











SCPS221G - OCTOBER 2010 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2018

TCA9406

TCA9406 2-Bit Bidirectional 1-MHz, I²C Bus and SMBus Voltage-Level Translator With 8-kV HBM ESD

Features

- 2-Bit Bidirectional Translator for SDA and SCL Lines in I²C Applications
- Provides Bidirectional Voltage Translation With No **Direction Pin**
- High-Impedance Output SCL A, SDA A, SCL B, SDA_B Pins When OE = Low or $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$
- Internal 10-kΩ Pullup Resistor on All SDA and SCL Pins
- 1.65 V to 3.6 V on A port and 2.3 V to 5.5 V on B port $(V_{CCA} \leq V_{CCB})$
- V_{CC} Isolation Feature: If Either V_{CC} Input Is at GND, Both Ports Are in the High-Impedance State
- No Power-Supply Sequencing Required: Either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} Can Be Ramped First
- Low I_{off} of 2 μA When Either V_{CCA} or V_{CCB} = 0 V
- OE Input Can Be Tied Directly to V_{CCA} Or Controlled By GPIO
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
 - A Port
 - 2500-V Human-Body Model (A114-B)
 - 250-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1500-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
 - B Port
 - 8-kV Human-Body Model (A114-B)
 - 250-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1500-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

2 Applications

- I²C/SMBus
- **UART**
- **GPIO**

3 Description

The TCA9406 is a 2-bit bidirectional I²C and SMBus voltage-level translator with an output enable (OE) input. It is operational from 1.65 V to 3.6 V on the Aside, referenced to V_{CCA} , and from 2.3 V to 5.5 V on the B-side, referenced to V_{CCB}. This allows the device to interface between lower and higher logic signal levels at any of the typical 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5-V supply rails.

The OE input pin is referenced to V_{CCA}, can be tied directly to V_{CCA}, but it is also 5.5-V tolerant. The OE pin can also be controlled and set to a logic low to place all the SCL and SDA pins in a high-impedance state, which significantly reduces the quiescent current consumption.

Under normal I²C and SMBus operation or other open-drain configurations, the TCA9406 can support up to 2 Mbps; therefore, it is compatible with standard I²C speeds where the frequency of SCL is 100 kHz (Standard-mode), 400 kHz (Fast-mode), or 1 MHz (Fast-mode Plus). The device can also be used as a general purpose level translator, and when the A- and B-side ports are both driven with push-pull devices the TCA9406 can support up to 24 Mbps.

The TCA9406 features internal 10-k Ω pullup resistors on SCL_A, SDA_A, SCL_B, and SDA_B. Additional external pullup resistors can be added to the bus to reduce the total pullup resistance and speed up rising edges.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
	SM8 (8)	2.95 mm × 2.80 mm
TCA9406	US8 (8)	2.30 mm × 2.00 mm
	DSBGA (8)	1.90 mm × 0.90 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

Typical Application Block Diagram for TCA9406

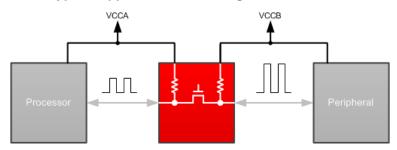




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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision F (October 2018) to Revision G	Page
Changed section title From: Pullup or Pulldown Resistors on I/O Lines To: Pullup Resistors on I/O Lines	20
• Deleted text "An external pull down" and Equation 1 from the Detailed Design Procedure section	21
Changed pin 1 From: To controller To: To system in Figure 13	23
Changed pin 5 From: To system To: To controller in Figure 13	23
Changes from Revision E (August 2018) to Revision F	Page
Changed the Functional Block Diagram	18
Changed the Enable and Disable section	19
Changes from Revision D (July 2018) to Revision E	Page
Changed the new DSBGA pinout drawing From: Bottom View to: Top View	5
Changes from Revision C (December 2014) to Revision D	Page
Changed the updated pinout drawings	5
• Changed t_{dis} no external load MAX values From: 50 To: 200 ns in Switching Characteristics ($V_{CCA} = 1.8 \ V \pm 1.00 \ M_{\odot}$	0.15 V) 10
• Changed t_{dis} no external load MAX values From: 40 To: 200 ns in Switching Characteristics ($V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 1.8 \text{ V}$	0.15 V) 10
• Changed t_{dis} no external load MAX values From: 35 To: 200 ns in Switching Characteristics ($V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 1.8 \text{ V}$	0.15 V) 11
• Changed t _{st} , no external load MAX values From: 50 To: 200 ns in Switching Characteristics (V _{COA} = 2.5 V +	02 V) 12

Product Folder Links: TCA9406

Changed t_{dis} no external load MAX values From: 40 To: 200 ns in *Switching Characteristics* ($V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$)...... 12 Changed t_{dis} no external load MAX values From: 35 To: 200 ns in *Switching Characteristics* ($V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$)...... 13 Changed t_{dis} no external load MAX values From: 40 To: 200 ns in *Switching Characteristics* ($V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$)...... 14





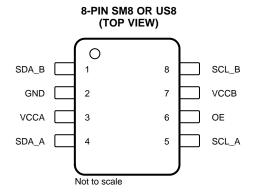
•	Changed t_{dis} no external load MAX values From: 35 To: 200 ns in Switching Characteristics ($V_{CCA} = 1.8 \ V \pm 0.15 \ V$)	14
•	Changed the Parameter Measurement Information section	16

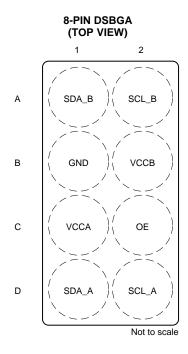


Cł	nanges from Revision B (June 2013) to Revision C	Page
•	Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section	1
Cł	nanges from Revision A (Febuary 2013) to Revision B	Page
•	Removed ordering information table, information now located in POA	1



