

A Product Line of Diodes Incorporated

PI4IOE5V9554/9554A

8-bit I²C-Bus and SMBus I/O Port with Interrupt

Features

- → Operation Power Supply Voltage from 2.3V to 5.5 V
- → 8-bit I²C-bus GPIO with Interrupt and Reset
- → 5V Tolerant I/Os
- → Polarity Inversion Register
- → Active LOW Interrupt Output
- → Low Current Consumption
- → 0Hz to 400KHz Clock Frequency
- → Noise Filter on SCL/SDA Inputs
- ➔ Power-on Reset
- → ESD Protection (4KV HBM and 1KV CDM)
- → Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- → Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- ➔ For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please <u>contact us</u> or your local Diodes representative.

https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions/

- ➔ Offered in Three Different Packages:
 - TSSOP-16 and TQFN 3x3-16

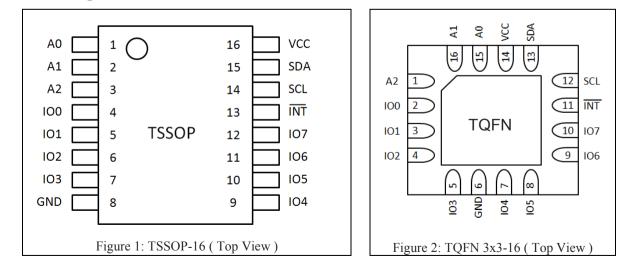
Description

The PI4IOE5V9554 and PI4IOE5V9554A provide 8 bits of general purpose parallel input/output (GPIO) expansion for I²C-bus/SMBus applications. The device includes features such as higher driving capability, 5V tolerance, lower power supply, individual I/O configuration, and smaller packaging. It provides a simple solution when additional I/O is required for ACPI power switches, sensors, push buttons, LEDs, fans, etc.

The PI4IOE5V9554/PI4IOE5V9554A consists of an 8-bit register to configure the I/Os as either inputs or outputs and an 8-bit polarity register to change the polarity of the input port register data. The data for each input or output is kept in the corresponding input port or output port register. All registers can be read by the system master.

The PI4IOE5V9554/PI4IOE5V9554A open-drain interrupt output is activated and indicates to the system when any input state has changed. The power-on reset sets the registers to their default values and initializes the device state machine.

Three hardware pins (A0, A1, A2) vary the fixed I²C-bus address and allow up to eight devices to share the same I²C-bus/SMBus. The PI4IOE5V9554A is identical to the PI4IOE5V9554 except the fixed I²C-bus address is different, allowing up to sixteen of these devices (eight of each) on the same I²C-bus/SMBus.



Pin Configuration

Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
- See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
 Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

PI4IOE5V9554/ PI4IOE5V9554A Document Number DS40769 Rev 3 - 2



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Pin Description Table 1: Pin Description

Pin		Nama	T 0	Description			
TSSOP16	TQFN16	Name	Туре	Description			
1	15	A0	Ι	Address Input 0			
2	16	A1	Ι	Address Input 1			
3	1	A2	Ι	Address Input 2			
4	2	IO0	I/O	Input/Output 0			
5	3	IO1	I/O	Input/Output 1			
6	4	IO2	I/O	Input/Output 2			
7	5	IO3	I/O	Input/Output 3			
8	6	GND	G	Supply Ground			
9	7	IO4	I/O	Input/Output 4			
10	8	IO5	I/O	Input/Output 5			
11	9	IO6	I/O	Input/Output 6			
12	10	IO7	I/O	Input/Output 7			
13	11	INT	0	Interrupt Output (Open Drain)			
14	12	SCL	Ι	Serial Clock Line			
15	13	SDA	Ι	Serial Data Line			
16	14	VCC	Р	Supply Voltage			

* I = Input; O = Output; P = Power; G = Ground





Maximum Ratings

Power Supply	0.5V to +6.0V
Voltage on I/O pin	GND-0.5V to +6.0V
Input Current	±20mA
Output Current on an I/O pin	
Supply Current	±160mA
Ground Supply Current	
Total Power Dissipation	
Operation Temperature	40°C ~ 85° C
Storage Temperature	65°C ~ 150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature, Tj(max)	

Note:

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Static Characteristics

VCC = 2.3V to 5.5V; GND = 0 V; Tamb= -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C; unless otherwise specified.

