General Description

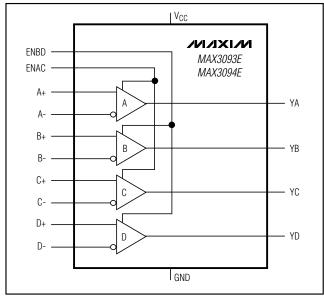
The MAX3093E/MAX3094E are rugged, low-power, quad, RS-422/RS-485 receivers featuring electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection for use in harsh environments. All receiver inputs are protected to ± 15 kV using IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge, ± 8 kV using IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge, and ± 15 kV using the Human Body Model. The MAX3093E operates from a ± 5 V supply, while the MAX3094E operates from a ± 3.3 V supply. Receiver propagation delays are guaranteed to within ± 8 ns of a predetermined value, thereby ensuring device-to-device matching across production lots.

The devices feature a 1nA low-power shutdown mode in which the receiver outputs are high impedance. When active, these receivers have a fail-safe feature that guarantees a logic-high output if the input is open circuit. They also have a quarter-unit-load input impedance that allows 128 receivers on a bus.

The MAX3093E/MAX3094E are pin-compatible, lowpower upgrades to the industry-standard '34C86. They are available in space-saving TSSOP, narrow SO, and PDIP packages.

Applications

Telecommunications Equipment Rugged RS-422/RS-485/RS-423 Bus Receiver Receivers for ESD-Sensitive Applications Level Translators



Functional Diagram

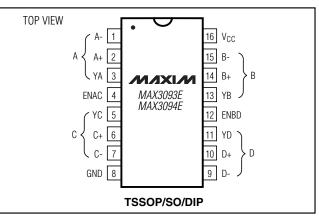
____Features

- ESD Protection ±15kV—IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge ±8kV—IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge ±15kV—Human Body Model
- Guaranteed Propagation-Delay Tolerance Between All ICs ±8ns (MAX3093E) ±10ns (MAX3094E)
- Single +3V Operation (MAX3094E) Single +5V Operation (MAX3093E)
- 16-Pin TSSOP
- 10Mbps Data Rate
- Allow up to 128 Receivers on the Bus
- InA Low-Power Shutdown Mode
- ♦ 2.4mA Operating Supply Current
- Pin-Compatible Upgrades to '34C86

_Ordering Information

		-
PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX3093ECUE	0°C to +70°C	16 TSSOP
MAX3093ECSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX3093ECPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX3093EEUE	-40°C to +85°C	16 TSSOP
MAX3093EESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX3093EEPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX3094ECUE	0°C to +70°C	16 TSSOP
MAX3094ECSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX3094ECPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX3094EEUE	-40°C to +85°C	16 TSSOP
MAX3094EESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX3094EEPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP

_Pin Configuration



Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	+/V
Control Input Voltage (ENAC, ENBD)	0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V)
Receiver Input Voltage (_+,)	±25V
Receiver Output Voltage (Y_)	0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V)
Output Short-Circuit Duration (Y_, one out	put)Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^\circ$	C)
TSSOP (derate 9 4mW/°C above +70°C	2) 755mW

1550P (derate 9.4mvv/°C above +70°C)	
SO (derate 8.7mW/°C above +70°C)	696mW
Plastic DIP (derate 10.5mW/°C above +70°C))762mW

Operating Temperature Ranges

MAX309_EC	0°C to +70°C
MAX309_EE	40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3093E

