

EMC filters

3-line filters for converters and power electronics

Series/Type: B84143A*R107

Date: July 2018

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for converters and power electronics

Power line filters for 3-phase systems

Rated voltage V_R : 300/520 V AC Rated current I_R : 10 A to 100 A

Construction

- 3-line filters
- Metal case

Features

- High insertion loss
- Optimized leakage current
- Discharge time < 60 V within 1 s
- Easy to install
- Low weight
- Compact design
- Degree of protection: IP 20¹)
- ENEC, UL and cUL approval



Typical applications

- Frequency converters for motor drives, e.g.
 - elevators
 - pumps
 - conveyor systems
 - HVAC systems (heating, ventilation and air conditioning)
- Power supplies
- Textile machines, packaging machines, machine-tools

Terminals

■ Finger-safe terminal blocks

Marking

Marking on component:

Manufacturer's logo, ordering code, rated voltage, rated current, rated temperature, climatic category, date code, approvals

Minimum data on packaging:

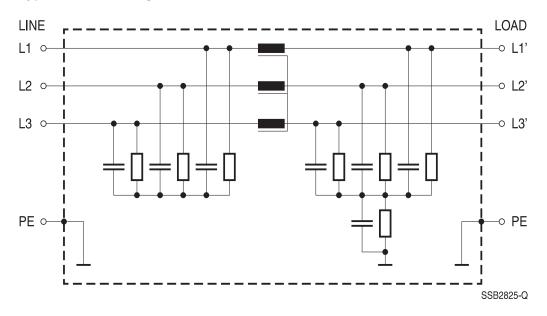
Manufacturer's logo, ordering code, quantity, date code





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Typical circuit diagram



Technical data and measuring conditions

Rated voltage V _R	300/520 V AC (50/60 Hz)	
Rated voltage for IT mains supply	10 A, 20 A: 254/440 V AC (50/60 Hz)	
	35 A, 100 A: 265/460 V AC (50/60 Hz)	
	See also chapter "General technical information", section 7.	
Rated current I _R	Referred to 50 °C rated temperature	
Test voltage V _{test}	2236 V DC, 2 s (line/line)	
	2720 V DC, 2 s (lines/case)	
Overload capability (thermal)	1.5 · I _R for 3 min per hour or	
	$2.5 \cdot I_R$ for 30 s per hour	
Leakage current I _{LK}	At V _R and 50 Hz	
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)	25/100/21 (-25 °C/+100 °C/21 days damp heat test)	
Approvals	IEC 60939, UL 1283, CSA C22.2 No.8	



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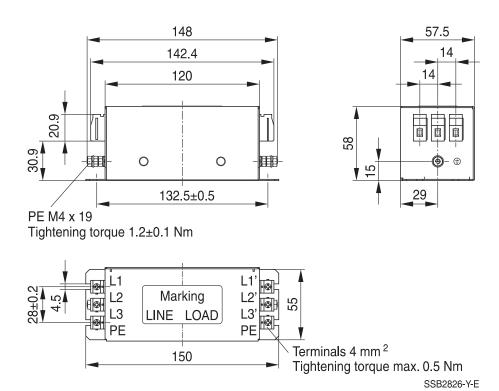
Characteristics and ordering codes

I _R	Terminal	I _{LK}	R _{typ}	Approx.	Ordering code	Appr	ovals	
	cross section			weight				
Α	mm ²	mA	mΩ	kg		4 10	<i>71</i>	c 7/1
V _R = 300/520 V AC								
10	4	3.1	5.5	0.4	B84143A0010R107	×	×	×
20	4	3.1	3.3	0.6	B84143A0020R107	×	×	×
35	10	3.4	1.7	0.9	B84143A0035R107	×	×	×
50	25	3.4	1.1	1.4	B84143A0050R107	×	×	×
65	25	3.4	0.94	1.9	B84143A0065R107	×	×	×
80	25	3.4	0.60	2.4	B84143A0080R107	×	×	×
100	50	3.4	0.48	2.9	B84143A0100R107	×	×	×

