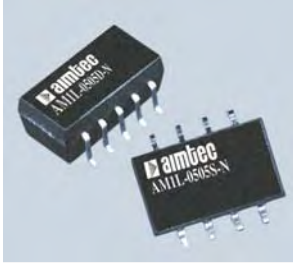


1 watt dc-dc converters



- SMD PACKAGE
- LOW RIPPLE AND NOISE
- HIGH EFFICIENCY UP TO 75%
- INPUT/OUTPUT ISOLATION: 1000VDC
- OPERATING TEMPERATURE: -40°C ... +85°C
- PIN-COMPATIBLE WITH OTHER MANUFACTURERS
- UL94-VO PACKAGE

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AM1L-N series is a family of cost effective 1W single and dual outputs DC-DC converters. These converters combines miniature SMD package with 1000VDC input/output isolation voltage.

Input bus voltage of 5, 12 VDC with producing output voltage levels of 5, 9, 12, 15, ± 5 , ± 9 , ± 12 , ± 15 VDC. Full SMD-design and a 100% production test of parameters ensure a high reliability of this product.

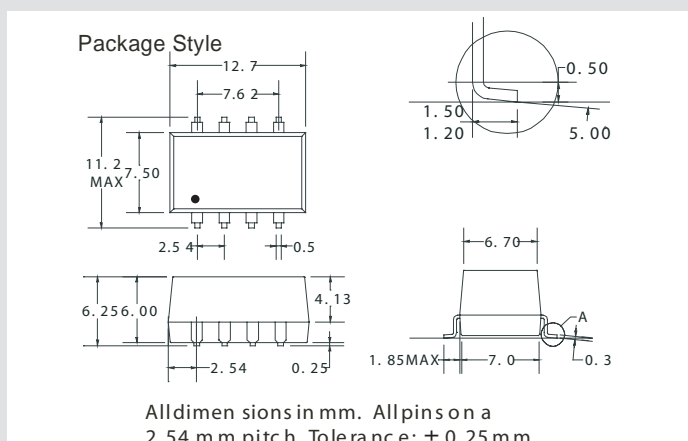
ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications typical at +25°C, nominal input voltage, rated output current unless otherwise specified

Input Specifications:		Output Specifications:	
Voltage range	$\pm 10\%$	Voltage accuracy	$\pm 5\%$, max
Filter	Capacitor	Voltage Balance (dual outputs)	$\pm 2\%$
Isolation Specifications:		Ripple and Noise (at 20MHz BW)	150mVp-p, max
Rated voltage (60 sec)	1000VDC	Short circuit protection	1 sec
Resistance	> 1000MOhm	Line voltage regulation	$\pm 1.2\%/1\%$ of Vin, max
Capacitance	60pF, typ	Load voltage regulation	10% max (load 10...100%)
General Specifications:		Temperature Coefficient	$\pm 0.03\%/^{\circ}\text{C}$ (max)
Efficiency	75% (typ)	Environmental Specifications:	
Switching Frequency	100KHz, typ	Operating temperature(ambient)	-40°C ... +85°C
Physical Specifications		Storage temperature	-55°C ... +125°C
Dimensions	single out 12.7x11.2x6.3 mm	Derating	None required
	dual out 15.3x11.2x6.3 mm	Humidity (non-condensing)	Up to 90%
Weight	1.5 g	Cooling	Free-air Convection
Case material	Plastic UL94-VO		

MTBF (MIL-HDBK-217F, Ground Benign, $t=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$): > 980000 hrs (single output), > 1000 000hrs (dual output)
 Specifications are subject to change without notification

