# AOSONG

## Temperature and humidity module

AM2302 Product Manual

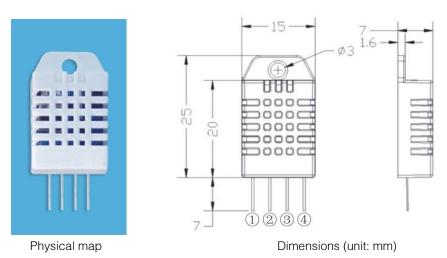


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#### 1, Product Overview

AM2302 capacitive humidity sensing digital temperature and humidity module is one that contains the compound has been calibrated digital signal output of the temperature and humidity sensors. Application of a dedicated digital modules collection technology and the temperature and humidity sensing technology, to ensure that the product has high reliability and excellent long-term stability. The sensor includes a capacitive sensor wet components and a high-precision temperature measurement devices, and connected with a high-performance 8-bit microcontroller. The product has excellent quality, fast response, strong anti-jamming capability, and high cost. Each sensor is extremely accurate humidity calibration chamber calibration. The form of procedures, the calibration coefficients stored in the microcontroller, the sensor within the processing of the heartbeat to call these calibration coefficients. Standard single-bus interface, system integration quick and easy. Small size, low power consumption, signal transmission distance up to 20 meters, making it the best choice of all kinds of applications and even the most demanding applications. Products for the 3-lead (single-bus interface) connection convenience. Special packages according to user needs.



#### 2, Applications

HVAC, dehumidifier, testing and inspection equipment, consumer goods, automotive, automatic control, data loggers, home appliances, humidity regulator, medical, weather stations, and other humidity measurement and control and so on.

#### 3、Features

Ultra-low power, the transmission distance, fully automated calibration, the use of capacitive humidity sensor, completely interchangeable, standard digital single-bus output, excellent long-term stability, high accuracy temperature measurement devices.

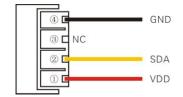
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#### 4, The definition of single-bus interface

#### 4.1 AM2302 Pin assignments

Table 1:         AM2302 Pin assignments					
Pin	Name	Description			
1)	VDD	Power (3.3V-5.5V)			
2	SDA	Serial data, bidirectional port			
3	NC	Empty			
4	GND	Ground			



PIC1: AM2302 Pin Assignment

#### 4.2 Power supply pins (VDD GND)

AM2302 supply voltage range 3.3V - 5.5V, recommended supply voltage is 5V.

#### 4.3 Serial data (SDA)

SDA pin is tri structure for reading, writing sensor data. Specific communication timing, see the detailed description of the communication protocol.

#### 5, Sensor performance

#### 5.1 Relative humidity

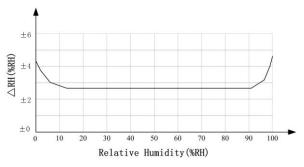
 Table 2:
 AM2302 Relative humidity performance table

Parameter	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit	
Resolution			0.1		%RH	
Range		0		99.9	%RH	
Accuracy [1]	25°C		±2		%RH	
Repeatability			± 0.3		%RH	
Exchange		Co	Completely interchangeable			
Response <sup>[2]</sup>	1/e(63%)		<5		S	
Sluggish			< 0.3		%RH	
Drift <sup>[3]</sup>	Typical		<0.5		%RH/yr	

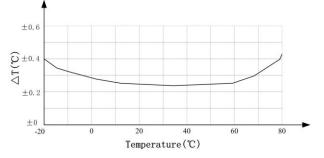
#### 5.2 Temperature

 Table 3:
 AM2302 Relative temperature performance

-					
Parameter	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Resolutio			0.1		°C
n			16		bit
Accuracy			$\pm 0.5$	± 1	°C
Range		-40		80	°C
Repeat			$\pm 0.2$		°C
Exchange		Completely interchangeable			
Response	1/e(63%)		<10		S
Drift			$\pm 0.3$		°C/yr



Pic2: At25°C The error of relative humidity



Pic3: The maximum temperature error

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#### 6、 Electrical Characteristics

Electrical characteristics, such as energy consumption, high, low, input, output voltage, depending on the power supply. Table 4 details the electrical characteristics of the AM2302, if not identified, said supply voltage of 5V. To get the best results with the sensor, please design strictly in accordance with the conditions of design in Table 4.