5 Pin Configuration and Functions





Pin Functions

	PIN			
NAME	DCT, DCU	YZP	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
SDA_B	1	A1	I/O	Input/output B. Referenced to V _{CCB} .
GND	2	B1	GND	Ground
VCCA	3	C1	Power	A-port supply voltage. 1.65 V ≤ V _{CCA} ≤ 3.6 V and V _{CCA} ≤ V _{CCB}
SDA_A	4	D1	I/O	Input/output A. Referenced to V _{CCA} .
SCL_A	5	D2	I/O	Input/output A. Referenced to V _{CCA} .
OE	6	C2	Input	Output enable (active High). Pull OE low to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to V_{CCA} .
VCCB	7	B2	Power	B-port supply voltage. 2.3 V ≤ V _{CCB} ≤ 5.5 V
SCL_B	8	A2	I/O	Input/output B. Referenced to V _{CCB} .



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CCA}	Supply voltage range		-0.5	4.6	V
V_{CCB}	Supply voltage range		-0.5	6.5	V
.,	loguit voltage renge (2)	A port	-0.5	4.6	V
VI	Input voltage range (2)	B port	-0.5	6.5	V
.,	Voltage range applied to any output	A port	-0.5	4.6	V
Vo	in the high-impedance or power-off state (2)	B port	-0.5	6.5	V
V	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or law state (2)(3)	A port	-0.5	V _{CCA} + 0.5	V
Vo	Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state (2)(3)	B port	-0.5	$V_{CCB} + 0.5$	V
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0		-50	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0		-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current			±50	mA
	Continuous current through V _{CCA} , V _{CCB} , or GND			±100	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

				VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-	A-Port	±2500	٧
.,	Electrostatic	001 ⁽¹⁾	B-Port	±8000	٧
V _(ESD)	discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification J	ESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1500	٧
		Machine model (MM), A115-A		±250	V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

⁽²⁾ The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

⁽³⁾ The value of V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are provided in the recommended operating conditions table.



6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

 V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port. V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

001	117		1 1 000	117		· · ·	
			V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CCA}	Supply voltage ⁽¹)			1.65	3.6	V
V _{CCB}	Supply voltage				2.3	5.5	V
		A ==== 1/O=	1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCI} - 0.2	V _{CCI}	
	High-level	A-port I/Os	2.3 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCI} - 0.4	V _{CCI}	V
	input voltage	B-port I/Os	4.05.1/10.0.1/	0.014. 5.514	V _{CCI} - 0.4	V _{CCI}	
		OE input	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	V _{CCA} × 0.65	5.5	
V (2)		A-port I/Os			0	0.15	
$V_{IL}^{(2)}$	Low-level input voltage	B-port I/Os	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	0	0.15	V
	mpat voltago	OE input		0 0.15			
		A-port I/Os, push- pull driving				10	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	B-port I/Os, push- pull driving	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V		10	ns/V
		Control input				10	1
T _A	Operating free-a	ir temperature			-40	85	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

0.7 11					
			TCA9406		
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DCT	DCU	YZP	UNIT
		8 PINS	8 PINS	8 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	182.6	199.1	105.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	113.3	72.4	1.6	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	94.9	77.8	10.8	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	39.4	6.2	3.1	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	93.9	77.4	10.8	°C/W

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

 ⁽¹⁾ V_{CCA} must be less than or equal to V_{CCB} (except during power-on transient time), and V_{CCA} must not exceed 3.6 V.
 (2) The maximum V_{IL} value is provided to ensure that a valid V_{OL} is maintained. The V_{OL} value is V_{IL} plus the voltage drop across the passgate transistor.



6.5 Electrical Characteristics (1)(2)(3)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		TEST		.,	T _A = 25°C	-40°C to 85°	3	
,	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	V _{CCA}	V _{CCB}	TYP	MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{OHA}		$I_{OH} = -20 \mu A,$ $V_{IB} \ge V_{CCB} - 0.4 V$	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V		V _{CCA} × 0.67		V
V _{OLA}		$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA},$ $V_{IB} \leq 0.15 \text{ V}$	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V			0.4	V
V _{OHB}		$I_{OH} = -20 \mu A,$ $V_{IA} \ge V_{CCA} - 0.2 V$	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V		V _{CCB} × 0.67		V
V _{OLB}		$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA},$ $V_{IA} \le 0.15 \text{ V}$	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V			0.4	V
I _I	OE	$V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	±1		±2	μΑ
	A port		0 V	0 V to 5.5 V	±1		±2	μΑ
I _{off}	B port		0 to 3.6 V	0 V	±1		±2	μΑ
l _{OZ}	A or B port	OE less than V _{IL}	1.65 V to 3.6 V	2.3 V to 5.5 V	±1		±2	μΑ
		or B port OE less than V_{IL} 1.65 V to 3.6 V 2.3 V to 5.5 V ± 1 1.65 V to V_{CCB} 2.3 V to 5.5 V $V_{I} = V_{O} = \text{open},$ 3.6 V 0.7		2.4				
I _{CCA}			3.6 V	0 V			2.2	μΑ
		10 – 0	0 V	5.5 V			-1	
			1.65 V to V _{CCB}	2.3 V to 5.5 V			12	
I _{CCB}			3.6 V	0 V			-1	μΑ
		.0 0	0 V	5.5 V			1	
I _{CCA} + I _C	ССВ	$V_I = V_O = open,$ $I_O = 0$	1.65 V to V _{CCB}	2.3 V to 5.5 V			14.4	μΑ
Cı	OE		3.3 V	3.3 V	2.5		3.5	pF
	A or B port		3.3 V	3.3 V	10			
Cio	A port	$\begin{array}{c} V_{IB} \geq V_{CCB} - 0.4 \ V \\ I_{OL} = 1 \ mA, \\ V_{IB} \leq 0.15 \ V \\ \\ I_{OH} = -20 \ \mu A, \\ V_{IA} \geq V_{CCA} - 0.2 \ V \\ \\ I_{OL} = 1 \ mA, \\ V_{IA} \geq V_{CCA} - 0.2 \ V \\ \\ I_{OL} = 1 \ mA, \\ V_{IA} \leq 0.15 \ V \\ \\ V_{I} = V_{CCI} \ or \ GND \\ \\ \\ V_{I} = V_{CCI} \ or \ GND \\ \\ \\ OE \ less \ than \ V_{IL} \\ \\ V_{I} = V_{O} = open, \\ I_{O} = 0 \\ \\ \\ V_{I} = V_{O} = open, \\ I_{O} = 0 \\ \\ \\ V_{I} = V_{O} = open, \\ I_{O} = 0 \\ \\ \\ V_{I} = V_{O} = open, \\ I_{O} = 0 \\ \\ \\ V_{I} = V_{O} = open, \\ I_{O} = 0 \\ \\ \\ \\ V_{I} = V_{O} = open, \\ I_{O} = 0 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$		5	6		pF	
	B port				6	7.5		