(V_{CC} = +5V ±5%, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = +5.0V, T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Receiver Differential Input Threshold	VTH	$-7V \le V_{CM} \le 12V$		-200		200	mV
Receiver Input Hysteresis		$V_{CM} = 0$			45		mV
Receiver Input Current (_+,)	IIN	V _{CC} = 0 or 5.25V	V _{IN} = 12V V _{IN} = -7V			250 -200	μA
Enable Input Current (ENAC/ENBD)			VIII - 7 V			±1	μA
Enable Input High Voltage (ENAC/ENBD)	VIH			2.0			V
Enable Input Low Voltage (ENAC/ENBD)	VIL					0.8	V
Receiver Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OUT} = -4mA, V _{ID} = 200mV output enabled, Figure 1	Ι,	V _{CC} - 1.	5		V
Receiver Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OUT} = 4mA, V _{ID} = -200mV output enabled, Figure 1	Ι,			0.4	V
Three-State Current at Receiver Output	I _{OZR}	$0 \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$, output dis	abled			±1	μA
Output Short-Circuit Current	IOSR	$0 \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$, output en	abled	±7		±75	mA
Receiver Input Resistance	R _{IN}	$-7V \le V_{CM} \le 12V$		48			kΩ
Supply Current	100	No load, output enabled			2.4	3.5	mA
Supply Current	Icc	Output disabled			0.001	10	μA
		Human Body Model			±15		
ESD Protection (Note 2)		IE C1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge			±15		kV
(1000 2)		IE C1000-4-2 Contact Discharge			±8		1

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3093E

 $(V_{CC} = +5V \pm 5\%, T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = +5.0V$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL		CONDITION	IS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
			$V_{CC} = +5V \pm 5\%$	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}	65		98	
				$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	78	86	94	
			V _{CC} = 5.25V	$T_A = +70^{\circ}C$	76		92	
			VCC = 5.25V	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	71	79	87	
Input-to-Output Propagation Delay	tplh, tphl	IV _{ID} I = 3V, Figure 2		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$	65	73	81	ns
Delay				$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	82	90	98	
				$T_A = +70^{\circ}C$	80		96	
			$V_{\rm CC} = 4.75 V$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	74	82	90	-
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$	68	76	84	
Device-to-Device Propagation- Delay Matching		$ V_{ID} = 3V$, Figure 2, matched conditions					16	ns
Propagation-Delay Skew (tpLH - tpHL)	tsĸ	Figure 2				-2	±10	ns
Output Enable Time to Low Level	t _{ZL}	Figure 3	Figure 3			600	800	ns
Output Enable Time to High Level	tzH	Figure 3				600	800	ns
Output Disable Time from Low Level	t _{LZ}	Figure 3				60	100	ns
Output Disable Time from High Level	t _{HZ}	Figure 3				60	100	ns
Maximum Data Rate	f _{MAX}				10			Mbps

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3094E

 $(V_{CC} = +3.0V \text{ to } +3.6V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } V_{CC} = +3.3V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C.)$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Receiver Differential Input Threshold	VTH	$-7V \le V_{CM} \le 12V$		-200		200	mV
Receiver Input Hysteresis		$V_{CM} = 0$			45		mV
Receiver Input Current (_+,)	I _{IN}	$V_{\rm CC} = 0 \text{ or } 3.6 \text{V}$	$V_{IN} = 12V$ $V_{IN} = -7V$			250 -200	μA
Enable Input Current (ENAC/ENBD)						±1	μA
Enable Input High Voltage (ENAC/ENBD)	VIH			2.0			V
Enable Input Low Voltage (ENAC/ENBD)	VIL					0.8	V
Receiver Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OUT} = -1.5mA, V _{ID} = 200m output enabled, Figure 1	ιV,	V _{CC} - 0.4	4		V

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3094E (continued)

(V_{CC} = +3.0V to +3.6V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = +3.3V, T_A = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Receiver Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	$I_{OUT} = 2.5 \text{mA}, V_{ID} = -200 \text{mV},$ output enabled, Figure 1			0.4	V
Three-State Current at Receiver Output	I _{OZR}	$0 \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$, output disabled		±1	μA	
Output Short-Circuit Current	IOSR	$0 \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$, output enabled	±4		±60	mA
Receiver Input Resistance	R _{IN}	$-7V \le V_{CM} \le 12V$	48			kΩ
Supply Current		No load, outputs enabled		2.4	4.0	mA
Supply Current	Icc	Outputs disabled		0.001	10	μA
		Human Body Model		±15		
ESD Protection (Note 2)		IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge		±15		kV
		IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge		±8		1

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3094E

(V_{CC} = +3.0V to +3.6V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = +3.3V, T_A = +25°C.)

