to ground plane		
Thermal Resistance, 8L-SOIC	θ_{JA}	_	163	_	°C/W			
	θ_{JC}	_	42	_	°C/W			

^{2:} See Figure 4-1 and Figure 4-2 for parameter definition.

2.0 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

Note: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ with $V_{CC} = 5.0V$.

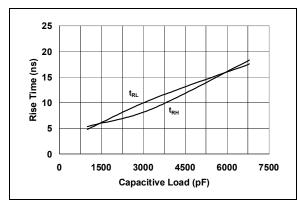


FIGURE 2-1: Rise Time vs. Capacitive Load.

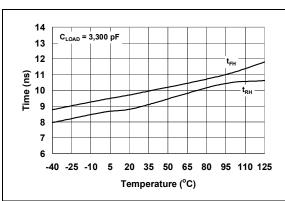


FIGURE 2-2: HIGHDR Rise and Fall Time vs. Temperature.

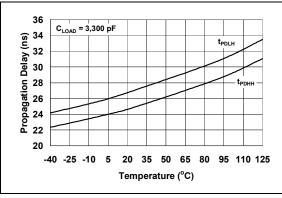


FIGURE 2-3: HIGHDR Propagation Delay vs. Temperature.

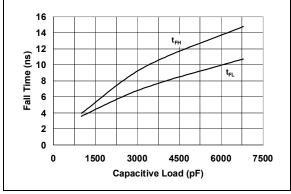


FIGURE 2-4: Fall Time vs. Capacitive Load.

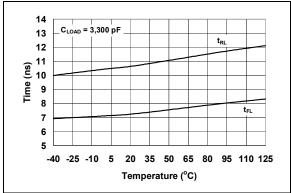


FIGURE 2-5: LOWDR Rise and Fall Time vs. Temperature.

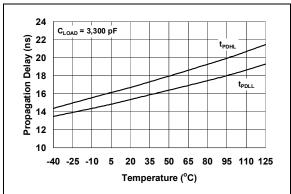


FIGURE 2-6: LOWDR Propagation Delay vs. Temperature.

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, T_A = +25°C with V_{CC} = 5.0V.

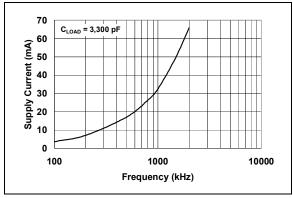


FIGURE 2-7: Frequency.

Supply Current vs.

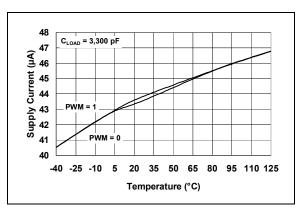


FIGURE 2-8: Temperature.

Supply Current vs.

3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 3-1.

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

MCP	14700	Cumbal	Description	
3x3 DFN	SOIC	Symbol	Description	
1	1	PHASE	Switch Node	
2	2	PWM _{HI}	High-Side PWM Control Input Signal	
3	3	PWM _{LO} Low-Side PWM Control Input Signal		
4	4	GND	Ground	
5	5	LOWDR	Low-side Gate Drive	
6	6	V _{CC}	Supply Input Voltage	
7	7	BOOT	Floating Bootstrap Supply	
8	8	HIGHDR	High-Side Gate Drive	
9	_	EP	Exposed Metal Pad	

3.1 Switch Node (PHASE)

The PHASE pin provides a return path for the high-side gate driver. The source of the high-side and the drain of the low-side power MOSFETs are connected to this pin.

3.2 High-Side PWM Control Input Signal (PWM_{HI})

The PWM input signal to control the high-side power MOSFET is applied to the PWM $_{\rm HI}$ pin. A logic high on the PWM $_{\rm HI}$ pin causes the HIGHDR pin to also transition high.

3.3 Low-Side PWM Control Input Signal (PWM_{I O})

The PWM input signal to control the low-side power MOSFET is applied to the PWM_{LO} pin. A logic high on the PWM_{LO} pin causes the LOWDR pin to also transition high.

3.4 Ground (GND)

The GND pin provides ground for the MCP14700 circuitry. It should have a low-impedance connection to the bias supply source return. High peak currents will flow out the GND pin when the low-side power MOSFET is being turned off.

3.5 Low-side Gate Drive (LOWDR)

The LOWDR pin provides the gate drive signal to control the low-side power MOSFET. The gate of the low-side power MOSFET is connected to this pin.