Parameter	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Voltage		3.3	5	5.5	V
D	Dormancy	10	15		μA
Power consumption <sup>[4]</sup>	Measuring		500		μA
consumption	Average		300		μA
Low level output voltage	$I_{\rm OL}{}^{[5]}$	0		300	mV
High output voltage	Rp<25 k $\Omega$	90%		100%	VDD
Low input voltage	Decline	0		30%	VDD
Input High Voltage	Rise	70%		100%	VDD
Rpu <sup>[6]</sup>	VDD = 5V VIN = VSS	30	45	60	kΩ
Output current	turn on		8		mA
	turn off	10	20		μA
Sampling period		2			S

Table 4: AM2302 DC Characteristics

[1] the accuracy of the factory inspection, the sensor 25°C and 5V, the accuracy specification of test conditions, it does not include hysteresis and nonlinearity, and is only suitable for non-condensing environment.

[2] to achieve an order of 63% of the time required under the conditions of 25°C and 1m / s airflow.

[3] in the volatile organic compounds, the values may be higher. See the manual application to store information.

[4] this value at VDD = 5.0V when the temperature is  $25^{\circ}$ C, 2S / time, under the conditions of the average.

[5] low output current.

[6] that the pull-up resistor.

#### 7、Single-bus communication (ONE-WIRE)

#### 7.1 Typical circuits for single bus

Microprocessor and AM2302 connection typical application circuit is shown in Figure 4. Single bus communication mode, pull the SDA microprocessor I / O port is connected.

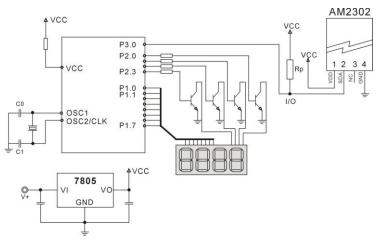
#### Special instructions of the single-bus communication:

1. Typical application circuit recommended in the short cable length of 30 meters on the 5.1K pull–up resistor pullup resistor according to the actual situation of lower than 30 m.

- 2. With 3.3V supply voltage, cable length shall not be greater than 100cm. Otherwise, the line voltage drop will lead to the sensor power supply, resulting in measurement error.
- 3. Read the sensor minimum time interval for the 2S; read interval is less than 2S, may cause the temperature and humidity are not allowed or communication is unsuccessful, etc..

4. Temperature and humidity values are each read out the results of the last measurement For real-time data that need continuous read twice, we recommend repeatedly to read sensors, and each read sensor interval is greater than 2 seconds to obtain accurate data.





Pic4: AM2302 Typical circuits for single bus

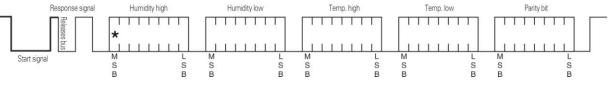
#### 7.2 Single-bus communication protocol

#### <sup>○</sup> Single bus Description

AM2302 device uses a simplified single-bus communication. Single bus that only one data line, data exchange system, controlled by the data line to complete. Equipment (microprocessor) through an open-drain or tri-state port connected to the data line to allow the device does not send data to release the bus, while other devices use the bus; single bus usually require an external about  $5.1k\Omega$  pull-up resistor, so when the bus is idle, its status is high. Because they are the master-slave structure, only the host calls the sensor, the sensor will answer, so the hosts to access the sensor must strictly follow the sequence of single bus, if there is a sequence of confusion, the sensor will not respond to the host.

#### $\bigcirc$ Single bus to send data definition

SDA For communication and synchronization between the microprocessor and the AM2302, single-bus data format, a transmission of 40 data, the high first-out. Specific communication timing shown in Figure 5, the communication format is depicted in Table 5.



Pic5: AM2302 Single-bus communication protocol



Name	Single–bus format definition
Start signal	Microprocessor data bus (SDA) to bring down a period of time (at least $800\mu$ s) [1] notify the
Start signal	sensor to prepare the data.
Response	Sensor data bus (SDA) is pulled down to $80 \mu$ s, followed by high–80 $\mu$ s response to host the
signal	start signal.
Data format	Host the start signal is received, the sensor one-time string from the data bus (SDA) 40 data, the
Data Ionnat	high first–out.
Humidity	Humidity resolution of 16Bit, the previous high; humidity sensor string value is 10 times the
пишацу	actual humidity values.
	Temperature resolution of 16Bit, the previous high; temperature sensor string value is 10 times
	the actual temperature value;
Temp.	The temperature is the highest bit (Bit15) is equal to 1 indicates a negative temperature, the
	temperature is the highest bit (Bit15) is equal to 0 indicates a positive temperature;
	Temperature in addition to the most significant bit (Bit14 ~ bit 0) temperature values.
Parity bit	Parity bit = humidity high + humidity low + temperature high + temperature low