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS FOR SINGLE OUTPUT MODELS



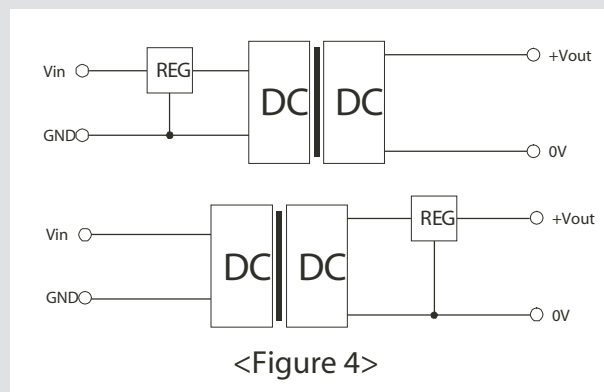
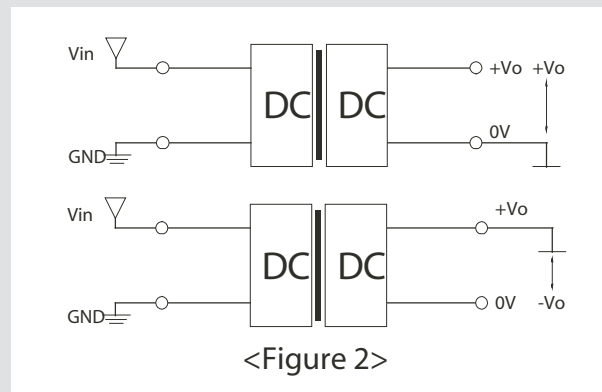
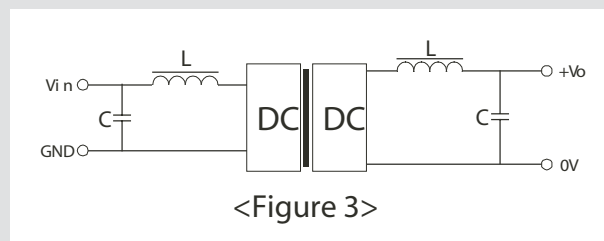
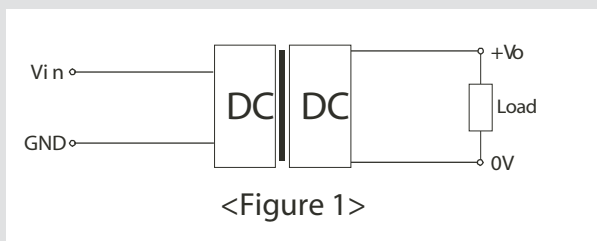
Pin	Single
1	-V Input
2	+V Input
4	-V Output
5	+V Output
3	N.C.
6	N.C.
7	N.C.
8	N.C.

MODELS

Single Output

Models	Input voltage	Output voltage	Output current max.
AM1L-0505S-N	5V±10%	5VDC	200mA
AM1L-0509S-N		9VDC	110mA
AM1L-0512S-N		12VDC	80mA
AM1L-0515S-N		15VDC	65mA
AM1L-1205S-N	12V±10%	5VDC	200mA
AM1L-1209S-N		9VDC	110mA
AM1L-1212S-N		12VDC	80mA
AM1L-1215S-N		15VDC	65mA

ISOLATED&UNREGULATED



External Capacitor Table

Vin	External capacitor	Vout	External capacitor
5VDC	4.7uF	5VDC	10uF
12VDC	2.2uF	9VDC	4.7uF
-	-	12VDC	2.2uF
-	-	15VDC	1uF