 $[\]times$ = Approval granted

Dimensional drawings

B84143A0010R107, B84143A0020R107 (10 A, 20 A)

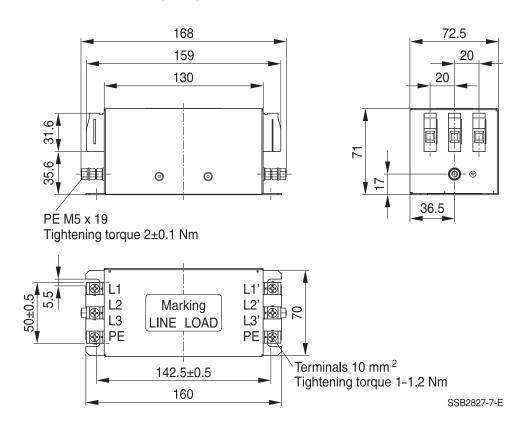


General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL Dimensions in mm



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B84143A0035R107 (35 A)

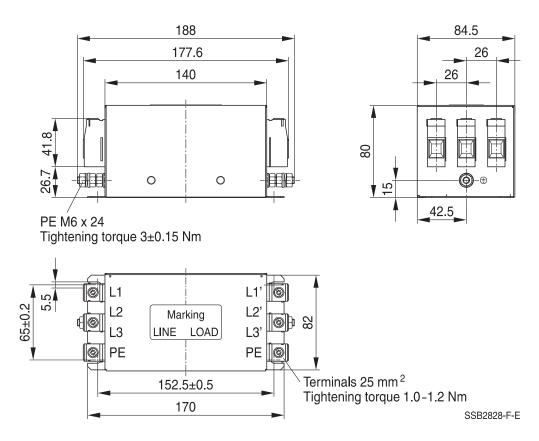


General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL Dimensions in mm



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B84143A0050R107, B84143A0065R107 (50 A, 65 A)

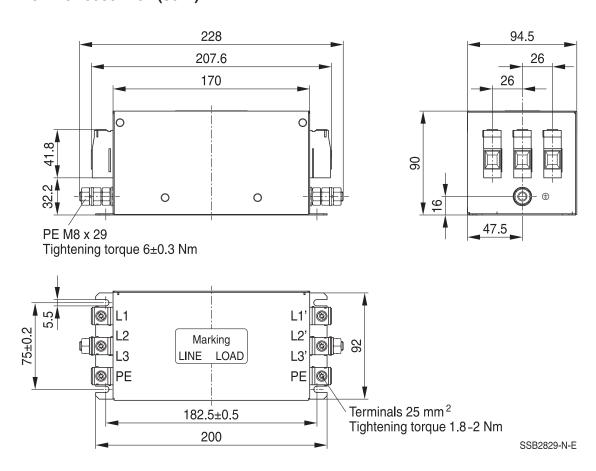


General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL Dimensions in mm



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B84143A0080R107 (80 A)

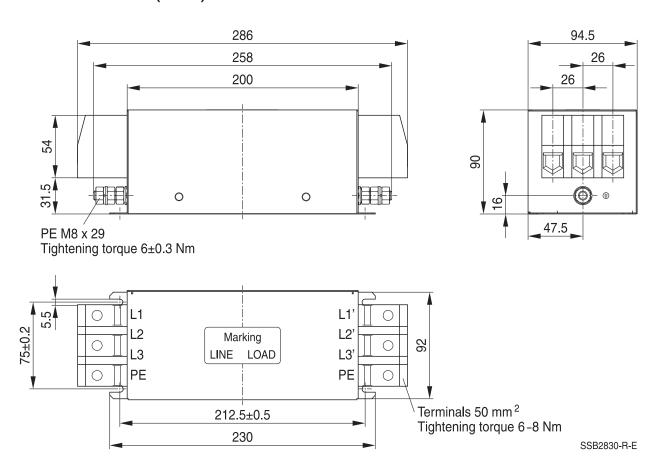


General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL Dimensions in mm



for converters and power electronics

B84143A0100R107 (100 A)



