

ANT-5GMWP1-SMA Sub-6 Midband and CBRS 5G Antenna

The ANT-5GMWP1-SMA antenna is a dipole, whip-style antenna for 5G New Radio midband applications. With excellent performance from 3300 MHz to 5000 MHz the 5GMWP1 supports CBRS private cellular networking (3550 MHz to 3700 MHz), Public Safety (4940 MHz to 4990 MHz), and a growing number of 5G midband solutions.

The hinged design allows for the antenna to be positioned for optimum performance and reduces the potential for damage from impact compared to a fixed whip design. The antenna attaches with an SMA plug (male pin) connector.



Features

• Performance at 3.55 GHz to 3.7 GHz (CBRS)

VSWR: ≤ 1.7Peak Gain: 4.9 dBiEfficiency: 82%

• Performance at 4.94 GHz to 4.99 GHz

VSWR: ≤ 1.4Peak Gain: 3.2 dBiEfficiency: 83%

• Hinged design with detents for straight, 45 degree and 90 degree positioning

• SMA plug (male pin)

Applications

- 5G NR midband applications
- Private cellular networks
 - Citizens Broadband Radio Service (CBRS)
- C-Band applications (3700 MHz to 4200 MHz)
- Public Safety networks
- LTE/5G NR bands 22, 42, 43, 48, 49, 52

Ordering Information

Part Number	Description	
ANT-5GMWP1-SMA	5G midband whip antenna with SMA plug (male pin)	

Available from Linx Technologies and select distributors and representatives.

Electrical Specifications

ANT-5GMWP1-SMA	CBRS	C-Band	Public Safety	
Frequency Range	3.55 GHz to 3.7 GHz	3.7 GHz to 4.2 GHz	4.94 GHz to 4.99 GHz	
VSWR (max)	1.7	2.2	1.4	
Peak Gain (dBi)	4.9	4.7	3.2	
Average Gain (dBi)	-0.9	-1.9	-0.9	
Efficiency (%)	82	71	83	
Polarization	Linear			
Radiation	Omnidirectional			
Max Power	10 W			
Wavelength	1/2-wave			
Electrical Type	Dipole			
Impedance	50 Ω			
Connection	SMA plug (male pin)			
Operating Temperature Range	-40 °C to +65 °C			
Weight	20.8 g (0.73 oz)			
Dimensions	Length: 195.0 mm (7.68 in) Diameter: 13.0 mm (0.51 in)			

Electrical specifications and plots measured with the antenna in a straight orientation.

Packaging Information

The 5GMWP1 antennas are individually sealed in a clear plastic bag. 300 bags per carton, 290 mm \times 230 mm \times 325 mm (11.4 in \times 9.1 in \times 12.8 in), total weight 7.1 kgs (15.7 lb). Distribution channels may offer alternative packaging options.

Product Dimensions

Figure 1 provides dimensions of the 5GMWP1. The antenna whip can be tilted 90 degrees, and has a detent at 45 degrees enabling the antenna to be oriented in any direction. The rotating base allows for continuous positioning through 360 degrees even while installed.

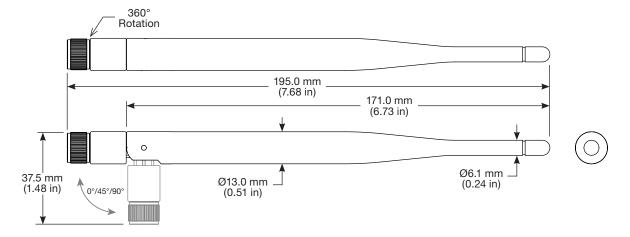
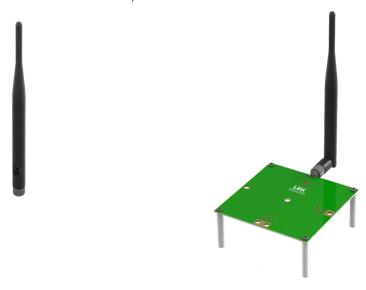


Figure 1. 5GMWP1 Antenna Dimensions



Antenna Orientation

The 5GMWP1 antenna is characterized in two antenna orientations as shown in Figure 2. The antenna straight orientation characterizes use of an antenna attached to an enclosure-mounted connector which is connected by cable to a printed circuit board. Although the antenna is a dipole not requiring a ground plane for function, characterizaton with an adjacent ground plane, (102 mm x 102 mm) provides insight into antenna performance when attached directly to a printed circuit board mounted connector. The two orientations represent the most common end-product use cases.