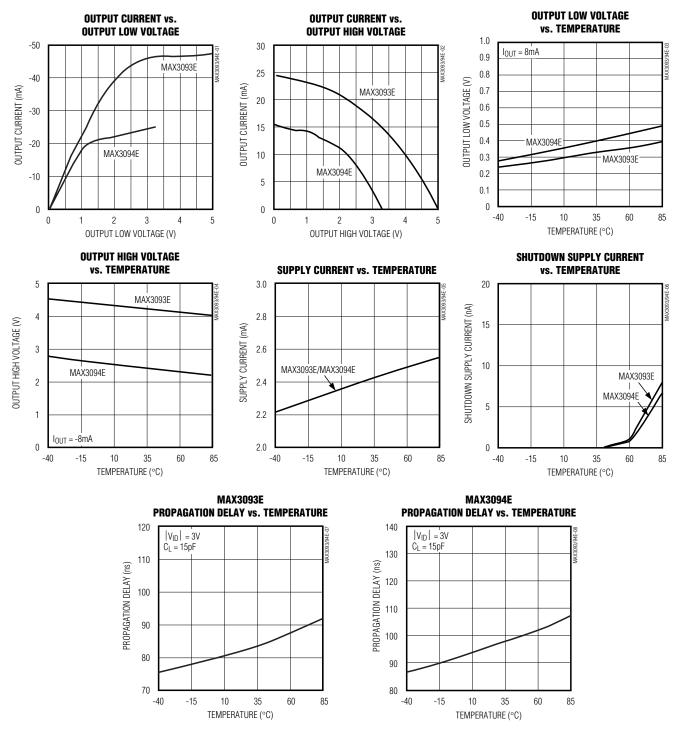
PARAMETER	SYMBOL		CONDITION	IS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
			$V_{CC} = +3.3V \pm 5\%$	$, T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}	69		123	
				$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	88	98	108	
			V _{CC} = 3.60V	$T_A = +70^{\circ}C$	86		106]
			VCC = 3.00V	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	78	88	98	
Input-to-Output Propagation Delay	tplh, tphl	lV _{ID} I = 3V, Figure 2		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$	69	79	89	ns
		r igure z		$T_A = +85^{\circ}C$	103	113	123	
			V _{CC} = 3.00V	$T_A = +70^{\circ}C$	100		120	
			VCC = 3.00V	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	91	101	111	-
				$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$	82	92	102	
Device-to-Device Propagation- Delay Matching		IV _{ID} I = 3V, Figure 2, matched conditions					20	ns
Propagation-Delay Skew (tpLH - tPHL)	tsk	Figure 2				-1	±10	ns
Output Enable Time to Low Level	t _{ZL}	Figure 3				600	1000	ns
Output Enable Time to High Level	tzн	Figure 3				600	1000	ns
Output Disable Time from Low Level	t _{LZ}	Figure 3				80	180	ns
Output Disable Time from High Level	tHZ	Figure 3				80	180	ns
Maximum Data Rate	f _{MAX}				10			Mbps

Note 1: All currents into the device are positive; all currents out of the device are negative. All voltages are referred to device ground, unless otherwise noted. Note 2: Receiver inputs (_+, _-).



Typical Operating Characteristics

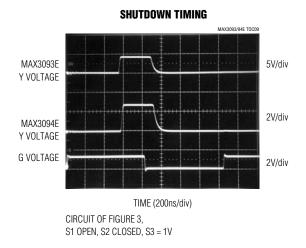
(V_{CC} = +5V for MAX3093E, V_{CC} = +3.3V for MAX3094E, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



MAX3093E/MAX3094E

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

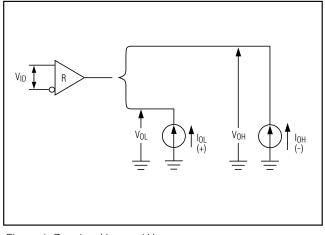
(V_{CC} = +5V for MAX3093E, V_{CC} = +3.3V for MAX3094E, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