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 $[\]begin{array}{lll} \hbox{(1)} & V_{CCI} \ \hbox{is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.} \\ \hbox{(2)} & V_{CCO} \ \hbox{is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.} \\ \hbox{(3)} & V_{CCA} \ \hbox{must be less than or equal to V_{CCB}, and V_{CCA} must not exceed 3.6 V.} \\ \end{array}$



6.6 Timing Requirements ($V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCB} =	2.5 V ± 0.2 V				<u>"</u>	
	Data sata	Push-pull driving	Push-pull driving		21	Maria
	Data rate	Open-drain driving			2	Mbps
	Pulse duration	Push-pull driving	Data insute	47		
t _w	Open-drain driving	Open-drain driving	Data inputs	500		ns
V _{CC} = 3	3.3 V ± 0.3 V		·			
	Data sata	Push-pull driving 2		22	Mhaa	
	Data rate	Open-drain driving		2		Mbps
	Dulas duration	Push-pull driving	Data innuta	45		ns
t _w	Pulse duration	Open-drain driving	Data inputs	500		
V _{CC} =	5 V ± 0.5 V		·			
	Data rata	Push-pull driving			24	Mhna
	Data rate Open-drain driving	Open-drain driving			2	Mbps
	D.1	Push-pull driving	B	41		
t _w	Pulse duration	Open-drain driving	Data inputs	500		ns

6.7 Timing Requirements ($V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CCB} =	2.5 V ± 0.2 V					
	Data rata	Push-pull driving			20	Mhna
	Data rate	Open-drain driving			2	Mbps
	Pulse duration	Push-pull driving	Data innuta	50		
t _w	Pulse duration	Open-drain driving	Data inputs	500		ns
V _{CC} = 3	3.3 V ± 0.3 V					
	Data rate	Push-pull driving			22	Mbps
	Data fate	Open-drain driving		Minha		
	Pulse duration	Push-pull driving	Data inputa	45		no
t _w	Pulse duration	Open-drain driving	Data inputs	500		ns
V _{CC} =	5 V ± 0.5 V					
	Data rata	Push-pull driving	Push-pull driving		24	
	Data rate	Open-drain driving			2	Mbps
	Dulas duration	Push-pull driving	Data innuta	41		
t _w	Pulse duration	Open-drain driving	Data inputs	500		ns

6.8 Timing Requirements ($V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC} = 3	3.3 V ± 0.3 V					
	Push-pull driving				23	Mbps
	Data Tate	Open-drain driving			2	IVIDPS
t Pulse duration		Push-pull driving	Data inputs	43		ns
ı _w	Puise duration	Open-drain driving	Data inputs	500	500	
V _{CC} = 5	5 V ± 0.5 V			,		
	Data rate	Push-pull driving			24	Mbps
	Data Tate	Open-drain driving	Open-drain driving		2	IVIDPS
	Pulse duration	Push-pull driving Data inputs		41		ns
ι _w	Fuise utiation	Open-drain driving	Data inputs	500	500	



