

## HiPerFRED

$$V_{RRM} = 400 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{FAV} = 2 \times 120 \text{ A}$$

$$t_{rr} = 30 \text{ ns}$$

High Performance Fast Recovery Diode  
Low Loss and Soft Recovery  
Parallel legs

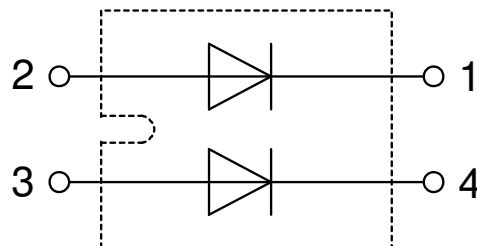
Part number

**DPF240X400NA**



Backside: isolated

 E72873



#### Features / Advantages:

- Planar passivated chips
- Very low leakage current
- Very short recovery time
- Improved thermal behaviour
- Very low  $I_{rm}$ -values
- Very soft recovery behaviour
- Avalanche voltage rated for reliable operation
- Soft reverse recovery for low EMI/RFI
- Low  $I_{rm}$  reduces:
  - Power dissipation within the diode
  - Turn-on loss in the commutating switch

#### Applications:

- Antiparallel diode for high frequency switching devices
- Antisaturation diode
- Snubber diode
- Free wheeling diode
- Rectifiers in switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)

#### Package: SOT-227B (minibloc)

- Isolation Voltage: 3000 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- Base plate: Copper internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling

#### Terms Conditions of usage:

The data contained in this product data sheet is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. The user will have to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product data with respect to his application. The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. The information in the valid application- and assembly notes must be considered. Should you require product information in excess of the data given in this product data sheet or which concerns the specific application of your product, please contact the sales office, which is responsible for you.

Due to technical requirements our product may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact the sales office, which is responsible for you.

Should you intend to use the product in aviation, in health or life endangering or life support applications, please notify. For any such application we urgently recommend

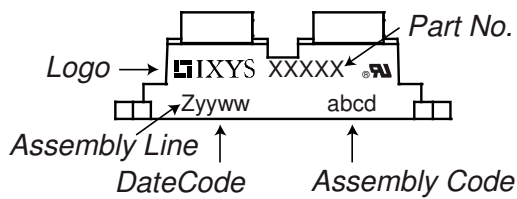
- to perform joint risk and quality assessments;

- the conclusion of quality agreements;

- to establish joint measures of an ongoing product survey, and that we may make delivery dependent on the realization of any such measures.

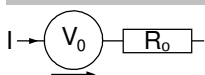
Fast Diode				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage					400	V
$V_{RRM}$	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage					400	V
$I_R$	reverse current, drain current	$V_R = 400\text{ V}$		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		10	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_R = 400\text{ V}$		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.5	mA
$V_F$	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 120\text{ A}$		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.25	V
		$I_F = 240\text{ A}$				1.54	V
		$I_F = 120\text{ A}$		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.06	V
		$I_F = 240\text{ A}$				1.42	V
$I_{FAV}$	average forward current	$T_C = 70^\circ\text{C}$	rectangular	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		120	A
$V_{FO}$	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.71	V
$r_F$	slope resistance					2.9	m $\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case					0.5	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0.10		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation			$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$		250	W
$I_{FSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}; V_R = 0\text{ V}$		$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$		1.20	kA
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 200\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		187	pF
$I_{RM}$	max. reverse recovery current	} $I_F = 120\text{ A}; V = 240\text{ V}$		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		7	A
				$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		18	A
$t_{rr}$	reverse recovery time	} $-d_F/dt = 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		30	ns
				$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$		140	ns

Package SOT-227B (minibloc)		Ratings				
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per terminal			150	A
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
$T_{op}$	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		150	°C
<b>Weight</b>				30		g
$M_D$	mounting torque		1.1		1.5	Nm
$M_T$	terminal torque		1.1		1.5	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface   striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	10.5	3.2		mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	8.6	6.8		mm
$V_{ISOL}$	isolation voltage	t = 1 second		3000		V
		t = 1 minute	50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	2500		V