Straight, without ground plane

On edge of ground plane, bent 90 degrees

Figure 2. ANT-5GMWP1-SMA on evaluation PCB



Straight, No Ground Plane

The charts on the following pages represent data taken with the antenna oriented straight, as shown in Figure 3.



Figure 3. 5GMWP1 Straight, No Ground Plane (Straight)

VSWR

Figure 4 provides the voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) across the antenna bandwidth. VSWR describes the power reflected from the antenna back to the radio. A lower VSWR value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency. Reflected power is also shown on the right-side vertical axis as a gauge of the percentage of transmitter power reflected back from the antenna.

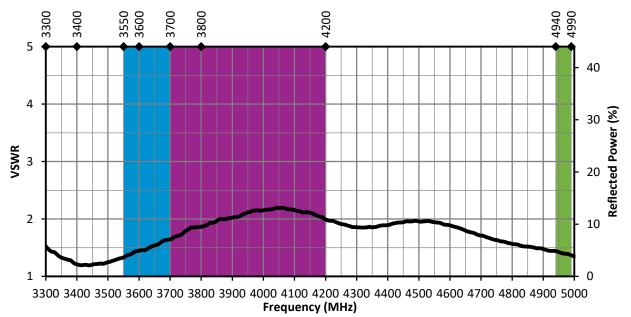


Figure 4. 5GMWP1 VSWR, Straight



Return Loss

Return loss (Figure 5), represents the loss in power at the antenna due to reflected signals. Like VSWR, a lower return loss value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency.

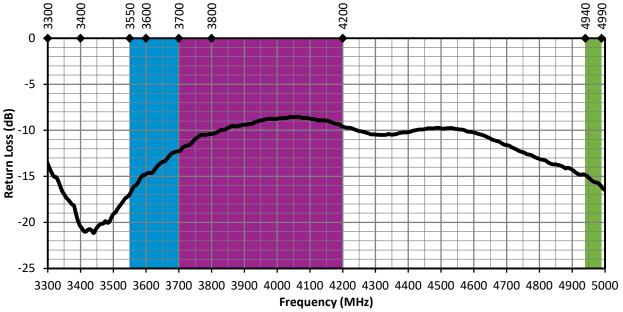


Figure 5. 5GMWP1 Return Loss, Straight

Peak Gain

The peak gain across the antenna bandwidth is shown in Figure 6. Peak gain represents the maximum antenna input power concentration across 3-dimensional space, and therefore peak performance at a given frequency, but does not consider any directionality in the gain pattern.

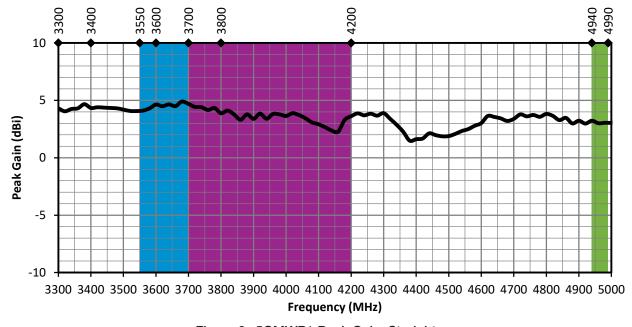


Figure 6. 5GMWP1 Peak Gain, Straight



Average Gain

Average gain (Figure 7), is the average of all antenna gain in 3-dimensional space at each frequency, providing an indication of overall performance without expressing antenna directionality.

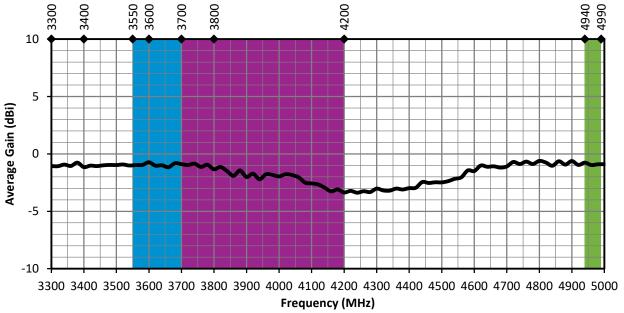


Figure 7. 5GMWP1 Average Gain, Straight

Radiation Efficiency

Radiation efficiency (Figure 8), shows the ratio of power delivered to the antenna relative to the power radiated at the antenna, expressed as a percentage, where a higher percentage indicates better performance at a given frequency.