6.9 Switching Characteristics ($V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	FROM TO (OUTPUT)		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V				·			
			Push-pull driving		5.3		
t _{PHL}	Δ.	D	Open-drain driving	2.3	8.8		
	Α	В	Push-pull driving		6.8	ns	
t _{PLH}			Open-drain driving		50		
			Push-pull driving		4.4		
t _{PHL}		•	Open-drain driving	1.9	5.3		
	В	A	Push-pull driving		5.3	ns	
t _{PLH}			Open-drain driving		5.3		
t _{en}	OE	A or B			200	ns	
	0.5	4 6	with external load		200	ns	
t _{dis}	OE	A or B	no external load		200	ns	
			Push-pull driving		9.5		
t _{rA}	A-port r	ise time	Open-drain driving	38	165	ns	
			Push-pull driving		10.8		
t _{rB}	B-port r	ise time	Open-drain driving	34	145	ns	
			Push-pull driving		5.9		
t _{fA}	A-port f	all time	Open-drain driving		6.9		
			Push-pull driving		13.8	ns	
t _{fB}	B-port f	all time	Open-drain driving		13.8		
t _{SK(O)}	Channel-to-c	hannel skew			0.7	ns	
SK(O)	(6)		Push-pull driving	21			
Max data rate			Open-drain driving	2		Mbps	
V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V			open aram arring				
-CCB			Push-pull driving		5.4		
t _{PHL}			Open-drain driving	2.4	9.6		
	Α	В	Push-pull driving		7.1	ns	
t _{PLH}			Open-drain driving		40		
			Push-pull driving		4.5		
t _{PHL}			Open-drain driving	1.1	4.4		
	В	Α	Push-pull driving	1.1	4.5	ns	
t _{PLH}			Open-drain driving		4.5		
t _{en}	OE	A or B	open drain anving		200	ns	
-en	<u> </u>	7.01.5	with external load		200	ns	
t _{dis}	OE	A or B	no external load		200	ns	
			Push-pull driving		9.3	113	
t _{rA}	A-port r	ise time	Open-drain driving	30	132	ns	
			Push-pull driving	30	9.1		
t_{rB}	B-port r	ise time	Open-drain driving	23	106	ns	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	23		 	
t _{fA}	A-port f	all time	Push-pull driving		6	ns	
			Open-drain driving		6.4		
t _{fB}	B-port f	all time	Push-pull driving		16.2	ns	
	01	hanad alas	Open-drain driving		16.2		
t _{SK(O)}	Channel-to-c	hannel skew	B 1 11111		0.7	ns	
Max data rate			Push-pull driving	22		Mbps	
			Open-drain driving	2			



Switching Characteristics ($V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$) (continued)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	FROM TO (OUTPUT)		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT		
V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V			·					
			Push-pull driving		6.8			
t _{PHL}	^	В	Open-drain driving	2.6	10			
•	Α	В	Push-pull driving		7.5	ns		
t _{PLH}			Open-drain driving		33			
			Push-pull driving		4.7			
t _{PHL}	В	^	Open-drain driving	1.2	4			
	D	А	Push-pull driving		0.5	ns		
t _{PLH}			Open-drain driving					
t _{en}	OE	A or B			200	ns		
	OE	A or B	with external load		200	ns		
t _{dis}	OE	AOIB	no external load	200		ns		
	A most ri	io o timo	Push-pull driving		7.6			
t _{rA}	A-port ri	ise time	Open-drain driving	22	95	ns		
	Donartis	io o timo	Push-pull driving		7.6			
t _{rB}	B-port ri	ise time	Open-drain driving	10	58	ns		
	A most f	iall time	Push-pull driving		13.3			
t _{fA}	A-port f	an ume	Open-drain driving		6.1	ns		
	D 4 6	-11 4:	Push-pull driving		16.2			
t _{fB}	B-port f	an ume	Open-drain driving		16.2	ns		
t _{SK(O)}	Channel-to-c	hannel skew			0.7	ns		
Many data anto			Push-pull driving	24		N/I		
Max data rate			Open-drain driving	2		Mbps		



6.10 Switching Characteristics ($V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V _{CCB} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		,					
			Push-pull driving		3.2		
PHL	٨	В	Open-drain driving	1.7	6.3		
	Α	В	Push-pull driving		3.5	ns	
PLH			Open-drain driving		3.5		
			Push-pull driving		3		
PHL	В	^	Open-drain driving	1.8	4.7		
	Б	A	Push-pull driving		2.5	ns	
PLH			Open-drain driving		2.5		
en	OE	A or B			200	ns	
	0.5	A D	with external load		200	ns	
dis	OE	A or B	no external load		200	ns	
			Push-pull driving		7.4		
A	A-port r	rise time	Open-drain driving	34	149	ns	
			Push-pull driving		8.3		
В	B-port r		Open-drain driving	35	151	ns	
			Push-pull driving		5.7		
A	A-port	fall time	Open-drain driving		6.9		
			Push-pull driving		7.8	ns	
В	B-port	fall time	Open-drain driving		8.8	†	
SK(O)	Channel-to-c	channel skew			0.7	ns	
			Push-pull driving	20			
Max data rate			Open-drain driving	2		Mbps	
/ _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V							
005			Push-pull driving		3.7		
PHL	А В		Open-drain driving	2	6		
		В	Push-pull driving	_	4.1	ns	
PLH			Open-drain driving		4.1		
			Push-pull driving		3.6		
PHL			Open-drain driving	2.6	4.2		
	В	Α	Push-pull driving	2.0	1.6	ns	
PLH			Open-drain driving	1.6			
	OE	A or B	Open-drain driving		200	ns	
en	OL	AOID	with external load		200	ns	
dis	OE	A or B	no external load		200	ns	
			Push-pull driving		6.6	113	
rA	A-port r	rise time	Open-drain driving	28	121	ns	
				20			
rB	B-port r	rise time	Push-pull driving	0.4	7.2	ns	
			Open-drain driving	24	5.5		
A	A-port	fall time	Push-pull driving			ns	
			Open-drain driving		6.2		
fB	B-port	fall time	Push-pull driving		6.7	ns	
	2 1 ·	1	Open-drain driving		9.4		
SK(O)	Channel-to-c	channel skew	5		0.7	ns	
Max data rate			Push-pull driving	22		Mbps	
			Open-drain driving	2			