**Product Marking**

**Part description**

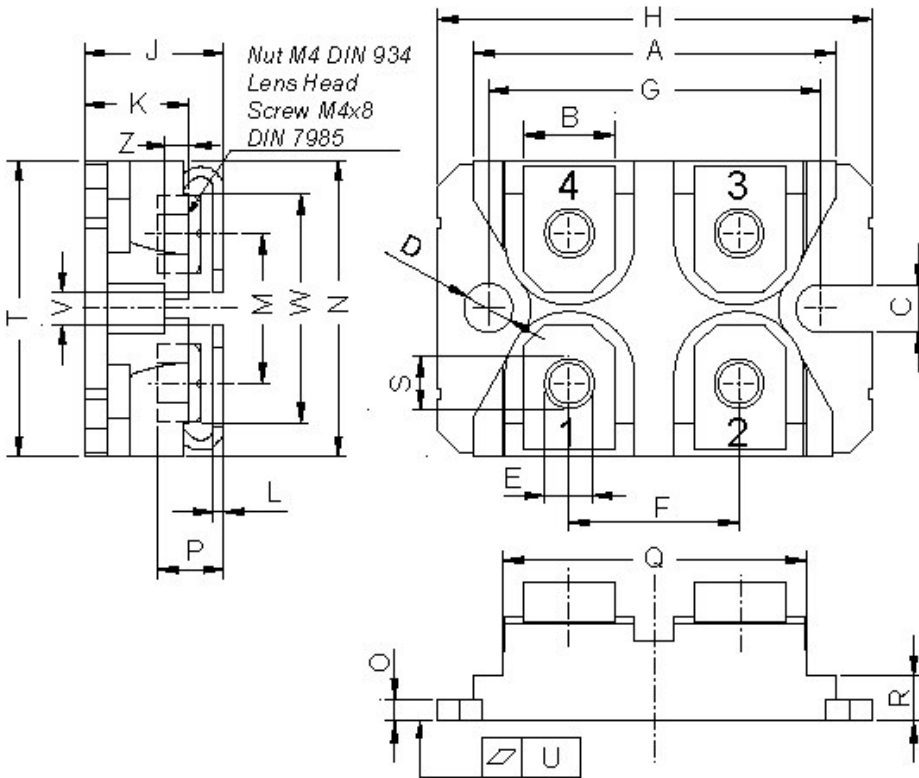
D = Diode  
 P = HiPerFRED  
 F = ultra fast  
 240 = Current Rating [A]  
 X = Parallel legs  
 400 = Reverse Voltage [V]  
 NA = SOT-227B (minibloc)

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	DPF240X400NA	DPF240X400NA	Tube	10	499554

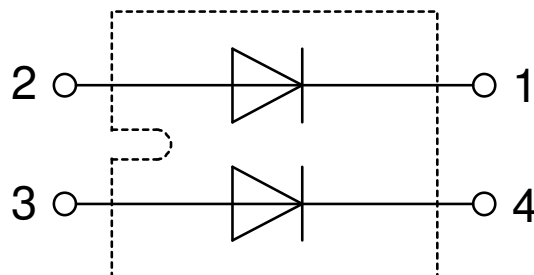
**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**
*\* on die level*
 $T_{VJ} = 150\text{ °C}$ 


$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0.71	V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	1.01	mΩ