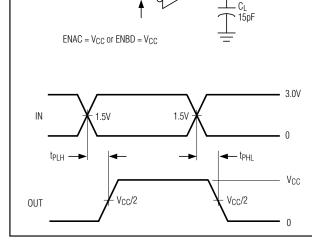


Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	A-	Inverting Receiver A Input
2	A+	Noninverting Receiver A Input
3	YA	Receiver A Output. Enabled when ENAC = high. YA will be logic high if $A + > A$ - by 200mV, and low if $A + < A$ - by 200mV. It will be logic high if $A +$ and A- remain floating. Otherwise, the state is undetermined. YA goes high impedance when ENAC = low.
4	ENAC	Receiver Output A and C Enable High. A logic high on this input enables receivers A and C.
5	YC	Receiver C Output. Same functionality as YA.
6	C+	Noninverting Receiver C Input
7	C-	Inverting Receiver C Input
8	GND	Ground
9	D-	Inverting Receiver D Input
10	D+	Noninverting Receiver D Input
11	YD	Receiver D Output. Enabled when ENBD = high. YD will be logic high if $D + > D$ - by 200mV, and low if $D + < D$ - by 200mV. It will be a logic high if $D +$ and D - remain floating. Otherwise, the state is undetermined. YD goes high impedance when ENBD = low.
12	ENBD	Receiver Output B and D Enable High. A logic high on this input enables receivers B and D.
13	YB	Receiver B Output. Same functionality as YD.
14	B+	Noninverting Receiver B Input
15	B-	Inverting Receiver B Input
16	V _{CC}	Positive Supply

 $|V_{ID}| = 3V$



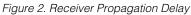


 V_{ID}

R

OUT

Figure 1. Receiver VOH and VOL



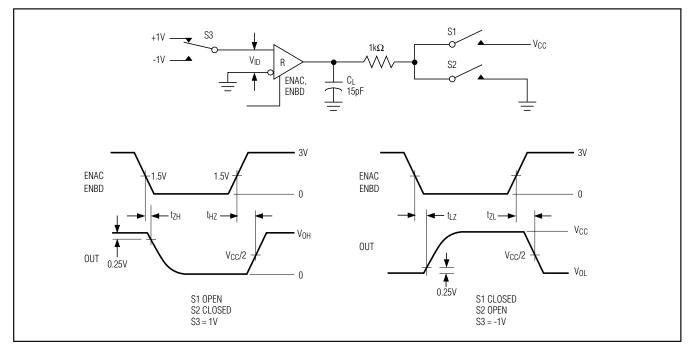


Figure 3. Receiver Enable and Disable Times

Detailed Description

±15kV ESD Protection

As with all Maxim devices, ESD-protection structures are incorporated on all pins to protect against ESDs encountered during handling and assembly. The MAX3093E/MAX3094E receiver inputs have extra protection against static electricity found in normal operation. Maxim's engineers have developed stateof-the-art structures to protect these pins against ±15kV ESD without damage. After an ESD event, the MAX3093E/MAX3094E continue working without latchup.

ESD protection can be tested in several ways. The receiver inputs are characterized for protection to the following:

- ±15kV using the Human Body Model
- ±8kV using the Contact Discharge Method specified in IEC 1000-4-2 (formerly IEC 801-2)
- ±15kV using the Air-Gap Method specified in IEC 1000-4-2 (formerly IEC 801-2)

ESD Test Conditions

ESD performance depends on a number of conditions. Contact Maxim for a reliability report that documents test setup, methodology, and results.

Human Body Model

Figure 4a shows the Human Body Model, and Figure 4b shows the current waveform it generates when discharged into a low impedance. This model consists of a 100pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, which is then discharged into the device through a $1.5 k\Omega$ resistor.

IEC 1000-4-2

Since January 1996, all equipment manufactured and/or sold in the European community has been required to meet the stringent IEC 1000-4-2 specification. The IEC 1000-4-2 standard covers ESD testing and performance of finished equipment; it does not specifically refer to integrated circuits. The MAX3093E/MAX3094E help you design equipment that meets Level 4 (the highest level) of IEC 1000-4-2, without additional ESD-protection components. The main difference between tests done using the Human Body Model and IEC 1000-4-2 is higher peak current in IEC 1000-4-2. Because series resistance is lower in the IEC 1000-4-2 ESD test model (Figure 5a), the ESD-withstand voltage measured to this standard is generally lower than that measured using the Human Body Model. Figure 5b shows the current waveform for the \pm 8kV IEC 1000-4-2 Level 4 ESD Contact Discharge test. The Air-Gap test involves approaching the device with a charge probe. The Contact-Discharge method connects the probe to the device before the probe is energized.