 Table 5: AM2302 Communication format specifier

#### ◎ Single-bus data calculation example

1 -	-			
0000 0010	1001 0010	0000 0001	0000 1101	1010 0010
High humidity 8	Low humidity 8	High temp. 8	Low temp. 8	Parity bit
Calculate:				
0000 0010+1001 0	010 +0000 0001+000	00 1101= 1010 001	0 ( Parity bit )	
Received data is co	rrect:			
humidity: 000	0 0010 1001 0010 =	= 0292H (Hexadec:	$(mal) = 2 \times 256 + 9$	$\times 16 + 2 = 658$
=> Hur	nidity = 65.8%RH			
<b>Temp.:</b> 0000 (	$0001  0000 \ 1101 = 1$	10DH(Hexadecimal	$= 1 \times 256 + 0 \times 1$	6 + 13 = 269
=> Ten	np.= 26.9°C			
$\odot$ Special Instructions :				
When the temperat	ture is below $0$ °C, th	ne highest position of	of the temperature of	lata.
<b>Example:</b> -10.1	°C Expressed as 1 00	00 0000 0110 0101		
<b>Temp.:</b> 000	0 0000 0110 0101 =	0065H(Hexadecim	$al) = 6 \times 16 + 5 = 2$	101
=> T	femp. = -10.1 °C			
Example 2. 40 receiv	ved data•			

**Example 2:** 40 received data:

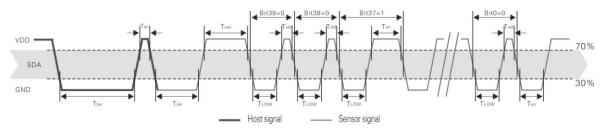
0000 0010	1001 0010	0000 0001	0000 1101	1011 0010
High humidity 8	Low humidity 8	High temp. 8	Low temp. 8	Parity bit
Calculate:				

 $0000\ 0010+1001\ 0010\ +0000\ 0001+0000\ 1101=\ 1010\ 0010\ \neq\ \underline{1011\ 0010}$  (Validation error) The received data is not correct, give up, to re-receive data.

#### 7.3 Single-bus communication timing

User host (MCU) to send a start signal (data bus SDA line low for at least 800µ s) after AM2302 from Sleep mode conversion to high-speed mode. The host began to signal the end of the AM2302 send a response signal sent from the data bus SDA serial 40Bit's data, sends the byte high; data sent is followed by: <u>Humidity high</u>, <u>Humidity low</u>, <u>Temperature high</u>, <u>Temperature low</u>, <u>Parity bit</u>, Send data to the end of trigger information collection, the collection end of the sensor is automatically transferred to the sleep mode, the advent until the next communication.

Detailed timing signal characteristics in Table 6, Single-bus communication timing diagram Pic 6:



Pic 6: AM2302 Single-bus communication timing

**Note:** the temperature and humidity data read by the host from the AM2302 is always the last measured value, such as the two measurement interval is very long, continuous read twice to the second value of real-time temperature and humidity values, while two readtake minimum time interval be 2S.

Symbol	Parameter	min	typ	max	Unit
$T_{be}$	Host the start signal down time	0.8	1	20	mS
$T_{go}$	Bus master has released time	20	30	200	μς
$T_{\mathrm{rel}}$	Response to low time	75	80	85	μs
$T_{\text{reh}}$	In response to high time	75	80	85	$\mu_{S}$
$T_{\text{LOW}}$	Signal "0", "1" low time	48	50	55	$\mu_{S}$
$T_{\rm H0}$	Signal "0" high time	22	26	30	$\mu_{S}$
$T_{\rm H1}$	Signal "1" high time	68	70	75	$\mu_{S}$
$T_{en}$	Sensor to release the bus time	45	50	55	μς

Table 6: Single bus signal characteristics

**Note:** To ensure the accurate communication of the sensor, the read signal, in strict accordance with the design parameters and timing in Table 6 and Figure 6.

#### 7.4 Peripherals read step example

Communication between the host and the sensor can read data through the following three steps to complete.

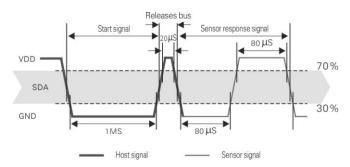
#### Step 1

AM2302 have to wait for the power (on AM2302 power 2S crossed the unstable state, the device can not send any instructions to read during this period), the test environment temperature and humidity data, and record data, since the sensor into a sleep state automatically. AM2302 The SDA data line from the previous pull-up resistor pulled up is always high, the AM2302 the SDA pin is in input state, the time detection of external signal.