Switching Characteristics ($V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$) (continued)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	FROM TO (OUTPUT)		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT		
V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V			·					
•			Push-pull driving		3.8			
t _{PHL}	Δ.	D	Open-drain driving	2.1	5.8			
•	Α	В	Push-pull driving		4.4	ns		
t _{PLH}			Open-drain driving		4.4			
			Push-pull driving		4.3			
t _{PHL}	В	^	Open-drain driving	1.2	4			
	D	А	Push-pull driving		1	ns		
t _{PLH}			Open-drain driving		1			
t _{en}	OE	A or B			200	ns		
	OE	A or B	with external load		200	ns		
t _{dis}	OE .	AOIB	no external load		200	ns		
	A most ri	io o timo	Push-pull driving		5.6			
t _{rA}	A-port ri	ise time	Open-drain driving	24	89	ns		
	Donartis	io o timo	Push-pull driving		6.1			
t _{rB}	B-port ri	ise time	Open-drain driving	12	64	ns		
	A most f	iall time	Push-pull driving		5.3			
t _{fA}	A-port f	an ume	Open-drain driving		5.8	ns		
	D 4 6	-11 4:	Push-pull driving		6.6			
t _{fB}	B-port f	an ume	Open-drain driving		10.4	ns		
t _{SK(O)}	Channel-to-c	hannel skew			0.7	ns		
Many data anto			Push-pull driving	24		N/I		
Max data rate			Open-drain driving	2		Mbps		



6.11 Switching Characteristics ($V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$)

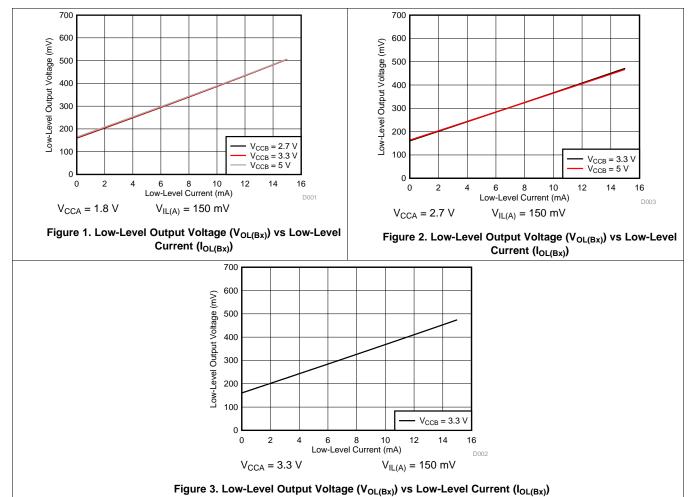
over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V _{CCB} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V							
			Push-pull driving		2.4		
t _{PHL}	Δ.	D	Open-drain driving	1.3	4.2		
	A	В	Push-pull driving		4.2	ns	
t _{PLH}			Open-drain driving		4.2		
			Push-pull driving		2.5		
t _{PHL}	В	۸	Open-drain driving	1	124	no	
	Ь	Α	Push-pull driving		2.5	ns	
t _{PLH}			Open-drain driving		2.5		
t _{en}	OE	A or B			200	ns	
	OE	A or D	with external load		200	ns	
dis	OE	A or B	no external load		200	ns	
	A mark ri	a a tima a	Push-pull driving		5.6		
t _{rA}	A-port ris	se ume	Open-drain driving	25	116	ns	
	D went in	no timo	Push-pull driving		6.4		
t _{rB}	B-port ris	se ume	Open-drain driving	26	116	ns	
	A	all time	Push-pull driving		5.4		
t _{fA} A-port		ali time	Open-drain driving		6.1	ns	
	D		Push-pull driving		7.4		
fB	B-port fa	all time	Open-drain driving		7.6	ns	
SK(O)	Channel-to-ch	nannel skew			0.7	ns	
Max data rate		Push-pull driving		23			
			Open-drain driving	2		Mbps	
V _{CCB} = 5 V ± 0.5 V							
			Push-pull driving		3.1		
t _{PHL}	А В	_		Open-drain driving	1.4		
		В	Push-pull driving		4.4	ns	
t _{PLH}			Open-drain driving		4.4		
			Push-pull driving		3.3		
t _{PHL}			Open-drain driving	1	97		
	В	Α	Push-pull driving		2.6	ns	
t _{PLH}			Open-drain driving		2.6		
t _{en}	OE	A or B	, ,		200	ns	
			with external load		200	ns	
t _{dis}	OE	A or B	no external load		200	ns	
	ļ		Push-pull driving		4.8		
t _{rA}	A-port ris	se time	Open-drain driving	19	85	ns	
			Push-pull driving		7.4		
t _{rB}	B-port ris	se time	Open-drain driving	14	72	ns	
			Push-pull driving		5		
t _f A	A-port fa	all time	Open-drain driving		5.7	ns	
			Push-pull driving		7.6	ns	
t _{fB}	B-port fa	all time	Open-drain driving		8.3		
tev(o)	Channel-to-ch	nannel skew	Cport drain driving		0.7	ns	
t _{sk(O)}	Onamierto-ci	Idinioi Silow	Push-pull driving	24	0.7	110	
			i agii puii uiiviiid	24		Mbps	

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6.12 Typical Characteristics





7 Parameter Measurement Information

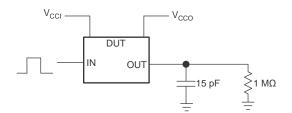


Figure 4. Data Rate, Pulse Duration, Propagation Delay, Output Rise-Time and Fall-Time Measurement Using a Push-Pull Driver

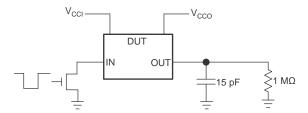
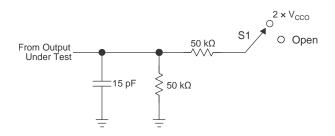


Figure 5. Data Rate, Pulse Duration, Propagation Delay, Output Rise-Time and Fall-Time Measurement Using an Open-Drain Driver



TEST	S1
t _{PZL} / t _{PLZ}	2 × V _{CCO}
t _{PHZ} / t _{PZH}	Open

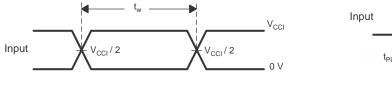
Figure 6. Load Circuit for Enable-Time and Disable-Time Measurement

- 1. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .
- 2. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
- 3. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
- 4. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.



Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

7.1 Voltage Waveforms



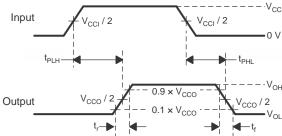


Figure 7. Pulse Duration

Figure 8. Propagation Delay Times

- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 in Figure 9 is for an output with internal such that the output is high, except when OE is high (see Figure 6). Waveform 2 in Figure 9 is for an output with conditions such that the output is low, except when OE is high.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$, dv/dt \geq 1 V/ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis}.
- F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en}.
- G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd}.
- H. V_{CCI} is the V_{CC} associated with the input port.
- I. V_{CCO} is the V_{CC} associated with the output port.

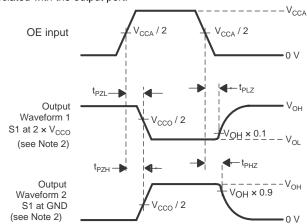


Figure 9. Enable and Disable Times

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Product Folder Links: *TCA9406*

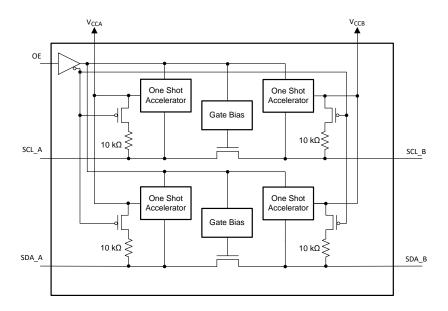


8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TCA9406 device is a directionless voltage-level translator specifically designed for translating logic voltage levels. The A port is able to accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.65 V to 3.6 V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 2.3 V to 5.5 V. The device is a pass-gate architecture with edge-rate accelerators (one-shots) to improve the overall data rate. 10-k Ω pullup resistors, commonly used in open-drain applications, have been conveniently integrated so that an external resistor is not needed. When TCA9406 is disabled the internal pull up resistors are also disabled. While this device is designed for open-drain applications which makes it ideal for I²C and SMBus applications, the device can also translate push-pull CMOS logic outputs.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Architecture

The TCA9406 architecture (see Figure 5) is an auto-direction-sensing based translator that does not require a direction-control signal to control the direction of data flow from A to B or from B to A.

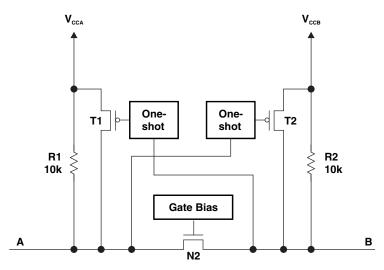


Figure 10. Architecture of a TCA9406 Cell



Feature Description (continued)

These two bidirectional channels independently determine the direction of data flow without a direction-control signal. Each I/O pin is automatically reconfigured as either an input or an output, which is how this auto-direction feature is realized.

The TCA9406 is part of TI's "Switch" type voltage translator family and employs two key circuits to enable this voltage translation:

- 1) An N-channel pass-gate transistor topology that ties the A-port to the B-port and
- 2) Output one-shot (O.S.) edge-rate accelerator circuitry to detect and accelerate rising edges on the A or B ports

For bidirectional voltage translation, pullup resistors are included on the device for dc current sourcing capability. The V_{GATE} gate bias of the N-channel pass transistor is set at approximately one threshold voltage (V_T) above the V_{CC} level of the low-voltage side. Data can flow in either direction without guidance from a control signal.

The O.S. rising-edge rate accelerator circuitry speeds up the output slew rate by monitoring the input edge for transitions, helping maintain the data rate through the device. During a low-to-high signal rising edge, the O.S. circuits turn on the PMOS transistors (T1, T2) to increase the current drive capability of the driver for approximately 30 ns or 95% of the input edge, whichever occurs first. This edge-rate acceleration provides high ac drive by bypassing the internal $10\text{-k}\Omega$ pullup resistors during the low-to-high transition to speed up the signal. The output resistance of the driver is decreased to approximately 50 Ω to 70 Ω during this acceleration phase. To minimize dynamic I_{CC} and the possibility of signal contention, the user should wait for the O.S. circuit to turn off before applying a signal in the opposite direction. The worst-case duration is equal to the minimum pulse-width number provided in the *Timing Requirements* section of this data sheet.

8.3.2 Input Driver Requirements

The continuous dc-current "sinking" capability is determined by the external system-level open-drain (or push-pull) drivers that are interfaced to the TCA9406 I/O pins. Since the high bandwidth of these bidirectional I/O circuits is used to facilitate this fast change from an input to an output and an output to an input, they have a modest dc-current "sourcing" capability of hundreds of micro-Amps, as determined by the internal $10-k\Omega$ pullup resistors.

The fall time (t_{fA} , t_{fB}) of a signal depends on the edge-rate and output impedance of the external device driving TCA9406 data I/Os, as well as the capacitive loading on the data lines.

Similarly, the t_{PHL} and max data rates also depend on the output impedance of the external driver. The values for t_{fA} , t_{fB} , t_{PHL} , and maximum data rates in the data sheet assume that the output impedance of the external driver is less than 50 Ω .