Machine Model

The Machine Model for ESD testing uses a 200pF storage capacitor and zero-discharge resistance. It mimics the stress caused by handling during manufacturing and assembly. All pins (not just RS-485 inputs) require this protection during manufacturing. Therefore, the Machine Model is less relevant to the I/O ports than are the Human Body Model and IEC 1000-4-2.

Low-Power Shutdown Mode

The function tables show the functionality of the enable inputs. The MAX3093E/MAX3094E enter shutdown when ENAC and ENBD are low. In shutdown, all outputs go high impedance and the devices typically draw less than 1nA. The devices exit shutdown by taking either ENAC or ENBD high. The typical shutdown exit time is 600ns.

Function Tables

ENAC	ENBD	(IN+ - IN-)	OUTPUT YA OR YC	DEVICE MODE
1	Х	≥ 200mV	1	On
1	Х	≤ -200mV	0	On
1	Х	Open	1	On
0	1	Х	High-Z	On
0	0	Х	High	Shutdown

ENBD	ENAC	(IN+ - IN-)	OUTPUT YB OR YD	DEVICE MODE
1	Х	≥ 200mV	1	On
1	Х	≤ -200mV	0	On
1	Х	Open	1	On
0	1	Х	High-Z	On
0	0	Х	High-Z	Shutdown

X = don't care, High-Z = high impedance



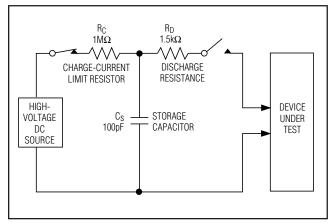


Figure 4a. Human Body ESD Test Model

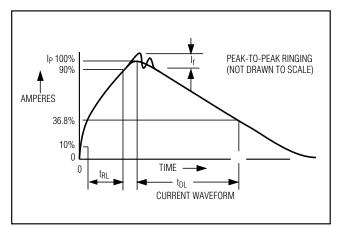


Figure 4b. Human Body Model Current Waveform

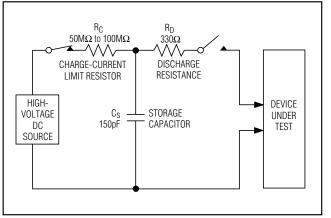


Figure 5a. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD Test Model

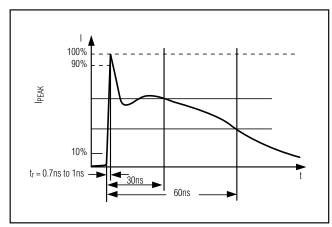


Figure 5b. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD-Generator Current Waveform

MAX3093E/MAX3094E

Applications Information

Propagation-Delay Matching

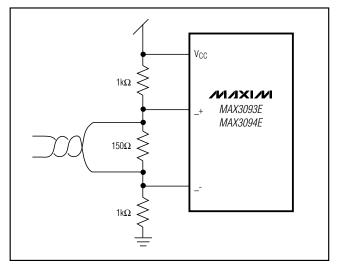
The MAX3093E/MAX3094E exhibit propagation delays that are closely matched from one device to another, even between devices from different production lots. This feature allows multiple data lines to receive data and clock signals with minimal skewing with respect to each other. The MAX3093E receiver propagation delays are trimmed to a predetermined value ± 8 ns, while the MAX3094E delays are trimmed to a predetermined value ± 10 ns.

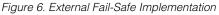
128 Receivers on the Bus

The standard RS-485 input impedance is $12k\Omega$ (oneunit load). The standard RS-485 transmitter can drive 32 unit loads. The MAX3093E/MAX3094E present a 1/4unit-load input impedance (48k Ω), which allows up to 128 receivers on a bus. Any combination of these RS-485 receivers with a total of 32-unit loads can be connected to the same bus.