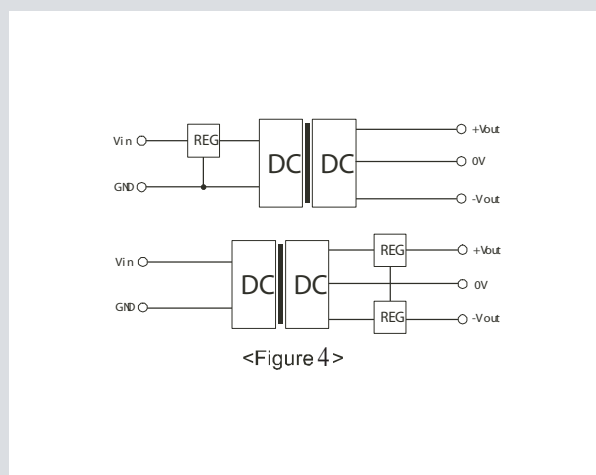
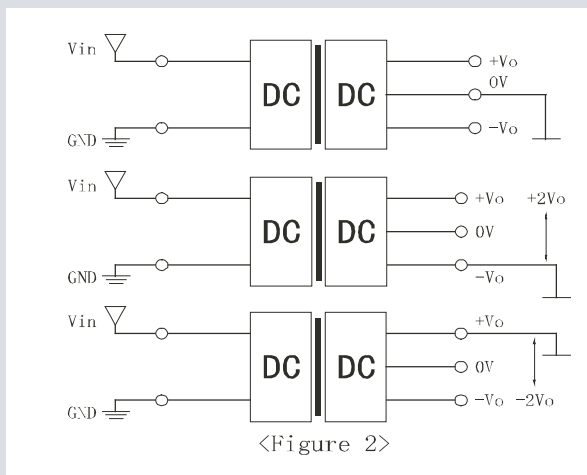
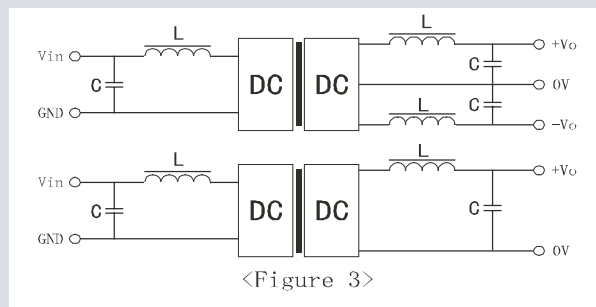
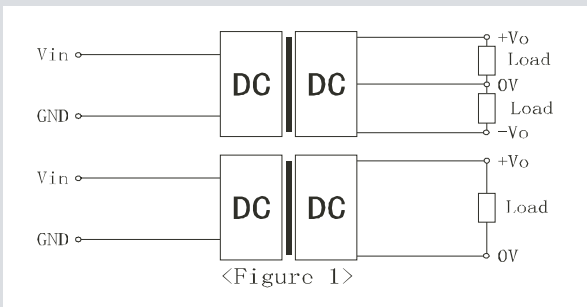
Note: The selected voltage withstand of the capacitor is generally 1.5~2 times of the nominal voltage.

MODELS

Dual Output

Models	Input voltage	Output voltage	Output current max.
AM1L-0505D-N	5V±10%	±5VDC	±100mA
AM1L-0509D-N		±9VDC	±55mA
AM1L-0512D-N		±12VDC	±40mA
AM1L-0515D-N		±15VDC	±33mA
AM1L-1205D-N	12V±10%	±5VDC	±100mA
AM1L-1209D-N		±9VDC	±55mA
AM1L-1212D-N		±12VDC	±40mA
AM1L-1215D-N		±15VDC	±33mA

ISOLATED&UNREGULATED

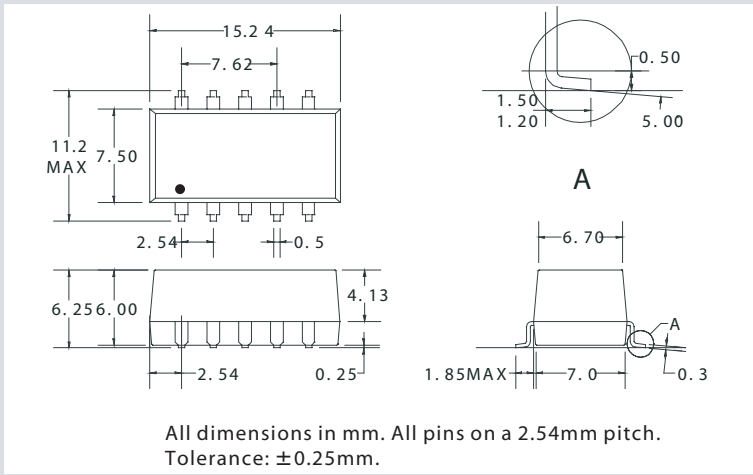


External Capacitor Table

Vin	External capacitor	Vout	External capacitor
5VDC	4.7uF	5VDC	4.7uF
12VDC	2.2uF	9VDC	2.2uF
-	-	12VDC	1uF
-	-	15VDC	0.47uF