3.6 Supply Input Voltage (V_{CC})

The V_{CC} pin provides bias to the MCP14700 device. A bypass capacitor is to be placed between this pin and the GND pin. This capacitor should be placed as close to the MCP14700 as possible.

3.7 Floating Bootstrap Supply (BOOT)

The BOOT pin is the floating bootstrap supply pin for the high-side gate drive. A capacitor is connected between this pin and the PHASE pin to provide the necessary charge to turn on the high-side power MOSFET.

3.8 High-Side Gate Drive (HIGHDR)

The HIGHDR pin provides the gate drive signal to control the high-side power MOSFET. The gate of the high-side power MOSFET is connected to this pin.

3.9 Exposed Metal Pad (EP)

The exposed metal pad of the DFN package is not internally connected to any potential. Therefore, this pad can be connected to a ground plane or other copper plane on a printed circuit board to aid in heat removal from the package.

NOTES:

4.0 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

4.1 Device Overview

The MCP14700 is a synchronous MOSFET driver with dual independent PWM inputs capable of controlling both a ground referenced and floating N-Channel MOSFET. The PWM input threshold levels are truly 3.0V logic tolerant and have 400 mV of typical hystereses making the MCP14700 ideal for use with low-voltage controllers.

The MCP14700 is capable of suppling 2A (typical) peak current to the floating high-side MOSFET that is connected to the HIGHDR. With the exception of a capacitor, all of the circuitry needed to drive this high-side N-channel MOSFET is internal to the MCP14700. A blocking device is placed between the V_{CC} and BOOT pins that allows the bootstrap capacitor to be charged to V_{CC} when the low-side power MOSFET is conducting. Refer to the application section, Section 5.1 "Bootstrap Capacitor Select", for information on determining the proper size of the bootstrap capacitor. The HIGHDR is also capable of sinking 2A (typical) peak current.

The LOWDR is capable of sourcing 2A (typical) peak current and sinking 3.5A (typical) peak current. This helps ensure that the low-side MOSFET stays turned off during the high dv/dt of the PHASE node.

4.2 PWM Inputs

A logic high on either PWM pin causes the corresponding output drive signal to be high. See Figure 4-1 and Figure 4-2 for a graphical representation of the MCP14700 operation. Internally the PWM pins are pulled to ground to ensure there is no drive signal to the external MOSFETs if the pins are left floating. For reliable operation, it is recommended that the rising and falling slew rate of the PWM signal be faster than 1V/50 ns.

When designing with the MCP14700 in applications where cross conduction of the external MOSFETs is not desired, care must be taken to ensure the PWM inputs have the proper timing. There is no internal cross conduction protection in the MCP14700.

4.3 Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

The UVLO feature of the MCP14700 does not allow the HIGHDR or LOWDR output to function when the input voltage, V_{CC} , is below the UVLO threshold regardless of the state of the PWM $_{HI}$ and PWM $_{LO}$ pins.

Once V_{CC} reaches the UVLO threshold, the HIGHDR and LOWDR outputs will respond to the state of the PWM $_{\rm HI}$ or PWM $_{\rm LO}$ pins. There is a 500 mV hystereses on the UVLO threshold.

4.4 Overtemperature Protection

The MCP14700 is protected from an overtemperature condition by an internal thermal shutdown feature. When the internal temperature of the MCP14700 reaches 147°C typically, the HIGHDR and LOWDR outputs will transition to a low state regardless of the state of the PWM $_{\rm HI}$ or PWM $_{\rm LO}$ pins. Once the internal temperature is reduced by 20°C typically, the MCP14700 will automatically respond to the states of the PWM $_{\rm HI}$ and PWM $_{\rm IO}$ pins.

4.5 Timing Diagram

The PWM signal applied to the MCP14700 is supplied by a controller IC. The timing diagram in Figure 4-1 graphically depicts the PWM signal and the output signals of the MCP14700.

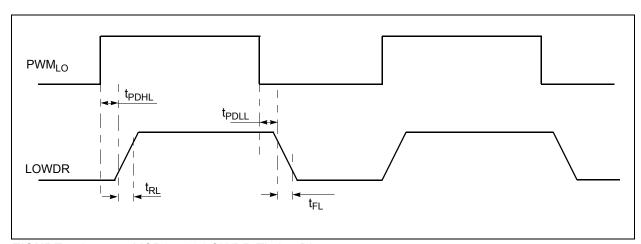


FIGURE 4-1: MCP14700 LOWDR Timing Diagram.