Table 2: Static Characteristics	
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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power Sup	ply		· · · · ·			
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	—	2.3		5.5	V
		Operating mode VCC = 5.5V No load fSCL = 400kHz	_	40	60	μΑ
I _{CC}	I _{CC} Supply Current	Operating mode VCC = 2.3V No load fSCL = 400kHz	_	10	20	μΑ
Ţ		Standby mode VCC = 5.5V No load VI = GND fSCL = 0kHz I/O = inputs	_	500	700	μΑ
I _{stb}	Standby Current	Standby mode VCC = 5.5V No load VI = VCC fSCL = 0kHz I/O = inputs	_	0.25	1	μΑ
V _{POR}	Power-on Reset Voltage ^[1]			1.16	1.41	V
nput SCL	, Input/Output SDA	•	I			
V _{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage	—	-0.5		+0.3VCC	V
V_{IH}	High Level Input Voltage	—	0.7VCC		5.5	V
I _{OL}	Low Level Output Current	V _{OL} =0.4V; VCC=2.3V	3	6		mA
IL	Leakage Current	$V_{I} = VCC \text{ or } GND$	-1		1	μΑ
Ci	Input Capacitance	$V_I = GND$		6	10	pF



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Symbol Parameter Conditions Min. Typ. Max. Unit I/Os Low Level Input Voltage V VIL -0.5 +0.81VIH High Level Input Voltage +1.85.5 V $VCC = 2.3V; V_{OL} = 0.5V^{[2]}$ 8 10 mA $VCC = 2.3V; V_{OL} = 0.7V^{[2]}$ 10 13 mA $VCC = 3.0V; V_{OL} = 0.5V^{[2]}$ 8 14 ____ mA Low Level Output Current IOL $VCC = 3.0V; V_{OL} = 0.7V^{[2]}$ 10 19 mA $VCC = 4.5V; V_{OL} = 0.5V^{[2]}$ 17 8 mA $VCC = 4.5V; V_{OL} = 0.7V^{2}$ 10 24 mA ____ $I_{OH} = -8 mA; VCC = 2.3 V^{[3]}$ V 1.8 ____ $I_{OH} = -10 \text{mA}; \text{VCC} = 2.3 \text{V}^{[3]}$ V 1.7 $I_{OH} = -8 \text{mA}; \text{VCC} = 3.0 \text{V}^{[3]}$ V 2.6 VOH High Level Output Current $I_{OH} = -10 \text{mA}; \text{VCC} = 3.0 \text{V}^{[3]}$ 2.5 V $I_{OH} = -8mA; VCC = 4.5V^{[3]}$ V 4.1 $I_{OH} = -10 \text{mA}; \text{VCC} = 4.5 \text{V}^{[3]}$ V 4.0 ____ ____ Low Level Input Leakage $VCC = 3.6V; V_I = VCC$ -1 1 I_{LI} μΑ Current Leakage Current $VCC = 5.5V; V_I = GND$ -100 $I_{\rm L}$ μA 10 C_i Input Capacitance 3.7 pF _____ Co 3.7 10 pF **Output Capacitance** ____ Interrupt INT Low Level Output Current $V_{OL} = 0.4V$ 3 mA I_{OL} ____ ____ Select Inputs A0, A1, A2 V_{IL} Low Level Input Voltage -0.5 +0.81V V_{IH} High Level Input Voltage +1.85.5 V $I_{\rm L}$ Input Leakage Current -1 1 μA

Note:

1. VCC must be lowered to 0.2V for at least 20µs in order to reset part.

2. Each I/O must be limited to a maximum current of 25mA and the device must be limited to a maximum current of 100mA.

3. The total current sourced by all I/Os must be limited to 85mA.





Dynamic Characteristics Table 3: Dynamic Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		dard e I ² C	Fast M	Unit	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
\mathbf{f}_{SCL}	SCL Clock Frequency	—	0	100	0	400	kHz
t _{BUF}	Bus Free Time Between a STOP and START Condition	_	4.7		1.3		μs
t _{HD;STA}	Hold Time (Repeated) START Condition	_	4.0		0.6	_	μs
t _{SU;STA}	Setup Time for a Repeated START Condition	_	4.7		0.6	_	μs
t _{SU;STO}	Setup Time for STOP Condition	—	4.0		0.6	_	μs
t _{VD;ACK} ^[1]	Data Valid Acknowledge Time	—		3.45		0.9	μs
$t_{\rm HD;DAT}^{[2]}$	Data Hold Time	—	0		0	_	ns
t _{VD;DAT}	Data Valid Time	—	_	3.45		0.9	μs
t _{SU;DAT}	Data Setup Time	—	250	_	100		ns
t_{LOW}	LOW Period of the SCL Clock	—	4.7	_	1.3		μs
t _{HIGH}	HIGH Period of the SCL Clock	—	4.0	_	0.6		μs
$t_{\rm f}$	Fall Time of Both SDA and SCL Signals	_		300		300	ns
t _r	Rise Time of Both SDA and SCL Signals			1000	_	300	ns
t _{SP}	Pulse Width of Spikes that must be Suppressed by the Input Filter			50		50	ns
Port Timin	Ig						
$t_{v(Q)}$	Data Output Valid Time ^[3]	—	—	200		200	ns
t _{su(D)}	Data Input Setup Time	—	100		100		ns
t _{h(D)}	Data Input Hold Time	—	1		1		μs
Interrupt 7	Fiming						
t _{v(INT)}	Valid Time on pin INT	—		4		4	μs
$t_{rec(INT)}$	Reset Time on pin INT	—		4		4	μs

Note:

1. $t_{VD;ACK}$ = time for acknowledgement signal from SCL LOW to SDA (out) LOW. 2. $t_{VD;DAT}$ = minimum time for SDA data out to be valid following SCL LOW. 3. $t_{v(Q)}$ measured from 0.7VCC on SCL to 50% I/O output.





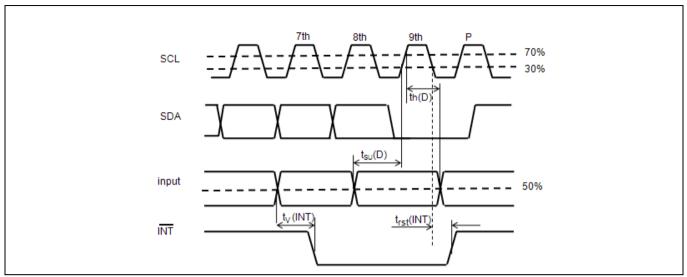
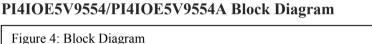
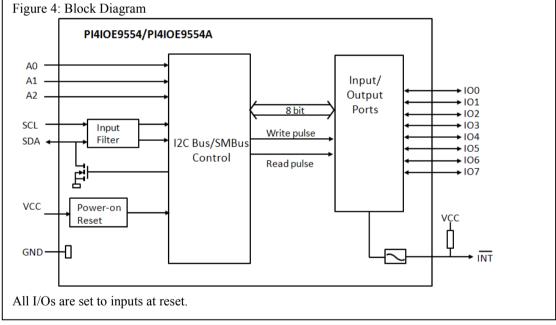


Figure 3: Timing Parameters for INT Signal









Details Description

a. Device Address

Following a START condition, the bus master must output the address of the slave it is accessing. The address of the PI4IOE5V9554/54A is shown below. To conserve power, no internal pullup resistors are incorporated on the hardware selectable address pins, and they must be pulled HIGH or LOW.

Table 4: Device Address Byte

acte il Bellee ilaai	•00 ± j ••							
	b7(MSB)	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
PI4IOE5V9554	0	1	0	0	A2	A1	A0	R/W
PI4IOE5V9554A	0	1	1	1	A2	A1	A0	R/W
NT (D 1((1)) I	T : ((0))							

Note: Read "1", Write "0"

b. Register Description

i. Command Byte

The command byte is the first byte to follow the address byte during a write transmission. It is used as a pointer to determine which of the following registers are written or read.

Table 5 [.]	Command Byte	
1 4010 5.	Command Dyte	

Command	Protocol	Function
0	Read Byte	Input port register
1	Read/Write Byte	Output port register
2	Read/Write Byte	Polarity Inversion register
3	Read/Write Byte	Configuration register

ii. Register 0: Input Port Register

This register is a read-only port. It reflects the incoming logic levels of the pins, regardless of whether the pin is defined as an input or an output by Register 3. Writes to this register have no effect.