8.3.3 Output Load Considerations

TI recommends careful PCB layout practices with short PCB trace lengths to avoid excessive capacitive loading and to ensure that proper O.S. triggering takes place. PCB signal trace-lengths should be kept short enough such that the round trip delay of any reflection is less than the one-shot duration. This improves signal integrity by ensuring that any reflection sees a low impedance at the driver. The O.S. circuits have been designed to stay on for approximately 30 ns. The maximum capacitance of the lumped load that can be driven also depends directly on the one-shot duration. With very heavy capacitive loads, the one-shot can time-out before the signal is driven fully to the positive rail. The O.S. duration has been set to best optimize trade-offs between dynamic ICC, load driving capability, and maximum bit-rate considerations. Both PCB trace length and connectors add to the capacitance that the TCA9406 output sees, so it is recommended that this lumped-load capacitance be considered to avoid O.S. re-triggering, bus contention, output signal oscillations, or other adverse system-level affects.

8.3.4 Enable and Disable

The TCA9406 has an OE input that is used to disable the device by setting OE low, which places all I/Os in the Hi-Z state. When TCA9406 is disabled, the internal pull up resistors are also disabled meaning if no external pull up resistors are present then the SDA/SCL lines will be left floating. The disable time (t_{dis}) indicates the delay between the time when OE goes low and when the outputs are disabled (Hi-Z). The enable time (t_{en}) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for the one-shot circuitry to become operational after OE is taken high.



Feature Description (continued)

8.3.5 Pullup Resistors on I/O Lines

Each A-port I/O has an internal 10-k Ω pullup resistor to V_{CCA} , and each B-port I/O has an internal 10-k Ω pullup resistor to V_{CCB} . If a smaller value of pullup resistor is required, an external resistor must be added from the I/O to V_{CCB} or V_{CCB} (in parallel with the internal 10-k Ω resistors). Adding lower value pullup resistors will effect V_{OL} levels, however. The internal pullups of the TCA9406 are disabled when the OE pin is low.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

The TCA9406 device has two functional modes, enabled and disabled. To disable the device set the OE input low, which places all I/Os in a high impedance state. Setting the OE input high will enable the device.



9 Application and Implementation

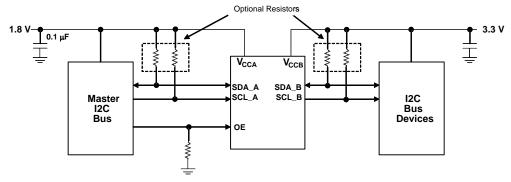
NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TCA9406 can be used to bridge the digital-switching compatibility gap between two voltage nodes to successfully interface logic threshold levels found in electronic systems. It should be used in a point-to-point topology for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. Its primary target application use is for interfacing with open-drain drivers on the data I/Os such as I²C or SMBus, where the data is bidirectional and no control signal is available.

9.2 Typical Application



Design Notes: OE can be tied directly to 1.8 V (V_{CCA}) to always be in ENABLE mode.

Figure 11. Typical Application Circuit

9.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 1. And make sure the V_{CCA} ≤ V_{CCB}.

Table 1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input voltage range	1.65 to 3.6 V
Output voltage range	2.3 to 5.5 V

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the TCA9406 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high the value must exceed the V_{IH} of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the V_{IL} of the input port.
- Output voltage range
 - Use the supply voltage of the device that the TCA9406 device is driving to determine the output voltage range
 - The TCA9406 device has 10-k Ω internal pullup resistors. External pullup resistors can be added to reduce the total RC of a signal trace if necessary.

9.2.3 Application Curve

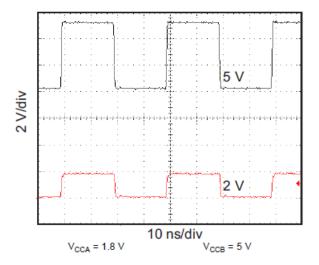


Figure 12. Level-Translation of a 2.5-MHz Signal



10 Power Supply Recommendations

During operation, ensure that $V_{CCA} \le V_{CCB}$ at all times. The sequencing of each power supply will not damage the device during the power up operation, so either power supply can be ramped up first. The output-enable (OE) input circuit is designed so that it is supplied by V_{CCA} and when the (OE) input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To ensure the high-impedance state of the outputs during power up or power down, the OE input pin must be tied to GND through a pulldown resistor and must not be enabled until V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} are fully ramped and stable. The minimum value of the pulldown resistor to ground is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, the following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines are recommended:

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies and should be placed as close as possible to the V_{CCA},
 V_{CCB} pin, and G_{ND} pin.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.
- PCB signal trace-lengths must be kept short enough so that the round-trip delay of any reflection is less than
 the one-shot duration, approximately 30 ns, ensuring that any reflection encounters low impedance at the
 source driver.

11.2 Layout Example

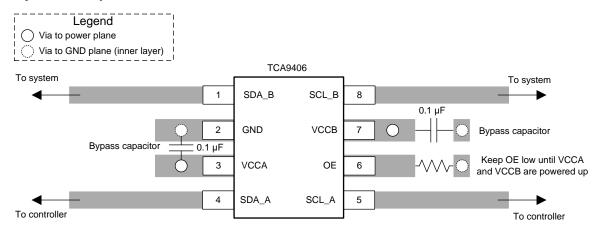


Figure 13. TCA9406 Layout Example



12 Device and Documentation Support

12.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

12.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

12.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

12.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Dec-2020

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TCA9406DCTR	ACTIVE	SM8	DCT	8	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	NF9 (R, Z)	Samples
TCA9406DCUR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(F9, NF9R) NZ	Samples
TCA9406YZPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	7W	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Dec-2020