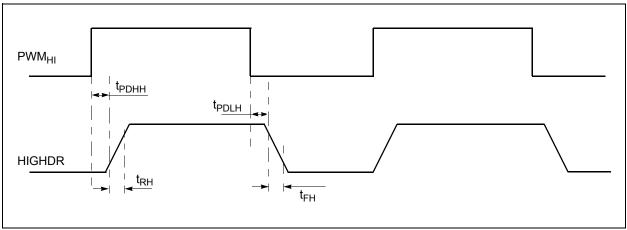


FIGURE 4-2: MCP14700 HIGHDR Timing Diagram.

5.0 APPLICATION INFORMATION

5.1 Bootstrap Capacitor Select

The selection of the bootstrap capacitor is based upon the total gate charge of the high-side power MOSFET and the allowable droop in gate drive voltage while the high-side power MOSFET is conducting.

EQUATION 5-1:

$$C_{BOOT} \ge \frac{Q_{GATE}}{\Delta V_{DROOP}}$$

Where:

C_{BOOT} = Bootstrap capacitor value

Q_{GATE} = Total gate charge of the high-side

MOSFET

 ΔV_{DROO} = Allowable gate drive voltage droop

For example:

Q_{GATE} = 30 nC

 $\Delta V_{DROOP} = 200 \text{ mV}$

 $C_{BOOT} \ge 0.15 \text{ uF}$

A low ESR ceramic capacitor is recommend with a maximum voltage rating that exceeds the maximum input voltage, V_{CC} , plus the maximum supply voltage, V_{SUPPLY} . It is also recommended that the capacitance of C_{BOOT} does not exceed 1.2 uF.

5.2 Decoupling Capacitor

Proper decoupling of the MCP14700 is highly recommended to help ensure reliable operation. This decoupling capacitor should be placed as close to the MCP14700 as possible. The large currents required to quickly charge the capacitive loads are provided by this capacitor. A low ESR ceramic capacitor is recommended.

5.3 Power Dissipation

The power dissipated in the MCP14700 consists of the power loss associated with the quiescent power and the gate charge power.

The quiescent power loss can be calculated by the following equation and is typically negligible compared to the gate drive power loss.

EQUATION 5-2:

$$P_Q = I_{VCC} \times V_{CC}$$

Where:

 P_Q = Quiescent power loss I_{VCC} = No Load Bias Current

 V_{CC} = Bias Voltage

The main power loss occurs from the gate charge power loss. This power loss can be defined in terms of both the high-side and low-side power MOSFETs.

EQUATION 5-3:

$$P_{GATE} = P_{HIGHDR} + P_{LOWDR}$$

$$P_{HIGHDR} = V_{CC} \times Q_{HIGH} \times F_{SW}$$

$$P_{LOWDR} = V_{CC} \times Q_{LOW} \times F_{SW}$$

Where:

 P_{GATF} = Total Gate Charge Power Loss

P_{HIGHDR} = High-Side Gate Charge Power Loss

 P_{LOWDR} = Low-Side Gate Charge Power Loss

V_{CC} = Bias Supply Voltage

Q_{HIGH} = High-Side MOSFET Total Gate

Charge

Q_{LOW} = Low-Side MOSFET Total GAte

Charge

 F_{SW} = Switching Frequency

5.4 PCB Layout

Proper PCB layout is important in a high current, fast switching circuit to provide proper device operation. Improper component placement may cause errant switching, excessive voltage ringing, or circuit latch-up.

There are two important states of the MCP14700 outputs, high and low. Figure 5-1 depicts the current flow paths when the outputs of the MCP14700 are high and the power MOSFETs are turned on. The charge needed to turn on the low-side power MOSFET comes from the decoupling capacitor C_{VCC} . The current flows from this capacitor through the internal LOWDR circuitry, into the gate of the low-side power MOSFET, out the source, into the ground plane, and back to C_{VCC} . To reduce any excess voltage ringing or spiking, the inductance and area of this current loop must be minimized.

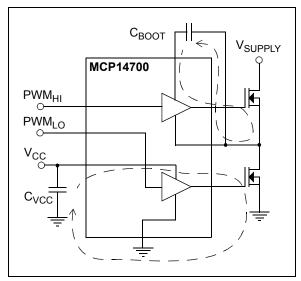


FIGURE 5-1: Turn On Current Paths.