The default 'X' is determined by the externally applied logic level, which is normally '1' when no external signal externally applied because of the internal pullup resistors.

Table 6: Input Port Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	Ι7	I6	15	I4	I3	I2	I1	10





iii. Register 1: Output Port Register

This register reflects the outgoing logic levels of the pins defined as outputs by Register 3.Bit values in this register have no effect on pins defined as inputs. Reads from this register return the value that is in the flip-flop controlling the output selection—**not** the actual pin value.

Table 7: Output Port Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	07	06	05	O4	03	02	01	O0
Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

iv. Register 2: Polarity Inversion Register

This register allows the user to invert the polarity of the input port register data. If a bit in this register is set (written with '1'), the corresponding input port data is inverted. If a bit in this register is cleared (written with a '0'), the input port data polarity is retained.

Table 8: Polarity Inversion Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	N7	N6	N5	N4	N3	N2	N1	N0
Default	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

v. Register 3: Configuration Register

This register configures the directions of the I/O pins. If a bit in this register is set, the corresponding port pin is enabled as an input with high-impedance output driver. If a bit in this register is cleared, the corresponding port pin is enabled as an output. At reset, the I/Os are configured as inputs with a weak pullup to VCC.

Table 9: Configuration Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	C7	C6	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1	C0
Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1





Power-on Reset

When power is applied to VCC, an internal power-on reset (POR) holds thePI4IOE5V9554/PI4IOE5V9554A in a reset condition until VCC has reached VPOR. At that point, the reset condition is released and thePI4IOE5V9554/PI4IOE5V9554A registers and state machine initialize to their default states. Thereafter, VCC must be lowered below 0.2 V to reset the device.

For a power reset cycle, VCC must be lowered below 0.2 V and then restored to the operating voltage.

c. Interrupt Output

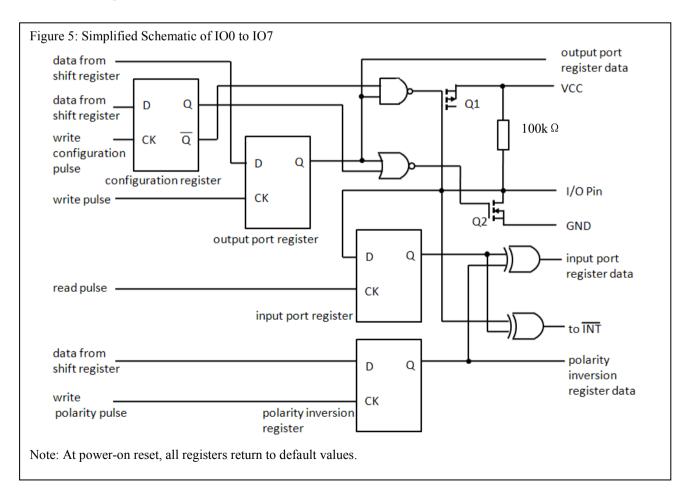
The open-drain interrupt output is activated when one of the port pins change state and the pin is configured as an input. The interrupt is deactivated when the input returns to its previous state or the input port register is read.

Note that changing an I/O from and output to an input may cause a false interrupt to occur if the state of the pin does not match the contents of the input port register.

d. I/O Port

When an I/O is configured as an input, FETs Q1 and Q2 are off, creating a high-impedance input with a weak pullup (100 k Ω typ.) to VCC. The input voltage may be raised above VCC to a maximum of 5.5V.

If the I/O is configured as an output, then either Q1 or Q2 is enabled, depending on the state of the output port register. Care should be exercised if an external voltage is applied to an I/O configured as an output because of the low-impedance paths that exist between the pin and either VCC or GND.



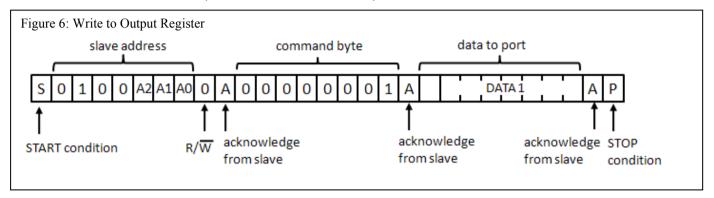




e. Bus Transaction

Data is transmitted to the PI4IOE5V9554/PI4IOE5V9554A registers using the write mode as shown in Figure 6 and Figure 7.