General tolerances according to ISO 2768-cL Dimensions in mm



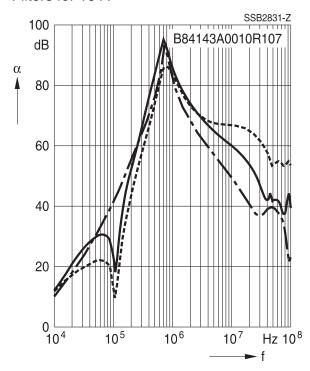
for converters and power electronics

Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

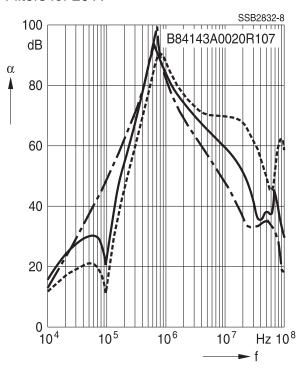
unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminatedcommon mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)

---- differential mode (symmetrical)

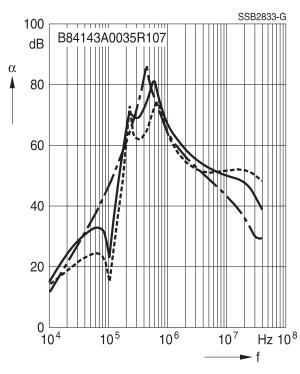
Filters for 10 A



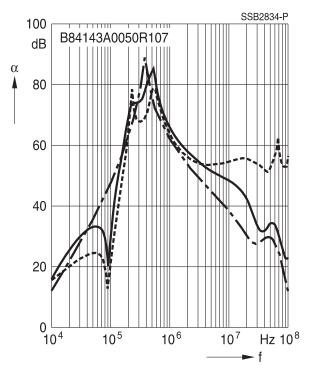
Filters for 20 A



Filters for 35 A



Filters for 50 A





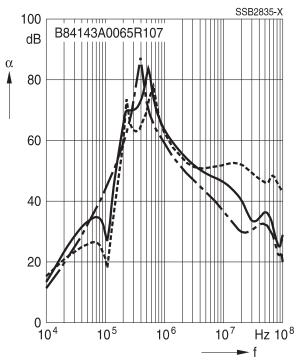
for converters and power electronics

Insertion loss (typical values at $Z = 50 \Omega$)

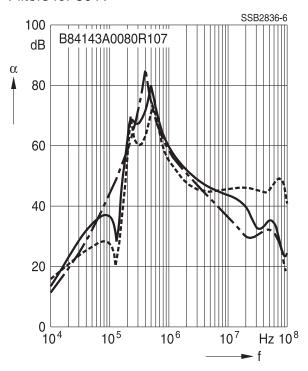
unsymmetrical, adjacent branches terminatedcommon mode, all branches in parallel (asymmetrical)

– – – – – differential mode (symmetrical)

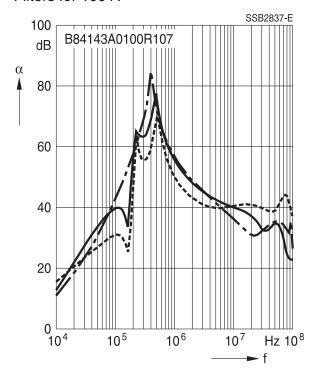
Filters for 65 A



Filters for 80 A



Filters for 100 A





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Cautions and warnings

Please read all safety and warning notes carefully before installing the filter and putting it into operation (see ____). The same applies to the warning signs on the filter. Please ensure that the signs are not removed nor their legibility impaired by external influences.