The charge needed to turn on the high-side power MOSFET comes from the bootstrap capacitor C_{BOOT} . Current flows from C_{BOOT} through the internal HIGHDR circuitry, into the gate of the high-side power MOSFET, out the source and back to C_{BOOT} . The printed circuit board traces that construct this current loop need to have a small area and low inductance. To control the inductance, short and wide traces must be used.

Figure 5-2 depicts the current flow paths when the outputs of the MCP14700 are low and the power MOSFETs are turned off. These current paths should also have low inductance and a small loop area to minimize the voltage ringing and spiking.

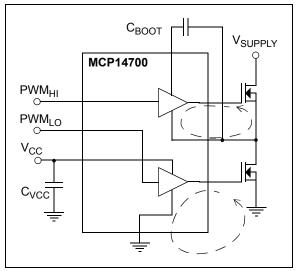


FIGURE 5-2: Turn Off Current Paths.

The following recommendations should be followed for optimal circuit performance:

- The components that construct the high current paths previously mentioned should be placed close the MCP14700 device. The traces used to construct these current loops should be wide and short to keep the inductance and impedance low.
- A ground plane should be used to keep both the parasitic inductance and impedance minimized. The MCP14700 device is capable of sourcing and sinking high peaks current and any extra parasitic inductance or impedance will result in non-optimal performance.

6.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

6.1 Package Marking Information

8-Lead DFN (3x3)

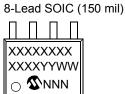


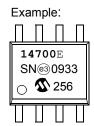
Device	Code
MCP14700	DABR

Note: Applies to 8-Lead 3x3 DFN

Example:







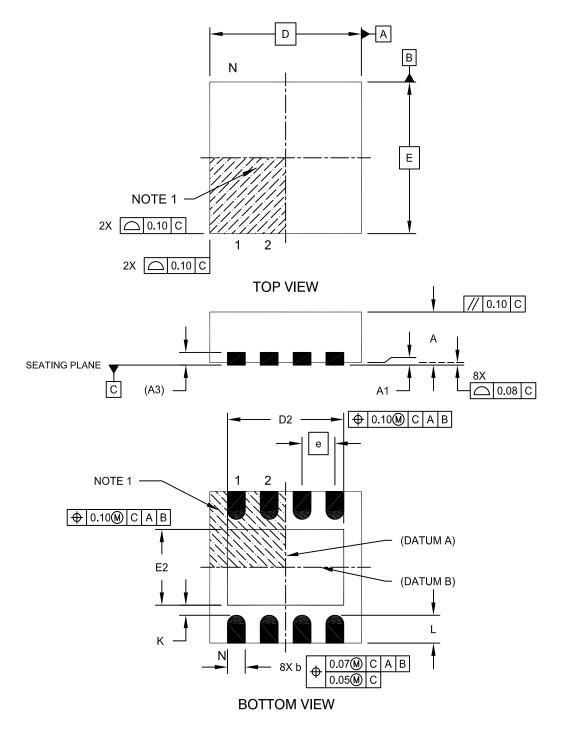
Legend: XX...X Customer-specific information
Year code (last digit of calendar year)
YY Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
WW Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
NNN Alphanumeric traceability code

By-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (©3)
can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MF) - 3x3x0.9mm Body [DFN]

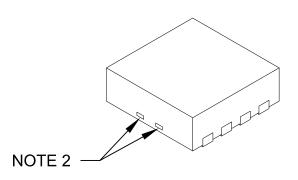
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-062C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MF) - 3x3x0.9mm Body [DFN]

te: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units	Units MILLIMETERS		
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		8	
Pitch	е		0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	Α	0.80	0.90	1.00
Standoff	A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
Contact Thickness	A3	0.20 REF		
Overall Length	D	3.00 BSC		
Exposed Pad Width	E2	1.34	ı	1.60
Overall Width	Е		3.00 BSC	
Exposed Pad Length	D2	1.60	-	2.40
Contact Width	b	0.25	0.30	0.35
Contact Length	L	0.20	0.30	0.55
Contact-to-Exposed Pad	K	0.20	-	-

Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- 2. Package may have one or more exposed tie bars at ends.
- 3. Package is saw singulated
- 4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