These devices do not implement an auto-increment function, so once a command byte has been sent, the register which was addressed continues to be accessed by reads until a new command byte is sent.



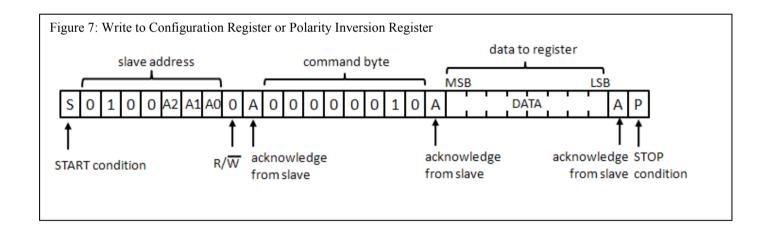






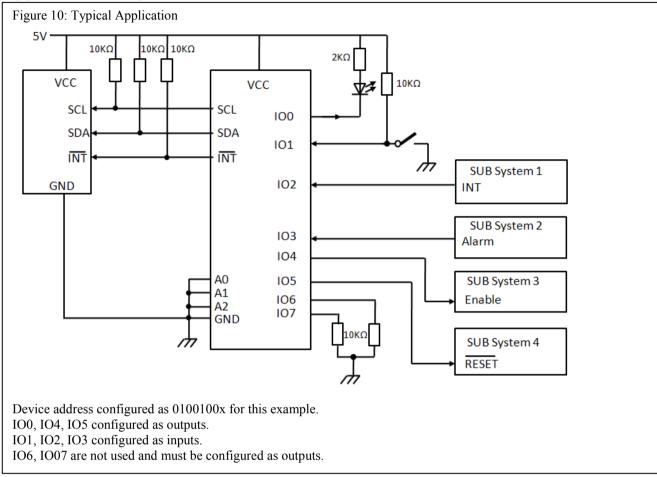
Figure 8: Read from Register slave address command byte 0 0 Δ2 cont.... O Δ Δ S 0 1 acknowledge acknowledge START condition R/W from slave from slave data to register data to register slave address MSB LSB MSB LSB DATA first byte DATA last byte ...cont Ρ S 0 0 C Δ0 1 А 1 acknowledge no acknowledge STOP acknowledge START condition R/W from slave from master from master condition Figure 9: Read Input Port Register slave address Data from port Data from port 5 3 2 3 6 4 1 0 6 5 2 1 Δ0 1 7 Δ 0 cont.... 1 acknowledge R/W acknowledge acknowledge START condition from mater from slave from mater Data from port Data from port 5 3 2 0 6 5 4 3 2 0cont 6 acknowledge no acknowledge STOP from mater from mater condition This figure assumes the command byte has previously been programmed with 00h. Transfer of data can be stopped at any moment by a STOP condition.

Data is read from the PI4IOE5V9554/PI4IOE5V9554A registers using the read mode as shown in Figure 8 and Figure 9.





Application Design-in Information





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Part Marking PI4IOE5V9554

L Package



Z: Die Rev Y: Year W: Workweek 1st X: Assembly Site Code 2nd X: Fab Site Code

PI4IOE5V9554A

L Package



Z: Die Rev Y: Year W: Workweek 1st X: Assembly Site Code 2nd X: Fab Site Code ZH Package

tSZHE *YWXX Ο

*: Die Rev Y: Date Code (Year) W: Date Code (Workweek) 1st X: Assembly Site Code 2nd X: Wafer Fab Site Code