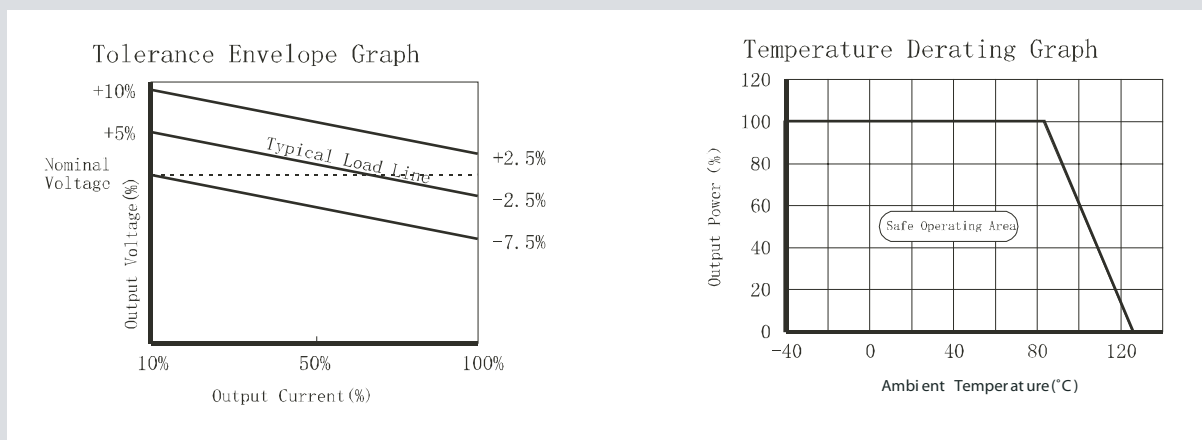
Note: The selected voltage withstand of the capacitor is generally 1.5~2 times of the nominal voltage.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS FOR DUAL OUTPUT MODELS



Pin	Dual
1	-V Input
2	+V Input
3	N.C.
4	Common
5	-V Output
6	N.C.
7	+V Output
8	N.C.
9	N.C.
10	N.C.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



APPLICATION NOTE

General Application

In regular circuits, our company's DC/DC converter may be used directly without any peripheral components (see Figure 1). The basic input/output isolation may be used to provide a group of simple isolated polar output power supplies or to generate power supply lines of different voltages.

Voltage And Polarity Inversion

A key performance of this DC/DC converter is high electric isolation capability. Thus, only one DC/DC converter may allow for several potential differences in the layout of circuit board. If necessary, you may connect the output end of the positive to input ground, then the negative output end will generate a negative voltage (see Figure 2).

Filtering

In some circuits which are sensitive to noise and ripple, a filtering capacitor may be added to the DC/DC output end and input end to reduce the noise and ripple. However, the capacitance of the output filter capacitor must be proper. If the capacitance is too big, a startup problem might arise. For every channel of output provided the safe and reliable operation is ensured, the greatest capacitance of its filtering capacitor sees the External Capacitor Table. To get an extremely low ripple, a "LC" filter network may be connected to the input and output ends of the DC/DC converter, which may produce a more significant filtering effect. It should also be noted that the inductance and the frequency of the "LC" filter network should be staggered with the DC/DC frequency to avoid mutual interference (see Figure 3).

Requirement On Output Load

To ensure this module can operate efficiently and reliably, a minimum load is specified for this kind of DC/DC converter in addition to a maximum load (namely full load). During operation, make sure

the specified range of input voltage is not exceeded, the minimum output load is not less than 10% of the full load, and that this product *should never be operated under no load!!!* If the actual output power is very small, please connect a resistor with proper resistance at the output end in parallel to increase the load.

Overload Protection

Under normal operating conditions, the output circuit of these products has no protection against over-current and short-circuits. The simplest method is to connect a self-recovery fuse in series at the input end or add a circuit breaker to the circuits.

Output Voltage Regulation and Over-voltage Protection Circuit

The simplest device for output voltage regulation, over-voltage and over-current protection is a linear voltage stabilizer with overheat protection that is connected to the input or output end in series (see Figure 4).

Product Reliability

The MTBF is the mean time between failures under full load. If the actual load is less than 20% of the rated load or greater than the rated load, then this product's reliability will be greatly reduced.

Input Polarity Protection

Under normal conditions, this product's input circuit has no protection against polarity inversion; the solution is to connect a diode in series at the input.