Death, serious bodily injury and substantial material damage to equipment may occur if the appropriate safety measures are not carried out or the warnings in the text are not observed.

Using according to the terms

The filters may be used only for their intended application within the specified values in low-voltage networks in compliance with the instructions given in the data sheets and the data book. The conditions at the place of application must comply with all specifications for the filter used.

Marning

- It shall be ensured that only qualified persons (electricity specialists) are engaged on work such as planning, assembly, installation, operation, repair and maintenance. They must be provided with the corresponding documentation.
- Danger of electric shock. Filters contain components that store an electric charge. Dangerous voltages can continue to exist at the filter terminals for longer than five minutes even after the power has been switched off.
- The protective earth connections shall be the first to be made when the filter is installed and the last to be disconnected. Depending on the magnitude of the leakage currents, the particular specifications for making the protective earth connection must be observed.
- Impermissible overloading of the filter or filter, such as with circuits able to cause resonances, impermissible voltages at higher frequencies etc. can lead to bodily injury and death as well as cause substantial material damages (e.g. destruction of the filter housing).
- Filters must be protected in the application against impermissible exceeding of the rated currents by overcurrent protective devices.
- In case of leakage currents >3.5 mA you shall mount the PE conductor stationary with the required cross section before beginning of operation and save it against disconnecting. For leakage currents $I_L^{1)} \le 10$ mA the PE conductor must have a KU value²⁾ of 4.5³⁾; for leakage currents $I_L > 10$ mA the PE conductor must have a KU value of $6^{4)}$.
- Output chokes and output filters must be protected in the application against impermissible exceeding of the component temperature.
- The converter output frequency must be within the specified range to avoid resonances and uncontrolled warming of the output chokes and output filters.
- Because the product can become very hot during operation, there is the risk of burns if touched. The product can remain hot for some time after the power is switched off!

¹⁾ I_L = leakage current let-go

²⁾ The KU value (symbol KU) is a classification parameter of safety-referred failure types designed to ensure protection against hazardous body currents and excessive heating.

³⁾ A value of KU = 4.5 with respect to interruptions is attained with: a) permanently connected protective earth connection ≥1.5 mm² and b) a protective earth connection ≥2.5 mm² via connectors for industrial equipment (IEC 60309-2)

⁴⁾ KU = 6 with respect to interruptions is achieved for fixed-connection lines ≥10 mm² where the type of connection and installation correspond to the requirements for PEN conductors as specified in relevant standards.



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The table below summarizes the safety instructions that must be observed without fail. A detailed description can be found in the relevant chapters of the databook.

Topic	Instructions	Reference chapter (data book), paragraph
Selecting a filter	When selecting a filter, it is mandatory to observe the rated data of the equipment (such as its rated input current, rated voltage, harmonic content etc.) as well as the derating instructions in Chapters 9 and 10.	Selection guide for converter filters
Rated voltage	When power distribution systems deviating from the symmetric TN-S system is to check the suitability of the filters and the allowed voltages including the fault cases.	Power distribution systems,
Protection from residual voltages Discharge resistors	Active parts must be discharged within 5 s to a voltage of less than 60 V (or 50 μ C). If this limit cannot be observed due to the operating mode, the hazardous point must be permanently marked in a clearly visible way.	Safety regulations, 6.1
	Filters which are not permanently connected (e.g. when the test voltage is applied to the filter at the incoming goods inspection) must be discharged after the voltage has been switched off.	Safety regulations, 6.2
Installing and removing of filters Installation	When installing and removing our filters, a voltage-free state must be set up and secured with observance of the five safety rules described in EN 50110-1.	Safety regulations, 6.4
Use in IT systems	The special features of the IT system ("first fault case" and other fault cases) shall be observed.	Power distribution system (network types), 7.6
Safety notes on leakage currents	The filter leakage currents specified in the data book are intended for user information only. The maximum leakage current of the entire electrical equipment or appliance has to be limited for safety reasons. Please obtain the applicable limits for your application from the relevant regulations, provisions and standards.	8.4
Voltage derating Hazards caused by overloading the filters	If the permissible limits for the higher-frequency voltages at the filter are exceeded, the filter may be damaged or destroyed.	Voltage derating, 9.8
Current derating at elevated ambient temperatures	Non-observance of the current derating may lead to overheating and consequently represents a fire hazard.	Current derating, 10.1



