

Current-compensated ring core double chokes 250 V AC, 1 ... 16 A, 0.56 ... 82 mH

Series/Type: B82725A Date: October 2008

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Current-compensated ring core double chokes

Rated voltage 250 V AC Rated current 1 A to 16 A Rated inductance 0.56 mH to 82 mH

Construction

- Current-compensated ring core double choke
- Ferrite core
- Polycarbonate case (UL 94 V-0)
- Polyurethane potting (UL 94 V-0)
- Sector winding

Features

- High resonance frequency due to special winding technique
- Approx. 1% stray inductance for symmetrical interference suppression
- Suitable for wave soldering
- Design complies with EN 60938-2 (VDE 0565-2)
- UL and VDE approvals N A
- RoHS-compatible

Applications

- Suppression of common-mode interferences
- Electronic ballasts in lamps
- Switch-mode power applications

Terminals

- Base material CuNi18Zn20
- Layer composition Ni, Sn
- Hot-dipped
- Pins 1 × 1 (mm)
- Lead spacing 40 × 15 (mm)

Marking

Manufacturer, approval signs and/or VDE standard number, ordering code, graphic symbol, rated current, rated voltage, rated inductance, date of manufacture (YYWWD)

Delivery mode

Blister tray in cardboard box

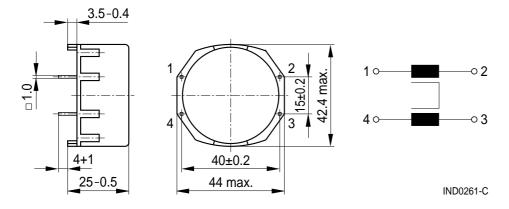


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Dimensional drawing and pin configuration



Tolerances to ISO 2768-C unless otherwise noted.

Dimensions in mm

Technical data and measuring conditions

Rated voltage V _R				
0 IX	250 V AC (50/60 Hz)			
Test voltage V _{test}	1500 V AC, 2 s (line/line)			
Rated temperature T _R	40 °C / 45 °C / 55 °C / 60 °C			
Rated current I _R	Referred to 50 Hz and rated temperature			
Rated inductance L _R	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 0.1 mA, 20 °C Measuring frequency: $L_R \le 1 \text{ mH} = 100 \text{ kHz}$ $L_R > 1 \text{ mH} = -10 \text{ kHz}$ Inductance is specified per winding.			
Inductance tolerance	±30% at 20 °C			
Inductance decrease $\Delta L/L_0$	< 10% at DC magnetic bias with I _R , 20 °C			
Stray inductance $L_{stray,typ}$ Measured with Agilent 4284A at 5 mA, 20 °C, to Measuring frequency: $L_R \le 1 \text{ mH} = 100 \text{ kHz}$ $L_R > 1 \text{ mH} = 10 \text{ kHz}$				
DC resistance R _{typ}	Measured at 20 °C, typical values, specified per winding			
Solderability (lead-free)	Sn96.5Ag3.0Cu0.5: (245 ±5) °C, (3 ±0.3) s Wetting of soldering area ≥ 95% (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta)			
Resistance to soldering heat (wave soldering)	(260 ±5) °C, (10 ±1) s (to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb)			
Climatic category	40/125/56 (to IEC 60068-1)			
Storage conditions (packaged)	–25 °C … +40 °C, ≤ 75% RH			
Weight	Approx. 46 g 72 g			
Approvals	EN 60938-2, UL 1283			

Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.

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I _R	L _R	L _{stray,typ}	R _{typ}	T _R	Ordering code	Approvals	
А	mH	μH	mΩ	°C		<u>í</u>	<i>71</i>
1	68	850	1300	60	B82725A2102N001	×	×
1.2	82	800	950	60	B82725A2122N020	×	×
2	18	220	330	60	B82725A2202N001	×	×
4	14	100	80	60	B82725A2402N020	-	_
4	6.8	75	80	60	B82725A2402N001	×	×
6	3.9	40	40	60	B82725A2602N001	×	×
8	3.9	35	31	40	B82725A2802N020	-	_
8	2.7	25	22	60	B82725A2802N001	×	×
10	1.8	20	14	60	B82725A2103N001	×	×
12	3.3	16	12	60	B82725A2123N040	-	_
12	1.0	14	11	55	B82725A2123N001	-	-
14	1.2	12	10	45	B82725A2143N020	-	-
16	0.56	6	7	40	B82725A2163N020	-	-

Characteristics and ordering codes

 \times = approval granted

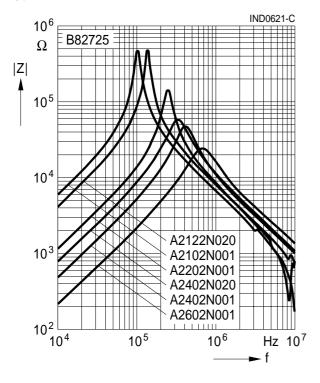
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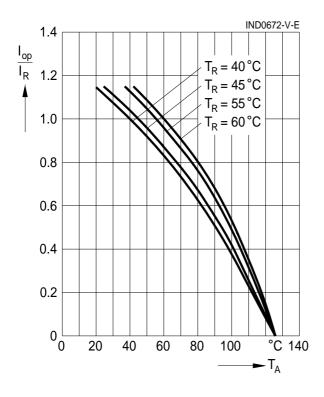
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Impedance |Z| versus frequency f

measured with windings in parallel at 20 °C, typical values

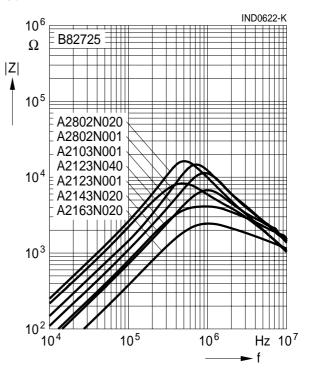


Current derating I_{op}/I_R versus temperature T_A



Impedance |Z| versus frequency f

measured with windings in parallel at 20 °C, typical values





Cautions and warnings

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.



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