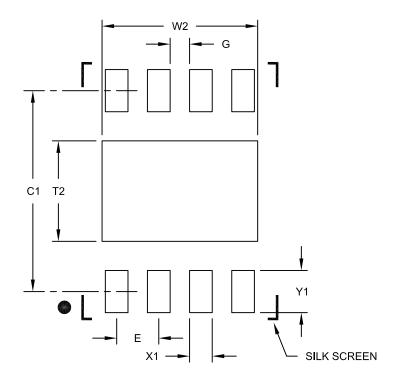
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-062C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead Package (MF) - 3x3x0.9mm Body [DFN]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	N	ILLIMETER	S	
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	Ш		0.65 BSC	
Optional Center Pad Width	W2			2.40
Optional Center Pad Length	T2			1.55
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		3.10	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.35
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			0.65
Distance Between Pads	G	0.30		

Notes:

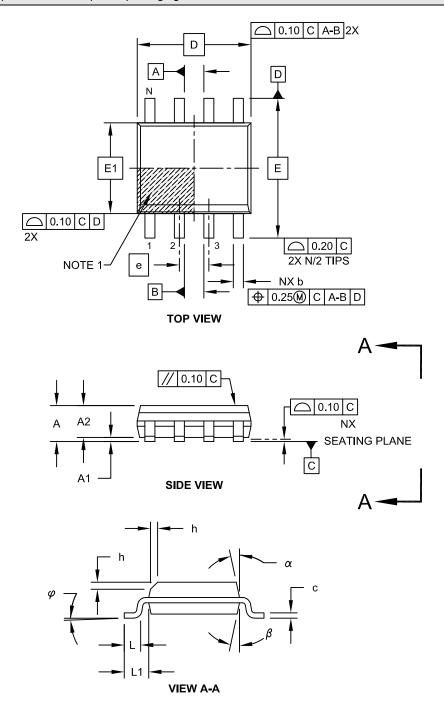
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2062B

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

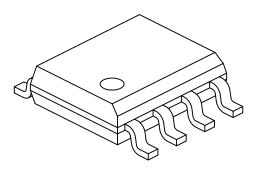
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units	MILLIMETERS		
Dimension	Limits	MIN NOM MAX		
Number of Pins	Ν		8	
Pitch	е		1.27 BSC	
Overall Height	Α	-	-	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	-	-
Standoff §	A1	0.10	-	0.25
Overall Width	Е	6.00 BSC		
Molded Package Width	E1	3.90 BSC		
Overall Length	D		4.90 BSC	
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25	-	0.50
Foot Length	L	0.40	-	1.27
Footprint	L1		1.04 REF	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	С	0.17 - 0.25		
Lead Width	b	0.31	-	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°

Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- 2. § Significant Characteristic
- 3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
- 4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M $\,$

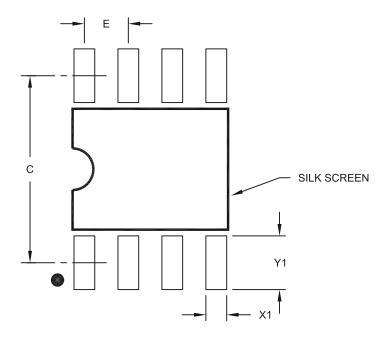
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	Units			S
Dimension	Dimension Limits		NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	Е		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	С		5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2057A

NOTES:

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision B (January 2013)

The following is the list of modifications:

- 1. Updated the Features: list on page 1.
- 2. Updated the Typical Application Schematic.

Revision A (September 2009)

· Original Release of this Document.

NOTES:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.

PART NO.	<u>X</u>	Exa	amples:	
Device	Temperature Package Range	a)		Extended Temperature, 8LD DFN package.
Device:	MCP14700: Dual Input Synchronous MOSFET Driver	b)	MCP14700T-E/MF:	Tape and Reel, Extended Temperature, 8LD DFN package.
	MCP14700T: Dual Input Synchronous MOSFET Driver - Tape and Reel (DFN and SOIC)	a)	MCP14700-E/SN:	Extended Temperature, 8LD SOIC package.
Temperature Range:	E = -40°C to +125°C (Extended)	b)	MCP14700T-E/SN:	Tape and Reel, Extended Temperature, 8LD SOIC package.
Package:	MF = Plastic Dual Flat, No Lead (3x3 DFN), 8-lead SN = Plastic Small Outline, (3.90 mm), 8-lead			
1				

NOTES:

Note the following details of the code protection feature on Microchip devices:

- · Microchip products meet the specification contained in their particular Microchip Data Sheet.
- Microchip believes that its family of products is one of the most secure families of its kind on the market today, when used in the intended manner and under normal conditions.
- There are dishonest and possibly illegal methods used to breach the code protection feature. All of these methods, to our
 knowledge, require using the Microchip products in a manner outside the operating specifications contained in Microchip's Data
 Sheets. Most likely, the person doing so is engaged in theft of intellectual property.
- Microchip is willing to work with the customer who is concerned about the integrity of their code.
- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not mean that we are guaranteeing the product as "unbreakable."