## Outlines SOT-227B (minibloc)



Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	31.50	31.88	1.240	1.255
B	7.80	8.20	0.307	0.323
C	4.09	4.29	0.161	0.169
D	4.09	4.29	0.161	0.169
E	4.09	4.29	0.161	0.169
F	14.91	15.11	0.587	0.595
G	30.12	30.30	1.186	1.193
H	37.80	38.23	1.488	1.505
J	11.68	12.22	0.460	0.481
K	8.92	9.60	0.351	0.378
L	0.74	0.84	0.029	0.033
M	12.50	13.10	0.492	0.516
N	25.15	25.42	0.990	1.001
O	1.95	2.13	0.077	0.084
P	4.95	6.20	0.195	0.244
Q	26.54	26.90	1.045	1.059
R	3.94	4.42	0.155	0.167
S	4.55	4.85	0.179	0.191
T	24.59	25.25	0.968	0.994
U	-0.05	0.10	-0.002	0.004
V	3.20	5.50	0.126	0.217
W	19.81	21.08	0.780	0.830
Z	2.50	2.70	0.098	0.106



## Fast Diode

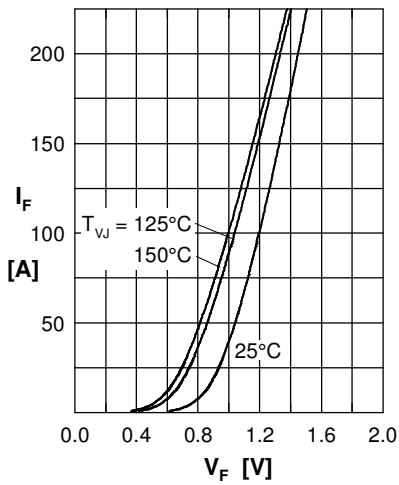


Fig. 1 Forward current  $I_F$  vs.  $V_F$