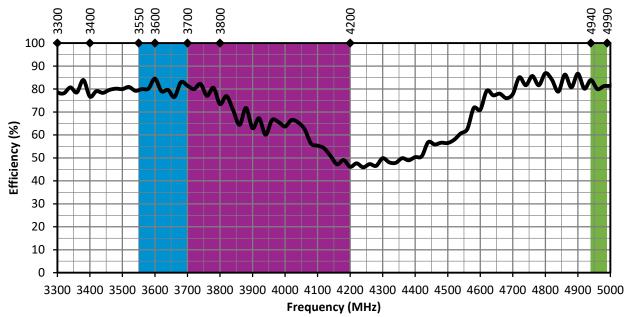


Figure 8. 5GMWP1 Antenna Efficiency, Straight



Radiation Patterns

Radiation patterns provide information about the directionality and 3-dimensional gain performance of the antenna by plotting gain at specific frequencies in three orthogonal planes. Antenna radiation patterns for a straight orientation are shown in Figure 9 using polar plots covering 360 degrees. The antenna graphic at the top of the page provides reference to the plane of the column of plots below it. Note: when viewed with typical PDF viewing software, zooming into radiation patterns is possible to reveal fine detail.

Radiation Patterns - Straight



3550 MHz to 3700 MHz (3620 MHz)

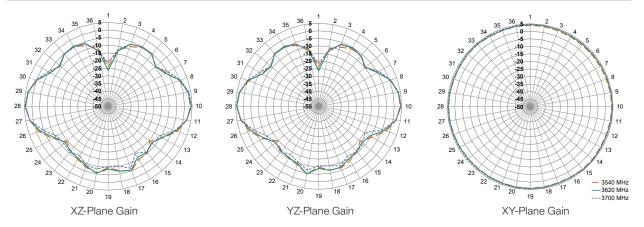


Figure 9. Antenna Radiation Patterns for the 5GMWP1, Straight



Edge of Ground Plane, Bent 90 Degrees

The charts on the following pages represent data taken with the antenna oriented at the edge of the ground plane, bent 90 degrees (Edge-Bent), as shown in Figure 10.



Figure 10. 5GMWP1 on Edge of Ground Plane, Bent 90 Degrees (Edge-Bent)

VSWR

Figure 11 provides the voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) across the antenna bandwidth. VSWR describes the power reflected from the antenna back to the radio. A lower VSWR value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency. Reflected power is also shown on the right-side vertical axis as a gauge of the percentage of transmitter power reflected back from the antenna.

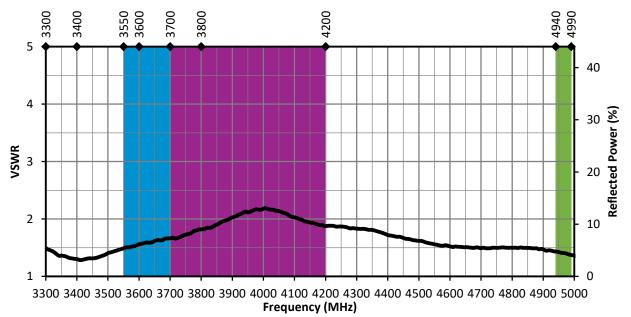


Figure 11. 5GMWP1 VSWR, Edge-Bent



Return Loss

Return loss (Figure 12), represents the loss in power at the antenna due to reflected signals. Like VSWR, a lower return loss value indicates better antenna performance at a given frequency.

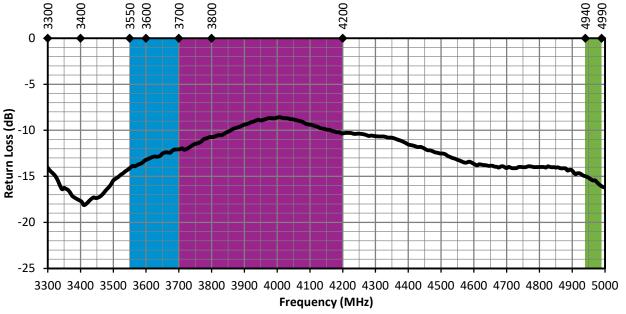


Figure 12. 5GMWP1 Return Loss, Edge-Bent

Peak Gain

The peak gain across the antenna bandwidth is shown in Figure 13. Peak gain represents the maximum antenna input power concentration across 3-dimensional space, and therefore peak performance at a given frequency, but does not consider any directionality in the gain pattern.