Code protection is constantly evolving. We at Microchip are committed to continuously improving the code protection features of our products. Attempts to break Microchip's code protection feature may be a violation of the Digital Millennium Copyright Act. If such acts allow unauthorized access to your software or other copyrighted work, you may have a right to sue for relief under that Act.

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is provided only for your convenience and may be superseded by updates. It is your responsibility to ensure that your application meets with your specifications. MICROCHIP MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, RELATED TO THE INFORMATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ITS CONDITION, QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PURPOSE. Microchip disclaims all liability arising from this information and its use. Use of Microchip devices in life support and/or safety applications is entirely at the buyer's risk, and the buyer agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Microchip from any and all damages, claims, suits, or expenses resulting from such use. No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any Microchip intellectual property rights.

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CERTIFIED BY DNV = ISO/TS 16949=

Trademarks

The Microchip name and logo, the Microchip logo, dsPIC, FlashFlex, KEELOQ, KEELOQ logo, MPLAB, PIC, PICmicro, PICSTART, PIC³² logo, rfPIC, SST, SST Logo, SuperFlash and UNI/O are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

FilterLab, Hampshire, HI-TECH C, Linear Active Thermistor, MTP, SEEVAL and The Embedded Control Solutions Company are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

Silicon Storage Technology is a registered trademark of Microchip Technology Inc. in other countries.

Analog-for-the-Digital Age, Application Maestro, BodyCom, chipKIT, chipKIT logo, CodeGuard, dsPICDEM, dsPICDEM.net, dsPICworks, dsSPEAK, ECAN, ECONOMONITOR, FanSense, HI-TIDE, In-Circuit Serial Programming, ICSP, Mindi, MiWi, MPASM, MPF, MPLAB Certified logo, MPLIB, MPLINK, mTouch, Omniscient Code Generation, PICC, PICC-18, PICDEM, PICDEM.net, PICkit, PICtail, REAL ICE, rfLAB, Select Mode, SQI, Serial Quad I/O, Total Endurance, TSHARC, UniWinDriver, WiperLock, ZENA and Z-Scale are trademarks of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A. and other countries.

SQTP is a service mark of Microchip Technology Incorporated in the U.S.A.

GestIC and ULPP are registered trademarks of Microchip Technology Germany II GmbH & Co. & KG, a subsidiary of Microchip Technology Inc., in other countries.

All other trademarks mentioned herein are property of their respective companies.

© 2009-2013, Microchip Technology Incorporated, Printed in the U.S.A., All Rights Reserved.

Printed on recycled paper.

ISBN: 9781620769782

Microchip received ISO/TS-16949:2009 certification for its worldwide headquarters, design and wafer fabrication facilities in Chandler and Tempe, Arizona; Gresham, Oregon and design centers in California and India. The Company's quality system processes and procedures are for its PIC® MCUs and dsPIC® DSCs, KEELOQ® code hopping devices, Serial EEPROMs, microperipherals, nonvolatile memory and analog products. In addition, Microchip's quality system for the design and manufacture of development systems is ISO 9001:2000 certified.



Worldwide Sales and Service

AMERICAS

Corporate Office 2355 West Chandler Blvd.