In no event shall TI's liabilit	y arising out of such information	exceed the total purchase	price of the TI part(s) a	at issue in this document sold by	TI to Customer on an annual basis.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 25-Jul-2020

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TCA9406DCTR	SM8	DCT	8	3000	180.0	13.0	3.35	4.5	1.55	4.0	12.0	Q3
TCA9406DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	9.0	2.25	3.4	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q3
TCA9406DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
TCA9406YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	180.0	8.4	1.11	2.1	0.56	4.0	8.0	Q1

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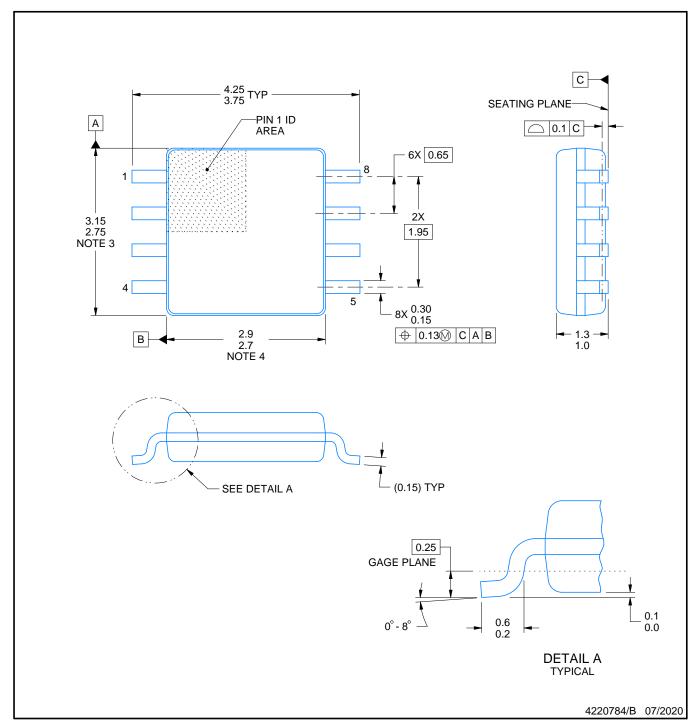


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TCA9406DCTR	SM8	DCT	8	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TCA9406DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TCA9406DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
TCA9406YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

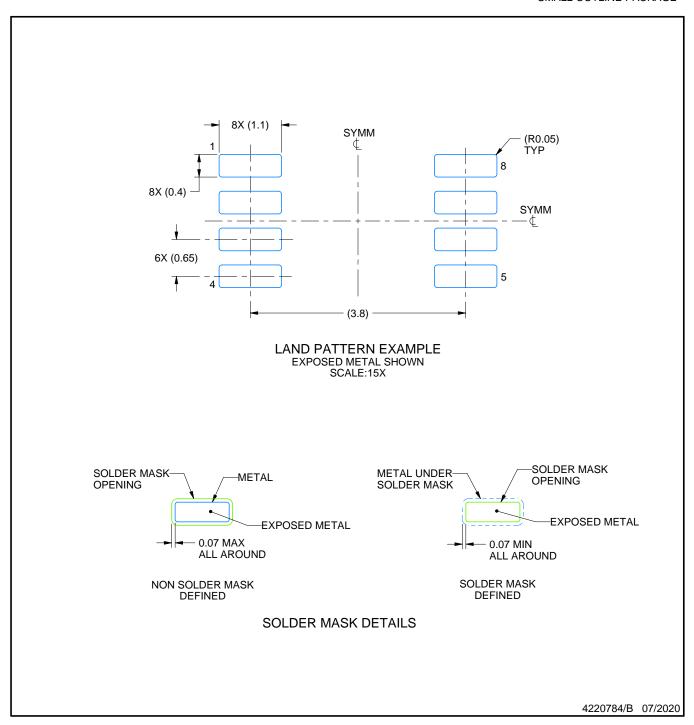
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-187.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE

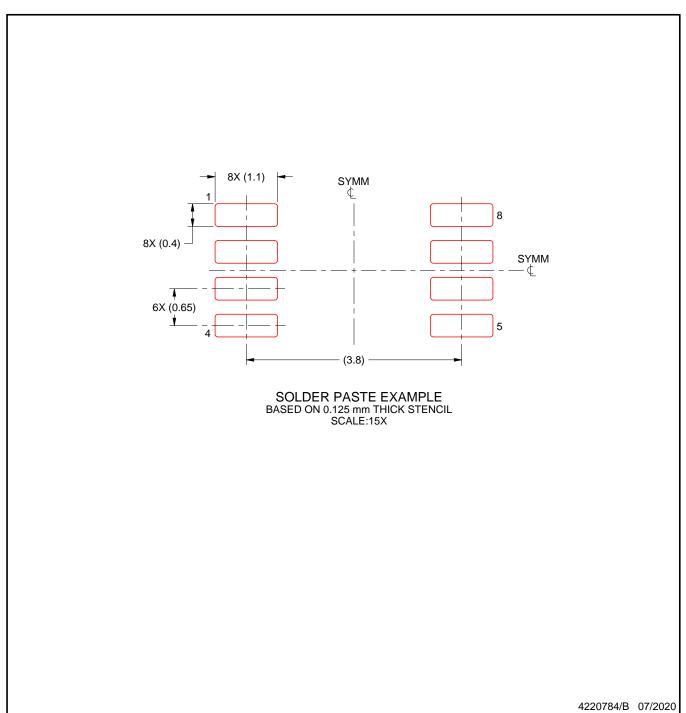


NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.





DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

- All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).



DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



DCU (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation CA.



DCU (S-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



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