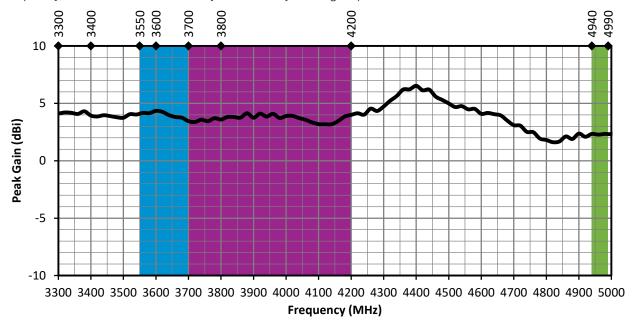


Figure 13. 5GMWP1 Peak Gain, Edge-Bent



Average Gain

Average gain (Figure 14), is the average of all antenna gain in 3-dimensional space at each frequency, providing an indication of overall performance without expressing antenna directionality.

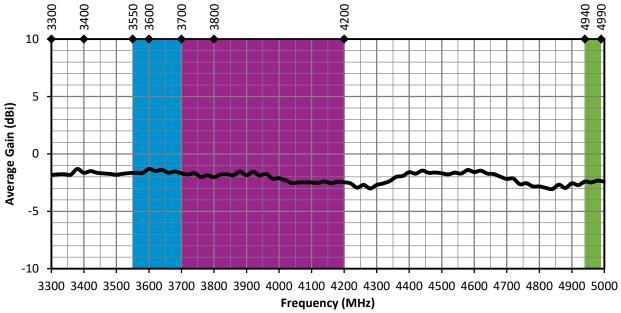


Figure 14. 5GMWP1 Average Gain, Edge-Bent

Radiation Efficiency

Radiation efficiency (Figure 15), shows the ratio of power delivered to the antenna relative to the power radiated at the antenna, expressed as a percentage, where a higher percentage indicates better performance at a given frequency.

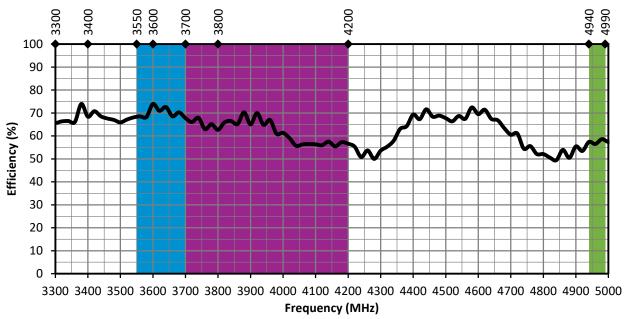


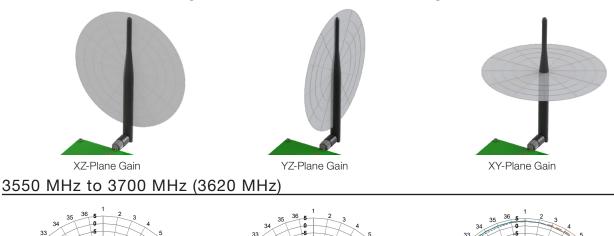
Figure 15. 5GMWP1 Antenna Efficiency, Edge-Bent



Radiation Patterns

Radiation patterns provide information about the directionality and 3-dimensional gain performance of the antenna by plotting gain at specific frequencies in three orthogonal planes. Antenna radiation patterns for an Edge-Bent orientation are shown in Figure 16 using polar plots covering 360 degrees. The antenna graphic at the top of the page provides reference to the plane of the column of plots below it. Note: when viewed with typical PDF viewing software, zooming into radiation patterns is possible to reveal fine detail.

Radiation Patterns - Edge of Ground Plane Bent 90 Degrees



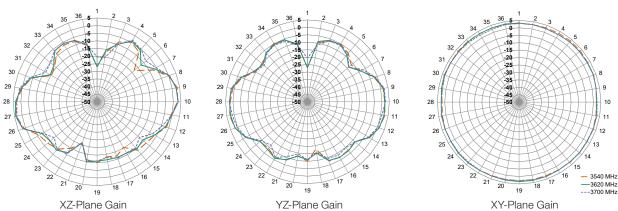


Figure 16. Antenna Radiation Patterns for the 5GMWP1, on Edge of Ground Plane, Bent at 90 Degrees



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