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Reference chapter **Topic** Instructions (data book), paragraph Protective earth For operating currents greater than 250 A, we Mounting connection at recommend the PE connection to be set up between instructions, the feed (filter: line) and output (filter: load) not via the operating currents point 2 >250 A PE terminal bolt in the filter housing. Mounting position Note the mounting position of the filters! It must Mounting always be ensured that natural convection is not instructions, impaired. point 13 Long motor cables Long motor cables cause parasitic currents in the Mounting installation. The cable lengths indicated for the output instructions, chokes and output filters serve for orientation. The point 15 user must check the technical parameters and especially the choke temperatures for the respective application.

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Detailed information can be found on the Internet under www.epcos.com/orderingcodes.



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Symbols and terms

Symbols	English	German
α	Insertion loss	Einfügungsdämpfung
C_R	Rated capacitance	Bemessungskapazität
C _x	Capacitance X capacitor	Kapazität X-Kondensator
$\hat{C_{Y}}$	Capacitance Y capacitor	Kapazität Y-Kondensator
ΔV	Voltage drop (input to output)	Spannungsabfall im Filter
dv/dt	Rate of voltage rise	Spannungsanstiegsgeschwindigkeit
f	Frequency	Frequenz
f_{M}	Converter output frequency	Motorfrequenz
f _P	Pulse frequency	Pulsfrequenz
f_R	Rated frequency	Bemessungsfrequenz
f_{res}	Resonant frequency	Resonanzfrequenz
I _C	Current through capacitor	Strom durch Kondensator
I _{LK}	Filter leakage current	Filter-Ableitstrom
I _{max}	Maximum current	Maximalstrom
I _N	Nominal current	Nennstrom
l _{op}	Operating current (design current)	Betriebsstrom
I _{pk}	Rated peak withstand current	Bemessungs-Stoßstromfestigkeit
l _q	Capacitive reactive current	Kapazitiver Blindstrom
I _R	Rated current	Bemessungsstrom
I_S	Interference current	Störstrom
L	Inductance	Induktivität
L_R	Rated inductance	Bemessungsinduktivität
L_{stray}	Stray inductance	Streuinduktivität
P_L	Power loss	Verlustleistung
R	Resistance	Widerstand
R_{is}	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R_{typ}	DC resistance, typical value	Gleichstromwiderstand, Richtwert
T _A	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur
T_{max}	Upper category temperature	Obere Kategorietemperatur
T_{min}	Lower category temperature	Untere Kategorietemperatur
T_R	Rated temperature	Bemessungstemperatur
\mathbf{u}_{k}	Refered voltage drop in %	Bezogener Spannungsabfall in %
$V_{\rm eff}$	RMS voltage	Effektivspannung
V_{K}	Voltage drop	Spannungsabfall
V_{LE}	Voltage line to earth; voltage line to ground	Spannung Phase zu Erdpotential
V_N	Nominal voltage	Nennspannung
V_R	Rated voltage	Bemessungsspannung
V_{peak}	Peak voltage	Spitzenspannung
V_{test}	Test voltage	Prüfspannung
V_X	Voltage over X capacitor	Spannung über X-Kondensator
V_Y	Voltage over Y capacitor	Spannung über Y-Kondensator
X_L	Inductive reactance	Induktiver Blindwiderstand
Z	Impedance	Scheinwidertand
IZI	Impedance, absolute value	Scheinwiderstand (Betragswert)



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