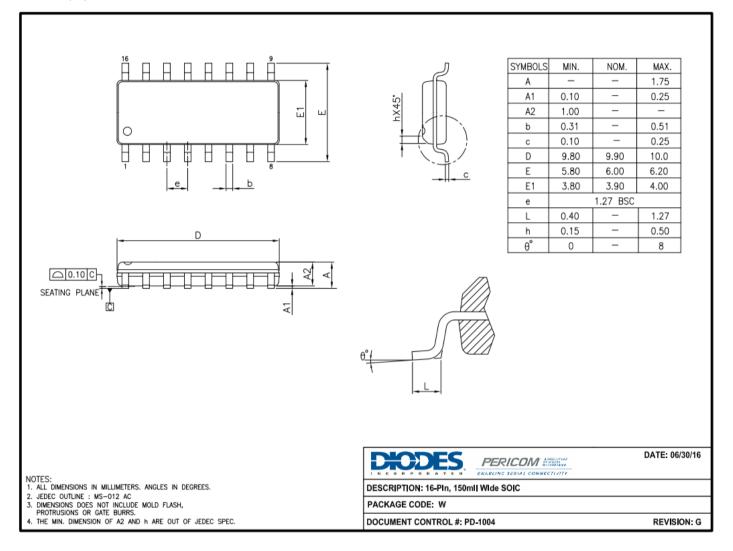


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Packaging Mechanical

SOIC-16(W)

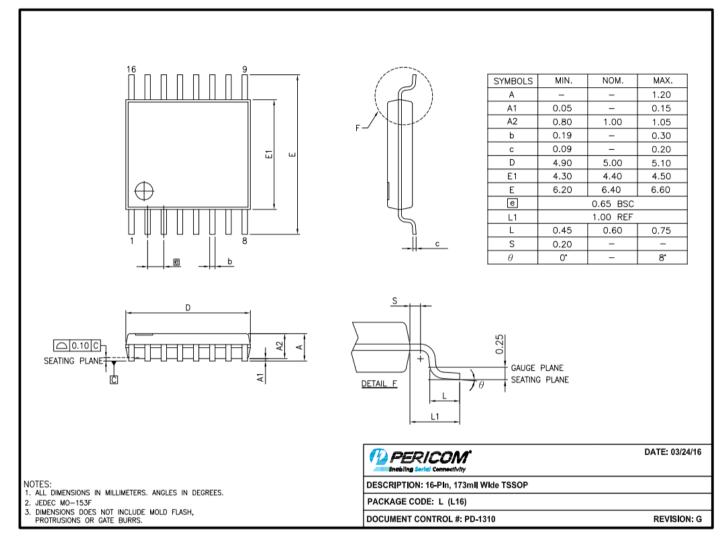




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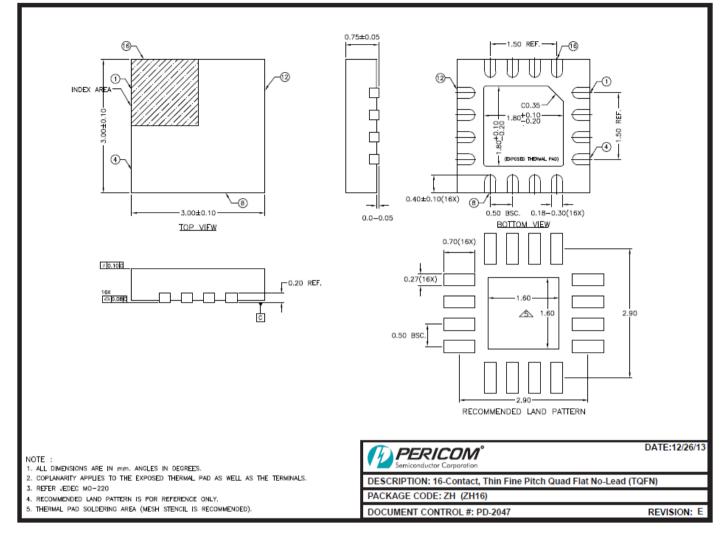
TSSOP-16(L)







TQFN 3x3-16(ZH)



For latest package information:

 $See \ http://www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/pericom-packaging/packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/.interval \ the support \ the sup$

Ordering Information

Part Numbers	Package Code	Package Description
PI4IOE5V9554LEX	L	16-pin, 173 mil Wide (TSSOP)
PI4IOE5V9554ALEX	L	16-pin, 173 mil Wide (TSSOP)
PI4IOE5V9554ZHEX	ZH	16-contact, Thin Fine Pitch Quad Flat No-Lead (TQFN) 3.0×3.0

Notes:

1. 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.

2. 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.

3. 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

4. E = Pb-free and Green

5. X suffix = Tape/Reel





PI4IOE5V9554/9554A

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