Fail-Safe Implementation

The MAX3093E/MAX3094E receiver inputs guarantee a logic high output when the inputs are open circuit (no termination resistor used). This occurs when the transmitter is removed from the bus or when all transmitter outputs are high impedance. However, when the line is terminated and the transmitters are disabled, the differential voltage between the _+ and _- inputs falls below the \pm 200mV RS-485 sensitivity threshold. Consequently, the outputs become undefined. To maintain a fail-safe receiver output while using a terminating resistor, input _+ must be biased at least 200mV above input B. The resistor-divider network shown in Figure 6 is recommended.



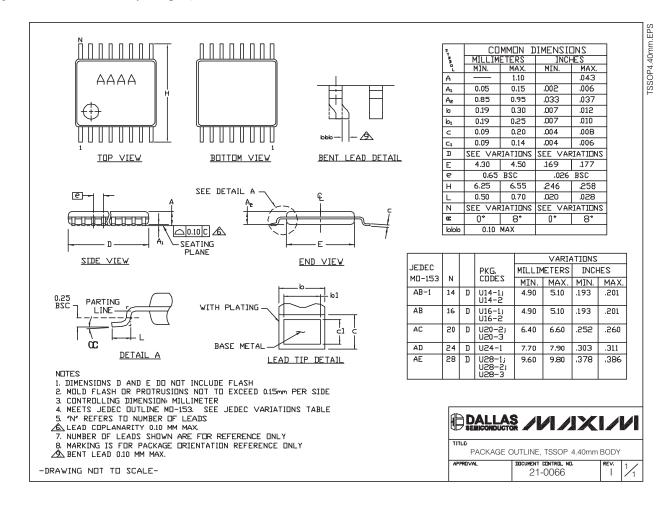


Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 676

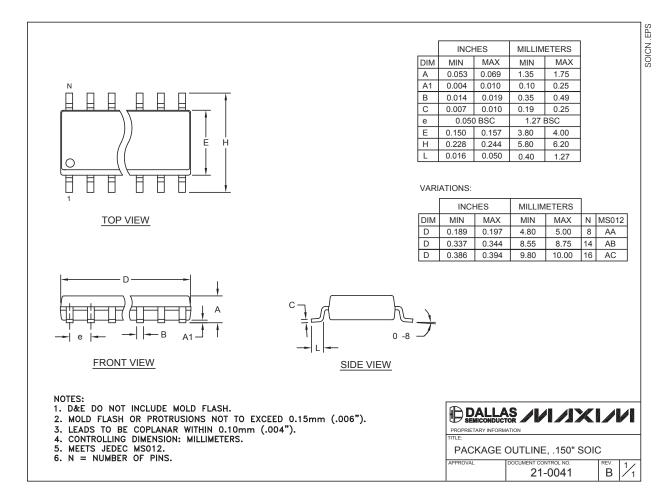
Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



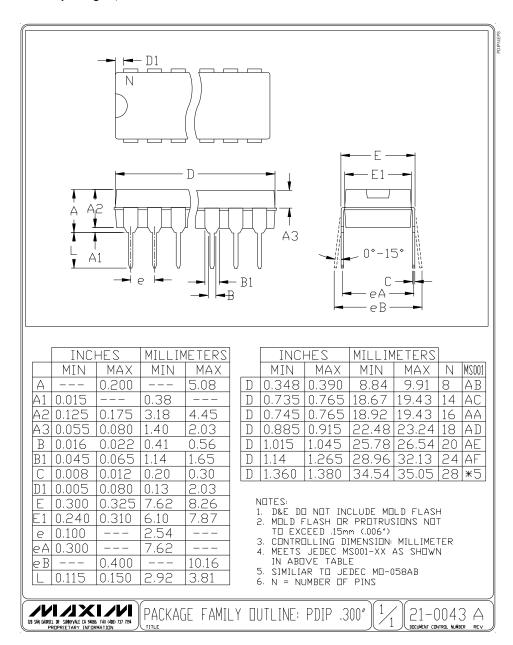
_Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



_Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



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