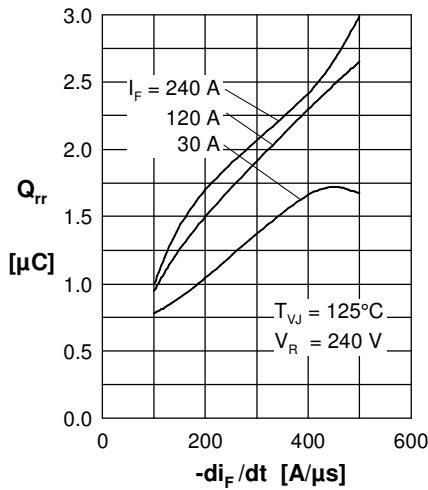


Fig. 2 Typ. reverse recovery charge  $Q_{rr}$  vs.  $-di_F/dt$

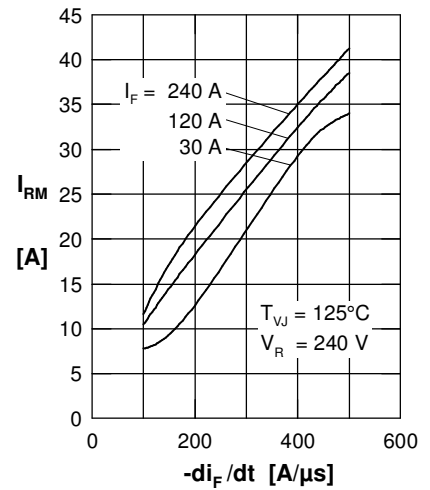


Fig. 3 Typ. reverse recovery current  $I_{RM}$  vs.  $-di_F/dt$

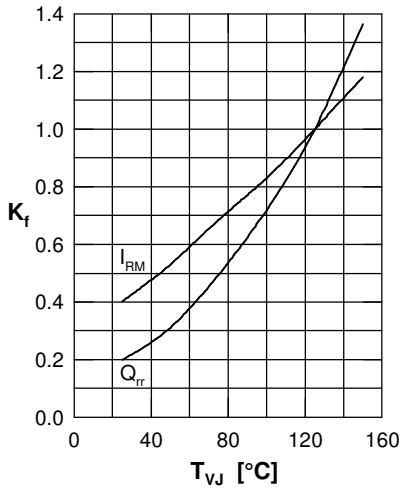


Fig. 4 Typ. dynamic parameters  $Q_{rr}$ ,  $I_{RM}$  vs.  $T_{VJ}$

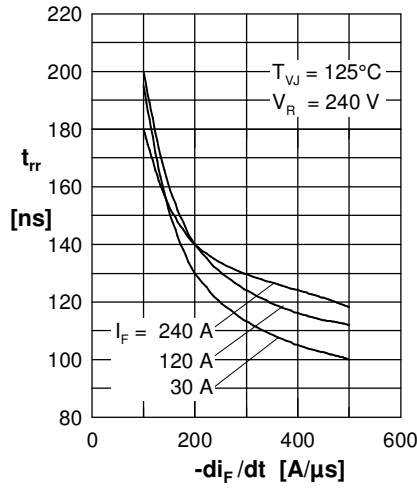


Fig. 5 Typ. reverse recovery time  $t_{rr}$  vs.  $-di_F/dt$

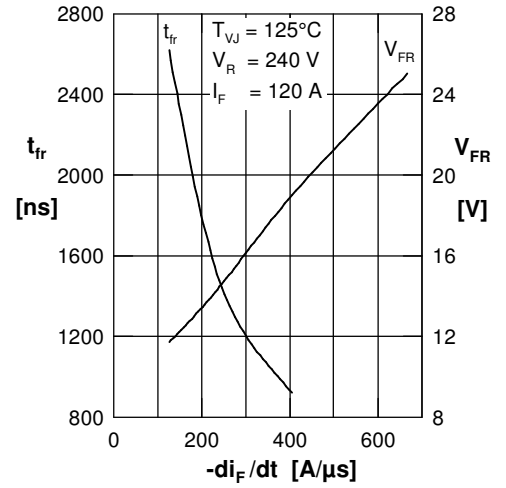


Fig. 6 Typ. forward recovery voltage  $V_{FR}$  &  $t_{fr}$  vs.  $di_F/dt$

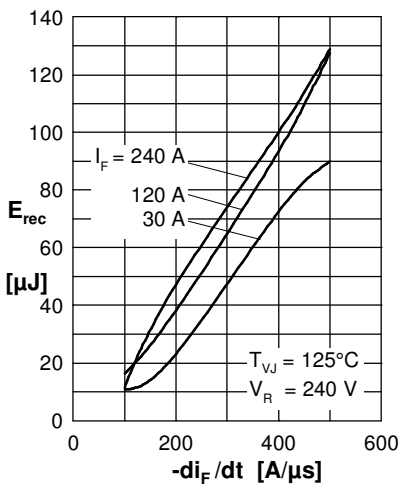


Fig. 7 Typ. recovery energy  $E_{rec}$  vs.  $-di_F/dt$

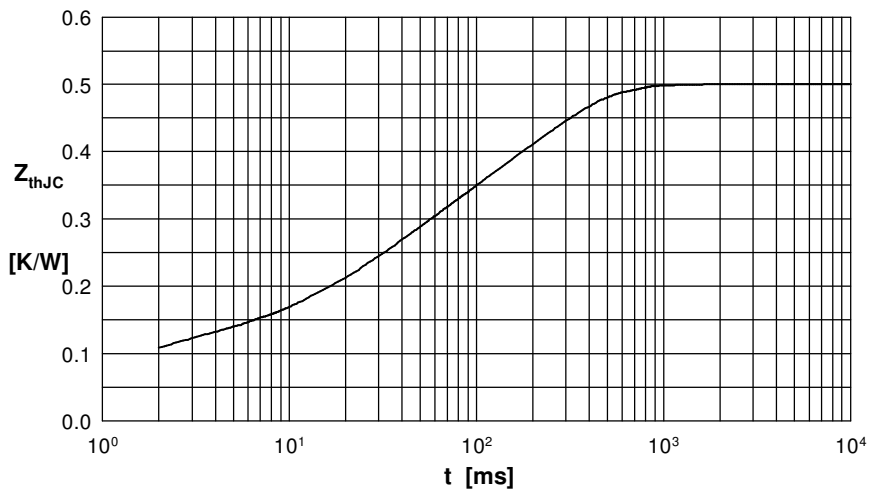


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to case