#### Step 2

Microprocessor I/O set to output, while output low, and low hold time can not be less than 800us, typical values are down 1MS, then the microprocessor I/O is set to input state, the release of the bus, due to the pull-up resistor, the microprocessor I/O AM2302 the SDA data line also will be high, the bus master has released the AM2302 send a response signal, that is, the output 80 microseconds low as the response signal, tightthen output high of 80 microseconds notice peripheral is ready to receive data signal transmission as shown to Pic7 :



Pic7: Single bus decomposition of the timing diagram

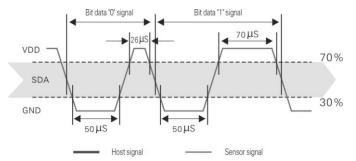
#### Step 3

AM2302 sending the response, followed by the data bus SDA continuous serial output 40 data, the microprocessor receives 40 data I/O level changes.

Bit data "0" format: 26-28 microseconds 50 microseconds low plus high;

Bit data "1" format: the high level of low plus, 50 microseconds to 70 microseconds;

Bit data "0" bit data "1" format signal shown to pic 8:



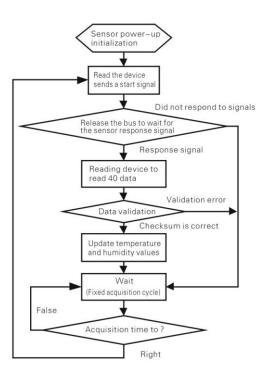
Pic 8: The single bus break down the timing diagram

AM2302 data bus SDA output 40 data continue to output the low 50 microseconds into the input state, followed by pull-up resistor goes high. AM2302 internal re-test environmental temperature and humidity data, and record the data, the end of the test records, the microcontroller automatically into hibernation. Microcontroller only after receipt of the start signal of the host wake-up sensor, into the working state.

#### 7.5 Peripheral to read flow chart

AM2302 sensor read single bus flow chart diagram shown in Figure 9, we also provide the C51 read the code examples, customers need to download, please visit our website (www.aosong.com) related to downloadthis manual does not provide the code description.





Pic9: Single-bus to read the flow chart

#### 8, Application of information

#### 1. Work and storage conditions

Outside the sensor the proposed scope of work may lead to temporary drift of the signal up to 300% RH. Return to normal working conditions, sensor calibration status will slowly toward recovery. To speed up the recovery process may refer to "resume processing". Prolonged use of non-normal operating conditions, will accelerate the aging of the product.

Avoid placing the components on the long-term condensation and dry environment, as well as the following environment.

A, salt spray

B, acidic or oxidizing gases such as sulfur dioxide, hydrochloric acid

Recommended storage environment

Temperature: 10 ~ 40 °C Humidity: 60% RH or less

2. The impact of exposure to chemicals

The capacitive humidity sensor has a layer by chemical vapor interference, the proliferation of chemicals in the sensing layer may lead to drift and decreased sensitivity of the measured values. In a pure environment, contaminants will slowly be released. Resume processing as described below will accelerate this process. The high concentration of chemical pollution (such as ethanol) will lead to the complete damage of the sensitive layer of the sensor.

3. The temperature influence

Relative humidity of the gas to a large extent dependent on temperature. Therefore, in the measurement of humidity,

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should be to ensure that the work of the humidity sensor at the same temperature. With the release of heat of electronic components share a printed circuit board, the installation should be as far as possible the sensor away from the electronic components and mounted below the heat source, while maintaining good ventilation of the enclosure. To reduce the thermal conductivity sensor and printed circuit board copper plating should be the smallest possible, and leaving a gap between the two.

#### 4. Light impact

Prolonged exposure to sunlight or strong ultraviolet radiation, and degrade performance.

#### 5. Resume processing

Placed under extreme working conditions or chemical vapor sensor, which allows it to return to the status of calibration by the following handler. Maintain two hours in the humidity conditions of 45 °C and <10% RH (dry); followed by 20-30°C and > 70% RH humidity conditions to maintain more than five hours.

#### 6. Wiring precautions

The quality of the signal wire will affect the quality of the voltage output, it is recommended to use high quality shielded cable.

#### 7. Welding information

Manual welding, in the maximum temperature of 300°C under the conditions of contact time shall be less than 3 seconds.

8. Product upgrades

Details, please the consultation Aosong electronics department.

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