Chandler, AZ 85224-6199 Tel: 480-792-7200 Fax: 480-792-7277 Technical Support:

http://www.microchip.com/ support

Web Address: www.microchip.com

Atlanta Duluth, GA Tel: 678-957-9614

Fax: 678-957-9614
Fax: 678-957-1455
Boston

Westborough, MA Tel: 774-760-0087 Fax: 774-760-0088

Chicago Itasca, IL Tel: 630-285-0071 Fax: 630-285-0075

Cleveland Independence, OH Tel: 216-447-0464

Tel: 216-447-0464 Fax: 216-447-0643 **Dallas**

Addison, TX Tel: 972-818-7423 Fax: 972-818-2924

Detroit

Farmington Hills, MI Tel: 248-538-2250 Fax: 248-538-2260

Indianapolis Noblesville, IN Tel: 317-773-8323 Fax: 317-773-5453

Los Angeles Mission Viejo, CA Tel: 949-462-9523 Fax: 949-462-9608

Santa Clara Santa Clara, CA Tel: 408-961-6444 Fax: 408-961-6445

Toronto Mississauga, Ontario, Canada

Tel: 905-673-0699 Fax: 905-673-6509

ASIA/PACIFIC

Asia Pacific Office

Suites 3707-14, 37th Floor Tower 6, The Gateway Harbour City, Kowloon Hong Kong

Tel: 852-2401-1200 Fax: 852-2401-3431

Australia - Sydney Tel: 61-2-9868-6733 Fax: 61-2-9868-6755

China - Beijing Tel: 86-10-8569-7000 Fax: 86-10-8528-2104

China - Chengdu Tel: 86-28-8665-5511 Fax: 86-28-8665-7889

China - Chongqing Tel: 86-23-8980-9588 Fax: 86-23-8980-9500

China - Hangzhou Tel: 86-571-2819-3187 Fax: 86-571-2819-3189

China - Hong Kong SAR Tel: 852-2943-5100 Fax: 852-2401-3431

China - Nanjing Tel: 86-25-8473-2460 Fax: 86-25-8473-2470

China - Qingdao Tel: 86-532-8502-7355 Fax: 86-532-8502-7205

China - Shanghai Tel: 86-21-5407-5533 Fax: 86-21-5407-5066

China - Shenyang Tel: 86-24-2334-2829 Fax: 86-24-2334-2393

China - Shenzhen Tel: 86-755-8864-2200 Fax: 86-755-8203-1760

China - Wuhan Tel: 86-27-5980-5300 Fax: 86-27-5980-5118

China - Xian Tel: 86-29-8833-7252 Fax: 86-29-8833-7256

China - XiamenTel: 86-592-2388138
Fax: 86-592-2388130 **China - Zhuhai**

Tel: 86-756-3210040 Fax: 86-756-3210049

ASIA/PACIFIC

India - Bangalore Tel: 91-80-3090-4444 Fax: 91-80-3090-4123

India - New Delhi Tel: 91-11-4160-8631 Fax: 91-11-4160-8632

India - Pune Tel: 91-20-2566-1512 Fax: 91-20-2566-1513

Japan - Osaka Tel: 81-6-6152-7160 Fax: 81-6-6152-9310

Japan - Tokyo Tel: 81-3-6880- 3770 Fax: 81-3-6880-3771 **Korea - Daegu**

Tel: 82-53-744-4301 Fax: 82-53-744-4302

Korea - Seoul Tel: 82-2-554-7200 Fax: 82-2-558-5932 or 82-2-558-5934

Malaysia - Kuala Lumpur Tel: 60-3-6201-9857 Fax: 60-3-6201-9859

Malaysia - Penang Tel: 60-4-227-8870 Fax: 60-4-227-4068

Philippines - Manila Tel: 63-2-634-9065 Fax: 63-2-634-9069

Singapore Tel: 65-6334-8870 Fax: 65-6334-8850 Taiwan - Hsin Chu

Tel: 886-3-5778-366

Fax: 886-3-5770-955 **Taiwan - Kaohsiung**Tel: 886-7-213-7828

Tel: 886-7-213-7828 Fax: 886-7-330-9305 Taiwan - Taipei

Tel: 886-2-2508-8600 Fax: 886-2-2508-0102 Thailand - Bangkok

Tel: 66-2-694-1351

Fax: 66-2-694-1350

EUROPE

Austria - Wels
Tel: 43-7242-2244-39
Fax: 43-7242-2244-393
Denmark - Copenhagen
Tel: 45-4450-2828
Fax: 45-4485-2829

France - Paris Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20 Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

Germany - Munich Tel: 49-89-627-144-0 Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Italy - Milan Tel: 39-0331-742611 Fax: 39-0331-466781 Netherlands - Drunen

Tel: 31-416-690399

Fax: 31-416-690340 **Spain - Madrid** Tel: 34-91-708-08-90 Fax: 34-91-708-08-91

UK - Wokingham Tel: 44-118-921-5869 Fax: 44-118-921-5820

11/29/12